



Stop interfering!

Why 'electronic smog' is a real danger



Volkswagen Waiting for Piech to

make his mark



Beyond telephony

AT&T prepares for a brave new world

Investment banks jostlefor
Piero Barucci's

FINANCIAL TIMES

TUESDAY JANUARY 26 1993

Europe's Business Newspaper

Exxon earnings rise by 25% in fourth quarter

Exxon, the world's biggest integrated oil company, posted an unexpected 25 per cent rise in fourth quarter earnings, helped by lower operating costs and strong US natural gas prices. Net income per share rose to \$1.12 compared with market expectations of about 96 cents. On Wall Street, Exxon shares rose by \$1.7/8 to \$60 at mid-day.

Pension battles go to court: Employers will closely watch events at the European Court of Justice which today hears three pensions cases
- from Britain, Germany and the Netherlands - the results of which will determine how pensions are to be equalised across Europe. Page 16



Pressure mounts for Japanese rate cut: Pressure on the Bank of Japan to ease mone tary policy intensified as regional branch managers, politicians and business organisations called on the Bank to reduce the official discount rate from 3.25 to 2.75 per cent. Central bank governor Yasushi Mieno (left) admitted that

economic conditions ware "severe" but said the promised increase in public works spending should help revive demand. Bank officials are concerned that hopes of a cut are eocouraging consumers to delay spending on large items. Page 16

UK airlines patch up quarrel: British Airways and Virgin Atlantic moved closer to ending their "dirty tricks" row after a meeting between BA chief executive Sir Colin Marshall and Virgin chairman Richard Branson. Page 6; Lex, Page 16

Merrill Lynch Japan, local subsidiary of US securities house, is closing three of six branches, ending its ambitions to establish a strong presence in Japan's securities retail market. Page 17

Kuwait ready to cut oil production: Kuwait said it was willing to join Opec members in cutting the cartel's second-quarter output amid signs of an emerging consensus to peg back production by up to 1m barrels a day. Page 24

GEC Alsthorn, Anglo-French group best known for developing the TGV high-speed train, hopes to buy the east German railway equipment group Deutsche Waggonbau in a move that would double GEC's transport division. Page 18

New York Post wins reprieve: The New York Post, the smallest and most sensational of the Big Apple's three leading tabloids, won a last-minute reprieve after a weekend of intrigue and frantic negotiations. Page 4

Spirit sales drop: Worldwide sales of top-brand spirits fell for the second year in 1992. Even in Japan, Scotch whisky sales dropped by 5-10 per cent below 1991 levels. Page 3

Porsche family takes step down: Two members of the Porsche family are to leave the board of the troubled sports car maker to make way for Helmut Sihler, former chairman of the board at German chemicals group Henkel Page 18

Canadians want US steel deal: Canadian steel producers are pushing for a deal with tha US aimed at an integrated North American steel

Clinton silent on energy tax: President Clinton said he had made no final decision on the imposition of an energy tax, a day after the idea was mooted by his treasury secretary Lloyd Bentsen. Putting the bite on consumption, Page4

Mercedes/BMW talks: Mercedes-Benz is in talks with arch-rival BMW over possible collaboration on parts manufacture, according to Helmut Werner, incoming chairman of the Daimler-Benz luxury car subsidiary.

Two killed at CIA headquarters: Two people were shot dead outside Central Intelligence Agency headquarters near Washington. A gunman, carrying an assault rifle, escaped after wounding

PireIII, Italy's tyres and cables group, sold its STL Superga shoes and clothing subsidiary to an arm of the Milan-based Sopaf investment banking group for L103hn (\$70m). Page 17

Iraqi weapons inspection: UN inspectors intensified their search for Iraqi weapons of mass destruction without any hindrance from officials in Baghdad. Page 5

STOCK MARKET INDICES	STERLING
F7-SE 100	DM 2.4525 (2.4 FFr 8.3 (8.262 SFr 2.25 (2.2
LUNCHTIME RATES BUS LUNCHTIME RATES Federal Funds: 316% 3-mo Treas Birls: Yid 2.992% Long Bond 19432 Yield 7.231%	£ Index 88.4 (79. ■ DOLLAR New York functime: DM 1.5755 FFT 5.8305
BLONDON MONEY 3-mo interbank 71s% (6 %%) Life long gik future: Mar 188 /4 (Mar 100)3) BLOOKTH SEA OIL (Argus)	SFr 1.446 Y 123.35 Londort DM 1.5725 (1.5 FFr 5.3225 (5.38
Brent 15-day (Mar)\$17,875 (17.35)	Y 123.3 (124.)
CONTROL DESCRIPTION	LFr60 Castar QR12.0

London			
Austria Sch30 Bahrain Din1 250 Beigaria Lw25 00 Cyprus CC1.00 Czach Kc335 Denmark CK15 Egypl EX-60 FM12	Greece Dr300 Lii Hungary F1162 Ma Icaland #Kr80 Mo Rx60 Ne Indonesia Rp3800 Mg Ierael St\u00e4550 Ne L2700 On Jordan J01.50 Pa	orocco MCh13 eth FI 3.75 geria Neim20 erway NKr16.00 man OR1.50	S.Arabia SR11 Singapore S\$4.10 Spain Pla200 Sweden SKr15 Swritz SF:3.20 Syria SC3.00 Thalland De1.250 Tunisna De1.250 Turkey L6000

Sears closes book on mail-order catalogue

By Nikki Tait in New York

SEARS ROEBUCK yesterday closed the book on its mail-order catalogue, a distinctive part of American life for a century and the foundation of the company's retail business.

The end of the catalogue business was announced as part of a restructoring which will also result in the closure or disposal of 150 stores and the loss of 16,000 full-time and 34,000 part-time

Sears will take a \$1.7bn after-

tax charge against earnings for the fourth quarter of 1992. The catalogue is our heritage,

it's how Sears started," Mr Arthur Martinez, who came from Saks Fifth Avenue last October to run Sears' troubled merchandise division, said yesterday. "However, we have concluded we cannot improve our market position or achieve an acceptable return fast enough or with sufficient certainty to justify remain-

The catalogue has lost between \$135m and \$175m in each of the

ing in the business

past three years, despite circulating to 14m households and pulling in sales of about \$3.3bn. It traced its roots to 1887, when

Richard Warren Sears, a former telegraph agent with the Minneapolis and St Louis Railway, published his first circular selling watches and jewellery.

By 1896, when the Sears general merchandise catalogue was

launched, bis publication bad expanded to 532 pages and offered products from clothing to baby carriages.

For many decades, the business

for isolated farming communities in the midwestern US. Sears moved into "main street" retailing in the 1920s, building up a chain of over 800 department stores. The combined catalogue and high street operations made Sears the largest US retailer in the US until the late 1980s.

Recently, bowever, Sears has faced mounting pressure from lower-cost rivals - discount chains like Wal-Mart Stores and Kmart and the warehouse clubs. In response, Sears has announced

a series of restructuring mea-sures, aimed at lowering costs and improving efficiency. Overall, 40,000 Sears jobs have been shed sioce 1990, although the retailer still employs some

350,000 people.
Sears, hased in Chicago, claimed that the latest overhaul, which will take a year to implement, should improve after-tax profits by about \$300m a year. It has four major elements:

Continued on Page 16

Two UN peacekeepers killed in crossfire

Yugoslav army put on alert as clashes escalate

By Laura Silber in Belgrade and Robert Mauthner in Geneva

THE YUGOSLAV army yesterday placed its forces on a higher state of combat readiness, citing fresh clashes between Serbs and Croats in Croatia and fighting between Serb and Moslem forces in neighbouring Bosnia.

Croatia pressed its four-day offensive across United Nations peacekeeping lines near the Adriatic port of Zadar. Two French UN peacekeepers were killed in crossfire in nearby Karin Placa. Croatla announced that its forces had overrun the local Zemunik airport, a strategic base.

At the same time, fighting intensified between Serbs and Moslem forces in eastern Bosnia, along its bordar with Serbia. The Rosnian peace conference

in Geneva continued to be overhadowed by the fighting between Serbs and Croats and made no progress towards agreement on a map of the provincial boundaries of the future state of Bosnia-Hercegovina.

In Belgrade, a statement issued hy the Supreme Defence Council of Yugoslavia, comprising Serbia and Montenegro, said "the latest Croatian and Moslem offensives have worsened the security situatioo in the region and threatened

the Geneva negotiations and the UN peace plan", Belgrade-based news agency Tanjug reported. The council, chaired by Yugo-

slav President Dohrica Cosic, ordered the government of the rump Yugoslavia to take all necessary measures "on a foreign and internal plane" to deal with the flare-up. The Serb-dominated armed forces were put on alert.

Mr Vitaly Churkin, Russian deputy foreign minister, said Moscow might press for international sanctions against Zagreb if the Croatian attacks persisted. The clashes in Krajina, the

Serb enclave in Croatia, raised fears that the fighting would spread beyond the 65-mile line of confrontation. "We are trying to prevent it from exploding in other areas but we are facing an extremely dangerous situation," said Mr Cedric Thornberry, the The latest Croatian advance

contradicted an announcement on Sunday night by Croatian President Franjo Tudjman that the offensive was over because the country had achieved its strategic goals - to secure the area around the Maslenica hridge which joins mainland Croatia to the southern Dalmatian coast. Surprisingly, Serbian President Slobodan Milosevic appeared to

Croatia. He declined to stir up nationalist passions as he has done in the past. Instead, in a parliamentary address he said Serbia had three priorities: "Peace, economic development and the fight against crime."

But Mr Vojislav Seselj, the ultra-nationalist Serb leader and a favourite of Mr Milosevic, accused Mr Cosic of striking a secret deal with his Croatian

"We suspect and accuse Cosic of agreeing with Tudiman that Krajina should be attacked. Cosic is now worried Tudiman is going too far. Cosic has betrayed the interests of the Serbian people and he should resign," said Mr Seselj, who also commands a paramilitary unit which fought in the Serbo-Croat war in 1991 and in neighbouring Bosnia.

ulated that the Serb and Yugoslav presidents had secretly agreed to Croatia taking control of the Maslenica region in exchange for the east-west corridor linking Serb-controlled territories in Bosnia to Serbia. Bosnia's Serh, Moslem and Croat leaders are in Geneva to discuss proposed maps dividing the former Yugoslav republic into ten



Danish PM names cabinet

Poul Nyrup Rasmussen, Denmark's new prime minister and chairman of the Social Democratic Party, waves to the crowd as he presents 24-member cabinet — the largest in the country's history. It includes 15 Social Democrats, four Centre Democrats, three Radicals and two Christians. Page 16

First tests of cancer vaccine on humans to start soon

By Clive Cookson, Sciance Editor, in London

THE FIRST human tests of a vaccine designed to prevent cancer will start at the end of this year, the UK Cancer Research Campaign announced yesterday. CRC researchers believe viral vaccines will become one of the main methods of cancer preven-

tion during the next century. The new vaccine stops infection with the Epstein Barr Virus, which is known to cause several types of cancer.

Only a few years ago most scientists would have dismissed the idea of a link between viruses and cancer as wild speculation. However, recent evidence suggests that viruses are responsible for at least 20 per cent of all cancers - perhaps 5m cases a year worldwide, Epstein Barr Virus does most

damage in China where it causes 60,000 deaths a year from cancer of the nasal cavity, and in tropical Africa where it leads to several thousand cases a year of Burkitt's Lymphoma, a childhood cancer.

in Europe and north America, the main health effect of EBV is to cause glandular fever hut recent evidence suggests that it is also associated with Hodgkin's Disease, a cancer of the lympb nodes which affects 1,200 people a

year in the UK. Dr John Arrand is leading the EBV vaccine programme at the CRC's Paterson Institute in Man-chester, England, in collaboration with CRC researchers in Bristol and Birmingham.

Safety tests are due to start in about 20 healthy volunteers within a year. The next step would he to test the vaccine's effectiveness in a larger clinical trial, probably among university students who are not infected with EBV. According to Professor Gordon McVie, CRC scientific director, 80 per cent of uninfected undergraduates pick up the virus while they are at university. EBV, a member of the herpes family of viruses, is

spread by kissing.

If that trial confirms that the vaccine prevents transmission of

Continued on Page 16

D-Mark rallies sharply as interest rates held steady

By James Biftz in London and Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

THE D-MARK rallied sharply against the dollar yesterday on speculation that the Bundesbank might not cut short-term interest rates as quickly as financial markets had expected.

The weakness in the dollar was also the product of a growing helief that the US Federal Reserve may oot raise short-term interest rates now that the Clinton administration has signalled a tough line on tackling the bud-

The D-Mark gained nearly 2 pfennigs against the dollar as dealers grew concerned that public sector wage talks between the German government and trade unions were deadlocked. A successful resolution of the

talks has been seen by the Bundesbank as a necessary precursor to any decision to cut short-term German interest rates. The dollar fell in European trading to a tow of DM1.569,

before closing 1.75 pfennigs down on the day at DM1.5725. That is more than 7 pfennigs lower than its level three weeks ago.

The D-Mark was also underpin-ned by news that German infla-tion and money supply, both cen-tral to the Bundesbank's interest rate policy, were still not under

control.

growth expanded at an annual rate of 8.8 per cent during December, compared with the central bank's target maximum of 5.5 per

Meanwhile, the annual rate of inflatioo in North Rhine Westphalia, Germany's most heavily industrialised and most populous state, rose a full percentage point last month to 4.2 per cent -more than double tha Bundesbank's ideal level.

The revised expectations over German monetary policy belped to push French money market rates higher, as dealers feared that interest rate cuts in Europe might be delayed. Three-month Freoch fraocs also firmed sharply to 12% per cent from

about 11% per cent last Friday. The Bank of France has kept short-term money market rates high as part of its strategy of defending the French franc in the European exchange rate mechanism. However, chancellor Helmut Kohl warned yesterday that the European Community would not allow currency speculators to

wreck the ERM. The growth in German M3, a measure which includes cash, short-term deposits and fixed-term savings accounts, marked a further fall from October's peak of 10.3 per cent when figures were distorted by the previous month's interventions during tha European exchange rate crisis.

that in absolute terms the German money stock had grown by DM142bn (\$89bn) between the end of 1991 and the final quarter of 1992 - at double the rate recorded in the previous year. Yesterday's inflation indicator

from North Rhine Westphalia suggested that underlying prices are still rising. Some increase had been expected with the change from 14 per cent to 15 per cent in the basic rate value added tax. However, a more modest cost-of-living rise had been expected since many retailers had promised not to pass on the new tax in full.

The mood in industry has been improved lately by hopes that the Bundesbank will start to reduce key interest rates. This, economists argue, will improve confidence in important export mar-kets and reinforce the rise in demand expected as a consequence of recovery in the US. The moothly survey by the Munich-based Ifo economics institute said for the first time in six months that industry had become less pessimistic about the future. While the RWI institute in Esseo, forecast that industry would start to recover later this year, thanks to exports.

> Solidarity talks, Page 2 US treasuries rise, Page 21 Currencies, Page 32

RAISED IN THE HIGHLANDS.



THE FAMOUS GROUSE **FINEST SCOTCH WHISKY**

QUALITY IN AN AGE OF CHANGE

CONTENTS

LONDON · PARIS · FRANKFURT · NEW YORK · TOKYO

© THE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1993 No 31,972 Week No 4

to step up aid to the east

By Quentin Peel in Bann

LEADERS of west German industry agreed yesterday to step up private investment in east Germany from DM110bn (£45.2bn) last year to DM130hn In 1993, provided the trade unions agree to hold back the pace of wage equalisation between east and west.

The plans include specific commitments from German banks and the Insnrance industry to pump in an extra DM1bn apiece for housing and industrial loans.
The business leaders alsn

called for sweeping changes in the system of subsidising eastern enterprises, to be tied more closely to their competi-tiveness and market performance. They also want a strict time limit on the subsidy pro-

The plans were pnt forward at a tnp-level meeting with Chancellor Helmut Kohl, as the latest round of talks to renegatiate the rapld rise in east German eogineering workers' wages ended in dead-

The employers want to postpone a 26 per cent pay rise due on April i, arguing it will be the last straw for both privatised and unprivatised enterprises. The negotiations on bebalf of 130,000 mechanical aod electrical engineers in Saxony, the most important industrial state in the east, oow go to legal arbitration.

At the same time, the leaders of Germany's opposition Social Democratic Party (SPD) rejected, "for the time being", an approach by Mr Kohl to attend a new round of talks on his planned "solidarity pact"

for east Germany. Mr Björn Engbolm, the party leader, rejected a package of government savings measures as "sinister and antisocial".

The business leaders from Cermany's four main emplnyers' organisations yesterday presented a grlm picture of the industrial collapse of the former east Germany.

At their latest round of talks with Chancellor Kohl on the solidarity pact, supposed to be rompleted by next week, they admitted the "necessary shrinking" of east German industry had now become ontright de-industrialisation, with potentially devastating consequences for the rest of the

to a nine-point paper submitted to the chancellor, they estimated that total new investment of DM400bn-DM500hn was needed to create 2m new jobs in east Germany. Since 1989, the number employed in east German manufacturing iodustry bas collapsed from more than 3m to an estimated 700,000 at the end of last year.

The employers said the private sector planned to step np investment in east Germany this year from DM110bn to DM130bn, and would maintain those plans io spite nf the gathering recession in the

They also proposed programmes to boost the purchasing of eastern products by western enterprises, extra efforts to boost the marketing of eastern products inside and untside Germany, and special programmes to support research and development.

The future of the solldarity pact hangs in the balance over coming days, with mixed signals from trade unions and the 16 state governments.

Mr Franz Steinkühler, leader of IG-Metall, the engineering workers' uning, maintains much has been achieved in the talks, but insists the eastern wage contracts of his members are not open for renegotiation the key damand pnt forward by the employers.

Germans | Serbs and Croats fan the flames

By Robert Mauthnar In Ganeva

THE renewed outbreak of fighting between Croats and Serbs in Croatia's Serb-occupied enclave of Krajina has once again underlined the difficulty of dealing with the various elements of the Yugoslav crisis in Isolation of each other. Just as progress was beginning to be made on a negoti-ated solution to the bloody con-

flict in Bosnia-Hercegovina, the attention of the negotiators at the Geneva peace conference was diverted by an explosion in a region of Croatia which had remained relatively calm since the end of Serb-Croat hostilities a year ago. "We were so busy putting out the fire in the living-room that we dld not notice it had spread to the attic," in the words of a diplomat close to the Geneva ronference.

Yet It was in Croatia that the

conflagration had broken out in the first place, and where the embers have continued to glow even after the main blaze was extinguished. The agreement of January 1992, which ended the Serb-Croat civil war and opened the door to the presence of the United Nations Protection Force in the region. was no more than a glorified ceasefire accord. Even its author, Mr Cyrus Vance, who is one of the co-chairman of the current Bosnlan peace negotiations, would not claim that it offered a durable politi-

By allowing parts of Croatia conquered by the Serbs to remain under effective Serbian control, albeit with an inadequate UN force to keep the two sides apart, supervise heavy



Yugoslav federal paratroopers on exercise yesterday as Belgrade said its armed forces were being placed on a higher state of alert

peace, the signatories were merely storing up trouble for themselves and sowing the seeds of future conflict. It was essentially Croat frustration with the constant procrastination of the Serbs in handing back, as they had undertaken. the Maslenica bridge and Zemunik airport - vital communication links between northern Croatia and the Dalmatian coast - that sparked the Croat offensive in Krajina.

That could bave been fore-

tion that President Franjo Tudiman of Crnatla gave advance warning to the inter-national mediators in Geneva, and by implication to the Serb leadership, of what be intended to do if the Serbs did not meet their obligations. It was not for nothing that Lord Owen, who is habitually strictly impartial in his public utterances, an this occasion expressed understanding for the frustration of the Croats, without however excusing their recourse to force. What the whole affair

has shown is that the right prioritles are not necessarily being respected in the efforts to achieve a peace settlement for the former Yugoslavia. It is understandable that the

most burning problem of the moment, which is Bosnia with all its attendant horrors of ethnic cleansing and brutality, should be the focus of peace negotiations. Yet there can be no guarantee whatsoever that even a solution of this comphicated problem, unlikely as that

necessarily lead to an overall Yugoslav peace settlement. While the negotiators are

busy with constitutional principles, maps and provincial boundaries for the future state of Bosnia, the problem of a political settlement between Serbia and Croatia is crying out for attention. Without such an understanding, which would noubtless require terri-torial trade-offs, it seems improbable that lasting solutions can be reached for more

Russians urge even-handed Balkan policy

By Leyla Boulton in Moscow

RUSSIA'S warning yesterday that it may seek sanctions against Croatia fits in with its long-standing advocacy of an even-handed approach towards warring parties in the former

Moscow argues that any party, and not just the Serbs, should be punished for violations of international agreements.

But both western diplomats and Russian conservatives say that Russia's fundamental alignment with the west on Yugoslavia is unlikely to change as long as pro-western reformers remain in power. Western diplomats add; how-ever, that Russia would find it difficult to support tough new action against Serbs in Bosnia if it appeared that the west was prepared to overlook violations

by other ethnic groups.

The eruption of fresh fighting in Croatia's UN-monitored enclave of Krajina prompted the statement yesterday by Mr Vitaly Churkin, deputy foreign minister, that Moscow might propose international sanctions against Croatia if its forces continued to attack

The Foreign Ministry said later: "Such action, undertaken at a time when a settlement of the conflict in Bosnia-Hercegovina has become a real possihility, is an extremely ill-

become another link in the chain of violations of UN Security Council requirements." It added that the Croatians had long ignored the no-fly zone over Bosnia, supplied weapons to Croat forces and led military actions against Moslems there. "Such actions are unacceptable and must receive an adeRiccult

national community. The tentative nature of Mr Churkin's warning - the gov-ernment has no immediate plans to propose sanctions - appears to be part of the Foreign Ministry's balancing act between conservatives

quate reaction from the inter-

and reformers at home. Reassurance on this point came from an unusual quarter yesterday.

Mr Vladimir Isakov, leader of parliament's hardline Rossiya faction who has just returned from talks with Serbian leaders in Belgrade, said that although he supported Mr Churkin's suggestion as "an option for balancing out the situation", it was unlikely to be imple-

Serb nationalists have fostered close links with Russian hardliners opposed to President Boris Yeltsin. The co-operation ranges from sanctions violations to Cossack volunteers fighting on the Serb side in Bosnia. The media had appealed to the Russian government to take its little brother Serbia under its

Onslaught by Zagreb undermines its support in Bonn

By Judy Dampsey in Bertin

GERMANY, which spearheaded and precipitated the European Communi-ty's recognition of Croada in 1991. has sbarply criticised Zagreb's incursion into Krajina in the south of the republic at the weekend.

Mr Klaus Kinkel, the foreign minister, told Mr Zdenko Skrabalo, his Croatian counterpart, that be understood Croatia's frustration at not being able to gain full control over

its territory, but he condemned the use of force, saying it would weaken support by Germany and the inter-national community for the Zagreb government.

'Croatia's actions at the weekend also play into the hands of Slobodan Milosevic [the president of Serbia]," said a foreign ministry official, "Milosevic will point out bow be, unlike Croatia, is the man of peace," he

Germany is the largest provider of

aid to Croatia, and is likely to argue slav army, and Serbia," an official strongly against any attempt to impose any economic sanctions

against the country.

The Foreign Ministry yesterday defended the decision by Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the former foreign minister, to speed up the recognition of Croatia in December 1991, despite opposition from France and

"It was morally right and just in the face of aggression by the Yugo-

Bonn points out that Mr Milosevic's acceptance of the Vance plan for Croatia is far removed from the actual implementation of it. The plan, agreed by Zagreb and Belgrade in December 1991, paved the way for ending the war in Croatia by setting up four United Nations protectorate zones on about a third of Croatian territory held by Serb nationalists. It also included a process of demilitar-

isation by Serb forces in those zones, as well as the eventual return of Croatian and other refugees to those

Croatian regions. Since October, the UN has postponed the return of the refugees on the grounds that it was unsafe. The decision by Croatian President Franjo Tudiman to use military force in the protected zones reflects his frustration with delays by the UN, fears that the UN was cementing Serbian gains in the republic,

and his determination to regain control, by force if necessary, of all Croatian territory. "Since the Serbs were not willing to demilitarise the "pink zones" so as to allow Croatian refugees to return, should we not learn some lessons from that?" an

official said. Officials in Bonn said that they repeatedly pleaded with Mr Tudjman for patience and adherence to the Vance/UN plan, whose mandate

Köhler package will fill the regulatory gaps

Frankfurt's future as a financial centre boosted

By David Waller in Frankfurt

MR Horst Köhler, state secretary in the German ministry of finance, yesterday delivered what his government promised almost exactly a year ago: a package of concrete proposals to improve the standing of "Finnnzpintz Germany", Germany as a financial centre.

"This is a breakthrough for Finanzplotz Germany's international competitive positioo," said Mr Köhler, "and It should secure jobs and income in this fast-growing sector". He acknowledged that the

current regulatory environment in Germany is not up to international standards, to the detriment of the country's entire financial service sector. He snelt out the details of a new law which will introduce a

centralised regulatory body for Germany's securities markets and make insider dealing a criminal offence for the first time. The draft law - likely to be on the statute books early next year - comaa after 12 months of "behind the scenes" negotiations batween Bonn and the Länder which are currently responsibla for policing financial markets on their turf. Bonn's broad aims were spelt out in a "concept" paper writ-ten by Mr Theo Waigel, finance minister, last January. At the core of the proposals is the new supervisory body, to be called the Bundesamt für das Wertpapierwesen. This will be a federal body,

independent of existing banking regulators, which will employ at least 100 people. It is not yet decided where It will be based: market participants want it based in Frankfurt, Germany's financial capital, but it may end up in the eastern part of Germany for political reasons. The new body will be the

German equivalent to the Securities & Exchange Commission, the powerful regulator of the US securities markets. It will represent Germany on the international stage in dialogue with other regulators. Within Germany, working together with the Länder and

the country's eight stock exchanges, it will police the following three areas:

The new anti-insider dealing law. Mr Köhler did not disclose a definition of this offence, but warned that penalties would be tough, ranging from fines to

imprisonment. ■ A set of new rules designed to encourage disclosure and transparency on the German equity markets. At present, German companies are only obliged to disclose stakes in other companies when they reach 25 per cent, in contrast to a 3 per cent threshhold in the UK. The disclosure threshhold will be lowered to 10 or possibly 5 per cent. This rule could bave an important impact on German companies: secret stake-building is at pres-

ent widespread. ■ A set of "rules of conduct" for participants in the securities markets. This will spell out in precise terms professionals' obligations to their clients. Professionals will be obliged to separate their own investments from those of their clients.

The package of measures comes just after the founding of the Deutsche Börse AG, a common holding structure for Germany's fragmented stockexchanges which came into being at the beginning of the year. Both moves show Germany's determination to intenaify its challenge to London and other European financial centres, a determination shared by legislators as well as market participants. Once the new measures are implemented, they are are likely to enhance Frankfurt's standing in the eyea of international investors and lead to profound changes in the conduct of securities husiness at home.

New coalition moves in Hungary

By Nicholas Denton In

THE reconfirmed moderate managed the economically eadership of Hungary's ruling Democratic Forum (HDF) yesterday began the task of building a new conservative coalition capable of winning the 1994 general elections.

"We have to go for the moderate voters, it is the only chance," an aide to Mr Jozsef Antall, the prime minister, said yesterday, after the weekend party congress rejected a rightwing attempt to shift the party towards a more nationalist and xenophobic position, "Hungarians are 60-70 per cent moderate. If you want to win you

bave to go for them." The campaign for the floating voter is likely to see Mr Antall's conservatives empha-

sise their edge in experience and challenge the opposition to say bow they could have better troubled years since the 1990

party, praised the prime minis- elections than the outcome of ter's tactical success in bolding the congress. "People's feelings the party together and his ver- about their personal circumbal confrontation with Mr Istvan Csurka, leader of the ultraelections. "We have to con- nationalists. "But the fact is

It's as if French Gaullist Jacques Chirac and France's ultra-nationalist Jean-Marie Le Pen were in government together

vince the voters that there is no alternative," the aide added. "Nobody else in the region has done any better than this

government." But opposition politicians yesterday doubted that the Forum had sufficiently healed its internal differences to rebound after the congress. Mr Viktor Orban, leader of the

opposition Young Democrat

that Csurka and Antall remain in the same party. "It is as if Jacques Chirac.

the French conservative leader, and Jean-Marie Le Pen, the French ultra-nationalist. were in government together, Mr Orban added. Many believe the performance of the economy under the Forum's stewardship will

prove more important for the

be decided," Mr Laszio Medgyasszay, a Forum presidium member, said. The prime minister's success at the congress leaves the conservative coalition he formed In 1990 in a stronger position to

stances: that's what matters.

That is where the election will

continue to the end of its term and reinforce lts position as eastern Enrope's longest-lasting and most stable government. But The Forum, which lan-

guishes at a humiliating 8 per cent in the opinion polls, still faces an uphill struggle to attract new coalition partners and voters nervous about the ultra-nationalists who remain on the right wing of the party.

EC may ban tankers from some areas

By David Gardner in Brussels

EC TRANSPORT and environment ministers were last night examining the possibility of excluding oil tankers from watera near environmentally sensitive areas, in the wake of the two recent tanker disasters off the Sbetland Islands and north-west Spain.

No decisions were expected from yesterday's unscheduled meeting, which was called, EC diplomats acknowledged, tn

Kovac, who had close ties with

the Communist party, is sup-ported by the ruling Move-

ment for a Democratic Slo-

vakia. He faces a mnre

difficult challenge against

three rivals as he must win a

three-fifths majority.

demonstrate polltically that the Community intends to act in the face of mounting public concern over oil and hazardous

waste pollution. Transport ministers are to examine a forthcoming report on maritime safety hy the European Commission at their meeting in March, and expect to agree on the highest priority asures in June, according to Mr John MacGregor, the UK

transport secretary. One possibility is for tha BC to draw up a mandatory new

ronting system for vessels, to them away from keep vulnerable wildlife and marine life areas.

Among other measures given a preliminary examination yeaterday were tighter enforcement of inspections of ships in EC ports, of higher training atandards for crews, and of greater control over ahipping traffic.

Safety at sea has until now been dealt with largely by member states individually through the International Maritime Organisation (IMO). But many member states now feel that the EC has been using the IMO as an excuse for not acting vigorously enough to reduce the number of incidents in European waters.

The UK and France were particularly insistent on the need to harmonise any new measures with the IMO.

But Mr MacGregor agreed that "we must look to see what can be done at the Community level as well as the

Czechs and Slovaks hurry towards currency split

Patrick Blum on the economic strains which have forced the two republics to hasten plans for a monetary divorce

ESS than a month after the peaceful break-up of d the former Czechoslovakia the two newly independent states are preparing for a currency split which will underline their economic dif-

ferences. The original plan worked out between Mr Vaclav Klaus, the Czech prime minister, and Mr Vladimir Meciar, his Slovak counterpart, imagined that the two countries would be able to keep a common currency until early summer. Only then would they split, with the new Czech and Slovak crowns interchangeable and equally valuable until such time as market forces determined their future

in practice, expectations that the Slovak crown would be

worth less than the Czecb crown bas led to increasing strain on the joint currency arrangement. This led to a recent run on the banks as individuals and companies in both rapublics exchanged crowns for foreign currencies.

The net result has been a decision to bring forward the currency split, which is now expected within the next few In anticipation of the split the monetary authorities have hegun marking their own

banknotes, prompting anxious savers to deposit all their spare cash in the banks while foreign institutions have stopped buying crowns in an attempt to reduce stockpiles of old notes. According to a study by PlanEcon, the US-based research

Prague and Bratislava to elect new presidents THE parliaments of the Czech opher-playwright who had to and Slovak republics will vote today to elect their own presi-

and consultancy group, the Slovak crown may need a 25

per cent devaluation against

the Czech crown to remain

competitive. This will be a

hard pill to swallow for the Slo-

vak government, for political

But It is not ony the cur-

rency which is feeling the

strain. Businessmen are com-

as well as economic reasons.

give np his presidency of the Czechoslovak state, is expecdents in the first alections ted to win the Czech presidency with official support since the break-up of the former Czechoslovakia, writes from the ruling coalition led Patrick Blum in Prague.

Mr Vaclav Havel, the philosby the Civic Democratic party. In Slovakia, Mr Roman

plaining of growing bureaucracy while the introduction of value-added tax has caused a public outcry over unexpectedly high price increases. Later this year a new bankruptcy law is expected to lead to wide

become much more difficult and costly because of extra spread closures and higher unemployment

bureaucracy and customs regulations. Companies which import goods produced in the other republic have to go through a cumbersome process to cover VAT rules and customs' clearance. Businessmen claim trading between the two countries has

Some Czech exporters complain of endless delay and problems with shipments sent back to Prague by over-zealous customs officers. Both governments are also

finding that keeping inflation under control will be more difficult than expected as the introduction of VAT on January I will add 6-8 percentage points on prices this year.

VAT was introduced as part of a broad tax reform to modernise the economy but led to sharper than expected price rises. According to the Czech statistical office the average price of food rose 8 per cent over the first two weeks of the year while the price of coal and cement for industry rose 22 per cent and 27 per cent respectlvely. This will have a knock-on effect throughout the

The Czech government expects inflation of 15-17 per cent this year, though some

to 25 per cent. Slovakia has seen similar price rises. Both governments say they will not reintroduce price controls, though neither has completely ruled this nut. Unemployment is also expec-

economists say it will be closer

ted to rise as restructuring of industry deepens and mass privatisation, at least in the Czech republic, accelerates the labour shakeout.

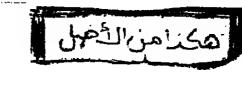
Until now the Czech republic, with unemployment of 2.57 per cent, claims the lowest rate in Europe. But trade unions expect joblessness to rise to between 6 and 6 per cent in the Czech republic and from over 11 to 14 per cent in Slovakia.

The Financial Times (Europe) Ltd
Published by The Financial Times
(Europe) GmbH, Frankfurt Branch,
Nibeluogenplatz 3, 6000
Frankfurt-am-Main 1: Telephous 49 69
156850; Fax 49 69
1564481; Telex
416193. Represented by E. Hugo,
Managing Director. Prioter: DVM
GmbH-Hürriyet loternational, 6078
Noa-leenbarg 4. Responsible editor.
Richard Lambert, Financial Times,
Number One Southwark Aridge,
Loodon SEI 9HL. The Financial Times
Ltd, 1993.

Registered office: Number One, Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL. Company incorporated under the irws of England and Wales. Chairman: D.E.P. Palmer. Main shareholders: The Financial Times Limited, The Financial News Limited. Publishing director: J. Rolley, 168 Rue de Rivoli, 73044 Paris Codex 01. Tel: (01) 4297 0621; Fax: (01) 4297 0629. Editor: Richard Lambert. Printer: SA Nord Echair, 15/21 Rue de Caire. 59100 Roubsix Cedex 1. ISSN: ISSN 1148-2753. Commission Paritaire No 67808D.

Fioaocial Times (Scaadinavia) Vimmelskaftot 42A. DK-1161 Copenhagen-K. Denmark. Telephane (33) 13 44 41. Fax (33) 935335.





FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY JANUARY 26 1993

NEWS: WORLD TRADE

Canadians | Asean free trade zone sputters into action press for US steel agreement

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

CANADIAN steel producers want a bilateral trade agreement with the US aimed at promoting an integrated North American steel market in which both sides would place less emphasis on anti-dumning less emphasis on anti-dumping duties and other import curbs.

The initiative has surfaced on the eve of a widely awaited dumping ruling expected today from the US Commerce Depart-ment against imports of flat-rolled steel products from 21 countries, including Canada.

Foreign producers deemed to be dumping will have to pay a bond on all shipments while the extent of injury to the US industry is examined. The International Trade Commis-sion will make its final injury determination by May 27.

The Canadian proposal is based on an argument that the relationship between the US and Canadian steel industries is unique, both in the extent of cross-border trade and in the way the trade is conducted.

As a first step, the Canadians suggest that both Ottawa and Washington should drop current anti-dumping investigations. According to a Canadian government document, "these investigations make no com-

Later this week Revenue Canada will make preliminary determinations of dumping against imports of hot-rolled steel from six countries, including the US. The complaint affects about C\$200m (£102m) of US exports out of a

total of C\$800m. The US industry's complaint against Canada affects about a quarter of annual exports to

the US, totalling C\$1.5bn. The Caoadlan producers acknowledge that they are "technically" guilty of dumping steel in the US, but they dispute some of the criteria used by Washington.

The Canadian proposals include the appointment of a high-level panel of steel-industry executives. The panel would examine reforms in the trade laws of both countries to recognise the integration of the North American steel market.

GEC Alsthom in Mexican deal

GEC Alstbom, the Anglo-French power engineering group, has won a £400m turn key contract to build a 2 x 350MW oil-fired power station oear Tuxpan in Veracruz state. Mexico. Andrew Baxter

GEC Alsthom was selected by the Mexican Federal Elec-tricity Commission for the job, and is project leader in a consortium which includes two of its subsidiaries. Stein Industrie will make the boilers and Mexican based Turalmex will supnly the turbine generator sets.

ITH less fanfare than Europe or North America, the slx FT writers on members of the Association of South East Asian Nations this year began to huild their own free trade zone. It was easy to see why the first steps towards the Asean free trade area, or Afia, were not exactly trumpeted abroad divisions within a trading bloc

not exactly trumpeted ahroad. Asean countries - Singatrack of tariff reductions and from the fast track (for 15 catepore, Malaysla, Thailand, Indonesia, the Philippines and gories of goods for which tar-Brunei - regard Afta and its iffs are due to fall to between 0 and 5 per cent within seven to 320m inhabitants as a future counterweight to other interna-tional trade blocs and as a way

As expected the Philippines and indonesia have announced to expose their domestic industries to healthy regional com-petition. But the reality is that they do most of their trade the most exclusions, and Singapore, which is virtually a free port already, the least. The loose nature of the Afia with Burope, Japan and the US and not with each other.

greement and the low level of intra-Asean trade mean that there is little sense of urgency about putting it into practice. An Indonesian minister, for example, said recently that It would take all of Afta's 15-year implementation period before there was a significant impact on the Indonesian economy. Indonesia has yet to release detailed lists of products to be included or excluded from the scheduled tariff reductions and economists are sceptical about how open it intends to be.

When the government announced 250 tariff cuts last

July it turned out that 90 per cent of them related to differ-

ent types of batik cloth, an indonesian specialty. Meanwhile, Malaysian made

Proton cars are likely to con-tinue to be targeted at Britain. with no signs that they will be allowed to flood to the highlyprotected Indonesian vehicle

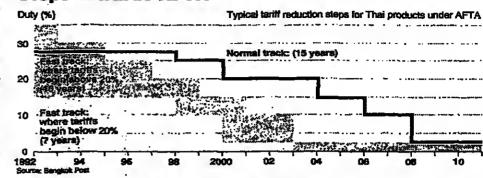
In what may be a signal of troubles to come, Mrs Rafidah Aziz, the Malaysian trade minister, says her government is pressing Indonesia, the Philippines and Thalland to start tariff cuts under Afta's Common Effective Preferential Tariff (CBPT) scheme as soon as pos-

Mrs Rafidah has warned other Asean members not to take advantage of what she calls "Malaysia's generosity". She says: "We will not allow our domestic industries to be out-competed."

Malaysia is not alone in fearing competition. The Philippines, for example, is excluding coconut oil because nearly a third of the Philippine population depends on coconut products for a living. Thailand's petrochemical

producers have pleaded with the Thai government for state financing, for cuts in the price of the gas they use as a raw material, and even for petrochemical import quotas - precisely the kind of non-tariff barriers that the Afta agreement rejects.

Steps towards AFTA



The loud complaints of protected industries about the dangers of Afta are an indication that the agreement is not

entirely ineffective. It is also true that govern-ment will is helping Afta's implementation. In late December, for instance, the Philip-pine government said it had persuaded its textile manufacturers to include another 400 products in the tariff-reduction

rogramme. However, the lack of legallybinding obligations to cut tariffs may yet be the undoing of Afta. Professor Richard Lipsey, a Canadian economist, noted recently that the Asean tariff reduction scheme seemed piecemeal compared with the "ooe hig package" agreed between the US and Canada.

The problem for the Asean countries is that they agreed on Afta in principle, and today are still negotiating the details. Another obstacle to harmony within Afta is the lack of any provision for the free move-

ment of labour.
Dr Mochtar Kusumaatmadja, the former Indonesian foreign minister, has raised this objection at a meeting in Kuala Lumpur last year to celebrate Asean's first 25 years.

"Singapore and Malaysia are always telling us to lower tariffs and duties and let their goods into the country," he said. "But in return, how about the free movement of labour? We will take your goods if you will take our surplus labour supply. When they hear this and think about all those indonesians coming to work in their countries, then they say, 'wait a minute, maybe it's not such a good idea'." With per capita income ln

Singapore 20 times as high as in Indonesia, the economic disparities within Asean make those within the EC pale into insignificance.

Even if Afta is fully implemented by the year 2008, it could take a few more years before Asean becomes truly a single market.

Kieran Cooke in Kuala Lumpur, William Keeling in Jakarta, Jose Galang in Manila and Victor Mallet in Bangkok

Benetton to open in Cuba

By Halg Simonian, recently in Havana

CUBA, one of the last bastions of hard-line communism, has opened its doors to capitalist retailing with a joint venture with Italy's Benetton clothing

group.

Benetton, with a network of 7,047 stores, plans eight shops in Cuba this year. The net-work may be extended depending on their success.

The retailing venture is confined to popular tourist loca-tions and sales will be in hard currencies only. It represents the first fruits of a 1991 Cuban law allnwing equal participatioo joint ventures between state companies and ontside

Although there has already been some fnreign investment in Cuba, notably by Spanish groups in the botels sector, the new venture is the first of its kind in retailing.

The Benetton stores will be run by a newly-formed com-pany set up hetween Cuhana-can, the main governmentowned tourism and commercial concern, and Connoly, a Bahamas-hased company owned by Mr Enrico Garzaroli

US and EC negotiators make a date

If entrepot trade with Singa-

pore is excluded, Asean coun-

tries conduct only about 5 per cent of their trade with their

And although the Afta ideal

is progressively to reduce

mutual tariffs on all goods

except agricultural products to

between 0 and 5 per cent

within 15 years, the agreement

is undermined by clauses

allowing each country to exclude any industries that it

wants to continue to protect.

The Asean members have

announced lists of bundreds of products which they are exempting from the normal

Asean partners.

By Nancy Dunne In Washington

WITH A key deadline for the conclusion of the Uruguay Round fast approaching, the new top trade officials of the US and EC have set February 11 as the date for their first

Sir Leon Brittan, EC external economic affairs commissioner, had hnped to meet Mr Mickey Kantor, the US trade representative, this week. He is keen to maintain whatever mnmentum has been achieved hefore a March 2 deadline hy which President Bill Clinton would have to inform the Congress a deal has been done to get congressional approval without amendment.

Sir Leon's spokesman yesterday said the meeting had been delayed to allow Mr Kantor to assemble his new

In the US, Sir Leon's haste is designed either to push a new official before he gets his "sea legs", or as an attempt to shift the blame for the Round'a failure to the US. Sir Leon is accused of "nverstating the

areas of agreement". Miss Barbara North, director of the coalition formed hy business groups to lobby for the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, said Mr Kantor had had "absolutely no time" to put his staff together

TIMBER TRADE & FOREST MANAGEMENT

Brussels 18 & 19 March 1993

This seminar will examine the challenges faced by the timber trade and industry in responding to environmental pressures and market demands for timber from 'sustainably managed forests'. Speakers include:

A Seminar organised by

the Scottish Hardwood Charter

with The Conservation Foundation, London

M&N Norman Timber, Scotland

Environmental Strategies Europe, Brussels

and The Financial Times

Prof. David Bellamy Conservation Foundation

Dr Laurens Brinkhorst * **EC Commission**

Mr Charles de Haes WWF International

Mr Mohammed Lawal Garba * **African Timber Organisation**

Dato' Baharuddin HJ Ghazali * Malaysian Timber Industry Board

Mr Edmond H. Wellenstein **Dutch Ministry of Economic Affairs**

Dr Michel Gisiger Société Générale de Surveillance sa **Mr Jacques Rougier** Groupe Rougier sa

Dr Hinrich Stoll Feldmeyer GmbH & co

Mr Richard Burbidge Richard Burbidge Ltd

Mr Hemmo Muntingh **European Parliament**

Ambassador Nicolas Imboden Swiss Government

Mr Morten Bjorner 'Union pour le Commerce des Bois Tropicaux dans la CEE'

* subject to confirmation

Top spirit brands see sales decline

By Philip Rawstome

VOLUME sales of the top 100 international spirits brands declined for the second successive year in 1992 as markets worldwide were bit by the bleak economic climate. Total shipments fell 1.2 per cent from 273.5m cases to 270.2m, according to Impact International. the drinks industry monitor.

the drinks industry monitor.

Reduced consumer spending was particularly marked in the US, UK and Japan. "While still a lucrative market, Japan is no longer the easy-growth, high-profit market it was in the late 1990." says Impact. 1980s," says Impact.
Scotch whisky sales in Japan last year were between 5 per cent and 10 per cent below the 1991 level. Cognac volumes

were 15 per cent down, and bourbon consumption declined 10 per cent. However, markets elsewhere, in south-east Asia, and in soutbern European countries southern European countries such as Spain, Greece and Por-tugal, remained huoyant with consumers still moving from

local spirits hrands to imports. "Latin America is also emerging as the key potential growth area for the 1990s." the report says.

Grand Metropolitan, Guin.

ness, and Allied Lyons, the UK-based groups which own 31 of the leading 100 hrands, saw total volumes down 2.1m cases. Of the top 10 companies, owning 62 brands, only three - Pedro Domecq, Brown-For-man, and American Brands

 increased volume sales.
 The top three brands maintained their rankings in spite of significant volume losses. Difficult trading conditions in

the US contributed to a 1.9 per Bacardi rum, the world's best-selling spirit. Volumes dropped from 21.6m to 21.2m cases. GrandMet's Smirnoff vodka, in second place, recorded a 4.1 per cent decline to 14.2m cases.

Sales of Ricard, the French anis brand, were 1.3 per cent down at 7.4m cases in third spot.
The three leading Scotch

whisky brands increased sales. Guinness's Johnnie Walkar Red was 1.5 per cent ahead at 6.6m casea GrandMet's J&B Rare. continuing to gain ground on its rival, grew 3.3 per cent to 6.2m cases. Allied's Ballantine's recorded a 1.9 per cent increase to 5.3m cases. Bourbon salea recovered

strongly from a setback in 1991. American Brands' Jim Beam grew 8 per cent to 5.2m cases; Brown Forman's Jack Daniels achieved a 4.8 per cent increase to 4.4m cases; and the group's Early Times hrand was 3.6 per cent up at 1.5m cases. Leading cognacs suffered hadly from the worldwide recession. Only Remy Martin

gained volume, up 3.9 per cent to 1.7m cases. Hennessy, the category leader, declined 2.6 per cent to 2.5m cases. Other cheaper brandles recorded generally good performances.

Among white spirits, José Cuervo tequila achieved a 2.9 per cent increase in sales to 4.3m cases. Six brands of gin recorded a combined decline of 1.1 per cent. Guinness's market leader, Gordon's, fell 1.6 per cent to 6.1m cases hut Seagram's gin bucked the trend with a 2.3 per cent rise to 4.4m **SHC Seminar on Timber Trade** and Forest Management

Ask for seminar details from: The Conservation Foundation 1 Kensington Gore London SW7 2AR

Tel: +44(0)71-823 8842 Fax: +44(0)71-823 8791 Position _____Dept ____ Company/Organisation_____ Address_____ Fax:

Or attach your business card

areas

Obituary: Thurgood Marshall

ONE week ago non-commercial

television in the US, com-

memorating the Martin Luther

King national holiday, aired an

absorbing dramatisation of one

of the Supreme Court's land-

mark rulings of this century

the 1954 case known as Brown

v Board of Education which, in

effect, rendered segregation

schools.

change in the law.

and the Brown ruling was undoubtedly his finest hour.

There were more fine hours

to come. In 1961 President

Kennedy made him a federal

Legal champion

Clinton set to put the bite on consumption

RESIDENT Bill Clinton has a habit of leaving his options open until the last moment. But it appears likely that in his first economic statement due next month he will try to set a new course for US economic policy by increasing the emphasis on consump-

These currently form a much smaller proportion of total receipts than in other industrial countries.

At the weekend Mr Lloyd Bentseo, the Treasury secre-tary, signalled that a broadbased tax on energy was being seriously considered as a first step towards higher consump-

Mr Clinton, however, cautioned vesterday that no final decisions on how to trim the deficit had been made.

A broad energy tax covering fuels such as coal, natural gas and nuclear power, as well as oil, would be easler to sell politically than a higher levy on petrol alone (which has been mooted several times) because the pain would be spread more evenly.

Mr Bentsen said energy taxes were also attractive on environmental grounds, by British thermal units.

A broadly based tax on the use of energy could be the first step, writes Michael Prowse in Washington

The Congressional Budget US tax receipts Office, an independent adviser to Congress, has estimated that Total 1993 \$1,147.6bn (est) a 5 per cent energy tax would raise about \$18bn (£11.8bn) a \$510.4bn Mr Bentsen said a more comprehensive shift towards con-

sumption taxes was likely in the longer term as a way of boosting incentives to save and However, complexities over the collection of consumption taxes and their potential "regressivity" - the fact that they hit the poor harder than

the affluent - meant that the timing or extent of such a shift A national salea or value added tax was not on the

He did not, however, rule out other long-term options, such as the "consumed income" tax advocated last year by a binartisan commission headed hy Senators Sam Nunn of Georgia and Pete Domenici of New

A consumed income tax would be collected from individuals rather than husinesses and could be levied at a higher rate on the affluent. The main difference from an ordinary income tax is that it would exclude all forms of saving

The strategy now favoured is to cut the deficit by about \$145hn over four years - the same absolute amount as promised in the campaign. This would reduce the prospective deficit in fiscal 1997 from about \$350bn to just over

The administration seems more likely to consider a levy based on the heat content of fuels rather than their carbon content

New York Post in reprieve shock

Other elements of President Clinton's likely economic strategy are also falling into place. He is backing away from his promise to halve the deficit in four years on the grounds that projected deficits are \$50bn-\$60bn higher than when he formulated his plan last

Mr Bentsen also confirmed that plans for an income tax cut for middle-income families have effectively been shelved. The administration, however, will press ahead with plans to increase income taxes on the affluent - families earning \$200,000 or more a year. Mr Bentsen refused to be

drawn on the size of this tax increase but most observers expect the top marginal rate to rise from 31 per cent to 36 per

According to Mr Daniel Patrick Moynihan, his successor as chairman of the powerful Senate finance committee, 2 larger increase in top marginal rates would be counter-productive because of its impact on economic incentives.

On the spending side. Mr Bentsen said all entitlement programmes - medical care or the elderly and poor, and federal pensions - were being examined for possible savings. But he made no specific com-mitments to curh such programmes, which have caused the deficit to balloon in recent

Mr Bentsen also signalled that the administration would press head with plans for a short-term fiscal stimulus. This was prudent because the economic recovery had faltered twice in the past two years.

He refused to confirm reports that the stimulus would be only about \$20bn, but said it would be much smaller than the \$50hn-\$60bn mentioned last year.

department of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. He was the architect of its strategy of wringing from the courts the sort of civil rights Frantic weekend of telephone pleading keeps tabloid alive changes that the political system was still reinctant to grant

> appeals court judge. In 1965 President Johnson appointed him solicitor general, the government's chief advocate before the Supreme Court. Two Hoffenberg
> Mr Hoffenberg eventually years later he was accorded the ultimate accolade of nomination to the Supreme Court, the first African-American ever to reach this pinnacle.

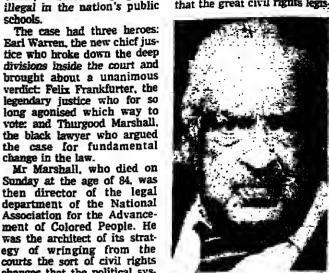
President Johnson noted that he was one of the most successful advocates ever to appear before the court, winning 29 of 32 cases - 14 as a private lawyer and 18 as solicitor general. Mr Marshall served 24 years

on the court, a staunch opponent of the death penalty and limitations on ahortion, and believer in affirmative action to improve opportunity for all. He formed with now retired Justice William Brennan a trenchant and intellectually

of civil rights

powerful liberal wing, the qual-

ity of whose written opinions was widely admired. Under Presidents Reagan and Bush the court acquired a more conservative slant and Mr Marshall became known as "the great dissenter". Though increasingly ill, he postponed retirement until 1991 to ensure that the great civil rights legis-



Marshall: high regard

lation in which he had parties. pated was not rolled back. The volume of tributes to Mr.

Marsball, from President Clinton to Mr William Rehnquist. the current chief justice with whom he so often disagreed, attest to the extraordinary regard in which he was held. Justice Sandra Day O'Connor, oow a pivotal swing vote on the court, called him "a true American hero" who had left behind "a legacy of hope for racial equality".

Thurgood Marshall was born in Baltimore in 1909. Denied admission to the University of Maryland law school because of his race, be graduated top of his class from Howard University, the predominantly black college in Washington. He was to have administered the oath of office to Vice-President Al-Gore at last Wednesday's inaugural, but ill health prevented him from attending.

Jurek Martin

First Guatemalan refugees return

By Damlan Fraser In Mexico City

SOME 2,500 Gnatemalan refngees, the first batch of a total of 45,000, arrived in Guatemala City over the weekeod, ending more than a decade of exile in Mexico.

The refugees who fled armybacked atrocities in the early 1980s were welcomed by more than 10,000 sympathisers in the capital's central square. Mr Jorge Serrano, Gnatemala's president, said their return "marked a new era in the direction the country will

The peaceful return of the refugees is seen as a crucial test of the government's willingness to end the country's 30-year-old civil war. But the repatriation of the remaining refngees could still be post-

poped, as the government has suspended its guarantee of their safety, after differences with refugee leaders.

because they would encourage

The form an energy tax

would take is undecided.

Vice-President Al Gore has

advocated a tax based on the

carbon content of fuels. But the Clinton administration

seems more likely to consider a

levy based on their heat con-

tent, as measured, for example,

energy conservation.

Last week Mr Serrano presented the United Nations with a plan for "peace in 90 days" to end the civil war. The small hand of left-wing rebels with whom the government is trying to make peace agreed to discuss the proposal, hut insisted on an immediate ceasefire, and a 50 per cent reduction in the size of the army. Mr Serrano dismissed the rebel counter-offer,

The peace plan was partly overshadowed hy publicity given to the president's visit to Stringfellows, a topless bar in New York. Mr Serrano, who is an evangelical Christian and pastor of two Protestant churches, said he only went to "take a bowl of onion sonp".

By Alan Friedman in New York

THE New York Post seemed as good as dead on Sunday, but the smalleat and most sensational of the Big Apple's three leading tabloids has got a last-minute reprieve after a weekend of intrigue and frantic negotiations.

Last weekend Mr Peter Kalikow, the Post's owner. found himself facing a crisis when Bankers Trust, his chief backer, threatened to pull the plug on a \$3m (£1.9m) credit line that had jumped to \$6m in recent weeks.

The newspaper ran a deficit last year estimated at about Mr Kalikow thought he had resolved his problems by arranging for Mr Leon Black,

Post faced closure by the end of the weekend if no one else could be found. A 20 per cent wage cut for the newspaper's 719 employees plus a cover price rise from 40 to 50 cents were rushed

the Post. But advisers close to the deal say Mr Black lost interest, which led Mr Kalikow

to warn last Friday that the

through on Sunday afternoon as a supposed alternative solution, hut proved inadequate for Bankers Trust. That is when New York's hig guns stepped into the ft was Ms Cindy Adams, the

Post's gossip columnist, who got most heavily involved in the search for a buyer. She worked the telephones throughout the weekend. ringing "my rich friends or my the former Drexel Burnham smart ones who know rich Lambert executive, to invest in

By late afternoon on Sunday Mr Kalikow was telling staff he feared the paper would have to shut down. But behind the scenes Ms Adams and Mr Howard Rubenstein, king of the New York public relations world, were in touch with Mr Bill Pugazy, the limousine mogul, searching for an angel.

Mr Fugazy, in turn, contacted Mr Steve Hoffenberg, a little-known 48-year-old financier who owns Towers Financial, a factoring and accounts receivable business. "Everybody who was anybody was calling everybody else on Sunday to try to save the Post," said one investment banker whose client turned down the deal. And that

included Mr Mario Cuomo. governor of New York. When Messrs Rubenstein and Fugazy could not find Mr Hoffeoberg it fell to Covernor

Cnomo to send out a state trooper to track down the financier. The police could not find him, out Mr Vincent Tese, the state director of economic development, talked to Mr

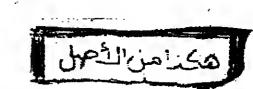
surfaced and a series of conference calls resulted in a last-minute agreement on Sunday night,

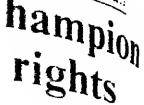
The deal called for Mr Hoffenberg to provide an immediate \$300,000 and to guarantee the Post's 56m line of credit. In exchange he is now in pole position to spend the next four weeks deciding whether to go abead and become the newspaper's new

The reprieve could still fall apart, but that did not stop the tabloid from plastering yesterday's front page with the words "NEVER SAY DIE!"

Singapore Surabaya Melbourne NO-ONE IS BETTER CONNECTED TO THE NATURAL CENTRE OF ASIA.

We fly 38 times weekly from Europe to Singapore connecting with over 300 flights to Asia, Australia and New Zealand. All aboard the world's most modern fleet, with inflight service even other airlines talk about. SINGAPORE AIRLINES







hampion UN's inspectors intensify rights search for Iraqi weapons continuous confrontation the said in an Interview le said in

yesterday stepped up their search for Iraqi weapons of mass destruction yesterday without any hindrance from local officials in Baghdad.

Iraq's co-operation with the UN will be watched closely as evidence of its commitment to the unilateral ceasefire it announced last week to mark the inauguration of President

Prof Maurizio Zifferero, who beads the nuclear inspection team, said that he hoped Iraq would provide the remaining names of foreign suppliers. "The Iraqis say they have already given us 90 per cent.

"They have said they will

also resumed its weapons search concentrating on Scuds of the type fired at Saudi Arabia and Israel in the Gulf

Iraq has adopted a conciliatory line towards the new US administration and newspapers in Baghdad yesterday noted that cracks bad appeared in the US-led coalition over recent air attacks. One newspaper said that

Iraq's initiative would ancourage Mr Clinton to enter into a dialogue with Iraq, and stressed the differences between him and former President George Bush.

Meanwhile, Iraql air defence
officers, in a show reminiscent

answer questions about the of US and allied military brief-other 10 per cent. We shall ings in the Culf war, produced

videotape to bolster their case that a Tomahawk missile had been fired daliberately at the Rashid hotel in Baghdad on

January 17. They said that a flash of light, captured on film by a western television crew, lit up the hotel just before the missile struck. They said the flash was part of the missile's guidance system and proved that it was on target.

when the Tomahawk missile destroyed the lobby, shattering tonnes of concrete and steel. Mr Tariq Aziz, Iraq's deputy prime minister, said yesterday that his country seeks no con-frontation with the US but is not happy with the stance of the new US administration,

Renter reports from Baghdad.

"We do not want to be in

Two Iraqi women were killed

he said in an interview with Cable News Network (CNN) television.
Mr Aziz accused President

Clinton's new defence secre-tary, Mr Les Aspin, of "an arro-gant and belligerent response" to the Iraqi initiative of offer-

ing a unilateral ceasefire.
On Sunday, Mr Aspin told a
US television Interviewer that the object of US policy was to ensure that Iraq complied with the UN Security Council's ceasefire resolution, but he added: "I personally believe that also means Saddam Hussein has to go."

Mr Aziz described this as a
"whimsical interpretation" of

the UN resolution. "I hope this will not be the position of the new administration," be said.

Maersk Navigator collision was the latest in a series of accidents

Malaysia's disaster warnings go unheeded in Strait of Malacca

By Kleran Cooke in Kuala Lumpur

EVERY 24 bours as many as 600 vessels, some small fishing craft, some 300,000-tonne tankers, pass through the 600-milelong Strait of Malacca. It is one of the world's busiest shipping channels, a vital conduit of

world trade Malaysia has been at the forefront of efforts to have the strait better policed. It bas warned that sooner or later an environmental disaster will occur. Dr Mahathir Mohamad. the Malaysian prime minister, has talked of "a state of near lawlessness" in the area.

Last week's collision involviog the Maersk Navigator supertanker was only the lat-est in a series of accidents in the strait in recent months. Last September a collision between a tanker and a container ship resulted in 13,000 tonnes of crude oil being spilled, much of it on the beaches of Malaysia. In August 10 passengers were drowned after a collision between a crulse liner and a fishing trawler off the Malaysian

Attempts to Improve controls in the waterway are hampered both by differences between the three adjacent states -Malaysia, Singapore and indon-esia - and by International

LUANDA was without mains

water for a second day yester-

day after rebel sabotage of the supply system left the Angolan

capital of 2m with only bottled

supplies, Reuter reports from

Diplomats said United

Nations peace observers were

trying to hring the military

commanders from the MPLA

government and Unita together

in Addis Ababa later this week

to discuss tattered May 1991

peace accords, but nothing firm had been set. One official

said Unita had been hedging

in Cape Town, South African

Foreign Minister Pik Botha

reported that Mr Jonas Sav-imbi, Unita leader, planned to

send a delegation to the Ethio-

pian capital and was ready to

on a date.



anti-poliution regulations of its own, does not want to take action that might deter shipping from the region and jeopardise its position as one of the world's main shipping hubs. Singapore is now the world's

largest container port. Indonesia has acant resources to spend on any proper policing measures which would cover its waters - stretching across an area wider than the US.

Malaysia says the littoral states of the Strait of Malacca should not have to pay for pollution cansed by others. Mr Abdullah Ahmad Badawi, foreign minister, addressing the United Nations General Assem-Singapore, while it has rigid bly last year, said international ping lanes.

Mr Botha said Mr Savimhi had told him In a telephone

conversation vesterday morn-

ing that he was ready "to par-

ticipate in the political process

In Angola In a peaceful man-

in the summer heat washed

with bottled mineral water or

in the sea because of what

police said was Unita sabotage

on a supply system just ontside the city on Sunday.

couple of weeks before water

was fully restored to the city.

The radio reported relentless battles over Huambo, Unita's

headquarters in the central

bighlands, and in soutbern

Menongue and central Kuito. It

said government forces bad

captured a Unita general and a

South African but there was no

State radio said it could be a

Luanda residents suffering

Tha Danish owners of the Maersk Navigator, the fullyladen supertanker involved in a collision at the northerly entrance to the Strait of Malacca last Thursday, said yesterday that a fire on board was being contained and that oil leakage from the vessel had been reduced, writes Kieran

The supertanker, which was carrying nearly 2m barrels of crude oil, is being kept out at sea and towed to an area about 80 miles west of the northern tip of the Indonesian island of Sumatra and about 60 miles south of the Indian Nicobar

maritime law and regulations had to be revised to take account of modern conditions and to ensure that all those using the Malacca Strait tion and safety problems.

When such accidents occur, we have to do the cleaning up which is a financial burden as well as endure the sudden harm and destruction to our marine resources . . . this is too much for the poor littoral states to bear alone."

Malaysia has suggested that ships passing through the strait pay a levy for each journey. There have also been calls for a proper traffic separation scheme, with designated ship-

independent confirmation.

Mr Lopo do Nascimento,

Angola's minister witbout

portfolio, said in the South

African capital, Pretoria, that

the Angolan war was unwinna-

the Security Council was dne

to discuss the fighting yester-

day, but officials in New York said no debate was scheduled.

Boutros Ghali has proposed

reducing the UN presence to a minimum and withdrawing peace monitors if there are no

The Angolan government

fears a UN withdrawal will

lead to more fighting. The undeclared war began in ear-

nest earlier this month follow-

ing Unita's rejection of the

results of elections in Septem-

Abdullah Utah, disappeared

firm steps towards peace.

Secretary-General Boutros

UN officials in Luanda said

Shipowners are likely to resist any move which would impose greater costs on their operations. The Strait of Malacca is an internstional waterway and a levy system or traffic control scheme cannot simply be imposed by the surrounding countries.

The other very prickly problem in the area is piracy. While recorded acts of piracy in south-east Asian waters decreased last year, attacks still occur. in one recent attack pirates boarded a container ship, killing the British captain and his first mate.

In anothar Incident some time ago pirates boarded a supertanker, tied up its crew and left it cruising, unpiloted. While there have been efforts

by Indonesia, Singapore and Malaysia to try to fight the piracy problem, these have been hampered by regional sensitivities and questions of sovereignty.

Most pirates are believed to operate from bases in Indonesia but both Singapore and Malaysia are rejuctant to Isy the entire blame on their powerful neighbour.

Malaysia has called an international conference next month to discuss some of these problems. "Il things go on as they are there is going to be a disaster," said one Singaporebased shipping expert. "If it's not happening right now, it's just a question of time."

UN tries to fix Angola talks date ber and its seizure of some 75

> per cent of Angola. Foreign Minister Venancio de Moura has flown to New York to lobby for the UN to stay. Diplomats believe the government is more willing to talk now that it is on the defensive after the loss of the second most important oil centre. Soyo, and its inability to take Huambo, despite two weeks of

> intense bombing. State media reports say Unita is preparing to attack Cabinda, which produces two-thirds of Angola's 550,000 barrels per day of oil.

The US government, which supported Mr Savimbi during his 16-year civil war against the MPLA, on Sunday warned him not to touch American companies or citizens in Cabinda.

Rabin to stand by policy on deportees

By Hugh Carnegy

ISRAELI Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin yesterday dis-missed suggestions that the government would privately welcome a High Court decision to overturn the mass expulsion of Palestinians to Leba-

The court, which is expected to rule this week on the legalthe focus of the crisis over the December expulsions, which were unanimously condemned as lliegal by the United Nations Security Council and have thrown the future of Middle Bast peace talks into

Opponents of the move, both inside and outside Israel, have suggested that a court ruling against the expulsions would provide the way out of the crisis for the government and for the new US administration, which is anxious to avoid disruption of the peace negotia-tious. Israel has songbt to defer any further action against it by the UN until after the court's decision is given. But Mr Rabin said he did

not want to be overruled. "I am full of hope that the Righ Court will indeed approve this. I regret the voices that pretend there is supposedly a need for someone to rescue the government. The government does not need to be rescued, it needs to stick to its positions."

The High Court's seven judges would no doubt be widely applauded in the international community if they did rule against the government, Such a ruling would lift the pressure for UN sanctions to enforce Security Conneil resolution 799 demanding the return of the deportees and meet Palestinian conditions

for resuming peace talks.

But it would also be a deeply damaging blow to Mr Rabin's political prestige at home, ironically undermining his ability to make concessions in the peace negotiations. It would also be regarded in Israel as an unprecedanted rebuff to the powerful military establishment which justified the expulsions on security

Civil rights lawyers arguing the case against the deportations, the largest number ever carried out at one time, say a gerous precedent has been set of using expulsion as a colective punishment.

But there is little confidence among Palestinians that the court will reverse the expulsions. It has only ever overturned one of hundreds carried out over the years, assenting to the state's contention that the Fourth Geneva Convention ban on such expulsions does not apply in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The court has previously insisted on the right of appeal prior to deportation. But the government argues that the right to prior appeal does not apply in the present case because the expulsions were not permanent, that they were only a "temporary removal" for up to two years.

Yesterday, in an effort to ensure the court's approval, the government said it would set up elaborate means for the 396 alleged Islamic militants still stranded in Lebanon to appeal against their banishment individually from their isolated campsite.

The attorney general promised that telephone points and mail deliveries would be pro-



Major hails investment fruits of his Indian trip

By Stefan Wagstyl and Ralph Atkins in New Delhi

BRITISH Prime Minister John Major, seeking to promote British business during a visit to India, yesterday hailed planned investments by British Gas and British Aerospace and a proposed bilateral business discussion group as the first fruits of his trip.

After a meeting with Mr P.V. Narasimha Rao, the Indian prime minister, Mr Major said ooth countries would benefit from greater economic co-operation. British investment ln India would belp India's economic reform, while ort growth would lead Britain's economic recovery.

The prime minister was speaking on the eve of celebrations today to mark India's Republic Day, at which he is the chief guest. Security cover for the event was tightened yesterday following the arrest of four Sikh militants who were allegedly planning to plant a bomb in New Delhi.

Mr Major said be was "entirely content" with security arrangements. But he acknowledged that the threat of an incident may have been increased by the recent signing of an extradition treaty between the UK and india, which would ease the extradiists from Britain. However, Delhi police said

the level of security cover was normal for a Republic Day celebration as was the level of risk of an attack from terrorists. Mr who is In charge of security, said: 'Terrorist groups would want to attack at a time like this [Republic Day]. John Major is no particular target." Mr Major's security cover was

"the same as for any other head of state," Mr Sahay said. The prime minister, who is accompanied by a delegation of senior British businessmen, is anxious to link the visit to commercial successes for UK companies. The two deals he cited yesterday are relatively modest. British Cas is planning to take a 35 per cent stake in a joint venture to supply natural

over 10 years. British Aerospace, the aerospace and engineering group, will take a 40 per cent stake in a software company to be set up with Hindustan Aeronaotics the Indian aerospace company. The total equity investment is Rs60m (£1.35m).

gas to Bombay, India's biggest

city. British Cas and Its part-

ners will invest £100m, spread

The bilateral business dis-

cussion group was announced

consider measures to promote R.S. Sahay, the additional dentwo-way trade and investment nty commissioner of police, and to report back to the two prime ministers at the end of

> Mr Howard Davies, director general of the CBI, welcomed Mr Major's belp for exports. "We have been asking for more government help for exports for some time. Now we are get-"The business community is

the year.

with Mr Rao. It is to consist of

British and Indian business-

men and will be chaired by Mr

Robert Evans, chairman of British Cas. The group is to

very chipper. For many of them this [trip] has been a nice little earner." Mr Major said in a speech

last night that Indla's far-reaching economic reforms would continue to open up significant new opportunities for bosiness and investment. At a banquet given by Mr Rao. Mr Major praised India's efforts to liberalise its economy.

He referred obliquely to the violence and political turmoil which has hit India since the destruction of the Ayodhya mosque, saying that Britain supported "the work of safeguarding the fabric of indian life so successfully created over many years".

China to boost infrastructure

CHINA will open up more construction projects to foreign participation as part of its overall drive to build up ways, bridges and tunnels the infrastructure of the and to invest solely in the country, according to the official Xinhua news agency, Reuter reports from Beijing.
Foreign businessmen, the news agency said, would be some encouraged in managing

jointly with Chinese partners in the construction of motorways, bridges and tunnels construction of private docks and waterways for cargo ship-

allowed to invest solely or berths on public docks and also in loading, unloading, storage, packaging and leasing docks and land for develop-

> China's inefficient transport system, according to officials and economists, is a serious drag on economic develop-

Uzbekistan's president tightens his grip on the opposition

The former Soviet republic retains the closed atmosphere of the old USSR, writes Steve LeVine

ITH the political trial of Mr Abdouma-nob Pulatov that resumed in the Supreme Court today, Uzhekistan President Islam Karimov is tightening a crackdown that has effectively silenced political debate in the former Soviet republic. Mr Pulatov, a leader of the

opposition movement Birlik (unity). stands accused of insulting Mr Karimov, a crime carrying a possible six-year prison sentence.

The triol is expected to con-

clude today. In another important trial last week, the Supreme Court outlawed Birlik for three months. The crime was "intent" to organise public demonstrations, which are banned in Uzbekistan. The ban against Birlik, coming after months of arrests, disappearances and beatings, leaves Uzbekistan's chief opposition

party moribund. Last Tuesday a member of



President Karimov: crackdown has silenced political debate

Birlik's ruling presidium, Mr Alim Karimov, who is not related to the president, was spirited away by unidentified men and has not been heard from since.

Another critic, Islamic Renaissance party leader atmosphere of the former

"The living standard is so bad now that they are afraid of a social explosion. That's why they want to eliminate all organised opposition," said Mr Sbukhrat Ismatulayev, Birlik's It is true that life has become tougher for Uzbekistan's 20m

collapsed over a year ago. The price of some basic items has risen 100-fold, while monthly wages have gone up only six-fold, to about 3,000 ronblas (about £4.40). But the tight grip maintained in Uzbekistan and

people since the Soviet Union

throughout former Soviet Central Asia probably has more to do with inherent conservatism than with fears of a social explosion. More so than any of the 15 former Soviet republics, the

five Central Asian republics

retain the closed, inflexible

USSR. Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan and Kyrgyzstan maintain different shades of political and economic rigidity, with a new, hardline government having recently taken power in Tajikistan. But resource-rich Uzbekistan

is the least changed from the Soviet period. President Karimov tries to keep matters under his sole control through a combination of political repression and, despite public statements to the contrary, an almost obstructionist approach to foreign investors.

Foreign businessmen grouse constantly about the problems of obtaining decisions. Mr Karimov insists oo oversight of the tiniest details. which sometimes include even

They also say that investment policy, though seeming liberal as written into law, is still vague. But it is Mr Karimov's political crackdown that Department said.

the design of luncheon invita-



the greatest attention recently. In its yearly human rights quency of assault on opposi-tion political figures, with the report, issued last week, the US State Department said assailants never being appre-Uzbekistan was "responsible hended, suggested government for significant human rights abuses".
"The regime's heavy-handed

Mr Pulatov, Birlik's human rights committee leader, was control of the political proabducted by the Uzbekistan cess... was a major impedi-KGB at a human rights conment to further progress and left in doubt its commitment to vention in neighbouring Kyrgvzstan last month. The government accuses Mr democratisation," the State

Pulatov of defaming President

Karimov during a demon-stration at Tashkent State University last January In which three students were

According to the government case, Mr Pulatov gave a student a placard containing Mr Karimov's photograph and told him to carry it in the demonstrations. Underneath the photograph was the caption: "Here is a beast that devours its own

children." But in the first three days of testimony last week, the three government witnesses - all of them students - offered contradictory accounts.

One student testified that he had no idea whose placard it

A second said Mr Pulatov was part of a large group of students, all of whom handled the placard. Only the third, Mr Jalol Gadayev, testified that he saw Mr Pulatov himself produce the placard for the stu-

Ramos ends telecoms monopoly

PRESIDENT Fidei Ramos yesterday confirmed be had ordered the end of a monopoly hy the Philippine Long Distance Telephone Co (PLDT) by anthorising competitors to operate in the country, Reuter reports from Manila.

He said be had made the ordar after learning that in Manila alone about 600,000 telephone applications had been pending for years. Ms Josefina Lichauco, under

secretary of the Department of Transportation and Communications, said recently she remained determined to break up the telephone monopoly by allowing interconnection of services.
PLDT accounts for 94 per

cent of the Philippines' telephone industry.

Companies wanting to compete have found it difficult to operata because of the high cost of laying down their own networks and PLDT's resistance to interconnection.

By Emma Tucker, Economics Staff

A WEAK rise in bank and building society lending last month suggests that the lowest UK base rates for 16 years have done little to entice companies and consumers to take on new borrowing.

Weak M4 lending, and the prospect of further beavy job cuts in some sectors, yesterday cast new doubt on the strength of the economy.

But reports of improved opti-

mism among husinesses, furtber signs of a slight upturn in the bousing market and buoyant growth of cash in circulation, indicated some sort of recovery may be underway.

Yesterday's mixed signals on the UK economy will not make it any easier for Mr Norman Lamont, the chancellor, to decide whether to cut hase rates below 7 per cent ahead of the Budget on March 16.

Bank of England figures showed that M4 lending rose hy £0.2hn last month, an improvement on the November figure when lending fell hy

Further signs of a slight apturn in the British housing market emerged yesterday in figures from the Building Societles Association showing a rise in the number of people committing themselves to taking out new home loans in December.

The number of net new commitments - when a borrower accepts an offer of a mortgage advance - rose to £1.987bn in December from £1.849hn in November. Gross mortgage lending increased to £2,242hn for the month, np from £2.087bn in November.

£0.6bn, hut significantly less than economists' expectations. The annual growth rate of M4 - notes and coins in circulation plus bank and building larly sluggish. It hit a record low and dropped through the hottom limit of the government's recently announced monitor range of 4-8 per cent.

M4 fell a seasonally adjusted

0.1 per cent on the month, to

rise by 3.7 per cent in the year

fall within four months.

to December. This compares with 4.6 per cent in the year to

By contrast narrow money. mainly notes and coins in circulation rose by 0.2 per cent in December, taking the seasonally adjusted annual growth rate to 3 per cent.

Mr Michael Saunders, an economist at the US investment bank Salomon Brothers, said the discrepancy between the two sets of figures could be explained by debt overhang. "M0 captures those areas of the economy where deht is not a problem, while M4 and M4 lending capture the fragility of

those areas of the economy. such as bousing and husines investment, that rely on expanding credit," be said. Figures from the British Bankers Association yesterday confirmed the sluggisb nature of lending. These showed total sterling lending by the 9 higgest UK banking groups to the UK private sector fell by over £1.7bn in December, the second

Jobless total could reach 500,000 during 1993, says Building Employers Federation

Construction industry fears 50,000 job cuts

By Andrew Taylor, instruction Correspondent

A FURTHER 50,000 jobs are expected to be axed by the construction industry this year taking the number of jobs lost to balf a million since 1989. according to a survey puhlished yesterday.

Sir Brian Hill, president of the Building Employers Confederation, said the industry had lost the equivalent of almost 600 jobs every working day, since summer 1989.

tioned more than 500 building companies about the outlook for output and employment during the next 12 months. Just under half of those questioned said they expected to announce more joh losses by end of March.

Almost a fifth of companies report they were working at less than half capacity. Sir Brian said the findings of

the confederation's latest quarterly workload survey showed that the industry remained in deep recession despite one or two hrighter signs.

number of visitors to houses for sale. More than a quarter of companies has also recorded an increase in inquiries for work from potential customers compared with with 21 per cent of reporting a fall. It was the first positive balance in inquiries since the second quarter of

1989, said the confederation. The rise in inquiries and visitors still had to be translated into sales. As a result the industry was forecasting a further fall in output of 2 per cent this year, following declines of industry's labour force would

cent in 1991.

Whatever is happening in other sectors of industry, it is clear from these results that construction remains in seri-

ous recession," said Sir Brian. "The key indicators of output and employment are still pointing firmly downwards and we have to face the appalling prospect that the construction jobless total will reach the half a million mark during

1993," Sir Brian said. This would mean that the

These included a rise in the 6 per cent last year and 9 per have been cut by 30 per cent since summer 1989. More than 20,000 construction companies had failed during the period half of them in last 12 months.

The confederation urged the chancellor to help construction by cutting interest rates reducing VAT for house improvements and abolishing stamp

duty in the March budget. It also wants the government to extend the period for which it will allow 20 per cent capital allowances on industrial and agricultural huildings ordered before October 31 this year.

Weak demand for cars undermines motor trade

THE UK motor trade and industry could lose up to 50,000 more jobs in the 12 months to the middle of this year, bringing the total number to nearly 200,000 since the new car market crashed in 1990, an important motor body warned yester-

The tentative recovery being seen in car and commercial vehicle markets will peter out if the government raises taxes

and does not cut interest rates. the Retail Motor Industry Federation said in a pre-Budget submission to the Treasury. The RMI, representing 12,000 dealers and other motor trade businesses, said it was dismayed by what it sees as the

ery hopes hy the actions of the Treasury department, through its continuous media soundings about the acceptability of some tax increase options"

Mr David Gent, the RMI's

uncertainty injected into recov-

director-general, protested that encouraging pre-Budget speculation about tax changes is never a sensible way of conducting economic policy.

"In the present circumstances of continuing recession with as yet only some, though encouraging signs of possible recovery, to allow the process at all is utter stupidity. It has to stop and we ask the prime minister and chancellor to see that it is stopped today". Mr Neil Marshall, the RMI's director of economic affairs. said the government bad already lost £3bn in taxation revenue arising from the slump in car sales since 1989. Last year, only 1.594m new cars were sold, about 700,000 fewer than the record 2.8m of

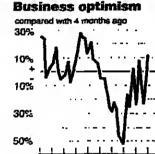
Mr Marshall said sales could recover by 5 per cent to 1.67m this year. "However, to achieve this modest target it would be necessary for the chancellor to avoid tax increases, to stimulate confidence and to cut interest rates - we helieve that a further cnt of 1.5 per cent is feasible' The RMI - which says the

motor business is the biggest single contributor to tax revenues, totalling £20hn last year - said 7-8 per cent of the UK's remaining 7,000 franchised motor dealers would close or be sold off this year. Last year 8 per cent closed or were sold off, following 10 per cent in

A mixed picture for manufacturers



Companies are more optimistic about export prospects...



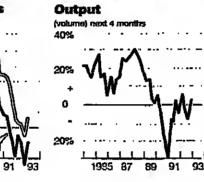
1985 87 89 91 93 1985 87 89 91 93

tive". Even so, there was no guaran-

tee that the recession was ending. He said that several times during the recession - notably in October

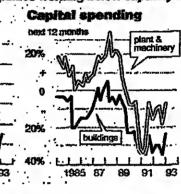


though factory employment and investment are continuing to fall... Prices and costs



Export volume new orders next 4 months 1985 87 89 91

Numbers employed 1985 87 89 91 93



and the proportion of companies working below capacity is at its highest for nine years Capacity

MANUFACTURING orders are continuing to fall, although at the lowest rate for 21, years, according to a report published yesterday by the Confederation of British Industry, writes Peter Marsh and Ralph

Confidence about the business outlook has increased over the past four months, even though factory investment is still declining.

The proportion of companies

cent, the lowest figure recorded in the CBI's quarterly industrial trends survey since January 1983. Sir David Lees, chairman of the CBI's economics committee who is also chairman and chief executive of engineering group GKN, said the mood in industry was "more posi-

operating below capacity is 73 per 1991 and April last year - rising

husiness optimism had ended in a

89

1985 87

Mr John Major, heading a delegation of UK businessmen in India, said the rise in confidence was "dra-matic" and that export growth would lead Britain out of recession. The prime minister said "one missing ingredient" needed to end the recession had been stronger confidence in business.

More than 1,100 companies answered questions in the survey. It was conducted between December 21 and January 11.

In the past four months, 35 per cent of manufacturers said new orders were down compared with the previous four months, allowing for seasonal variations. Just 22 per cent reported an increase in orders, giving a negative balance of 13 percentage points. That compared with a negative balance of 28 points in the previous survey in October. Manufacturers are more hopeful

about orders over the next four months, with a difference of 13 points between companies expecting orders to climb and those anticipating a fall.

Even though optimism about export prospects has changed little since October, the balance of companies expecting increased export orders over the next four months comes out at a relatively healthy 18 points.

The increased confidence among

Dijon plant.

manufacturers about exports sparked hy September's sterling devaluation has been only feebly translated into actual orders. A balance of 11 per cent of companies said export orders over the past four months had declined, compared with the previous four months. That result was only

slightly more encouraging than the reading in October of a negative balance of 19 points.

1985 87 89 91 93 their spending on buildings and machinery over the next 12 months compared with those which think they will increase it. However the negative balance is lower than in October. The CBI expects total manufacturing investment in mid-1993 to be nearly 40 per cent below its

peak in mid-1989. Unit costs have increased only slightly since the last survey while the CBI says the squeeze on profit More companies expect to reduce margins has remained tight.

Deutsche Bank aims to become **UK** clearer

Banking Editor

DEUTSCHE Bank, the hig German hank, has applied to become a UK clearing bank hy joining CHAPS, the electronic system for clearing and set-tling high value hank pay-

If Dentsche is successful and bankers said yesterday it was likely to be - it would become the first continental bank to have a clearing account at the Bank of England. Banks' debts and credits to each other obtained through CHAPS transactions are cleared at the end of each working day at the Bank of

It also emerged yesterday that another half dozen continental banks, including Credit Lyonnais, France's blggest bank, have made approaches to CHAPS with a view to possihly becoming clearers in Lon-don. A hanker said two or three of these would probably become members.

Overseas banks bave traditionally done their sterling clearing by using UK banks, such as Barclays or National Westminster, as their agents. They have had the right to join CHAPS for several years, but only Citibank of the US

has exercised lt.
Dentsche Bank's move appears to represent a vote of confidence in the future of London as a financial centre. Bankers said this was encour-aging given that doubts had been expressed about the City of London's ability to remain the leading European financial centre following sterling's withdrawal last year from the Exchange Rate Mechanism and the government's lukewarm attitude to monetary

Deutsche's application to join CHAPS must he approved hy the Bank of England and the Association for Payment Clearing Services, which groups all banks which clear sterling transactions.

BA and Virgin try to improve relations

BRITISH Airways and Virgin Atlantic last night took a significant step towards ending their hitter "dirty tricks" row and Improving the hadly dented relationship between the two UK airlines. A one and a half hour meet-

ing hetween Sir Colin Marshall. BA's chief executive, and Mr Richard Branson, the Virgin chairman, was described hy the two men as "a very good first step". But hoth sides refused to dis-

closa details of their talks which centred on Virgin's demands for compensation for the serious financial and commercial damage it claims to have suffered as a result of BA's covert activities. Further meetings will be

held between executives from both airlines "to resolve outstanding differences" over the next few weeks. However, the two sides appear increasingly anxious to

prevent any further escalation in the long running dispute which centres on BA's earlier attempts to undermine its

> Although Mr Branson appears to have had the upper hand throughout the dispute, neither side believes it can risk prolonging what could become a lengthy and damaging fend

BA is in the throes of establishing a partnership with USAir, the sixth largest US carrier, which could be desta-hlised by any further legal sction taken by Mr Branson. BA is also keen to restore its international reputation at a time when it is pursuing its amhition to become a global airline.

Mr Branson helieves the affair has already taken up too much time, money and resources of his airline. Any US anti trust suit against BA would prove a lengthy and costly affair without any guarantee of Virgin's success.

MPs report calls for coal subsidy

THE All-party report on the coal industry will call for a £5 a tonne subsidy to British Coal as the centrepiece of a plan to reprieve up to 20 of the 31 pits under threat of closure, writes Ivo Dawnay and Michael Smith.

The subsidy will allow an additional 20m tonnes to be produced over and above a planned output of 40m tonnes for two to three years. In total the cost for 60m tonnes will amount to £300m a

year, though this will fall as the pits become more productive and competitive in world market. The Commons' trade and industry committee suggests that between 18 and 20 could avoid shutdown at least in the short term.

The report will influence Mr Michael Heaeltine, the trade and industry secretary, as he prepares his own solution to the controversy over the coal industry which erupted with the announcement of the pit

The flight was intimate and

chummy. The 13 invited busi-

nessmen included chairmen

and executives from British Gas. Rolls Royce, National Power and ICI – others joined the trip in Delhi. They spread

themselves around the first

Hoover unveils tough deal at Glasgow plant

By Robert Taylor, Labour Correspondant

HOOVER, the American domestic appliance group, yesterday revealed details of the sweeping union deal struck at its plant near Glasgow which it believes can turn its loss-making European operations back

into profit. The radical agreement, formaily announced yesterday between the company and the Amalgamated Union of Electrical and Engineering Workers (AEEU) at its 1,000 strong Cambuslang vacuum cleaner production plant, is designed to make it one of the most cost effective in Europe. The changes will double annual output to around 1.8m units.

The company confirmed yesterday 400 new jobs will be created at the plant. This will mean the closure of production facilities at the company's Dijon plant in France with the loss of 600 jobs and the transfer of work to Cambusiang. Mr Bill Froust, the compa-

ny's European president said the Cambuslang agreement safeguarded the plant's future and was designed to improve the company's operating costs. He added that the company's decision to concentrate vacuum cleaner production all at Cambuslang was because total manufacturing costs are 25 per cent less there than at the

The 31 clause agreement is far-reaching in its assertion of managerial authority, although Hoover accepts continuing union recognition at the plant. It requires worker flexibility with the elimination of all restrictive practices and local union agreements. Employees will work as

directed by the supervisors and a new common job description will be introduced. Union activity is to be reduced and there will be less scope for industrial

Pay rates will be frozen until January 1994 and the current premium shift rate is to be cut by 23 per cent to 133 per cent.

credit insurance.

Britain in brief

Workplace accidents 'cost £15bn'

Workplace accidents and ill-health cost Britain £10hn-£15bn a year, with employers bearing £4bn-£9bn of the expense, according to an investigation due to be published in

the spring by the Health and Safety Executive. There is evidence that employers are seriously underestimating the true cost of accidents and wrongly assuming they will he fully covered by insurance, Mr John Rimington, HSE Director General, said.

"Boards of directors need to take full and proper account of what these events are actually costing them." he says. The estimates are tha first attempt to put a realistic price-tag on occupational injuries and ill-health since the discovery in 1991 that official figures were seriously flawed.

Cover urged for **UK** exporters

UK exporters will suffer a "substantial competitive disadvantage," and face the danger of export credit cover drying up for political risks, unless the government rejoins other European states in providing reinsurance of political risks. warns Trads Indemnity, the UK credit insurance group.

TI is calling on government to work in partnership with private insurers to provide reinsurance cover at commer-

extended to all private sector insurers able to work in the field - this call is seen as a swipe at the competitive April.
advantage of NCM Credit
Insurance, its main UK comnetitor, which as part of a privatisation deal two years ago was granted transitional access to reinsurance cover in spite of

the UK government's withdrawal from short term export

British Gas in new row

Slr James McKinnon, the director general of gas supply, has asked British Gas to jus-tify what he termed "appar-ently arbitrary cuts" in capital spending, triggering a fresh row hetween himself and the

company. Evidence of an investment cutback was presented to Sir James at a meeting with the Society of British Gas Industries whose members are British Gas' main suppliers. They claimed that British Gas had made an arhitrary cnt of 10 per cent in all its investment plans four to five months ago. Sir James said "claims by British Gas that it can no longer afford essential investment

are nonsense." Mr Norman Blacker, managing director of gas business, said: "We are disappointed that once again the regulator has gone public with views on the company without first dis-cussing the issue with us."

Higher lottery sales forecast

The amount of money the planned National Lottery could raise has been seriously underestimated, according to Opax International, the security printing group, which supplies tickets for 40 state lotterles around the world.

It saya suggestions that ticket sales could be £1.5bn a year in the UK are much too low - Sales could exceed £3hn and continue to climh "with the right product mix."

Touche Ross sheds jobs

It calls for this cover to be Tonche Ross, the UK's sixth largest accountancy firm, is to shed about 20 partners at the end of its financial year in mid

The action is believed to have been partly driven by the economic pressures on the firm, in line with that on most of the country's accountants

Prime minister enjoys a passage to India Mr Major has used the trip to forge links with executives, writes Ralph Atkins

CONTINENT or two away from home, a million miles from balance of payments or unemployment figures, Mr John Major. Britain's prime minister, has found it is possible to make converts to his style.

"I thought until the weekend - like the average voter that Major was 'grey.' But we're terribly impressed," said the director from one of the UK's larger companies as he circulated the marquee at the High Commissioner's residence in Delhi

Maybe it was a sign of how neglected UK industrialists have felt, that just by listening to the business delegation accompanying him, the prime minister won friends. "The French and the Ger-

mans are so able here that we

had to do something," said the

same director who hesped

praise on Mr Major - perhaps, by his comments, betraying a

touch of fatalism. Mr Major regards the trip as experimental, a first dip into exploring relations hetween industry and government - "I expect that it will set the pattern for some, not all, of my trips in the future," he told

journalists. It is about micro-economics, not macro policy. At a cocktail the eight-hour flight from Heathrow, he heard of individual problems with India's cumbersome labour laws, import tariffs and the issue of repatriation of profits.

"People close to him have

been asking: Is there anything

we can do? Is there anything

the prime minister can do to

help British husiness?" said

Mr Robert Evans, chairman of

British Gas yesterday.

class lounge of the 747 jumbo jet. Personal assistants, aides or even fellow board-members had to take separate flights. "When I chatted to John Major on the plane, he was asking detailed questions about what our priorities were," said Mr Douglas Gadd, chairman of GEC Alsthom, the manufacturing group which is looking for a deal in the electricity transmission industry. "His presence has certainly

opened doors that wouldn't

That extra access has been

otherwise have been opened."

easy to see. The business dele-

most senior civil servants for tea on Sunday afternoon. Yesterday they met ministers for commerce, defence, economics, industrial development, power and bome affairs before reporting to a session headed by Mr Major and Mr P V Narismha Rao, the Indian prime minister.

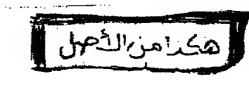
ties were investment in infrastructure - matching the Department of Trade and Industry's focus on energy, telecommunications and heavy manufacturing, as well as the banks needed to arrange financing. Beneath the expression of public support, however, many of the businessmen were not prepared to admit that overseas trips could be anything hut an adjunct to the central thrust of economic policy.

Lower UK interest rates and gation met eight of India's extra money for Export Credit

cerns - particularly for Mr Howard Davies, director gen-eral of the Confederation of British Industry, who has halanced his enthusiasm for the trip with barbed jokes about government policy. He told Mr Major that industry wanted to see government officials more receptive to industry in the UK - and not just in India. The Whitehall public relations machine has worked hard

Guarantees remain prime con-

against Indian bureaucracy or maybe genuine reluctance by the country's government and husinessmen - to set up a handy series of announcements to help ease criticism of the trip by Mr Major's political opponents in the UK. Not until long after Mr Major has returned to domestic politics will the trip's real value, in terms of export and investment orders won, be revealed.



Car trainy

建工业 网络野

Keep the scissors out UK Prime Minister John Major is stepping up his will award a bottle of

campaign to reduce red tape with the announcement of a cabinet

seminar next week, to force ministers to produce plans for action. But as the company featured here

illustrates, well intentioned bureaucrats have planted a fearsome thicket of regulation around business.

The Growing Business Page will highlight over the next few months businesses



AFTER 22 years in business, Bud Ellis, managing director of Flexi-pak – a msnufacturer of individual portions of jams and sauces decided to take red tape out liability insur-

ance for himself and his two fellow directors. The growing weight of legislation affecting companies, particularly those in the food sector, and the penalties attached, persuaded Ellis, reluctantly, to act. He is now resigned to paying an annual premium of £2,625 to cover himself, his wife Ann, and sales director James Puttick.
"I came back after Christmas and

decided that we had to bite the bullet," saya Ellis. "We are very insurance-minded but this was a chink in our armour. We will have to sell a lot of extra sauce and jam to cover the extra overhead." Taken in isolation, an insurance premium of £2,500 is not a large sum even for a company the size of Flexi-pak, The New Milton, Hampshire-based business has sales of £1.3m and employs 12 people, including the three directors. But it comes on top of a growing raft of other hurdens which absorb time and money.

New waste control legislation (designed to reduce fly-tipping), which came into effect last April, means Ellis has had to fill in a form from the company which removes his refuse describing what sort of

waste his company produces.
This legislation simply involved Ellis in filling in a few boxes on a form, but the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health legislation has involved much more work. Ann Ellis, who deals with most of the red tape, says the directors had assumed COSHH applied only to the entrapped by red tape. It Laurent-Perrier pink champagne to each one featured.

The owner-managers of independent businesses are invited to describe their experiences — on no more than two sides of A4 please. Letters should be addressed to Charles Batchelor, **Growing Business**

Correspondent, Financial Times, Number One, Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL.

products they package. But while she was talking to the environmental health officer about another matter the conversation turned to COSHH. "He picked up a bottle of Tipp-Ex corrector fluid and said that if we used it we were covered by the legislation." This has led to Ann Ellis compiling a list of 35 potentially harmful products, their contents, application, manufacturer'a reference number and possible effects.

The products involved include a spray glne, marker pens, Jif cleaner, Brillo pads, disinfectants, de-icer, paints and methylated spirits. In some instances Ellis had to write to the manufacturer to obtain the information needed for her files. "This is an insult to our

intelligence," says Bud Ellis,
The Food Safety Act, which came
into force in January 1991, does apply to the products Flexi-pak makes. To comply the company has drawn np a detailed product specification and a description of the pro-cedurea the company follows to maintain food hygiene. The Worcester Sauce entry runs to three pages. "We have spent hours on this," saya Bnd Ellis, "Customers we bave dealt with for years have been on to us for extra information. I am not saying we should not do this but It all leads to extra work."

Extra work - and cost - are also involved in the Electricity at Work regulations. This requires businesses to maintain electrical equipment and wiring in a safe condition. Ellis has asked his electrician to produce a register of electrical

equipment and to carry out annual inspections. But be is not convinced of the need. "We have had no problems with our electrical equipment in 22 years," he says.

Ann Ellis's bulging files bave



Bud Eilis: 'Government is pillorying responsible people instead of getting to grips with the rest criminals

recently been joined by a packet of leaflets on the changes to the VAT rules brought about by the creation of the single European market, Under the rules Flexi-pak will be responsible for collating its own VAT data and filing trade information to Customs & Excise.

Because the company importa more than £135,000 in goods, it will be required to fill out a more detailed monthly form.

Administering the VAT system has already caught the company out once. The company reclaimed VAT twice on the same invoice of nearly £4,000. This error happened when it was moving its records from one computer to another but was picked up during a VAT audit 18 months later, Last July Customs imposed a serious misdeclaration penalty which, with interest charges, amounted to £1,000.

Bud Ellis says the double claim was a genuine mistake, the first significant VAT error the company bad made, and feels Customs'

response labelled him and his fellow directors criminals. Resentment of the serious misdeclaration penalty is widespread and pressure from business has led to a reduction in the severity of penalties and review of its workings. The continual accretion of new

legislation and the growing number of laws which can lead to directors facing criminal charges is a source of considerable concern to many small businesses. "Government is pillorying responsible people instead of getting to grips with the real criminals," comments Bud Ellis. "We are the soft touch."

• The Health & Safety Executive said that products covered by the COSSH regulations could be dangerous in certain situations. Solvents used to make, for example, corrector fluid, are also used in adhesives. In sufficient quantity in enclosed areas, these have led to deaths,

A previous article in the series appeared on December 15.

nce the economy starts to come out of recession there will be owners of private businesses whose thoughts turn to selling their company. Acquisitions of private companies are expected to increase in 1993, according to one

recent survey.

But if you are contemplating the sale of your business you must

sale or your business yon must adopt a professional approach, warns Geoffrey Dalton in What is Your Business Worth?² Yon will probably only sell one business in your life so you will not have the opportunity to refine your sales techniques. The skills you learned in, for example, mar-keting heating systems are unlikely to be of any help, be Yet there is a good chance you

will be no against a professional buyer or buying team. Many pub-lic companies have assembled formidable merger and acquisition teams who have probably bought six businesses already in the past

year.
"Their pace, systematic approach, assurance, presentation and, indeed, bonhomic are awe-inspiring," writes Dalton. "For them this is just another day and just another deal. For you, in contrast, it is an emotional parting of the ways."

The huyer's approach may start with an offer which you canno sensibly refuse. You will be encouraged to think of how you might spend the money and preed to sit back while he does all the

Once you are hooked the would be hnyer will ask for addi-tional information - on markets, pricing, costings, products. It will obviously be necessary for the bnyer's team to meet your key employees and before you know where you are your whole team is dedicated to producing reams of information, all of which must he checked and cross-checked.

Soon you start to accept the fact that the sale is all hut sewn up. Your employees begin to realign their loyalties and imagine their vastly enhanced career prospects under the new owner.

At this point, when everyone is aboard, the squeeze starts. The huying team discover, to their surprise, that there is more slow-moving stock then they first thought, there are doubtful debts and they will need to invest more capital than originally envisaged.

You begin to convince yourself that they are doing you a favour by taking the company off your hands. It is logical, therefore, in deference to their own sharehold-

Staying one step ahead of the pack

Charles **Batchelor** looks at tips on how to handle the sale of your company

Sources of advice

(percentages)		
Adviser	Selling method	Negotiating the deal
Accountant	26	5
Banker	5	-
Lawyer	-	-
Estate agent	5	5
Chartered	-	5
surveyor		
Franchisors	-	5
Business broke	r -	5
No one	64	75

ers, that they cannot continue with their original offer. At this point you are exhausted, your staff's loyalties are divided, your sales drive has faltered because everyone has been busy with the negotiations. Legal and

accountancy fees are mounting. How did this happen? You realise you were so dazzled with the initial offer that you did not pproach other potential huyers or challenge the original bidder's assumptions. You allowed it to become a one-horse race.

The scenario may appear exaggerated hut this type of conduct is not at all unusual, says Dalton. To avoid it arising the business owner must decide their own objectives and priorities.

They must establish a target price and an acceptable minimum price; decide the form and timing of the payment; consider whether they are willing to remain involved in the husiness after the sale; and decide which assets are to be included in the sale.

what it is worth, often based on

what it is worth, often based on golf clnb locker room gossip or comparisons with the prices achieved by completely dissimilar businesses sold in a very different economic climate.

Obtaining a realistic valuation will not only help the owner to be prepared for s bid approach but will show whether the business is making an acceptable return. One family-owned business run by a delegated management team was delegated management team was psying a dividend of £40,000 s year, a fraction of the £300,000-£400,000 the shareholders could have earned from a similar investment in government securities,

Dalton notes. Ultimately, the value of your company depends on what a bnyer is willing to pay. A "jigsaw buyer" who is assembling a national net-work and needs your business to complete the picture, is likely to offer the best price. But you can-not value your business on this basis. You will have to calculate

your value to a predictable buyer. If you are considering selling your company you may need to make changes well in advance. If the lusiness is too dependent on your daily presence it may have little value to another owner once yon have sold ont. You msy need to delegate more to managers and

offer them equity.
You may also need to reduce the amounts you take out of the business to enable investments and improvements to be made with the increased retained profits. If your accounting procedures bave been designed to minimise profits you may need to adjust them. You will need to do this well in advance. A sudden adjustment which shows a sharp nplift in value will make huyers suspicious.

Where do you turn for sdvice on valuations and on handling a sale? Dalton, a specialist in the purchase and sale of unquoted compa nies, is not surprisingly sceptical of the skills of non-experts. Among these he includes the smaller accountancy firms, the family solicitor and the bank manager. Uuless they handle a large number of deals, they will not have the specialist skills required and may well learn at your expense, he warns.
A survey by the Imperial Col-

lege Management School in Lon-don showed that most vendors do not use any outside adviser and while accountants are the most common source of help even the large firms handle relatively few deals each. This lively guide meets a clear need.

Most owners of a private company bave only a very hazy idea of London N1 9JN. 178 pages. £12.95.

TARGET GETTER

Former Sales Director/MD

of International Computer

Company

Early 40's

Seeking Rescue/Turnsround

or Growth Challenge

Willing to Act as Director or

Consultant

Write to Box A4706, Financial

Times, One Southwark Bridge,

London SE1 9HL

COMPUTER INDUSTRY

LIQUIDATIONS AND

RECEIVERSHIPS

- the only UK listing

every week.

For subscription details

telephone 081 789 3909.

MEDIA - THINKING OF STARTING

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES READERS ARE RECOMMENDED TO SHEK APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONAL ADVICE BEFORE MITERING INTO COMMITMENTS

YOU WANT A QUALITY OFFICE EFFICIENT STAFF UD PEACE OF MINE AND YOU WANT IT NOW. Our business ecotres are there for you. When you want them, for as long as yan need ibem. NEW YORK Tel: London 071 872 5890

Baltic Businessmen Propose Cooperation Trada industrial Company LEVEL LTD (Laivia) would like to offer wholesale:

USA: Toll Free +800 331 6664

1) Cotton yarn of different Metric Numbers - the volume of delivery up to 200 Metric Tons per month. 2) Wool - the volume of delivery up to 200 Metric Tons per month. 3) Matches (USSR) - the volume of delivery 20,000,000 per month. 4) RAF Wagon Automobiles – the volume of delivery up to 20 automobiles per

Fresh meat – the volume of delivery up to 100 Metric Tons per month. 6) Canned meat (wide assortment). 7) Canned fish (wide assortment). Lamps, lustres, chandeliers, candelabras, daylight lamps, wall lamps

9) Electric bulbs. We are ready to conclude contracts of long-term cooperation TELFAX: +4699-348822. Tel: (0132) 567258; (0132) 564280. ADDRESS: LATVIA RIGA RAUNAS ST. 44 LY 1859.

COMPLETE DISTRIBUTION FACILITY **Central Northern Location**

Perfectly situated next to Junction 24 of the M62, an experienced and progressive private company offers a comprehensive warehousing and distribution service.

- Modern warehouse facilities
- Transportation and materials handling Import/Export documentation
- Invoicing, stock control and support services

If you would like to take advantage of these first class facilities in an arrangement of mutual benefit, please write to Box A8270, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

> INVOICE DISCOUNTING CONFIDENTIAL FACILITIES FOR IMPROVING COMPANY CASHFLOW

WE ARE AN INDEPENDENT, SERVICE ORIENTATED COMPANY ARE AN INDEFENDENCE OF THE STATE OF THE STAT Mao: AND ACQUISITIONS A SPECIALITY TURNOVER £500K P.A. AND ABOVE ONLY

Write or telephone in the first instance: Write or telephone in the first instance:

Grant Smale, Causeway Invoice Discounting Company Limited

Grant Smale, Causeway Invoice Discounting Company Limited

7 Hanover Square, London WIR 91ER, Telephone: 971-495 2825 Fxc: 971-491 2059

7 Hanover Square, London WIR 91ER, Telephone: 971-496 2825 Fxc: 971-491 2059 Canseway Invoke Discounting Company Limited

Canseway Invoke Discounting Company Limited

12 St Ann's Square, Manchester M2 71iS, Telephone: 661-832 4442 Fax: 961-832 4659

LACY CIRECTOR OF NURSING HOME LADY OIRECTOR OF NURSING HOME jestablished 1987) seeks capital for second Nursing Home in the Bucks area. Principals only please. Box A4680, Financial Firest, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI

BIOTECHNOLOGY LABORATORY requires investor. Perticipation expected. Projected Turnover 2200K, Please write to Box A4689, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9th.

Management Buy-In Opportunity Old established profitable welding gun manufacturer to the U.K. and

responsible track record to develop and grow the business. The products and narkets are mature and someone with inspiration, contacts and a marketing flair is sought to build upon the Company's current base, with a view to an ultimate trade sale or float. The right person will be expected to invest money into the business in return for an equity stake.

Please reply in confidence to Box A4687, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL.

Clients with a new production unit in Poland and many active business customers throughout the E.E.C., together with two production units in the U.K., require an investor to join with them to exploit fully the enormous potential of their operation. Anticipated profits in Deutsch Marks of not less than 1.5 million for 1993 and rising.

> Please, in the first instance, contact Dennis Archer, Bissell & Brown, Chartered Accountants, 1 Lower Tower Street, Newtown, Birmingham B19 3NH.

FOR SALE

AT ARSENAL STADIUM Luxurious 8-Seater Private Box with many Facilities Including Advertising and Car Parking

Licence Period for over 6 Years Until End of Season 1998/1999 Available at Substantial Discount to Current Arsenal Price

Principals Only Should Apply With Offers In Writing To: Box A4686, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 911L

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Venture capital Company with more worthwhile proposals (£0.5 - £2.0M) than present resources can fund, seeks alliance with joint venture partners interested in unlisted ons on a deal by deal basis. Principals only.

Write to Box A690, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

Very large pic with solid core business is seeking to expand its Test House activities into related husiness areas. Of particular interest would be opportunities in Environmental Consultancy and Consumer Goods Testing, where solid, professional support would be of benefit. Start-ups, buy outs nnd mergers will be considered. Write to Box A8271. Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

INVOR Company Russian Department Has signed contracts with various metal producers in CIS and is ready to sell th ing in 1993:

steel billets, hot miled coils, re heavy places (of more than 12 mm thickness), cast iron, galvanized steel-sheet. net has export Hornors and can be sold CIF or FOB. Specific orders sweited.
Tel: (095) 195 34 21 (Moscow). Teles: 414790 SAP SU Fax: (095) 195 14 31 (Moscow) (095) 963 6204 (Moscow) (01) 341 1884 (Zwrich)

FORMER CHIEF EXECUTIVE of a recently acquired PLC

involved in Manufacturing, Distribution and Retalling, seeks non-executive osts/turoround assignments. Proven successful track record. Tel: 0482 632066

or fax 0482 631051.

STOCKS WANTED We have an usgent need for a wide variety of slocks to serven our oversess markets. We are hooking for textiles, codes mir gloods, raw materials, manufacturing plant and ocurpment materials, manufacturing plant and equipments, in fact anything from A-Z likeling at loo large to be copelidated. We axe guarantee expell, secured payment, total contratriality, contact.

Robert Werner Limited, Werner House, Sherborne Street, Manchester, MB SHE, England. Tel: (8)81-833 0331, Fax: (1)61-832 0835 Talex: 687472 WERNIER

USA MARKET OUR GROUP WILL OPEN IN SOUTH WEST FLORIDA A DISCOUNT RETAIL END BRAND NAME ARTICLES

INTERESTED PRODUCERS (NOT TRADERS) WHO WOULD LIKE TO BECOME REGULAR SUPPLIERS, ARE INVITED TO CONTACT US IN WRITING FOR THE FOLLOWING SPECIFIC LINE OF PRODUCTS (PREVIOUS SEASON

MEN AND WOMEN PRET-A-POORES - BATHING CLOTHES - SHOES - FASHION ACCESSORIES - LEATHER ARTICLES

- CUSTOM JEWELLERY - GIFT (BOUTIQUE) ARTICLES MEASE CONTACT IN WRITING: QUEENSBORO GULF INVESTMENTS LIMITED. P.O. BOX 179, DE CAPATAN

'THE HOUSING MARKET STIRS"

ST PETER PORT, GUERNSEY

CHANNEL ISLANDS

We are a small company with a big reputation and a good track record. We have pre-sales on two present projects. We are eeeking loan finance for an excellent scheme in Kent for six houses. Minimum £100,000 secured loan with profit share. Write to Box No A8255, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

INVESTORS REQUIRED

for high quality international publishing venture. Equity & loan offers are invited for substantial returns.

Tel: 081 449 1111. Fax: 081 449 0505

Management Buy-Out What is yoor company worth? PC according to valuation model, as used by venture capitalists, £49.95 + VAT. For further details contact: BIAS (London) Ltd. 28 Grosvenor Street, London WIX 9FE Tel: 071-917 9711 Fex: 071-917 6002

FIXED INTEREST FUNDING for business purposes only 5.99 -9% p.s. Fixed Interest Rate Fooding couptable, receptates - L/C Bank Generates CDS, CDs, Owend Shares, Saving Bonds. Contrat - Mr Moore Edephone - 0724 626283 Pex - 0724 626628 arcy P.L.C. 11 Tabalic Place, adecu, AB1 (UZ.

PARNTERSHIP INNS LT D

MANAGEMENT OF PUBS **RESTAURANTS HOTELS & CLUBS IN RECEIVERSHIPS** Experienced short or long term agement of these properties throughout the SOUTH OF ENGLAND

Ring/Write for further information Partnership Inns Ltd. 30 Rose Street Wokingham, Berks. RG11 IXU 0734 775055

VULTURE FUNDING

Substantial long established residential property company trading highly profitably in repossession and receivership tuations, requires additional majo bank finance to enable it to exploi numerous opportunitées. Excellent track record, account and details available

Please write to Box A8272.

Financial Times, One Southwar

£300k development capital for small

Bridge, London SEI 9HL Small but growing International

Business in growth market seeks corporate or financially experienced investor to achieve known potential. Please write to Box A8274. Financial Times One South Bridge, London SE1 9HL WANTED

successful and growing security products company. Wa supply to large commercial installations and have an impressiva customer list. Principals only. Write to Box A4707, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge London SE1 9H

M.D. returning to UK, experienced in corporate & financial restructuring, seeks challenging opportunity. Capital available. Principals only.

> Write Box A8258. Financial Tim One Southwork Bridge, London SEI 9HL

BUYING INTO U.K. OUTDOOR ADVERTISING? Our expertise in this field i committing, could save you the huge losses which others have incurred in this medium. Our work is always i Fax. Muttimurk Ltd. on 9623 835807.

CHANNEL ISLANDS Offshore Company Formation and Administration. Also Liberi and Administration. Also Liberia. Paname & βVI eac Total offshore facilities and services.

For details and appointment write Croy Trust Ltd., Belmont Hown, 2-6 Belmost Rd, St Heliez, Jussey, C.I. Tul: 0534 78774, Fax 0534 35401

VCR Does your business need capital?

REAL ESTATES FOR SALE IN FINLAND

Wa are a licensed raal aslala hroker In Finland. Pricea start at \$200,000 with no limit, ylalds from 7 to 14% pa.

Turku Housing Fax: 358-21-514024

Turun Talokulma Oy /

REAL ESTATES FOR SALE IN FINLAND We are a licensed real estate \$200,000 with no limit, yields from 7 to 1/4% pe. Turke Talekalma Oy /

Fee: 358-21-514024

WANTED USED SHOP & CATERING EQUIPMENT, We ere keen to purchase e wide range of redundant equipment allied to the retail and equipment ailled to the retail and hotel trades. Perticula: interests ere free elending shelves and catering equipment. Please call lan Fraser on 0244 638808 ext 4.

SENIOR MANAGERS/DIRECTORS mounted for business consultancy services. Excellent investment opportunity; which is linked to career development prospects. Marketing! Financial buckground desirable. CV to MD. ASC Group, 24 Red Llon Street, London, WC1R 4SA. Tel; 071 831 6191.

magazine, newspaper, radio station or other medium? Before investing any money call the medie experts. Log w Media on 071 287 2876 and asi for Tony Logie.

START A U.S. CO. Bank Account. Open showroom. Your Fiith Ave. N.Y. office. halien/French. Tel 212 736 1302. Fax 212 736 1229. COMPUTER INDUSTRY LIQUIDATIONS and Receiverships — the only UK listing every week.

TRANSLATION SERVICES

ENGLISH/GERMAN.

GERMAN/ENGLISH

ional translations for Co

P.O. Box 110222, D-7570 auden-aude

YOUR MAILING, ADDRESS

in London, Parie, Berlin,

Frankfurt, Madrid and

70 other top locations

worldwide.

Gall Ragus on 071 872 5500

Technology and Science as well as

BUSINESS SERVICES

PARIS HELPLINE Will answer your questions about

doing business in France. Tel: (010 33 1) 44 70 90 72 Fax: (010 33 1) 44 70 90 73

Policy and Procedure Manuals I write procedure manuals for Accounting, Administration, Personne

Production, Quality Control, Systems Excellent references, a record of achievment, expenence in many different industries and businesses.
Please call Peter Le Page on 081-567 9998 for details or fax 081-840 2721

PARTY DIRECTORS
PARTNERS
BUSINESS PROBLEMS
Business to quotie and you need accurace on
pour nide to advise you on how to carry and
trading (by reducing trade creditors by 40start your company from stratch. If you are co ats and year PG eikle buskruptey), cell us nove. Ro face cluryed - Rationalds - Est. 1979 Open 7 days - 9 00 to 7 00

Ringrose & Co. Tel: 0625 532352 YOUR OFFICE IN LONDON From 70p a day. Box. Tel: 071 436 0766 Fax: 071 580 3729 YOUR OFFSHORE OFFICE. Mannin

Sacretarial Services Ltd, Isle of Man Tel: (0624) 672411 Fax: 676965

HARLEY STREET SUSINESS CENTRE. Fully serviced offices, business address, boardrom, all secretarial services plus free telephone and message taking for further details. Phone: 071 637 5505.

DIRECT MAIL LISTS & SERVICES 100's of ready-made tists immediately availa Suppliers to leading UK compenies. F cetalogue.Markel-scan, Freep Chichester, Sussex, Tal: 0243 788711.

SELUNG IN CERMANY PLANNED? LOI professional consulting contact; Intl. Trade Consult, tel +49 4407 · 5460, Far + 49

HOW MANY OPPORTUNITIES DO YOU HAVE TO BUY INTO THE GOVERNMENT BUILDING MAINTENANCE SECTOR?

The proposed sale of the five PSA Building Management Businesses affers purchasers an opportunity to acquire a significant share of the

market for managing property and buildings an behalf of the UK Government, All of the businesses after a comprehensive range of building consultancy and management services to the public and private sectors.

Key features include:

- a significant and established customer base within the MOD and other Government Departments and on in-depth knawledge of their building management requirements and procurement procedures;
- a range of camplementary services that is not known to be available in-house from a single private sector arganisation; and
- substantial future contracted workload, based on contracts of up to 5 years in length.

BM Manchester

- projected income of approximately £50 million for the current financial year
- projected staif numbers of 1,550 as at 31 March 1993. of whom some 600 are professionally at technically qualified and 400 are stilled craftsmen.

Noreast

- · projected income of approximately £53 million for the current linancial year
- projected stalf numbers of 1,300 as at 31 March 1993, af whom some 580 are professionally or technically qualified and 2 i 5 are skilled traftsmen.



BM Scotland

- · projected income of approximately £32 million for the cuttent fixancial year
- projected staff numbers of 930 as at 31 March 1993. of whom some 300 are professionally at technically qualified and 240 are Ekhed craftsmen.

BM South East

- · crajected income of approximately £78 million for the current financial year
- a protected staff numbers of 1,660 as at 31 March 1993, of which some aCO are professionally ar technically qualified and 200 are skilled aratismen.

BM South & West

- protected income of approximately £89 million for the surrest inascial year
- crolected staff numbers of 1,650 as at 31 March 1993, of whom some 800 are archessionally at technically qualified and 300 are skilled craftsmen.
- For further details, contact Andrew Jardan, Coopers & Lybrand, Emicanisment Place, Landon WC2N 6NN. Telephone No: 071 213 1107, FacsImile: 071 213 1330.

The UK firm of Coopers & Lybrand is a member firm of Coopers & Warand (international). Coopers & Lybrand is authorised by the institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales to carry on investment business.



Robe

MAGAZINE IIILES

Southern Magazines Limited

The Joint Administrative Receivers N J Vooght and J M Iredale, after for sale as part at the assets of Southern Magazines Limited, the following titles.

Vending International

- Principal features include: monthly magazine
 annual revenue of \$201,677
- circulation · 6,500 copies per month, rolling circulation 11,000 names and addresses.

Vending Manual Principal features include: • annual journal

- annual revenue of £63,995
- published since 1969
 circulation 1,000 copies.

monthly county mogazine
annual revenue \$209, 185 published since 1962

Principal features include:

Kent Life

circulation - 3,000 copies.

Business in Kent Principal features include:

- · onnual revenue £148,680
- circulation 8,000 copies.

The above magazines continue to be published. Archives and back issues are available, Other titles available for sale include: Her Majesty's Consul List • World Vending • Kent Care Reference Homes Directory • Office Refreshment Service News • Surrey Lite.

For further information, please contact Nigel Vooght or Douglas Peniston at Coopers & Lybrand, Orchard House, 10 Albion Place, Maldstone, Kent ME14 5DZ, Telephone: 0622 672961. Fax: 0622 662053.





The Joint Administrative Receivers of Limehouse Television Limited offer for sale:

The freehold of a purpose built fully equipped television studio complex.

· Adjoining two acre development site.

The facilities at Wembley consist of two studios, each 6,500 sq. ft. Both have their own suite of control rooms and comprehensive lighting rig. Raising the acoustic dividing wall provides 13,500 sq. ft of uninterrupted space, making this studio one of the largest in Europe.

Within the complex there are all the facilities required to make productions, including dressing rooms, make-up and costume rooms, props and set storage, car-perking, canteen and bar facilities.

The premises ere located close to Wembley's sports and entertainment complex and within easy access of transport facilities. For further information, please contact: AV Lomas Esq..

Joint Administrative Receiver, Price Waterhouse, No.1 London Bridge,

London SE1 9QL. Tel: 071-939 3000. Price Waterhouse



FOR SALE BY FORMAL TENDER On The Instructions of The Mortgagees KINGSCLEAR, CAMBERLEY,

SURREY DUAL REGISTERED HOME

FOR 82 PERSONS A substantial detached property which has been the subject of extensive attentions on

entonsions and in now virtually purpose balk. The House is convenity does registered for \$2 Persons, 33 Residential & 49 Naming

and is arranged to provide resident accommodation in 74 bedrouns. accommodation in 74 bodroums.
Subject to obtaining the necessary approvathe Hense could be registered for purely
Norsing, T/O approx 192,900 per month.
Client invited.
Closing dets for Tenders:

12 Noon, Friday 12th February 1993.



0202 299300

MIDLANDS MANUFACTURING COMPANY FOR SALE · Annual tumover - £2.3m

ismufacturing components for bine chip clients in the mechanical engineeding industry

Own range of branded niche marke

· MOD and expost work

45,000 sq ft leasehold premises within only access of Midlands motorway mplex and sisposa Plant fully tooled and equipped Skilled workforce Please reply to Box A4682,

Bridge, London SEI 9HL RECEIVERSHIPS/LIQUIDATORS PINK PAGES - New weakly guide to everyinsolvent co. Direct contact with Liquidators/Receivers. Fully Indexed according to company type. Free sample copy (0273) 626681.

BUSINESS AND ASSETS Of solvent and implication companies; for sale, Business and Assets, Tel 071 262 1 164 (Mon-Fri)

INTERNATIONAL **TAXATION**

The Financial Times proposes to publish this survey on

18 February 1993 Should you be interested in

acquiring more information about this survey or wish to advertise in this feature please contact; Sara Masoo

> Tel: 071 873 3349 Fax: 071 873 3064

FINANCIALTIMES



and Subsidiary Companies (In Administrative Receivership)

The Joint Administrative Receivers offer for sale as going concerns the businesses and assets of Stephey Group PLC and its trading subsidiaries. all based in Beverley, North Humberside.

Stepney Limited

- Specialist building contractor offering Integrated design and build services to local authorities and housing associations
- £20 million turnover
- £2.5 million work in progress
- £13 million order book ■ 8S 5750 Quality Assurance approval
- Vocant leasehold office premises in Morley, Leeds

■ 130 employees

Stepney Cast Stone Co. Limited Specialist manufacturers of precast concrete and

- reconstructed stone UK licensed manufacturer of segments for the mini-tunnel
- £1 million turnover
- 45 employees

Stepney Group PLC Holding Company

- Freehold offices and factory premises on B acre site

Stepney Homes Limited

- Residential housing developer
- 20 ocres of part completed and undeveloped sites in North Humberside

Stepney Services (Beverley) Limited

- Industrial and domestic plumbing and heating contractors Local Authority approval
- £2 million turnover
- 25 employees
- For further details contact the Joint Administrative Receiver

Michael Hore or Jeremy Carter or Mark Burke at the companies premises on 0482 867867

PO Box 15, St George House, 40 Great George Street, Leeds LS1 30Q, Telephone: 0532 459631, Fox: 0532 452823

ROBSON RHODES

Authorised by the institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales to carry on Investment business

LEONARD CURTIS BY ORDER OF THE JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVERS

DAVID SWADEN FCA & DERMOT J. POWER FCA

IN THE MATTER OF

HUNT PEAT (UK) LIMITED

Offers are invited for the business and assets of the above company as a going concern. It's main activity is that of high quality peat processing and bagging.

· Situated at Pembroke Dock, Dyfed. Branded Products and broad custom Ideal location for import of trish Peat. · Long Leasehold Land and Buildings.

Fully integrated factory unit incorporating latest lechnology.
 Factory and Offices of 25,000 sq ft.

 Turnover of £0.5 m, with considerable further potential. Enquiries should be addressed to Paul Keeley at:-Leonard Curtis & Partners, Chartered Accountants
Peter House, Oxford Street, Manchester, M1 5AB

Tel: 061 236 1955 Fax: 061 228 1929

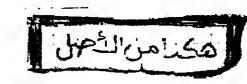
THE BUSINESS SECTION
Appears Every Tuesday & Saturday.
To advertise please contact Karl Leynton on 071-873 4780
or write to him at The Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.

Wholesale Distributor in USA for Sale

B Branches +. Specializing in cables, connectors & associated products for computer networks, telecommunications & security (liber optics). Owner Hai Handler at Piaza On Hyde Park between Jan. 28th & Feb 5th. Call for diseasons and as approximately tions and/ or appointme Tel: 071 282 5022 Fax: 071724 8865

Sole proprietor of very successful and profitable high-tech PR consultancy wishes to discuss merger with or sale to larger organisation in the same field.

Gross turnover £1/4M. Write to Box A4688, Farancial Times, Inc Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9111,



Heritable property c15,500 sq. ft.

Good access to motorway system,

Tel: 041 332 7484. Fax: 041 333 0581.

business and assets of the above company.

Priocipal features of the business include:

Skilled and experienced workforce

FOREST GRANGE

Coopers & Lybrard is authorised by the Institute of Cha and Water to carry on Investment Business.

HORSHAM 4 MILES

J11-M23 5 MILES

Training school

In all about 148 acres

071 629 9292

HEALEY & BAKER

29 ST GEGINGE STREET HANGIVER SQUARE LONDON WITA JING

Conference Centre

subject to planning permission

Residential Conversion

CIA circa 24,000 sq ft plus outbuildings

Formerly in school use and suitable for

50,000 sq fi leasehold premises in Millon Keynes 1992 tumover in excess of 52 million

In-house design facilities including CAD

● April-October 1992 turnover £2.2 million

39

ら

9

老

80

Curtain Walling Manufacturer

Capital Aluminium Systems Limited

(In Liquidation)

Stirling, Central Scotland

fabrication and installation of a comprehensive range of aluminium

Comprehensively equipped manufacturing and fabricating

Grant Thornton

MANUFACTURER OF OFFICE FURNITURE

AND SCREENING

Arlington Business

Furniture Limited

The Joint Administrative Receivers, Robin Addy and Mark Pellos of Coopers & Lybrand, effer for sale the

Current soles order book of approximately \$1/4 million
Well known brand names including Applephre, Kewlox Orlad, Sculpture and Kinderflex
Extensive range of owned production machinery

For further information, please contact the Receivers or Keth Morgan at Coopers & Lybrand, Central Business Exchange, Midsummer Bouleverd, Central Million Keynes MK9 2DF. Telephone; 0908 692469. Fax: 0908 690065.

For further details contact the Liquidator: DD McGruther, Grant Thornton, 112 West George Street, Glasgow G2 tQE

Established in 1978, the business embraces the design,

framed glazing products, specialising in curtain walling.

45 mins. to Edinburgh and 35 mins to Glasgow



Water Sports Centre and Restaurant

Northampton

The Joint Administrative Receivers offer for sale the business and essets of Grendon Lakes Limited. The company provides water based leisure activities plus bar end restaurant lacilities

- Principal leatures include: Altractive 140 acre freehold site.
- Established Membership.

•

40

- Four takes for weter skiing, windaurting, fishing etc.
- Clubhouse incorporating restaurant, bar, changing fecilities and living eccommodation.

For lurther information contact the Joint Administrative Receiver, Myles Helley. KPMG Peat Merwick, Spencer House, Cliffonville Road, Northampton, NN1 5BU. Tel: 0604 34480. Fax: 0604 32297.



HOUSE BUILDERS, PROPERTY DEVELOPERS AND SHOPFITTERS

Omega Group plc and its subsidiaries

- rative receivers, D J Stokes and E Klemaka, offer for sale the bu abilished group of house builders, properly developers and shopsitiers.
- Principal features of the business include
- Three residential building sites in South Yorkshire and North Declayshire, with planning permission for approximately 90 plots to be completed
 Residential conversion situated in South Yorkshire, currently with planning for four large units
 Commercial development site near Sheffield centre, with permission for 40,000 sq.t office block with
- substantial car parking Commercial property to be refurbished with planning approval for 40,000 sq.ft office accommodation
- with substantial car parking
 Grade it listed group headquarters of 9,000 sq.ft, parity income producing
 Fully equipped shopfitting workshop (leasehold).
- For further information please contact David Stokes, Joint Administrative Receiver, at Coopers & Lybrand, 1 East Perade, Sheffield, ST 2ET, Telephone; 0742 729141. Fax: 0742 598202.

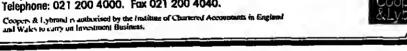
Cooper, & Lybrand is authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wake to carry on Investment Business.



MANUFACTURER/SUPPLIER STEEL PIPE FITTINGS

The Joint Administrative Receivers John Powell and David Wilton, offer for sale the business and assets at this West Midlands based manufacturer and supplier of steel pipe fittings Principal features of the business include:

- lumover £3.8m
- established tilue chip customer base treehold premises - opprox 1.75 ocres
- convenient to motorways
- well equipped works producing to BS, DIN, ISO standards highly skilled, experienced workforce.
- For turther information please contact John Powell or Kevin Haycock at Coopers & Lybrand, 43 Temple Row, Blimingham B2 5JT. Telephone: 021 200 4000. Fax 021 200 4040.



CARPET WHOLESALERS

N H O'Reilly and S B Ryman, Joint Administrative Receivers offer for sale the business and assets of

BEACON CARPETS LIMITED

Principal features include:

Ź.

- Turnover for year to 30 June 1992 in excess of £1.3m
- Skilled & retiable workforce
- Leasehold premises in Poole, Dorset
- Extensive Range of Stock, Plant & Machinery
- Business established for over 30 years

For details contact Nick O'Reilly or Brian Walshe at



Clareville House, 26/27 Oxendon Street. London SW1Y 4EP Tel: 071 930 7272 Fax: 071 930 9849

Nalin Industries SDN BHD (Receivers and Managers Appointed)

Offers are invited for the purchase on an "as is where is" basis of a PALM OIL REFINERY in Pasir Gudang, an industriel estate situeted in the state of Joher, lecated in the southern region of Peninsuler Malaysie. Assets offered for sale

- include the following: Physical retining and fractional crystallisation plants (capacity ef 60,000 tonnes per month)
- Leaseheld land (approximately 9 acres) Offica and lactory buildings, sterage tanks, steam
- boiler heuse, etc Steam beilers and coeling tewers
- Spare perts and maintenance equipment Fer further information, please contact: John Davis, Price Waterhouse, No.1 London Bridge, Lendon SE1 9QL. Telephene: 071-939 3908. Fax: 071-939 5566 (Reference MCB/JO.)

Price Waterhouse



Nursing Home - Registered for 83

We are an expanding group in the plastic packaging business and we wish to acquire other companies io our industry which

PLASTIC PACKAGING COMPANIES

Are in the flexible plastic packaging industry.

Have a turnover in the range of £1 million to £15 million. Are U.K. based.

Preferably have a management team looking to continue.

Write to Box A8276, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

INSURANCE BROKERS

North London Commercial Insurance Brokers seeks purchase or merger with similar Brokerage or I.F.A., generating Commission and Fee Income of £100,000 - £500,000 p.a.

Telephone in confidence IAL Limited 081-446 4389

WINCHESTER, HAMPSHIRE

On the Instructions of Adrian Stanway, Joint Receiver & Manages THE WEBBINGTON HOTEL & LEISURE CLUB



conference/function facilities for over 1250 and 100 cover restaurant. Leisure Club with 470 independent members. Grounds extending to 7 acres incorporating car parking and possible expansion opportunity. Turnover 26th October 1990-31st December 1992 in excess of £3.8

Offers in excess of £1.5 million, freehold. Reference 34/8544

Reference 34/8544

Stephen Coles, 0272 744566

Nick Barber, 071 486 4231

Cork Gully

CHRISTIE & C2

COSMETICS **Famous Brand For Sale**

An opportunity has arisen to acquire an exclusive and highly respected brand of skin care and colour cosmetics. First established in 1912, the name has famous associations and an impressive history.

We are offering world trade mark and manufacturing rights for outright sale. Please write to Box A8273, Financial Times, One Southwark

Bridge, London SE1 911L.

FOR SALE Well established independent electrical wholesalers situated in Leicester.

Prime Location. Excellent Gross Profits. Contact Box No. A8275, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

London SEI 9HL

Profitable Company Located in East Germany Turnover DM 3.2 million in 1992

FOR SALE

 Profit in the region of DM 350,000 Founded in November 1990 · Sold at 4 times profit Enquiries to Box A4696, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

FR Cass Limited

The Joint Administrative Receivers offer for sale the business and assets of the above cumpany un a guing concern basis.

The company is an old established Specialist Jobbing Foundry capable of producing up to 10 ton castings, with its own machine shup and its own pattern shop.

- Current turnover appruximately £600,000 per annum.
- Substantial freehold property in Bury. Lancashire of approximately 1 acre and is ideally situated only 1/2 mile away frum the motorway network.
- 2 coke fired cupolas.

9

り

්ප

90

85

Coopers &Lybrand

NURSING HOME (REGISTERED FOR 40)

OLDHAM, GTR MANCHESTER

ooking purk, coo

Detached property.
VIEWING ESSENTIAL

Freehold £975,000 Rof: 12.73

HARVEY STLVER HODGKINSON

Tel: 061 833 2000

FOR SALE

MEDIUM SIZED

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

HOSIERY COMPANY

Turnover £1.2 million

and profitable.

Own dye plant facilities.

- mainly high street retail.

Enquiries to Box A4678.

Financial Times, One Southwa

Bridge, London SEI 9HL

action capacity £2.4 million

nover £545,000 per animm.

- Full cranage for all departments.
- 20ft deep casting pit within the main foundry.

For further information please contact:

Tel: 061 200 0277, Fax: 061 200 0343

 Gleave or A C O'Keefe, Arthur Andersen,

Bank House,

9 Charlotte Street,

Manchester M1 4EU

ARTHUR ANDERSEN

ARTHUR ANDERSEN & CQ SC

Arthur Anderson is authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales to carry on investment business,

SOFTWARE HOUSE PERFORMANCE PRODUCTS

- 3 main products, MVS on-line reporting tool, screen response tool, data storage performance tool
- Blue chip client base already established
- 5 years development time built into products
- Little or no competition with all products
- Dedicated expert workforce in place

European and World potential enormous

Interested parties please write to lan Smith or

Livingstone Fishar plc Acre House, 11-15 William Road, London NW1 3ER

VELIVINGSTONE FISHER

The Acquisition & Disposal Specialists A Member of FIMERA

Building Supplies Group Plc

The Joint Administrative Receivers ofter for side the business and assets of Building Supplies Group PC

- Heavy side builders' men hant Old established family form
- From lengthous throughout Loses 1992 mandited transver £ 67m
- All engines to lond Administrative Receivers

of Binhing Supplies Group P.C. Ernst & Young. 1 Lambeth Palace Read London SET TU. Tel: 071-931-3129, 071-931-938, Tax: 071-928 0127

ERNST&YOUNG

Morison Stoneham Chartered Accountants & Business Advisers

Redwood Construction Ltd (In Administration) The Joint Administrators P B Harrington and G M Jooss offer for mile the business and assets of Redwood Construction Ltd, a Southern design, the business and assets of Redwood Cons building and civil engineering company.

Goodwill Order Book

nerd Harrington Somers House 1 Orjekisde Street

Morison Stoneham 805 Salisbury House 31 Finsbery Chross Fax: 071-628 7531





Talking in digital tongues

hat do the phrases "recognising speech" and "wrecking a nice beach" have in common? Nothing, is the obvious answer. Yet hoth phrases are acoustically identical. So how can a smart computer (which can hear and speak) spot the difference?

Computer researchers involved in speech translation technology face this question every day. But they are making progress, as an experiment is designed to show this week in Munich.

It will link three sites in the US. Germany and Japan hy telephone and allow conversations to be simultaneously translated by using speech syothesisers, computers and digital telephone

Conversations canoot carry more than 600 pre-defined words and must be continuous aod flawless. But the system is speaker independent - it can recognise any voice, regardless of intonation and accept.

"Within the last year or so, such technology has become less of a utopian dream. We are moving into practical uses," says Alexander Waihel, a professor at Germany's Karlsruhe University who, with colleagues from Carnegie Mellon University in the US and the Advanced Telecommuoications Research Iostitute International of Japan, is conducting the experiment.

The results stem from a decade of research in which other companies have also heen active. AT&T, the US telephone group. presented at last year's Seville World Fair a system which translates some 200 words but remains speaker-dependent, Nippon Electric Corporation also funds such research.

Recent progress in the field has attracted the interest of Germany's Siemens, which partially funds Karlsruhe's work. But most funds are from the state. The German government is spending DM13m (25.3m) unnually over eight years. ATR enjoys funding from Japan's Post and Telecommunication

Ariane Genillard

lanche Cosgrove's Christmas decorations should have been above suspicion. But when police in her home town of Lancaster, Pennsylvania found the only sound they could pick up on their police radios was "Jingle Beils", the Cosgrove house hold fell under scrutiny.

There, investigators found a musical ornament decorated with three plastic reindeer with illuminated noses. Unknown to Cosgrove, the decoration had emitted a signal on the police radio frequency and the signal was amplified by a local radio repeater antenna.

Fortunately, the police department found the incident amusing rather than criminal. But, says Stepheo Kirk, managing director of Radio Frequency lovestigation, which tests equipment for electro-magnetic noise, it vividly demonstrates how emissions from the smallest electrical or electronic gadget cao interfere with important equipment, often causing serious problems and even threatening lives. "People often think that because a product is small or cheap it woo't cause interference, hut it does," he says.

Most of the time, electro-magnetic interference is an irritant - for example, causing the "soow" on television screens when an old-fashioned electric drill is used - rather than a killer. The catalogue of actual disasters caused hy such interference is slim: disrupted railway signalling, satellites veering off course and manic Japanese robots killing factory workers are well-worn examples. During the 1991 Gulf conflict, interference also caused an electronically-controlled missile to fire accidently.

But as the number of electronic gadgets increases, from the latest

The impending regulations have Britain's smaller companies up in arms. They say they cannot afford to comply with the new regulations

mobile phone to the whizziest food mixer, so does the potential for disaster, And on a commercial level, as computer systems proliferate, so does the potential for computer discs to he corrupted and data

In a European-wide move to cut down this electronic smog, the European Community has issued regulations regarding electro-magnetic interference. These say that from January 1 1996, all manufacDella Bradshaw reports on the battle to stamp out electro-magnetic interference from the airways

Silencing the kitchen gadgets

turers and users of electrical or electronic equipment will have to ensure that their equipment does not interfere with other machines, nor is it susceptible to interference. The penalty for non-compliance is a

fine or eveo a prison sectence. But the impending regulations have Britain's smaller companies up in arms. They say they cannot afford to comply with the new regu-

Systek Controls, for example, finds itself in a dilemma faced hy many small electronics companies. It employs nine people and makes control systems for machinery as diverse as food processing plant and machine tools. "Basically our customer would have a machine which was 20 or 30 years old hut was mechanically sound. However, it would need a new electric control system. The company would come to us for that," explains managing director Robert Bent.

As a result, most of the pieces of equipment Systek makes are one-off designs, ranging in price from between £800 and £30,000. Testing each piece of equipment to ensure that it complied with the regula-tions would cost at least £3,000 - in many cases more than the equipment costs today to huy. And that assumes the equipment passes the test the first time.

To head off criticism, the Department of Trade and Industry in the UK has issued a document for smaller companies offering a cheaper option - self-certification. Companies choosing this route only have to say they believe their equipment complies with the standards.

Bent believes even this is a headache: "We ought to be able to selfcertify - hut can we? One of our higgest problems is finding out what we can and can't do. It has to involve extra work and one of our shortest resources is time,"

Others are not so charitable. Colman Twohlg, who runs his own company, Twohig Electric Services, describes the self-certification route as "ridiculous" in law. "Why have a law and then say that you're allowed to break it If you can't afford to comply with it?"



He likens it to Britain's MOT test for older cars, What would happen, asks, if car owners who could not afford to test their cars were allowed to hypass the procedure hy stating simply that they believed the car to be road-worthy?

After 1996 - when the self-certified equipment is in use - Twohig believes a small company would have no defence in the case of a prosecution if found to have hreached the rules.

Kirk argues that companies can minimise such risks by ensuring good design practice and by doing partial testing on component parts which appear in all their products.

Victor Clements, sales and marketing director of Interference Technology International, of Swindon. believes another way of cutting costs is to take oot a technical file on a family of products, which could be done for as little as £1,000, and claim compliance of other products on the grounds of similarity. It is all a question of risk analy-

sis, argues Kirk. For a company which produces just one piece of equipment, there is little chance of interference and therefore self-certification is appropriate.

A company which produces thou-sands of television sets, on the other hand, would be in far greater

danger of polluting the airwaves and therefore should do more thorough testing, both before and during production.

Twohig, however, believes that testing is the only route to ensure compliance. And, he says, the best solution would be for the DTI to give grants to smaller companies to subsidise testing. But the DTI has ruled out such a scheme.

John Redfern, of another one-man company, JR Engineering, also believes testing should be the rule, hut that certain categories of equipment should be declared exempt. These would include prototypes and small production runs. A good rule, he says, would be to say that if the cost of testing were more than onetenth of the revenue from the product family then the equipment

should be exempt.

The self-certification scheme could also undermine one of the hig boouses put forward for electromagnetic testing - that testing would guarantee the quality of the product. Equipment which has undergone testing will automati-cally bear the "CE" sticker - a sign that the product meets the required European standard.

"Companies look at the CE mark as a mark of quality, particularly in the Far East," points out Clements. Now the DTI has confirmed that companies that opt for self-certification will also be able to use the CE sticker. "That means the CE mark means absolutely nothing," coorludes Redfern. Twohig, Redfern and Bent are not

the only ones concerned about the problems for small companies. The UK-circulated Electronics Weekly magazine has initiated a campaign asking smaller companies to get in touch if they have similar problems.
In the month the campaign has heen running nearly 100 people have aired their grievances. There is a ground swell of concern among small electronics companies," says assistant editor Paul Gregg. He says trade magazines in France and Germany have noted a similar swell of

complaints there. Critics of small husinesses say It is the companies' own fault and that they should have heeded DTI warnings over the past years that the regulations were about to be introduced. Clements, for example, points out that his company has done more work for US companies, wanting to sell into Europe, than for British ones.

Kirk is more sympathetic. He believes the economic climate has done little to encourage small companies to look into the the issues of electro-magnetic compatibility: "If you're not sure that you're going to be around in a year's time then you're not going to worry about rules which will come into effect in four years, are you?"

How to manage ideas

aving a good idea is one thing. Making it work commercially is quite another. Among hig multinational companies, the awareness of the importance of managing technology is well developed,

nology in business, the shortening of product development lifecycles and the speedier adoption or abandonment of technologies.

The findings come from a survey by Decision Resources (a

former affiliate of Arthur D. Little, the US consultancy), Management Centre Europe and American Management Associa-tion International. It was carried out among 120 executives of multinationals, based mostly in Europe and the US, at a seminar

The main obstacle to the proper management of technology is an emphasis on short-term thinking, followed by internal competition over priorities, the need to justify new technologies financially and leak of the property in the competition of the c lack of communication.

Most executives beliave clearer definition of short- and long-term goals would help. Other solutions include placing higher priorities on the development of technology, and improved communications. Almost all say their company has taken steps to pay more heed to technology management

Among these are: sponsoring staff education programmes; creating a senior position for technology management; and decentralising research and development. Innovation is not nough: commercial exploitation is just as important. As John Kay, economics professor at the London Business School, said last week: "The real difficulty lies in turning innovation into competitive advantage."

BUSINESS WANTED

Wanted. Building/ refurbishment contractor.

Our client, a specialist interiors contractor is looking to acquire a building contractor active in fitting out and refurhishment work.

Ideally the company would have a turnover in the range of £8m - £12m and be located in London or the

Please send your response to lan Krieger, Arthur Andersen, I Surrey Street, London WC2R 2PS.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN

ARTHUR ANDERSEN & CO. SC

Arthur Andersen is authorised by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales to carry on investment business

PUBLIC CO. MERGER

Plc is fully listed and profitable

Merger opportunity for Plc Reverse substantial private co. interests

Write to Box A4704, Financial Times. One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

PLC SEEKS ACQUISITIONS

Fully listed PLC wishes m acquire:

 Manufacturers of industrial and engineered products. Turnover £4m to £40m and Operating Profits £500K to £5m.

Funds available for expansion/debt reduction.

Management to stay for 1 year minimum.

Consideration to suit Vendor's requirements.

Reply to Mr Davies (the Managing Director) in confidence by telephone: (0222) 766744 or fax: (0222) 747766.

PACKAGED FOOD, OR FOOD RELATED COMPANIES TRADING WITH GROCERY OUTLETS Sizeable, Northern based Private Company with strong brand names seeks

sensible cash acquisition(s), possibly though not necessarily,

to fit within purchaser's spacious factory. Either total Company purchase, or alternatively none core product ranges from larger PLCs. Prof. T/O 1-10m, less considered for single niche product. Write in full confidence with reasonable details to: Box A4681, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 911L.

Construction Related Companies

Intending to expand by acquisition of contractors, housebuilders or

If your company is lossmaking or is even on the verge of insolvency we may still be interested.

plant hire companies.

Please send brief details to Box A4684, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE 1 9111.

APPLICATION SOFTWARE HOUSE Apanding software and comput services organisation seeks to equire application software house nent existing business Merger possib Write to Box A4705, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL

WANTED FOR PURCHASE STATIONERY COMPANY SERVICING CENTRAL LONDON AREA Write to Box A4122, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge,

IS YOUR COMPANY IN DIFFICULTUS? Do you want to me rounded or CALIFORNIA A ENGREE ENGLISORIE A POTENTIA RECEIVERSHIP OR LEQUIDATION?

London SE1 9HL

WE BUT COMPARED.

STUATIONS.

Write to But AA663, Planacial Time

One Southwark Bridge, London SEL SEL

CREDIT MANAGEMENT

The FT proposes to publish this survey on March 10 1993 Should you be interested in acquiring more information about this survey or wish to advertise, please contact : Daisy Veerasingham Tel: 071-873 3746 Fax: 071-873 3064

FT SURVEYS

INCLUDING BRITISH AEROSPACE H.O. CLOSURE QUALITY FURNITURE OVER 5000 LOTS

Executive Suites System Desking Filing Cabinets VDU Chairs Secretarial Chairs Cupboards Conference, Boardroom, Meeting Room Furniture Reception Seating, 5ft x 6ft Screens

Leading Manufacturers Project, Verco, Castelli, Vickers

Ring Now 081 549 9339

SYSTEMS FURNITURE STOCKS TO CLEAR 75% OFF LIST PRICE

500 Grey/oak boxed desks 350 systems storage cupboards 650 chairs many boxed executive furniture board tables

Tel: 081-743 2100

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

CLEARANCE PRIOR TO AUCTION

Fax: 081-749 9500

PLANT &

MACHINERY

PRINTING MACHINES

REQUIRED

. KERMA Handplaten Dis cutting machine eize not less than 25"x30".

L Heidelberg Cylinder size not less then 25"x30".

Jagonberg Folding Oox Gluing

Cartons. Rotapriot (CS) Two colour Pack

Printer for Computer elationery printing, (NOT OLDER THAN 5 Years).

ALL MACHINES MUST BE DI RUMMING CONDITIONS AND CAN BE SEEN BLIMING.

INTERESTED PARTIES MAY CONTACT

DOLEDIATELY WITH LOWEST PRICES AND

DEFENCE HOUSING AUTHORITY

PHONE NO. 541080 FAX NO. 546689 ATTENTION MR. FARIDUDBIN/

AUCTIONS

AUCTION NEWS

The National Weelty Guide to

Industrial & Commercial Auctions

Liquidations, Receiverships.

Government Surplus, etc.

Established 1958. Details from

Auction News Services.

Tel: 0332-551300, Fax: 553068.

PARTICULARS OF MACRIMES.

SERAISONS, PRINTERS 21ST EAST STREET, PIASE I-EXT,

KARACIII-PAKISTAN.

MR. ANISUDDIN

PRIOVERSEAS ROLDINGS) LIBERTED INTER MATTER OF

THE INSOLVENCY ACT 1986 NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the which is being Volumently Wound Up, are required, on or before the 1 March 1993 to send in their full Christian and Surpropes, their addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their debts or chains, and the names and addresses of facir solicitors (if newses and addresses of their solicitors (if sny) to the undersigned, Graham Ord of Mouses. Ernst & Young, PO Box 1, 3 Colmore Row, Skirmingken 33 2DB the Liquidator of the said Company, and if so required by sotion in writing from the said Liquidator are personally or by their solicitors, is come in and prove their debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notion, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the banefit of any they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are

proved.

Please note that this notice is perely formal.

All known creditors have been or will be paid Deted this 18 day of Jeassey 1993

Notice of Appointment of Joint
Administrative Requires
J MCCARTEY PUBLIC WORKS J MCCARTEY PUBLIC WORKS
CONTRACTORS LIMITED
Registered standows 1305293. Nature of
business: Engineering. Trade classifications
The Contract of Administrative
Receivers: 14 January 1993. Name of
person appointment of Administrative
Receivers: Kational Westminster Earle Pic.
Joint Administrative Receivers: N J Voogis
(office holder number 6339), C J Highes
(office holder number 6339), C J Highes (office holder number 2041). Cooper & Lybrand, PO Box 262, Orchard House, 10 Albion Plane, Maldstone, Kent ME14 5DZ

Recognised as one of the world's finest short strategic management programmes, the 3-week MBS Intensive Senior Executive Course is a well established part of the management development policy of many national and global organisations. This course provides the specialist training that all those in senior positions require. It covers the topics of strategic management, organisational behaviour, finance, marketing, international busin management together with the advanced study of the business environment.

MANAGEMENT COURSES

PHE essential programme FOR ALL SENIOR EXECUTIVES

Courses will be beld on 2 - 22 May 1993 and 5 - 25 September 1993 16 January - 5 February 1994

For bookings or further information complete and post the coupon below to: Pam Ogden, Management Centre, ter Business School, Booth Street West, Munchester M15 6PB. Telephone 061 275 6396 or Fax 061 275 6582 for immediate information quoting ref. no. SECFIF

Please send me further information on the Senior Executive Course.

APPRESS . MANGUESTER BUSINESS SCHOOL

la the High Court of Justice No. 00194 1993,

COMPANIES ACT 1985 11th Japaney 1993 presented to Her Majerg's High Court of Justice for the reduction of the capital of the above passed company from £9,652,377 to £2,000,000 and the reducing of the Company's share premium account from £17,328,714 to £8,514,139. And notice is further gives that the said Potition is directed to be bard before Mr Regionse Bockley at the Royal Courts of Justice Strand, Loudon, WCZA 21.1, on Wednesday the 3rd day of Pobrassy 1993. on we emission to he day or recovary 1993.

Any excition or shareholder of the Company
desiring to oppose the making of an Order for
the confirmation of the said reduction of espital
and the said reduction of share presumm successes
stoodd appear at the tient of forming in person or stoud appear it the tests of Bearing in parton or by Council for that purpose. A copy of the said Perision will be furnished to any such person requiring the Same by the under-mentioned Solicitors no payment of the regulated charge for

WIX SH Tel: 071 493 9933 Ref: 1D/NXP/F379/50 Solicitors for the Politioning Company.

IN THE MATTER OF FALCON CONTAINER LINE LIMITED

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE INSOLVENCY ACT 1966 NOTICE IS HEREAY GIVEN that the Liquidator of the above-named Company is introding to make a first and final distribution on 19 February 1995. Creditors of the abuvenamed Company are to send their names, addresses and particulars of their claims to the undersigned, the Liquidator of the Company at Ernst & Young, Becket House, 1 Lambeth Palace Road, London SEI 7EU.
The Liquidator latende to make that ion without regard to the claim of my pecson in respect of a debt not skready proved. D J Pallen

21 January 1993

The insolvency Act 1986
Notice of Appelotment of Administrative
Receives BUILDING SUPPLIES GROUP PLC

Registered Number 1833489
merly registered as:
Building Supplies Group Limited
Basildon Building Supplies Limited
TO ALL CREATORS I, A R Bloom of Erest & Young, Bocket House, 1 Lemboth Prince Road, London SEL 78U hereby give notice that on 19 Jamery 1993 D J Pellen and I were appointed by National Westminster Bank Pic. native receivers of the abo company under the powers contained in a fixed and floating charge dated 17 September

A R Blo Dated 20 January 1993

MOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF JOINT

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVES YAX SYSTEMS LIMITED
Registered number: 1729218. Nature of business: SaltiService of Fox Machines, Trade classifications: 36. Date of appaintment of John of proposes of proper appointing its Joint administrative meabons: 15 June 1993, Nature of pursue appointing its Joint administrative meabons: YSS Bank FLC. IIAVID ROERET WILTON and IAN NAPER CARRUTTERS, Joint Administrative Receives (Office Indigenous 5708 and 214) Coopen & Lybrand, 43 Tumple Row, Binninghom E2 Str.

hnt its practice still causes plenty of headaches. Nearly 90 per cent of executives at multinationals think their businesses need some form of education in this area. Their concerns centre on the strategic incorporation of tech-

Andrew Fisher

the gosecuroi Crefitors of the phove associ cou-pany will be held at the offices of Robons Rhodes, The Calleria, Station Road, Cruwley, West Sussex, RETO 1117, on the 3 and day of February 1993 at 10.00am for the purpose of keying into before it a copy of the report prepared by the publication are received under Section 48 of the Act. The meeting may, if it foliable Six establish at prefitors committee to exercise the Sanctions conferred on it, by, or under the Act.

say, if it thinks \$1, establish a predices committee to exercise the Eunctions contierred on it, by, or maker the Act.

Creditions are only enabled to vote if:

a) they have definered to us at the address shown above, no later than 1200 hours on the business day before the meeting, writing details of the debes they dates to be due, and the claim has been duly shadated anider the previolation of the involvency Eules 1906 and

b) there has been lodged with as any procy which the creditor intends to see on the behalf.

Bated this 20th day of January 1993.

R. RIJOOCK & R.H. COOPER

John Admitted that the contexts

Creditors may obtain a copy of the report, free of charge, on application to the John unsolutionarie receivers it Roboon Bhodes, the Galleria, Station Road, Crawley, West Sunsex, RFIG 1117.

ANGLO DUTCH SHIPPING COMPANY LIMITED AND IN THE MATTER OF THE

LEGAL NOTICES

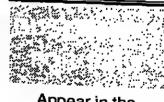
IN THE MATTER OF FIRST TECHNOLOGY PLC

Notice is beauty given that a Petition was the the

the sease. Dated this 26th day of Jamesty 1993

INSOLVENCY ACT 1948
NOTICE IS IERREBY OFVEN that the creditors of the above-natured company, which is in creditors voluntary liquidation, are required, on or before 19 February 1993, to send in their fall

or bafore 19 Fobrany 1993, to send in their fell christian and surnames, their addresses and chaeriptons, full particulars of their debts or claims, and the manus and addresses of their solicitors (if any), to the undersigned Mr D C Lovett of Arthur Andersen & Cn, I Victoria Square, Birmingham, Bi 18D, Liquidator of the said company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are pursuably or by their solicitors, to come in and place as shall be specified in such mode, or is default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution shade before such debts are proved. O C Lovett, Joint Liquidator

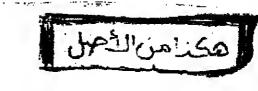


Appear in the Financial Times on 🦸 Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

For further information or to advertise in this section please contact Karl Loynton on 071 873 4780

Melanie Miles 071 873 3308

FINANCIAL TIMES



المكالمن الأص

or trade

- 出する ・ 人

And a record

Oral hearings on pension equality



The European Court of Justice will today begin the oral hear. ings in the Coloroll Pension Trustees' Pension Trustees'
equal pension rights
case, along with test
cases from Germany
and Holland which
raise similar issues.

raise similar issues. raise similar issues.

The court must decide whether equality is required only for pension henefits earned hy service since May 17, 1990, the date of the Barbar independ of for henefits Barher judgment, or for henefits which become payable after May 17. 1990, whether they were earned hy service before or after that date.

The difference in the cost of these interpretations to British pension

schemes has been estimated at In the Barber case the ECJ ruled that the EC equal pay rules were applicable to pension claims, but only from the date of that judgment. In 1992, this restriction was enshrined as a protocol in the Maas-

tricht Treaty. The court will also have to decide whether the equal pay requirements of the Rome Treaty han the use of mortality tables which reflect the differing life expectancy of men and women. If they do, annuities, taxfree lump sums, money-purchase benefits and transfer values will all have to be calculated on a unisex basis. This is a requirement of the Equal Rights Amendment in the

US, hut not usual in Europe. As a measure of how important this case is to EC governments, the court will bear submissions from 16 parties including the UK, Ireland,

Holland Germany and Denmark. Joined Cases C-109/91. C-152/91 and C-200/91: G C Ten Oever v Stichting Bedrijfspensioenfands voor het Glazenwassers, January 26, 1993.

Restriction on consumer protection under the Brussels Convention

in a case involving the Brussels Convention, the European Court refused to allow a third party to benefit from the Convention's consumer protection rules, even though that third party was relying on rights assigned to it hy the con-sumer who had entered into the

contract in dispute.
Under the Brussels Convention rules, consumers are entitled. exceptionally, to bring an action in the courts in which they are domiciled - the general convention rules being that proceedings must he hrought in the jurisdiction of the defendant's domicile.

The case before the court con-cerned a contract between a Ger-man judge and the brokerage house of E.F. Hutton of New York to carry out certain financial transactions

on the judge's behalf. Almost all the money invested was lost.

Every order placed by the judge was initially dealt with by the brokerage's German hranch. The judge assigned his rights under the contract to Common commons. This tract to a German company. This company brought tha action in question against the brokerage

The court dld not consider whether the original contract would have henefited from the convention'a consumer protection rules. Instead, it restricted itself to stating that the rules in question, being axceptions from the main principle of jurisdiction in the convantion could not go beyond what was laid down in the convention and that it was clear that the rules were only meant to henefit those parties who were not in a position of equality vis-a-vis their co-contracting

Thus, the plaintiff in this case, who was not the original consumer, could not henefit from the special

consumer protection rules.

C-89/91: Shearson Lehmann Hutton Inc v TVB mbH, ECJ FC, Jonuary 19, 1993.

ECJ inrisdiction over EFTA **Customs Commission**

The ECJ ruled last week that it was competent to give a preliminary ruling on the decisions of a customs commission, established under the European Free Trade Agreement, even though the acts of the commission were not hinding and were incapable of giving rise to rights which could be relied on before the national

C-188/91: Deutsche Shell Aktiengesellschaft v Haupzollamt Hamburg-Harburg, ECJ 6CH, Jonuary 21,

Reliance on transitional provisions The court dealt with two cases involving Portuguese transitional provisions for the progressive adjustment of its alcohol state

C-76/91: Caves Neto Costa v Minister for Commerce and Tourism and the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, ECJ FC, January 19, 1993. C-361/90: Commission v Portugol, ECJ FC. January 19, 1993. BRICK COURT CHAMBERS,

BRUSSELS

n January 5, B&S Under-writers, a Louisiana-hased inaurance com-pany, filed a lawsuit in the US District Court for West Louisiana that will provide the first test of copyright protection for insurance policies

insurance policies.

The outcome of the case hrought by B&S against two US subsidiaries of Kansa Corporation, the Finnish insurance giant, will be watched by the insurance industry worldwide with great interest.

Victory for B&S could produce a torrent of litigation in the US as insurance companies seek to enforce intellectual property rights over insurance products that they have taken out with increasing fre-quency over the past decade in the struggle to gain competitive advan-tage in the multi-billion dollar US insurance market.

According to B&S'a lawyer, Mr Peter Trzyna of the Chicago law firm Keck, Mahin & Cate, 10 years ago there were less than 300 federally registered trademarks approved for insurance in the US. Today there are more than 1,200. There has been a similar rise in the number of copyright protections. From 1978 to 1981 there were only 1,500 copyright registrations relating to insurance forms; today there are more than 10,700. Some companies have also successfully obtained patent protection for computer support systems for insurance products

The driving force hehind this trend is increased competition in the industry, he says. Insurance companies can no longer afford to spend millions of dollars developing and launching new products only to have them copied by competitors and sold against their own products in the marketplace.

The increased willingness of US courts to recognise intellectual property rights over financial products, combined with a new awareness among insurance companies that intellectual property law provides a powerful tool for protecting their innovative ideas and products will have a profound impact on the insurance industry, he predicts.

Those who infringe intellectual

property rights risk destruction of all their infringing policies and damages running into millions of

The increase in the number of insurance companies seeking intellectual property protection for their new products dates from the passing of the 1976 US Copyright Act. According to Mr Trzyna, before the Act came into force the courts proved very reluctant to uphold copyright protection for insurance

A number of insurance companies with copyrighted insurance forms sued companies that had allegedly

Insurers lay claim to their policies

Robert Rice and Richard Lapper on a test case for intellectual property



copied their products and lost. The US courts adopted the doctrine that where an underlying idea could only be conveyed in a more or less stereotyped manner, duplicating it did not constituta copyright infringement even if there was

word-for-word copying.
Since the 1976 Act was passed, however, beefing up federal copyright law, there have been several cases where courts have found infringements of copyright in relation to other financial products.

In 1982, in a case brought by Dow Jones, a court ruled that a list of stocks in an index was protected by copyright. In 1985 Merritt Forbes, a securities underwriter and marketer which had registered a copyright for its reoffering circulars and supplements for tax-exempt municipel bonds, successfully sued Newman investment Securities and others for infringing the copyright hy using substantially copied documents in an offering.

To date, however, no court in the US has found an infringement of copyrighted insurance forms. The B&S case involves an innova-

tion in US workers' compensation insurance which B&S claims to have pioneered by splitting a stan-dard policy into two, allowing companies, such as life, accident and health insurance groups, not previously involved with workers com-

pensation, to provide cover.

B&S registered copyrights for essentially every public document covering the innovation, including its policies, underwriting guidelines, advertising and even its filings with the state insurance commissioners.

in addition it has six pending applications to register service marks used in connection with the product and it has filed a patent application for a computer system used to aupport the product and methods for making and using it.

B&S is not alone in combining intellectual property protections in this way to safeguard insurance innovations. The Chubb Corporation and its subsidiaries has at least one patent, 44 federal and 29 state trademark registrations and 150 copyright registrations. Lincoln National Insurance has one patent, 58 federal and 35 state trademark registrations and 89 registered copy

rights.

"It took a great deal of effort and expense to create and faunch our innovation and shepherd it through state regulators," says Mr William Wolfe of B&S. "Like those in other industries, we have used intellectual property protections to safeguard our innovation and we have licensed the rights to market it. All we want is protection from those who would otherwise use our work who would otherwise use our work

without incurring the expense and risk of pioneering a new product."

The complaint against the Kansa subsidiaries, Clarendon National Insurance Company and Sterling Investors Life Insurance, is that, having antered into discussions. having entered into discussions with B&S about the possibility of selling, in Louisiana, a standard workers' compensation policy that would complement the B&S product, and having induced B&S to reveal confidential information about its new product, Clarendon hroke off negotiations and teamed mp with Sterling to market compet-ing policies based on B&S's trade secrets and in breach of the B&S copyrights.

B&S are claiming an injunction to prevent Clarendon and Sterling marketing their competing prod-ucts, and are seeking destruction of all infringing policies, triple damages for wilful infringement and recovery of any profits resulting from the misappropriation of the B&S product.

According to another Keck partner, Mr Bruce Foudree, industry leaders will be watching this test case very closely. "To promote creativity and innovation in the insurance industry, those who bring new products to the market must be pro-

tected," he says.

But judging hy their reaction to news of the case, insurers in the London market are not expecting the controversy to spill over into either the UK market or the London market, a focus for much of the world's commercial insurance and reinsurance industry and traditionally a centre of innovation.

"It aeems very odd. When we launch a new policy we assuma it has a shelf life of only a few weeks," said a spokesman for one of the large Anglo-American insurance brokers based in London.

"We assume we have six months before everybody else catches up." Mr Alistair Gillies, a partner at City law firm Riborne Mitchell which specialises in insurance law. said there would he difficulties in asserting copyright over an insurance policy wording. "As far as I am aware no one has

ever tried to do it in the UK. It would be unlikely to happen here because of the difficulties in proving a wording was unique," he said.



Lawyer loses sex discrimination fight with US firm

s Nancy O'Mara Ezold, a US lawyer who VI successfully sued her former employers on the ground that she had been passed over for partnership because of her sex. has lost her case on appeal. The 3rd US Circuit Court of

Appeals reversed the 1990 decision of US district judge James McGirr Kelly against Ms Ezold's former employers, Wolf Block Schorr and Solis-Cohen, the Philadelphia law firm. Judge Kelly had "impermissibly substituted his own subjective judgment for that

of Wolf in determining that Ezold met the firm's partnership standards", the court said. The case was the first of its kind to go to trial involving a law firm. Ms Ezold was following Ms Ann Hopkins who in 1989 had

successfully sued accountants Price Waterhouse because she was passed over for partnership after she was evaluated by male partners as too "macho".

An interesting feature of the

Ezold case was that instead of seeking damages she wanted Wolf to he forced to take her back as a partner. Ms Ezold's attorney says she will appeal.

BLB is 21

ongratulations to the FT's Business Law Brief, entering its 21st year of publication today. It is still edited by Dr A H Hermann, the FT's former legal correspondent, who started it in 1972 as the FT European Law Letter and maintains its robust criticisms of the shortcomings of the machinery of justice. In the January issue, a judge of the German Federal Supreme Court surveys the expanded jurisdiction of the court after unification and the Clinton administration's likely law policy is examined. BLB is published by FT Newsletters, 126 Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 4UJ.

A Hotel, Caviar and Sure Savers. A Luxury from ITT Sheraton.



A 125 gr tin of Sevruga Caviar could be yours when you stay two consecutive nights at normal or selected Sure Savers Business Rates in a participating ITT Sheraton hotel.

American Express Cardmembers will be up-graded to the best available rooms.

Save 5% to 30% when you book with the Sure Savers Business Rate.

This option is available from Monday to Thursday.

For reservations call your travel agent or the following toll-free numbers and ask for the Caviar Promotion Package: Belgium: 078-113535 France: 05-907635 Germany: 0130-853535 Italy: 1678-35035 Sweden: 020-795835 United Kingdom: 0800-353535



Sheraton



This non-transferable offer is valid from November 1, 1992 to April 18, 1993 at ITT Sheraton holels in the following cities: Algarva, Brussels, Brussels Airport, Copenhagen, Edinburgh, Cöleborg, Lisbon, London (Belgravia, Heothrow, Skyline, Park Algarva, Brussels, Brussels Airport, Copenhagen, Edinburgh, Cöleborg, Lisbon, London (Belgravia, Heothrow, Skyline, Park Algarva, Brussels, Brussels Airport, Copenhagen, Edinburgh, Citients paying by American Express will be up-groded to Tower), Malmö, Paris, Rome (Sheraton Roma), Stockholm, Zurich, Clients paying by American Express will be up-groded to Inhe best available rooms, subject la availability. This offer is not available in Germany.

PEOPLE

Prudential appoints outside all-rounder

The Prudential has broken new ground in the appointment of Lorraine Baldry, aged 43, to be managing director of its property division, which manages the largest property fund in the country. In an industry largely run by

male chartered surveyors, her appointment is not only unusnal in that she is a woman; she is also notable for her limited experience of the property industry, where she has worked for just three

Baldry, whose early experience was in the computer industry, is used to having a different background from her colleagues. For five years from 1982 she was the head of the BBC's engineering computer services. She was the most ing department and one of few employees to lack an engineering qualification.

I have never suffered from

senior woman in the engineer-

not having the background of the organisation I have worked for," she says. "IT people have to be good at learning the busi-Baldry, who began work as a computer programmer after

leaving school, has worked for

a wide variety of organisations,

ranging from her own consultancy, which she formed in 1975, to RCA Records, where she was head of management information services.

She says she has never needed to adapt her style to the very different corporate cultures of these organisations. "Power dressing is a load of ing director is merely the latest



garbage. I wear suits. I wear the same style of clothes I have alwaya worn," she says. Her appointment as manag-

in a series of changes affecting Prudential Property Managers over recent years, since Hugh Jenkins arrived as chief executive. The division has shed over a third of its staff, has streamlined its management structure and is installing a new computer system.

Her recent elevation from chief operating officer to managing director reflects the Prudential's choice of a manager with all-round husiness expertise, rather than specialist property knowledge, to head the division of 700 people who manage five funds worth £3.7hn. Her promotion coincides with the announcement of the departure of Christopher Edwards, a director of PPM. who oversaw property investment matters.

Non-executive directors



Anthony Beevor, a director

Takeover Panel, at RUGBY GROUP.

chairman and chief executive

of the Transport Development Group, at BOALLOY. Hubert Reid, group md of the Boddington Group, at BRYANT GROUP. Ken Scoble has resigned from ALBRIGHTON. Sir David Rowe-Ham has resigned from HOSPITAL CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL Bob Jordan, chairman of Philip Harris Holdings and

former group md of Foseco; Magnus Mowat, a former director of BZW, and Bob Paine, a former md at J Bibby. director-general of the at SCHOLES GROUP, Richard

Haves and Richard Morgan have retired. Ronnie Hamill, deputy chief

executive of SAS Holdings, at HAVELOCK EUROPA. Michael Hamilton as chairman at PACIFIC HORIZON INVESTMENT TRUST in succession to Garnet Harrison. Richard Wheeler-Bennett,

a director of Australia and New Zealand Bank between 1966 and 1978 and a former chairman of the Marie Curie Memorial Foundation, at ANZ GRINDLAYS BANK. ■ Graeme Connell has retired from QBE INTERNATIONAL

INSURANCE. ■ Denis Bergin, senior partner of Arthur Cox, at FYFFES.

Dunn's tomorrow

Martin Dunn, 37, editor of Today, is leaving for the US to edit the Boston Herald. Several months ago the name of Dunn, a former deputy editor of The Sun, was linked with the editorship of the Daily News in New York. Instead he is moving from one of Rnpert Murdoch's five UK nationals to his main remaining US

During his editorship, Today became Britain's fastest growing newspaper and, according to News International, increased circulation by 21.87 per cent last year.

Kane and de Sausmarez on the move

The musical chairs in the unit trust industry continue as Morgan Grenfell Asset Management (MGAM), which lost its top unit trust man Tony Fraher to Singer & Friedlander in November, has jured Gra-ham Kane from Touche Remnant as managing director of both Morgan Grenfell Unit Trust Managers and Morgan Grenfell Investment Funds

Kane (right), who had previously been managing director of Touche Remnant's unit trust operation, had been offered the joh of heading the combined unit trust division following Hendarson Administration's purchase of TR from Societé Générale, hut handed in his resignation before taking np the appointment. He says he is partly because of the bank's overall inveatment performance track record; partly because the unit trust side is only five years old and hence offers greater scope in product

development.
Keith Percy, chief executive of MGAM, says he hopes that 36-year-old Kane will build up the authorised unit trust side, which currently manages around £400m, to £1hn within five years, partly by acquisition in an industry that is expected to see considerable consolidation of funds and

fund management groups. He will also be expanding the range of funds marketed out of the Republic of Ireland, which currently amount to around £500m of retail and

and the team of eight marketing and administration staff that went with him from Morgan has set up a Duhlin-based company, also to market so-called UCITS funds acrosa European borders.

Kane says that, given his experience with Société Générale, he had satisfied himself that Fraher's departure was not linked to friction with Morgan's parent Deutsche Bank. Henderson, which shortly after the acquisition announced it would be making

almost half the staff of TR redundant, has promoted James de Sausmarez into the position of managing director of a new company charged with the marketing and business development of the invest-"more excited" by Morgan - institutional monies. Fraher ment trusts of the two entities.



De Sausmarez had previously heen managing director of Touche Remnant Investment Trust Management. At the same time, Alan Gadd, a direc-tor of Henderson Unit Trust Management, becomes marketsion which includes unit and investment truats as well as private client business.

Concert

Prague Symphony plays Janáček

Though not officially related to the BBC's recent Janáček festival et the Barbican, the Festival Hall performance of his glorious "Glagolitic" Mass on Sunday came nicely in time. The visiting Prague Symphony brought It, or rather collaborated in it with the London Symphony Chorus (in excellent fettle, strong and precise). The solo singers, however, were all from Eastern Europe; and the solo violinist in the other work, the Brahms concerto, was the Russian Raphsel Oleg, who won the Tchaikovsky competition in

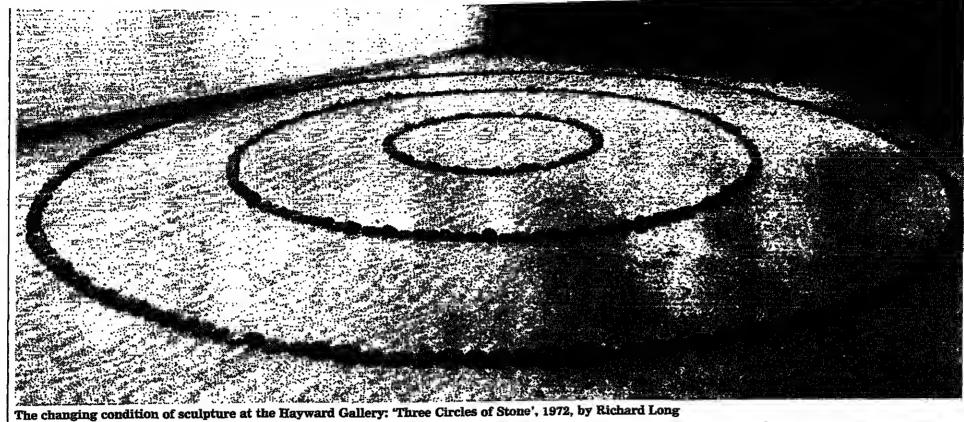
Martin Turnovsky, for many cruel years persona non grata with the old Czecb regime, is now Chief Conductor of the orcbestra. In Brahms, their special quality was immediately plain to hear. Unlike any Western hand I can think of, they combine a notably soft-edged ettack - not quite emollieot, but oever, ever pugnacious - with broad, serenely assured rhythm. Conspicuous virtuosity is not their style, but that easy, flexible pulse bespeaks a loog tradition of collective musicianship. It was beautifully found in the concerto, which wore e steady pristine glow. The inner orchestral voices carolled sweetly.

In this company Oleg's taut, elegant solo line sounded e bit cool and buttoned-op, cultivated player though be is. (I should like to know whose cadenza he used - it was not the standard Joachim one.) Similarly almost any Western performance of the "Glagolitic", which bas become a Western favourite in the last decade or so. would have had more violent fortissimos and more theatrical planissimos than the Prague reading. Turnovsky secured its contrasts by attentive loyalty to Janaček's instrumental writing, which hy "normal" standards is strange - and for the strings dismayingly scratchy, though the Prague players made it sound natural enough.

The trombone utterances were penetrating, not overbearing, and the trumpets oever shrieked. Every dramatic point nevertheless registered, without lurid spotlights, and the hreadth of the music resounded. Among the soloists, Magdalena Hajóssyová wielded a hright indlyidual soprano (a touch of glare toward the top helped her to cut through the band), and the Bulgarian Verdi-teoor Kalodi Kaindov made e smooth fist of his high-lying part without one strangulated squeak: a rare feat. In their briefer roles, the larger-voiced mezzo Marta Benacková and bass Peter Mikulás carried the needed weight with aplomh.

It was left to the organist Jan Hora, a Janáček performer of long experience, to disclose the composer's wildest vein in his two solo interlodes, which he did with bell-for-leather courage. Old Janáček himself had been an organist; the penultimate number in his secular-pantheist-nationalist "Mass", a frenetic eruption after the voices have fallen silent, must represent his personal, unassuaged last word. It sounded like that here, sealing the impression of s raw document - beyond conventional plety or solace, but urgently addressed to his modern fellow Czechs: "What are we here for, what should we do?" The question itself was put too poignantly for any answer to be

David Murray | Theatre.



'Arte povera' of empty sculpture

William Packer reviews 'Gravity and Grace' at the Hayward Gallery

o look back art-historically on the critical orthodoxies of the past is oever a bad thing. This winter's exhibition at the Hayward Gallery is a review of sculpture of a particular kind made at s particular time, the product of the international avant-garde of

some 20 years ago. Cravity & Crace recalls several polemical and controversial exhibitions of the early 1970s, notably the 11 Los Angeles Artists of 1971, with its portable fish farm by Newton Harrison; The New Art of 1972, that was selected by Anne Seymour; and William Tucker's The Condition of Sculpture of 1975, all of them arranged by the Arts Council at the

The "Gravity" of the present exhi-

bition's title refers specifically to the definition offered by Tucker at that time: "Sculpture is subject to gravity and revealed by light. Here is the primary condition. Gravity governs sculpture's existence in itself, light discloses sculpture to

So seriously, indeed, does Jon Thompson, the organiser of this present exercise, take the Tucker dictum, so central is it to his own debate, if only in opposition, that he reprints Tucker's argument in his own catalogue. "As I walked round", says Thompson, "I recall getting more and more angry that so many of my favourite artists were not included . . . [still believe ... that his position was unnecessarily astringent, and did not properly represent a time of Duchampian, Richard Hamilton, to

great diversity and change. I bope this exhibition will serve to redress the balance.'

Is there, perbaps, the tiniest suspicion that, after all these years, be doth protest just a shade too much? Does the old view, which Tucker chose to recast in contemporary terms that sculpture exists in the real world, to be considered in its own terms and material presence in relation to buman experience still represent such a rankling threat to the prevailing orthodoxy? Can it really be that there is a balance still to be redressed, from his point of view, in e critical culture that sees Damien Hirst, he of the fly fectory and the fish in formaldehyde, as the brightest of our hright young hopes; that this year sends that tired old

represent us et Venice; that, by dint of assiduous promotion over a gen-eration past, has by now established Richard Long and Gilbert & George as the most famous and internation-ally established of living British arr-

Thompson's selection of artists here is international, including several American and a couple of British minimalists and conceptualists, but weighted emphatically towards European artists, most especially those associated with the arte por-era of the late 1960s. Such "Poor Art" was the confection of the Italian critic, Germano Celant, who argued at the time a political and revolutionary engagement and equivalence between srt ann the various protest movements of the

Nowedays such over-specific intellectual encumbrances may ba lightly cast aside in favour of something more general. In Celant's view, "poor" art "prefers essential information". which Thompson glosses as an art "which is stripped of superfluous meanings. It addresses the viewers on its own terms, without the obfuscations and mediations of existing Interpretative structures. Thus the 'poor' work is a 'transparent' work . . . it hides nothing, it carries nothing within its interior space least of all the psychological trappings or biography of its maker...it represents a clear shifting of the focus of authority away from the artist to an

authority of interpretation invested in and by the viewer.' So there we bave it in Thomp-

son's own words: an art for which if he is divested of all authority, the artist msy reasonably accept no responsibility - except, of course, from all the critical plaudits and celebrity, the official patronage and exhibitions, and all the arte povera trappings of conspicuous commercial success. And the "poor" viewer is left to make of it all just what he will, with only the intellectual hlackmail to console him: that is to say, if he can make nothing of it, although there is avowedly nothing there, it is no fault of the artist, but

of himself. So we move into the Hsyward, and there on its perch sits a resplendent blue and red Macaw eyeing with "transparent" scepticism the rest of the art-work of which it is the liveliest part: the long trays planted with cacti of "Untitled 1967" by Jannis Kounellis. There are Barry Flanagan's folded hessian blankets, green, red snd yellow, "Pile 1", and his sacks heaped in e corner with the light shone on them: Bruce Nauman's empty steel cage within a margin-ally less empty steel cage; Joseph Beuys's row of empty changing-room lockers; Robert Morris's nine empty fibre-glass tubes; Mario Msrz's brushwood faggots; end Msrz's brushwood faggots: end Richard Long's significantly early (1972) circles of pebbles. Also here is Robert Smithson's tower of blue trays full of rocks, with a little note and map to tell us where they were collected, in case we wondered... We have seen it all before, often.

but there is nothing wrong in that. Only the underlying assumption offends, that what is now scademic should be defended and promoted as being of the first current importance, the persistent beresy that only what is evant-garde, soi-disant revolutionary, can ever be truly sig-nificant. Within the broader context of the history of art, and of the modern movement in particular. work of this kind had its moment. It took to the limit certain ideas - derived in any case from constructivism and Dada; conducted some useful, even necessary experiments; and made its point as to what might be possible. That is all.

Gravity & Grace: the changing condition of Sculpture 1965-1975; the Hayward Gallery, South Bank Cen-tre SE1, until March 14: supported hy the Henry Moore Foundation

The magic of Merce

Alastair Macaulay discusses the American choreographer's latest works, commissioned in Europe

erce Cunningbam is an American artist, and so much of his sensibility is profoundly American that it seems amazing that he is taken seriously elsewhere. He is a figurehead of the New York School, of American modernism, of abstract expressionism; and he is parent and grandparent to numerous dance-makers who have him, and launched new mini-styles of their own.

But Cunningham's two last commissions came from Europe. Last spring, the Ramhert Dance Company gave the premiere of his Touchbase. Though Cunningham used mainly his own dancers when creating its dance material, be still has not had his own company perform it onstage. Then, this winter, his company presented his new Enter at the Paris Opéra, which had commissioned the premiere. A long work (60 minutes), Enter looked utterly locale-specific (new performing-arts jargon term) – i.e. it made such use of the breadths, depths and heights of the Palais Garnier stage that you wonder what on earth it will look like anywhere else. New York will find ont soon, and it will see Touchbase too. Both will be part of the company's annual March season et City Centre

What was most striking about Enter at the Opéra was the immense space high above the dancers, and how powerfully the dance occupied that space, addressed lt, radiated up into it. Here are secrets, usually associated only with hallet, hut which no other choreographer today understands half so well: how dance occupies not just the stage it projects not only straight out into

His dancers seem to carry high blocks of air above them

the auditorium, but how it acquires full scale by addressing itself to the dimensions of the whole tall (largely empty) box of stage space. Cunningham's dancers have this scale partly because of the pulled-up and stretched qualities of Cunningham technique, but also thanks to his sense of dance as gesture. His dancers seem to carry high blocks of air above them as they move, and to release energy along multi-dimensional paths.

Cunningbam knows how to makes his dancers register as individuals in a big theatrical way, witbout fake heroics. What a

buman sense of architectural proportion; and this sense is one reason (though only one) why he is called a classicist.

At the same time, Enter demonstrated - more powerfully than any hallet I have seen there - the astounding depth of the Opéra stage. If there is one passage that I and many others could never forget work, it would be how Cunningham has his dancers rush downstage in a stream, one after another, and pass rapidly across the front and off only to reveal a male-female couple moving very, very slowly at the back of the stage. It is as if a telescope had suddenly switched from a racetrack to the surface of the moon. Near: then far. Blurring speed; then husbed slowness. The contrasts - unmissable - are

breathtaking.
Mucb of Enter's movement involved a degree of wildness, falling, fragmented phrasing and animal attack: qualities thet bave interested Cunningham increasingly in recent years. Amid this marvellous company, I must single out Frédéric Gafner for the solo, both luxuriant and paradoxical, in which he tilts, curves and arches every which way and then suddenly bursts forth into vivid jumps. Cunningham himself only per-



Merce Cunningham (centre) in Roaratorio, 1986 from 'Dancing in Space and Time'

formed in Enter, giving himself two hrief solos. The second was jauntily inventive, but he performed it in that "There's life in this old buzzard yet" manner that can be so objectionable in this ageing, once-great dance star. But in his first solo all Cunningham did was to stand still. on three different points at the back of the stage, each time for about a minute. Sometimes the younger dancers came and danced in front of

him, and he just stayed there A new collection of essays writimpassive. Somstimes there was nothing to look et but him. Cunningham is 73. His feet are gnarled by arthritis, his knees and upper spine are not what they were, and his face is a web of lines. Bot as he stood there, like some pillar that had been there as long as the Palais Garnier itself, he was as wonderful to look st as an oak in winter; or a ship's timber washed up by the tide.

ten on Cunningham between 1944 and 1992, "Merce Cunningham -Dancing in Space and Time," edited by Richard Kostelanetz, has just heen published by A Cappella Books, US, and hy Dance Books, UK.

The Merce Cunningham Dance Company has its next New York season in March. A November season at Sadler's Wells is scheduled.



■ AMSTERDAM

Concertgebouw 20.15 Hens Vonk conducts Netherlande Radio Philharmonic Orchestra in works hy Debusay and Stravinsky. Tomorrow: Beeux Arts Trio. Thurs and next Wed: Myung Whyn Chung conducts Royal Concertgebouw Orchestre in works by Rakhmaninov and Prokofiev, with piano soloist Olli Mustonan. Fri, Sat end Sun (in Klains Zasi): Emsrson Quartet. Sat afternoon: Helnrich Schiff conducts Netherlands Radio Chamber Orchestra. Sat and Mon: Hartmut Haenchen conducts Radio Symphony Orchestre In worke by Schumenn and Schubert, with cello soloiet Antonio Menesee. Next Tues: Julian Breem. Feb 6: Gldon Kremer. Feb 10, 11: Giulini conducts the Royal Concertgebouw (6718 345). Set at Beurs van Beriege: Neiherlands Chember Orchestre pleya works by Sibellus and other Finnish composers (6270 466)

Muziektheeter 20.00 Oliver

Knussen conducts Pierre Audi's staging of Harrison Birtwietle's Punch and Judy (final performance on Fri). Thurs, Sun and next Tues: Christof Prick conducts Richard Jones' new production of Der fliegende Hollander, with Wolfgeng Schoene and Kathryn Herries (in repertory till Fsb 21). Tomorrow, Sst, next Mon and Wed: Nederlands Dens Theeter in works by Hans van Menen, Jiri Kyllen end David Persone (6255 455)

■ BRUSSELS

Palais des Beaux Arts 20.00 Ton Koopmen directs Amsterdam Baroque Orchestre In Bach'e Brandenburg Concertos. Thurs: Ronald Zollman conducts Belgien Nstionsi Orchestre in works by Haydn, Mozart, Stravinsky end Streuss. Fri: Alfred Brendel. Mon: Michel Beroff pleno recital. Feb 16: Anne Sophle Mutter (507 8200)

Monnele 20.00 Guido Johannes Rumstadt conducts Peter Mussbach's production of From the House of the Dead. Repested tomorrow, Fri and Set (219 6341) Théâtre National 20.30 Kleist's Amphytrion. Till Sat (217 0303)

■ CHICAGO

CHICAGO SYMPHONY Daniel Barenbolm conducts chorel works hy Fauré end Stravineky tomorrow, Thurs, Fri and Set et Orchestre Hsll, with sololats Renéa Fleming end Andreas Schmidt. Next week: Barenhoim pleys Mozart (435

CHICAGO LYRIC OPERA Zubin Mehta conducts August Everding's new production of Das Rheingold tonight and Fri at Civic Opera House (further performences Feb 1, 3, 6, 9, 12). The cast includes James Morris, Ekkehard Wlaschiha, Bryn Terfel end Tstiane Troyanos (332 2244)

■ PARIS DANCE

6666)

Théâtre de ta Ville Belglen experimental dance group Rosas, directed by Anne Terese de Keersmssker, opsna a two-week eeeson tonight at 20.30 with its award-winning production of Rosas danst Rosas (1983), repeated tomorrow, Fri end Sat. Feb 2-6: De Keersmaeker's new choroeography Erts, music by Bsethoven, Webern and Shnitks. Feb 16-21: Nederlands Dans Theater (4274 2277) Palais Garnier Rudolf Nureyev's Opera Ballet production of Le Bayadère le revived on Fri, thereefter deily till Feb 10 except

Sun, Tues and Thurs (4017 3535) OPERA Opéra Bastille Tonight, Fri end next Mon: Un ballo in meschere with Dennis O'Neill, Alain Fondary and Gehrlela Benackova, in repertory till Feb 20. Set: revival of Roman Polanski's production of Les Contes d'Hoffmann, with Vinson Cole, Jean-Philippe Lafont and Mere Zampleri, in rapartory till Feb 27. Dmitri Hvorostovsky gives a song recital on Feb 4 (4001) Opéra Comique Tonight,

tomorrow end Fri: Willem Christle conducts Alfredo Arias' Aix Festival production of Les indes Gelantes (4286 8883) Théâtre des Champs-Elyséea St Petersburg Nationel Opera season continues delly till Sun. Tonight, tomorrow, Thurs: Rimsky-Korsakov'e Golden Cockerel. Fri: Prince Igor. Sat and Sun: Tcheikovsky's lolanta. Feb 4: concert performance of Werther. Feb 8: Iphlgénie en Teuride with Mertine Dupuy and François Le Roux (4720 3637) CONCERTS

Châtelet Tomorrow: Bartôk Ouertet plays works by Heydn, Shostakovich and Dvořák. Fri: David Robertson directs Ensemble InterContemporain In Henze's Voices, Sat Merek Janowski conducts Orchestre Philharmonique ds Redlo France In works by Bartók and Prokoflev, with pisno aclolst Zoltan Kocsia. Next Tues: Yvonne Kenny song recital. Feb 6; Boulez conducts Messiasn and Elflott Carter (4028

Saile Pleyel Wed, Thurs, Fri: Semyon Bychkov conducts Orchestre ds Paris In worke by Berlloz, Saint-Seens end Shostakovich, with csilo soloist Misha Meieky. Sat Jeffrey Tate conducts Orchestre National de France in works by Berg end Mahler. Feb 8-13; Claudio Abbado conducts Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra (4563 0796) Théâtre des Champs-Elysées Sun morning: Beaux Arts Trio. Mon: Michel Dalberto piano recital (4720 3637) JAZZ/CABARET

Jazz Club Lionel Hampton Strunz

and Fersh, two virtuoso guitarists whose music combines Letin American rhythm with Spanish, Orlental and Africen Improvisations. Daily till Feb 6, music from 22.30 (Hötel Meridien Paris Etoile, 81 Boulevard Gouvion St Cyr, tel 4068 3042) A 24-hour recorded telaphone guids to Peris entertainments In English is on 4720 8898

■ WASHINGTON KENNEDY CENTER

The Secret Garden, an enchanting musical based on the novel by Frances Hodgson Burnett, runs delly till Sun et the Opere House. Washington Opere's repartory at Eisenhower Theater consists of Don Pasquele (tonight and Sat, with Paolo Montarsolo), Bizet's Pearl Fiehers (tomorrow end Fri) and La Cenerentole (Thurs). In the Concert Hall, Pasvo Berglund conducts the Netional Symphony Orchestra in works by Mendelssohn, Schumann end Haydn on Thurs, Fri, Sat and next Tues (202-467 4600) WARNER THEATER Twyla Therp end Mikheil Baryshnikov eppear together at e Washington Performing Arts Society event tonight and tomorrow (202-833 9800) BALTIMORE SYMPHONY **ORCHESTRA** Henry Mancini is guest ertist on Thurs, Fri and Sat st Joseph Meyerhoff Symphony Hell. Next

Rekhmaninov (410-783 8000) THEATRE The Comedy of Errors:

week: Gerrick Ohlsson plays

Shakespeare's comedy directed hy John Retalisck. Opens tonight, till Merch 14 (Shakespeare Theater et the Lansburgh 202-393

• The Alchemist: Ben Jonson's 17th century pley of greed and deception. Till Feb 21 (Washington Stage Guild 202-529

comic verse dreme about en 18th century ecting troupe. Till Feb 8 (Source Theater 202-462 1073) JAZZ/CABARET Blues Alley Jazz Supperclub Vocalist Phyllia Hymen le guest ertiet dally till Sun (1073 Wisconsin Ave, in the alley,

La Bête: David Hirson's

202-337 4141) **ZURICH**

OPERA Yoko Watanabe sings the title role in Madame Butterfly tonight and Fri et the Oparnhaus. Tomorrow: new ballet production. with works by Arthur Seint-Léon, Nijinski, Bernd Bienert end Jorme Uotinen. Thurs end Sat: Die Fledermaue. Sun: Eliehu Inbal conducts Jonathen Miller's staging of Schreker'e Die Gezelchneten (262 0909) CONCERTS

Tomorrow and Fri In the Tonhalle, Cleus Peter Flor conducts Tonhalle Orchestra In works by Mozart end Bruckner (206 3434). Sun morning and next Tues evening et the Opernheus: Riccardo Challly conducts Mahler's Seventh Symphony. Next Mon: Heinrich Schiff joins Alban Berg Quartet in e Schubert recital (262 0909) European Cable and Satellite Business TV (all times ere Centrel

European Time)

MONDAY TO THURSDAY Super Channsi: European

Busineas Todey 0700; MONDAY

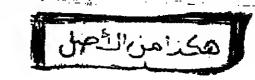
Super Channel: West of Moscow 1200. Super Channel: Finencial Times Reports 0630

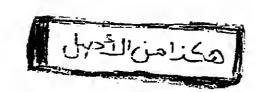
THURSDAY Sky News: Financial Times Reports 2030; 0130

FRIDAY Super Chennel: European Business Todey 0700; 1200; 2230 Sky News: Financial Times

Reports 0530 SATURDAY Super Channel: Financiel Times Reports 0830 Sky News: West of Moscow 1130; 2230

SUNDAY Super Channel: West of Moscow 1830 Super Channel: Financial Times Reports 1900 Sky News: Wset oi Moscow 0230; 0530 Sky News: Financial Times Reports 1330, 2030





FINANCIAL TIMES TUESDAY JANUARY 26 1993

If it's happened once, it's happened a hundred times.

A guest arrives at a restaurant completely unaware of any dress code.

Then, at the entrance, he is enlightened: "Sorry Sir, gentlemen are required to wear ties in our restaurant."

One would think that at this point, the guest would be politely tossed out. But unfortunately, a more severe punishment is in store for him.

Much to his embarrassment, he is handed an atrocious tie which, even by the wildest stretch of the imagination, cannot be seen to match anything else he is wearing.

Of course, by this time, everyone around is watching, and it's far too late to retreat.

So after a quick concerted effort to regain lost aplomb, he knots his tie and proceeds to the dinner table.

At The Regent, London, we think it's time to change all this.

We believe that guests shouldn't be inspected like the salad and the soufflé.

Which is why we have created some of the most pleasant places in which to dine.

Where guests will feel as comfortable in casual jackets as they will in tuxedos.

Where the maitre d' will not have a stack of ties hidden behind the cash register.

And where the waiters will not be as stiff as the napkins. The Dining Room, a classic restaurant, offers some of

the best Italian and British cuisine in London.

While the Winter Garden, with its soaring glass atrium, makes a perfect meeting place.

Of course, if you'd prefer to sit in a bar, we have The Cellars, with a truly impressive collection of imported beer, wine and champagne.

The rooms at The Regent, London are, naturally, as surprising as the restaurants.

The light, understated and contemporary decor is in stark contrast to the old architecture of the building.

We wouldn't have it any other way.

Because while we've tried to keep all the charming aspects of the old days, we've made sure we haven't forgotten the practical needs of the modern business traveller.

And let's face it, it's much easier to get work done sitting at a desk in a neat, elegant, efficiently planned room, than while sitting under the most elaborate curtains in Great Britain.

We must admit, however, that there is one thing about our rooms that's dreadfully old fashioned. The size.

With an average floor area of fifty square metres, our rooms show scant regard for the shortage of space in London these days.

As far as technology goes, quite obviously, we have

kept pace. So if you'd like to toss away the old quill, we can send up a computer to your room.

Even a fax machine, if you like.

But enough of that. It's not all work and no play at The Regent.

For those interested in keeping their bodies as active as their minds, we also have a health spa, gymnasium and swimming pool.

As well as access to twelve tennis courts just down the road.

Well, seeing that you've read this far, perhaps it's time we told you where we are located.

Hold your breath, we're in NW1, near Marylebone station.

Before you yell "not on Park Lane" and turn the page, there are a few things to consider.

For a start, what's so great about Park Lane anyway?

Do you really care whether or not you're next to five other hotels?

If you have to get to the heart of the financial district, it's quicker from where we are.

There's less traffic, and there are fewer red lights.

We also have Regent's Park just a three minute walk away, where you can stroll around and take in some of the freshest air in London.

But don't take our word for all this. Drop by The Regent and decide for yourself.

And make sure you stay for lunch.

You'll find we have the best dressed salads in town. For reservations please call-Hong Kong 366 3361. Singapore 737 3555. Toll free: UK (0800) 282 245.

USA/Canada (800) 545 4000. Germany 0130 852332.

Switzerland 155 5344. Sweden 02079 5151. Japan 0120 001500. Australia (008) 022 800.

The Regent, London, a Regent International Hotel, is located at 222 Marylebone Road, London NW1 6JQ, UK. Tel: (44 71) 631 8000 Fax: (44 71) 631 8080. Opening February, 1993.



What happens if the guest is not dressed as well as the lobster?



Not that Mr Heron found the decision entirely easy. "I have to tell you," he says, "that to move from one company or career to another is a highly emotional decision. People don't just get up and do it. It's never risk-free.

But he bad his reasons. Some months ago, he came second in the race to succeed Sir Michaet Angus as chairman of Unitever, where he had worked for 34 years. Had he got the job, he says, be could have run Unilever his own way, It was not such a big deal when he missed it. All the same, he wanted a complete change.

And he wanted it in the public sector. Why? The answer, he admits by preamble, risks sounding pious. "I have a very strong feeling that we need to give back to society some of the things we've got from it. welfare state. My father was in the Post Office - be started behind the counter, and he ended there. I got a scholarship at the age of 11 to a grammar school, then I went into the army and up to Oxford. You can't ask for a better education than Oxford. And all of that was paid for by the state."

His sincerity here seems borne out by the record. In his six years on the Unilever board. Mr Heron took no outside commercial directorships. But his CV over the past decade bristles with public service appointments: in education, hospitals, training, business in the community and so forth, it didn't have to be the Post Office, he says. That was important thing is for husinessmen to take the science and the craft they've got and put it

into the public domain."

What does that science consist of, exactly? "I think a husinessman or woman, particularly in general management, is trained to focus on the raison d'etre of the unit they're in. The discipline is to deliver. You start by gathering a database, and you move inexorably from that to the objective you have to mind, Normally, you're talking about the creation of wealth, the bottom line. But the same focus could he in some other area.

"The second point is that and that's very scarce."

Public spirit, private vision

Mike Heron, new head of the Post Office, gives Tony Jackson his views on privatisation



Heron; sees his job as implementing the government's decision

you learn to use the resources available. You actually value the people you're working with. Your prime resource is the human one, and a huslnessman gives a lot of attention to that.

That sounds like a personnel man speaking. Indeed, Mr Heron was Unilever's head of personnel for his last couple of years there. But his point, he says, is broader. "Any successful business would ensure that its line managers were responsible for people.

The personnel role should be more advisory and forward-looking - visionary, in fact. "I was utterly determined to take over personnel at Unilever. I believe emphatically that in the leading corporations of the world, the management of personnel and human resources is the key activity. In my view, the companies which will hold the high ground in a competitive world are those with the skill and the talent,

Presumably, this is especially true in the impoverished public sector. The top wage in the Post Office last year - the chairman's - was £170.000. Mr Heron concedes that pay is still a constraint in attracting out-

side talent. On the other hand,

there are limits to how many

outsiders he wants

"It's quite a difficult balance. If you get too many coming in, you demotivate the others. And if you're not careful you become short of experience. The Post Office is a massive operation, with massive numbers. If, for instance, you want to put in a new style of work, you've got to cascade it down to 50,000 people. So you have to have processes to manage things, and experience of that is very important."

Indeed, he claims, the existing management compares very well with what he is used to. Take, for instance, the introductory presentations he has had from divisional chiefs and board members. "There's

less five-coloured charts and less pirouetting around to show what a great guy the pre-senter is. But the amount of information is unbelievable."

Behind all this is a looming question. The Post Office is in the public sector today, hut it may not be for long. The government is about to decide whether to privatise it, in whole or in part. Where does he stand on the whole issue?

He really doesn't mind, he says. "When you're confronted with the president of the Board of Trade at the interview, the bald question is asked whether you have any ideological feelings either way. My answer is, look. I'm coming here to manage a massive business. It'a your husiness as governmen to decide ownership. My joh will be to implement that."

This is a little hard to swallow. His talk has been of goals and results. In such an uncer-tain situation, how can be for-mulate personal goals?

Easy, he says. He has two sets: "One is what happens if it's privatised, the other if it isn't. If it's privatised, I think the path over the next four years will be pretty well defined. There are certain things one has to do on the route to privatisation: the mechanics of it, getting the team together, getting the relationships right, and at the same time, making sure the business is not only going well but going from strength to strength. The challenge would be the other way - how, withoot privatisation, you move upwards and outwards in terms of world class." That seems a pretty clear

statement of preference. But another question arises. Much of his talk has been about public service; and as he says, the Post Office measures itself very strictly in terms of the quality of service it provides. If were privatised, it would be answerable to shareholders. Where would his public service commitment be then?

His answer is a classic appeal to capitalism. in certain areas, the Post Office is a monopoly. As such, it will be regulated whatever happens. Most of it, though, is subject to competition. "In a competitive world, the concept that customer satisfaction and the shareholders are in conflict aimply isn't true. There's a dynamic tension, but a really well-run business is full of dynamic tension - between marketing and production, between sales and accounting If you don't satisfy the customer, in the end you won't satisfy the shareholder."

Joe Rogaly

Less than sum of its parts



Subsidising coal mines is barmy. Permanent handouts to a dirty industry in long-term decline are indefensible in any economy.

in a free market the very idea is inexplicable. Adding yet further subsidies would be positively wicked. The purpose of keeping pits open is said to be to save jobs. This is true, but it is fear of

losing ministers' jobs, not miners', that motivates the government. There are 20 men and two women in the cabinet. A £500m a year subsidy works out at a save-the-job contribution from taxpayers (or electricity consumers) of very nearly £23m per minister per annum. That is a definition of value for money that even Lambeth horough council might question. The actual cost of the back-

hander, which Mr Michael Heseltine is expected to announce in a few weeks, may be less than £500m. The latter is merely a figure floating in the air. Yet the president of the Board of Trade maintains that coal is already supported to the tune of fibn a year. It is not clear whether he is proposing to add to that huge sum, or merely not subtract from it. Either way, he may be obliged to limit the largesse he con-trives to transfer from the general population to workers in an industry that should have

been shut down long ago. We do not yet know. We are told that no final decision has yet been taken. That is what most politicians say when they are scared witless by the prospect of being seen to have settled on any of a set of disagreeable options laid out on a list before them. In this instance one of the virtues of delay is that the debate can be held in semi-public, by means of leaks,

innnendoes, working papers and parliamentary select com-mittee reports. Meanwhile, Mr Heseltine can do what he is best at. He can soften up public opinion. The entire process is a crutch for scaredy-cat decisionmaking. The government is free to choose Choose what? Not the best energy policy. That is not what it is looking for. It is seeking the cheapest, most trouble-free, most survival-proof package that its backbenchers can be persuaded to

accept This explains why the cabi-net has been engaged in what most of us would call a squabhle, but Mr Major prefers to look upon as a discussion. The select committee on industry has been similarly divided Over the weekend those prolific midwives, Ms Inspired Rumour and Ms

Purposefot Kite-flying. appeared to assist in the consensus. If this holos we will be obliged to pay a politi-cal hribe to the coal industry for the next five years, that is, beyond the next election. As a small consola-

tion, the subsidy will be reduced each year. The air will hum with promises. Half the pits scheduled for closure last year will be "saved". There will be much talk of a new energy policy. The eventual result, we will be assured, will be a self-financing, privatised coal industry. The chimneys of power stations that use its products will emit Chanel No 5.

It is all short-sighted nonsense, supported by four voinminous studies commissioned by the Department of Trade and industry and published last Friday. The only piece of foresight in any of these tomes is the last sentence of the report on markets for coal prepared by Caminus Energy Ltd. The advantage which gas has over coal would be further enhanced if carbon taxes were imposed in order to meet environmental goals to reduce carbon dioxide emissions," says Caminns. The consultants might have added that the optimum medium-term strategy for coal is to stop mining. This view is supported by the evidence in a slim discussion aper on climate change published by the Department of

The purpose of that document, presented with some glee hy the environment secretary, Mr Michael Howard, is to initiate a debate on how Britain can

the Environment just before

reduce its CO2

ontput. The

government is

committed, hy

its signature in Rio last year, to

bring emissions

of the main

greenhouse gas

down to 1990

levels by the

year 2000. Presi-

dent Bill Clin-

ton made the

same promise

in his campaign

The government's aim in keeping coal pits open is to save jobs ministers' jobs, that is

> literature. Mr Howard's paper notes flatly that "96 per cent of the UK's man-made carhon dioxide emissions come from the burning of fossil fuels for energy

it makes further telling points. Generating electricity from gas produces about half as much CO₂ per unit as does coel. A carbon tax would be likely to have the greatest impact on energy use by industry". Such a tax has been proposed by the European Community. It is likely to he considered by the new US administration, especially with

Vice-president Al Gore around to make his case. Mr Howard, who is one of the ministers who might conceivably succeed Mr Norman Lamont as chancellor, has, however, ducked the issue. Alluding to the whole package of possible government measures to reduce CO2 emissions, his paper intimated that decisions will be taken in the light of whatever Mr Heseltine gets away with on coal.

A similar po-faced neutrality informs the environment secretary's paragraphs on transport. These show that the worst offender, in CO₂ terms, is road traffic. Public transport creates fewer emissions per passenger kilometre than private cars. The lessons are apparent. Do not commercialise the railways in such a manner that train services are likely to be further reduced. Charge more for pet-rol, as the Americans eventually will. introduce toll roads. Use taxes and perhaps tradeahle permits to reflect the true environmental costs of various

forms of transport. You can easily deduce most of this, although not in such stark terms, from Mr Howard's little tract. Yet the principles implied do not figure in the government's thinking. The cabinet is preoccupied with the necessities of survival in midrecession. A parliamentary majority of only 21 and a sorely divided party have emasculated it. The prime minister has "21" engraved on his

forehead. Do not get me wrong. I think that Mr Major will sit in Downing Street for many more years. I acknowledge his government's persistence with its sensible education and health reforms, while regretting its inability to think beyond the troubles on its hackhenches, The rest is gloom. For we are saddled with a government of which it must be said that the whole is less than the sum of

THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

central bank only hope for stability

From Rt Hon Alon Beith MP. Sir, The attack on the idea of Sir Bryan Hopkin and Sir Douglas Wass (Personal View January 22), which was made more topical hy that day's announcement of Eddie George's appointment as governor, was redolent of the 1960s. They even quoted the Bank's responsibility for exchange controls as an argument against its independence, as if this ghost of policies past was about to walk again. They point to the lack of an antiinflation culture in Britain while at the same time arguing that we should maintain that deficiency by pretending that there is a choice between high unemployment and inflation, and by denying ourselves the one weapon which could Insti-

tutionalise price stability.
Without making monetary policy the independent responsibility of the central bank, we have no hope of convincing the markets that price stability will be maintained: the political pressures arising from our home loans system and the short term nature of much small husiness finance will obviously weigh heavily on any chancellor, and if he has the likes of Sir Brian and Sir Douglas advising him, he will be explicitly invited to regard other factors as more compel-

ling than price stability. Mr George is pleased to have been invited by the chancellor to support the government's policy of defeating inflation. What will ha do if the policy changes or if his advice on what is necessary to achieve price stability is ignored? Alan Betth,

Liberal Democrat Treasury London SWIA QAA

Freedom for | Recruitment subsidies likely to have only a marginal impact

From Mr Peter Ashby. ployment ("Harsh fare for the jobiess", January 22) goes some way towards sopporting the introdoction of a new safety very long-term unemployed. However, you then suggest that employment subsidies might he a "hetter option". There is much to be said for the government testing ont a system of recruitment subsidies to persuade more employers to recruit the very long-term unemployed. We should not, though, expect too much from the offer of subsidies; over the years, surveys among employers have shown that "bribes" are likely to have

impact on their recruitment practices. It would be a mistake if they were to distract us from the need for a new policy framework for the long-term two-way contract between them and the government. The government should be

little more than a marginal

prepared to offer the unemployed temporary work if they are unable to return to employment after 18 months on the register. In return, the long-term unemployed should only receive their income from society as a condition of undertaking this work.

Such an approach commands wide respect among the long-term unemployed, as

used to help fund new capital

quo, which effectively traps many into a life outside the world of work,

If there is any one lesson the severity of the current recession, it is surely that everyone in work, even the most highly skilled, should see themselves as a potential victim of unemployment - and, therefore, potentially a heneficiary of the new contract now needed, so urgently, between long-term unemployed people and society.

Peter Ashby, Full Employment UK. 79 Prince George Rd. London N16 8DL

Bristol BS2 0JQ

Windfall tax would not help unemployment

From Mr Colin Skellett. Sir, The proposal by the Lahour party that utilities should "pay a public dividend (windfall tax) as a result of

their excess profits" (Parlia-ment and Politics, January 20) to help generate jobs shows a basic misunderstanding of the finances of the water industry. More than 70 per cent of

investment programmes. Our total expenditure each year exceeds our income by a considerahle margin. Every day Wessex Water spends around £300,000 on new capital schemas to meet tegally required higher standards and to put right neglect of the past. This expenditure generates Wessex Water's profits are thousands of jobs.

While wholeheartedly supporting the desire to reduce unemployment, as far as the water industry is concerned, the Labour party's proposals would have the opposite effect. Colin Skellett, managing director. Wessex Water Wessex House. Passage Street,

Threat to pits and environment from opencast mines

From Mr Ben Plannien Sir, In the debate about a

possible subsidy to coal ("Rescue plans may fall foul of EC rules", January 20) it should be noted that one of the principal threats to deep mine produc-tion comes from the industry's own corporate backyard, in the form of opencast coal produc-

Opencast mining produced around 19m tonnes of coal in 1991, nearly one fifth of total coal production. With around 80 per cent of opencast production going to power generation, opencast and deep-mined coal are in direct competition with one another.

Opencast mining is also one of the most environmentally destructive activities currently carried out in the UK, a view endorsed hy the Commons Energy Committee in 1967. The government is currently revising its planning guidance to local anthorities which determines the basis on which opencast planning applications are granted. In the CPRE's view this guidance is hiased in

favour of the industry. Revised guidance which reflected the environmental

damage caused by opencasting would restrict the circumstances in which planning primission could be granted. This would quickly reduce opencast output. The securing of a mar-ket for at least 10m-15m tonnes of deep mined coal could thus be achieved quickly, simply and at little or no cost. Ben Plowden, assistant secretary,

energy and minerals Council for the Protection of Rural England Warwick House, 25 Buckingham Palace Road, London SW1W OPP

sufficient evidence to indicate

that combining local govern-

ment reforms with small-scale

western investment pro-

grammes intent on targeting

such progressive markets may

well initiate both a positive

Local programmes offer potential for building ex-Soviet markets

Sir, Edward Balls' report ("Bottom Up' style in fashion for ex-Soviet Reform", January 18), suggesting that reform efforts be focused upon ex-Soviet regions where local governments are more progressive, has parallels with conclusions resulting from our detailed studies of western joint venture investment in the USSR and FSU (former Soviet

Union). For the past two years, in conjunction with the American Soviet Exchange Centre for Applied Theory and Practice at

burgh, we have tracked the | oblast/antonomons region/ performance and expectations of 623 ventures. These investments involve American, Austrian, British, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Turkish and multinational western European participation in the Soviet and FSU markets since

February 1991. While fewer than than 18 per cent (112) of the ventures are expected to be profitable in the short-term, almost 65 per cent of those (72) are what we term *Limited Local Entry Joint Ventures".

These projects have empha-Applied Theory and Fractice at | These projects have emplied. There is clearly emerging | PA 15146-2932, US

republic governments prepared to support local reforms; and have expedited protocol supports, favourable currency terms, and support with equivalent industrial site directors and labour representatives.

Such ventures have also identified existing domestic participants in tha local markets to be served, and have minimised initial capital commitmant requirements. They have also been able to secure adequate fiduciary and bank. ing support because of the focused plans for entry.

return on funds committed and a model for broader Russian, Ukrainian, Kazakh, and Baltic market reforms "from the bottom up". Kent F Moors, president, American-Soviet Investment & Development Associates, 140 LaVale Drive,



far-sightedness that keeps you ahead in the markets?

Or the strength and stability offered by an organization long on tradition? At Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, we have both. We were the first bank to be established in Japan, and are today the country's

We have massive resources to call on. And the broadest range of services available.

largest

financial partner, do you

choosing



importance of each individual, and the value of every business partnership. In Europe and around the world, the speed of our reactions combined with our sense of traditional values gives us an edge you can rely on. When the choice of financial partner is yours, choose wisely. Yours should be the most reliable partner there is.



DAI-ICHI KANGYO BANK

Representative Offices in: Frankfuri, Berlin, Stockholm, Brussels, Bohram Subsidiarios in Europe: Dai-Ichi Kangyo Benk Nederland N.V., Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank (Schweiz) AG, DKB International Public Limited Company, Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.,

FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL Tel: 071-873 3000 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700 Tuesday January 26 1993

An uneven playing field

THE HABIT, common among Europe's governments, of giving handouts to Industry has never which receive the bulk of aid are been good. Such handouts usually waste taxpayers' money and breed a dependency culture among the recipients. But the potential damage of state aid to industry is com-pounded by the start of the stogle market earlier this month. The removal of trade barriers means that inefficient companies subsidised by one member state could drive more efficient enterprises elsewbere out of busicess exactly the reverse of what the single market is iotended to

The need for an assault on subsidies has never been greater. But the omens for effective action by the European Commission, which is responsible for policing state aid, are not good. First, Mr Karel van Miert, the new competition commissioner, has indicated that he may take a softer line on aid. Second, the deepening recession is leading to clamours for assistance throughout the Community. Finally, the Commission's overall ability to take controversial decisions has been undermined by the widespread feeling that Brussels is

interfering in national affairs. Meanwhile, the balance of opinion among member states is fluid. The UK, which has traditionally taken a robust line against aid, is wavering. Having lobbied the Commission to approve subsidies for its coal industry, it will not be in a position to lecture others for giving excessive handouts. On the other hand, the Italian government, which has been generous with aid, seems to be changing tack and the same could happen in France after March's election.

Subsidy wars

to theory, there should be no problem. Rules banning most types of government assistance to industry are set out in the Treaty of Rome. There is little wrong with the rules and the debate on "subsidiarity" does not, in this area, provide any excuse for giving the power to enforce them to national governments. The only chance of preventing subsidy wars is action at Community and, Ideally in the long run, global levels. But there is still an enforcement problem, because of heavy lobby-

effective at extracting assistance from their national governments. which then inbby the Commission for approval. Meanwhile, the gen-eral public – who pay for the sub-sidies in the form of taxes, price rises or ucemployment in other parts of the economy - do not know what is going on, because decisions are taken behind closed doora. The result is that even a determined competition commissioner such as Sir Leon Brittan had only limited success in cutting the overall level of subsidies which averaged Ecu89bn a year between 1988 and 1990.

Transparent process

The solution is to make the whole process of policing state aid more transparent. Much of the aid currently approved would probably not survive the full glare of public accountability.

Australia's Industry Commission, an independent body which scrutinises all forms of assistance to industry, is an example of what can be achieved through openness. Before reaching a view, it holds public hearings and publishes consultative documents, ft also regularly reviews aid cases after they are approved to assess costs and see whether assistance has had its intended effect. The result of this rigorous and open process has been to cut Australian industry's dependence on state aid by about two-thirds in the last 20

It is doubtful whether there would be political support for establishing a similar institution in the European Community. Even if there were, it could be difficult to ensure its independance from political interference national governments. But the mmission should certainly take steps in this direction by opening up its decisions on state aid to public scrutiny - which would also help reduce the Community's democratic deficit - and reviewing aid cases after they have been approved. Without action on these lines, Mr Van Miert will have great difficulty creating a level playing field. And, without that, the single market could fall into disrepute.

Privatising British Rail

is clear about the government's plans for breaking up British Rail, it is that they threaten to turn into one of the most controversial privatisations yet. With the few faint volces of support drowned by objections from every quarter, it is tempting to conclude that the government has got it badly wrong.

Until last week's publication of the railways bill, the arguments about privatisation bad turned largely on the issue of whether fragmentation of the railway was feasible. Many of the rail inbby's attacks on the proposals were lost on a public that cared little about the technicalities of divorcing track ownership from the running of the trains or franchising out the passenger services.

Now, however, with the government signalling its determination to press ahead, passengers are rightly beginning to raise more down to earth concerns. Will fares go up? Will lines cinse? Will services be cut? Will investment slump? Above all, will the railways get better or worse?

Thess concerns are justified. Railway privatisation is a voyage toto the unknown: no other country has yet accomplished it (although Germany, for one, is purauing a similar course to Britain's). Successive Conservative governments have dithered over it, fearing the political consequences of meddling with an organisation which, whils maddeningly inefficient, ranka oot much lower in public concern than the National Health Service.

Need for action

And yet, as the government has finally acknowledged in bringing forward its proposals, something had to be done if the railways were working well, there would be an argument for leaving them alone. As it is, even with some of the highest fares in Europe, they are under-invested; passengers are still too often made to feel as though they are an eocumbrance to the running of the railway, rather than the reason for it; and the trains do not run on time.

Privatisation has already raised tovestment levels and transformed management in many other industries. It could do the same for the railways. But the question that lles at the heart of the public's

A POLL TAX on wheels? A worries is whether the govern-privatisation too far? If anything ment has chosen the right way of echieving it - not least since the proposals look so complex that almost no one outside the Department of Transport even pretends to understand them.

Blindingly simple

In truth, the plans are blindingly simple. Rather than attempt a wholesale privatisation, the government has reined back its ambitions in favour of something more pragmatic. On the passenger side, it plans to retain the tracks and, over a period of 10 years or more, contract out the operation of existing train services to private sector tranchisees by competitive tender. If there is spare capacity left on the tracks, other companies will in some cases be allowed to run the odd train here and there in competition with services operated by

the main franchisees.
In principle, there seems little to fear from such a caotlous approach. Ministers say loss-making passenger services (which is to say, nearly all those operated by BR) will continue to attract subsidies, so there is no reason why any should close. When the franchising authority cootracts them out, it will be on the basis of today's service levels and fares, so there should be no big changes on elther score; and beyond that, minimum services and maximum fares will be laid down for the duration of the franchise.

Yet many issues remain to bs resolved before the government can hope to win confidence in its proposals. Ministerial assurances about the franchising regime are not enough: still to come is the small print that reveals exactly how they will work. Similarly, the yet-to-be published plans for the track charging regime will be crucial to the prospects of attracting new services to the railways. Nor is it known bow the government is to avoid a damaging histus to investment during the transition from the old regime to the new.

Even if the government can satisfy Its critics on these issues, it could still be blown off course by its own backbenchers in the present risk-everse climate. That would be more than a pity: for if the government gets it right, its plan presents the best prospect of providing Britain with the attractive and well-run railway it needs.

bizarre decoration bangs in an otherwise bland executive conference room at the New Jersey headquarters of AT&T Network Systems business, which makes capital equipment for the telecommuoleations industry. It is a small, scruffy, four-paned window which would be more at home in a junkyard.

It looks like the creation of a particularly challenging modern artist, though in reality it is an unusual management teaching aid.

Placed on the wall of the window less conference room by Mr Bill Marx, who heads Network Systems, It is a symbolic reminder to his executives of the need to be looking outwards, trying to anticipate cus-

The window could also serve as a symbol of a remarkable shake-up in the entire AT&T group since the watershed year of 1984. That was when the company, previously a US national telephone monopoly known as Ma Bell, was forced to divest its local telephone operations into seven separate businesses the so-called Baby Bells - in settle-

ment of an anti-trust legal battle.

Since then, the rump AT&T, which remains the largest long-distance telecommunications business to the US, has been turned from an inward-looking, complacent bureaucracy into an aggressive

global competitor. It is positioning itself to benefit from what may be the most significant industrial upheaval of the next two decades: the expected convergence of telecommunications, computers and video to create a single multi-media industry serving many new markets.

For example, the day may not be too far off when affluent westerners are equipped with wireless, handheld devices which allow them not just to talk, but see each other to video Images, receivs and send fax messages, and communicate with

AT&T wants to be a giant splder at the ceotre of such webs of com-munications technology, providing equipment, the knowhow to link it up and, most important, the communications network through which to transmit the traffic.

Mr Bob Allen, AT&T's chairman, says it aims to become "the world's best at bringing people together, giving them easy access to esch other and to the information and services they want and need - anytime, anywhere".

HIs global ambitions are being helped by political as well as technological change. Governments are deregulating and privatising their telecommunications services industries, unleashing powerful competitive forces which are pushing national carriers into convoluted networks of global alliances. Almost every month brings fresh

examples of AT&T's vigorous pursuit of its strategy. In September it celebrated the first anniversary of its \$7.5hn takeover of US computer company NCR. In November It announced plans to get into the cellular telephone service business by taking a 33 per cent stake in McCaw Cellular Communications, the largest operator in the US, with the

option of majority control later.

And over the past few weeks it has forged an alliance with Novell, the computer software group, to develop products linking computer networks with telephones, and has agreed to take a stake in an upstart Canadian long-distance company.

In the age of multi-media, AT&T may have a unique advantage, for it is the world's only information technology company with large interests in three crucial areas telecommunications services; telecommunications equipment manufacturing, where it serves both the capital and consumer markets; and computers, where the NCR takeover has given critical mass to AT&T's

previously loss-making operations. It also owns Bell Laboratories, arguably the world's finest corporate research and development centre. AT&T is co-developer of a technology for high definition television (HDTV) that could be chosen this ar as the US national standard. And Wall Street thinks the group

AT&T is positioning itself to take advantage of the increasing convergence of technologies, says Martin Dickson

A window on the world

Revenue by sector

Rental & other services \$7bn

Includes computer and telecoms

Financial services

& leasing \$1.38bn

Includes AT&T Universal

0-0 x===

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

US and international

direct dial and operator

Products & systems \$15.94bn

telecoms metwork products \$7,5bn,

A new willingness to hire senior executives from outside represents

another cultural change. Mr Alex

Mandl, the highly regarded chief

financial officer, came from con-

glomerate CSX, while another

senior executive, Mr Jerre Stead, was formerly president of Square D,

e large electrical components group.

Mr David Stone, a leading software

strategist, was recently lured from

computer company Digital Equip-

international. Sudden competition

et home after 1984 forced it to look

ebroad for new markets, but its

early moves were clumsy, with the

collapse of alliances with Philips of the Netherlands and Italy's Olivstti.

The group is now moving with

more confidence, as demonstrated

by two deals last year in eastern

Europe: it is playing an important role in the modernisation of the

Ukraine's telecommunications sys-

tem, and was the first western com-

pany to invest in Poland's equip-

It has moved the headquarters of

its corded telephone business from

the US to France. "It took us a

while to get it - that to compete in

Europe we had to be European," says Mr Robert Kavner, head of

Communications Products.

ment business.

AT&T is also becoming more

computer products \$3.7bm, telecoms products for home &

office \$2.8bn

ment

CALL TOTAL

THE PERSON NAMED IN

equipment rental

credit cerd

wants to round out its multi-media interests by forming o partnership with a large US cable TV operator. Mr Robert Morris, an analyst with investment bank Goldman Sachs, says that, if AT&T can pull off its "communacopia" strategy, "then I don't think there will be any other

company in the world which can duplicate what they have done". Mr Allen, however, is still a long way from proving the strategy a winner. No one knows just how con vergence between the industries will work in practice, while AT&T, with a chequered financial record since It divested the Baby Bells, has to show it can deliver strong, sus-

tained earnings growth. Still, the company is looking more like a winner than at any time since It lost its cosy status as a regulated monopoly. That opened it to fierce competition in the long-distance market from relative newcomers such as MCI Communications and Sprint, while in the equipment market It had to fight for previously captive Baby Bell contracts against foreign competitors such as Northern Telecom of Canada and Alcatel of France.

This was a hiessing in disguise, as it shook the company out of the kind of complacency that has led to profound troubles at two other leading US industrial groups - Interna-tional Business Machines and General Motors, "We look back on divestiture as a springboard for new energy in the corporation," says Mr

Yet the most radical change in AT&T's deep-seated bureaucratic culture arrived only after Mr Allen took over as chairman in 1988 on the unexpected death of the then incumbeot, Mr James Olsen.

r Allen, 58 yesterday, looks an unlikely revolutionary. A tall, slim man with a conservative dress sense, soft voice and undemonstrative manner, he is the son of a small business owner from a small mid-western town and has worked inside the Bell system since leaving college. Yet he also has a reputation for strategic analysis, a quietly wry sense of humour and stubborn determination.

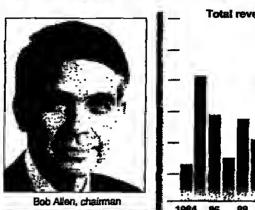
He quickly reorganised the monolithic business into 20 separate product areas and made each responsible for the first time for its own pricing, marketing, product development and profits.

This pointed up where the group was making and losing money and forced individual businesses to focus more closely on cutting fat. Some 60,000 jobs have been axed over the past four years. At the same time, the shake-up has greatly accelerated decision-making, and made the businesses increasingly aware of customer needs.

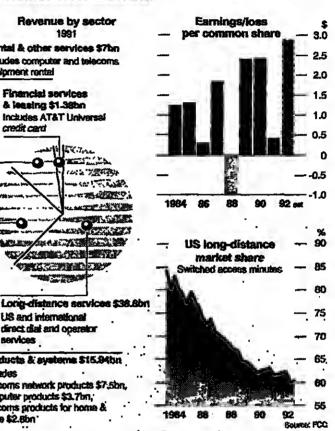
Mr Victor Pelson, who heads the telecommunications services side of the business, says: "Whereas five years ago we had maybe a dozen people making the fundamental decisions on how to serve a marketplace, today we have literally bundreds. That's an ecormous change."

The cultural revolution - not yet complete - has been helped by the fact that more than half AT&T's employees have joined the group since 1984. Most have also been exposed to Total Quality Management - the popular theory that says companies must devote prodiglous energies to satisfying their

AT&T: rewards from a cultural revolution



Total revenue



The NCR takeover has greatly expanded the international business - the computer company has 60 per cent of its sales outside the US and Mr Allen suggests AT&T could get 50 per ceot of its revenues from abroad by 2000, compared with some 24 per cent now.

All this has combined to make AT&T a much more profitable business, with net income before special charges roughly doubling between 1984 and 1991. The company's long-term target is

earnings growth of at least 10 per cent a year, and it is expected to announce 1992 results which meet that goal. Even its subsidiary making PRX business phone systems, which has been losing mocey for years, is back in the black.

Yet most of this improvement has come from efficiency gains rather than business growth. In the long-distance market, which still provides some 60 per cent of revenues and an estimated 80 per cent of income, AT&T's profit margins are thought to be the best in the business, thanks to high productivity and modern, digital technology. nues have been virtually static since 1984, even though the US mar-

However, its long-distance reveket has been enjoying solid volume growth - more than 10 per cent a year in the 1980s, dipping to 6-7 per

cent in the receot recession.

AT&T has been losing market share to its rivals - on one measure it is down from more than 80 per cent of call volume in 1984 to about 60 per cent now. The effects on revenue have been compounded by a price war in 1990-91 and the insistence of government regulators that the long-distance carriers pass on to consumers cuts in their biggest cost, the access charges paid to local telephone companies to com-

plete calls.

Over the past two years AT&T's market share erosion has slowed as it bas adopted a more aggressive marketing stance. This has raoged from price cuts to the launch of its own credit card, offering discounts on calls, which in little more than two years has become the second

most widely held card in the US.
US recovery from recession will boost long-distance traffic, but AT&T needs to encourage more intensive use of its network, prefer ably by customers who need more sophisticated services, which gener ate higher revenues. This helps explain much of its interest in multi-media as well as the proposed McCaw deal.

cCaw will catapult AT&T nowbere into the leading position in cellular, the fast-est-growing part of US telecommunications, with annual US growth rates of 30 to 40 per cent. The deal has shocked the Baby Bells, which operate rival cellular services to McCaw's, since it potentially brings AT&T into local competition with

them for the first time since 1984. Observers suggest AT&T might eventually try to link Its inng-distance network directly into McCaw's, thus getting round paying access charges to the local tele-phone companies. But AT&T says it simply needs a presence in cellular to serve customers, who will increasingly demand integrated communications networks.

The same inng-term logic under-lay the takeover of NCR, though the initial goal was to use NCR's expertise to turn AT&T's much smaller computer business to profit. Some 18 months on from the merger, the two businesses appear to bave gelled well, and the combined group is modestly profitable - a reasonable achievement, given the red ink at many other large computer companies.

It is, bowever, too early to say whether the merger will develop into more than the sum of its parts, with NCR helping AT&T win contracts for integrated communications and computer networks, and both sides throwing up important new technology ideas.

That said, they have already jointly developed an automatic teller machine that will identify a hank customer by voice, rather than numbers punched in a keyboard. And they are working on one that would allow customers to summon up a bank clerk for a conversa-

tion on an ATM video screen. Mr Gilbert Williamson, the NCR chairman, says the early results from six teams looking at cross-fertilisation makes him "really enthusiastic about the potential".

Still, AT&T's overall strategy could have some big plifalls. First, the Baby Bells, still the main customers for lts telecommunications capital equipment, may be reluctant to buy from a direct, cellular competitor. Nor is it clear that large corporate customers will want to entrust so much of their business to mighty AT&T.

The history of IBM over the past decade shows that huge, integrated technology companies are not necessarily a match for e collection of nimble, niche players.

However, senior executives across AT&T insist that the most successful companies in the coming revolution will be those that can provide simple, transparent solutions to customers' complex communications problems. AT&T, they say, is positioning Itself to do just that. An article on NCR after the takeover will appear on the Management page

OBSERVER

Yankees hacked off

How much longer will America be prepared to accept the invasion of its media by journalists from its colonial past? Yesterday Martin Dunn, editor of Today - Britain's fastest growing newspaper - joined the westbound trek. Dunn had been pinning his hopes

on getting the editorship of one of New York's alling daily newspapers. In the event he has had to make do with the Boston Herald. His owner, Rupert Murdoch, has never had much luck with his US newspapers, and presumably now feels that his best chance of making a success with his sole remaining US dally is to import a former deputy editor of The Sun. It's hard to believe there is no US journalist up to the job.

Tha Fleet Street tovasion is already the subject of serious study. Columbia University is holding a seminar next month entitled "The British are coming", which includes contributions from recent UK imports such as the editors of the National Review, The New Republic and TV Guide. And judging by the latest issue of Spy Magazine, a backlash against foreigners taking high paying jobs away from

Americans is spreading. Spy, whose co-founding Canadian editor now fills Britain's Tina Brown's spot et Vanity Fair. is concerned that the New Yorker,

the city's most famous magazine, now has a London-based theatre critic, a British film critic and a foreign editor of its Talk of the Town column who had never heard of Page Six of the New York Post - a journalistic gaffe equal to not knowing aboot Page 3 of the Sun. How long before Washington's bureaucrats sit up and take an interest?

Overdue ■ With Virgin Atlantic and British

Airways bosses puffing on the peace pipe last night at Richard Branson's grand Holland Park home, the guillotine basketa remain woefully empty. Brian Basham, the public relations consultant temporarily hired by BA and quickly embroiled in Virgin'a "dirty tricks" allegations, so far is the only persona non grata at Speedbird House. His role, however, is likely to be immortalised in the latest catcophrase in the rough, tough airline world: "If you can't beat 'em, Basham".

Waltzing Matthey ■ Take your partners please for the Johnson Matthey waltz. Sultors,

stakeholders and others interested to the future of one of the most famous precious metals groups are taking sides in what promises to be one of the more complicated takeover routines of the season.

TREASURY BANK

What if we half save all the pits?"

Merchant bankers Hambros and Barings are already stepping out with Charter Consolidated and Johnson Matthey, and SG Warburg made its debut yesterday at the

bottom of a Minorco press release. Given that Peter Wilmott-Sitwell, chairman of SG Warburg Securities has recently gone on to the Minorco board, Warburg's return to ceotre stage is no great surprise. Britain's mier merchant bank and South Africa's Anglo American Corp have been getting closer and closer together and Anglo holds the key

to JM's future. This latest liaison presumably leaves out in the cold Morgan Grenfell, Minorco's banker during

the infamous Consolidated Gold Fields bid, and raises the question of whether Warburg's arrival will result in James Capel, Minorco's broker, being illted. However, all is not lost. Johannesburg Consolidated Investments may still to partner its broker, Smith New

Bear-baiting ■ After years of profiting from

falling share prices, the Feshbach Brothers of California, the most famous short-sellers in the US, have begun buying stocks - a U-turn comparable to Prince Charles announcing that he is forsaking polo for the game of darts.

Although they made millions of dollars to the 1980s by searching

out companies oo the brink of disaster and selling their stock short, tha three brothers have been hard hit recently by the steady upward climb of US stock prices. In 1991, when US equities rose sharply, Fesbbachs' clients lost between 40 and 60 per cent in value. Last year, rising share prices again left the Feshbachs nursing losses. Consequently, they have decided to buy stocks as a hedge against further advances in the market. At first glance, this strategic shift looks like a vote of confidence in equities. It might, however, be

worth taking a contrary view on

this one. When the most famous

bears in the husiness announce

they are buying stocks - is not this the right time to be getting out of the market?

Serious money

■ For years popular newspapers bludgeoned their readers with £1m bingo games in a desperate drive for circulation. Now it seems such promotional gimmicks are spreading upmarket. Faber & Faber, one of Britain's more high-minded publishers, is about to join in. It is offering book buyers the

chance to win £1m. Naturally Faber has insured itself against the unlikely chance of a reader actually becoming a millionaire by placing a covering bet with Ladbrokes. Ironically, just as Faber is about

to give away big moosy, The Sun is offering readers security rather than dreams of untold wealth. In a clear sign that the recession and pessimism are biting into the national psyche, editor Kelvin MacKenzie is offering his readers £10,000 in accidental death cover 'in case you fall under a bus". There's no mention of a rafile with a 100-1 chance of turning it

into £1m insurance cover. Take it away

A question for all those who enjoy Chinese puzzles. What is the odd one out - 3,16,24,58? The answer is 58, of course; all

the others come with rice.

FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday January 26 1993



CONSTRUCTION TELEPHONE 081 689 2266 Giving construction a good name

Battle of the sexes over pensions

Employers anxiously await today's court decision, writes Norma Cohen

MEN and women may have been created equal, but their pensions have not, as the European Court of Justice is about to bear. Today, three cases, one each from Britain, Germany and the Netherlands, come before it, and tbe decision will spell out for employers all over Europe exactly bow they are to equalise

men's and women's pensions.

The court took a landmark decision in May 1990, broadly saying that men and women must receive equal pensions because these are a form of pay, and sex may not be used to determine pay.

However many issues remain outstanding. Since the second world war most European employers have set a lower retirement age for women, in effect giving them more generous pensions than their male counterparts. An entire framework of state, occupational and personal pensions has grown up around that concept, which lasted until the court ruled it violated the anti-discrimination statutes of the Treaty of Rome.

The British case, to be presented by Sir Nicholas Lyell, UK attorney-general, pits the male and Icmale pension scheme mem-bers of Coloroll, the collapsed home furnishings group, against each other, with each arguing for different Interpretations of equality, to get the maximum share

Japan for

lower rates

department store sales last year,

the first year-on-year decline

since the Japan Department

Stores' Association began collecting national data ln 1965.

property speculation peaked. The average price of an apartment fell 12.3 per cent to Y39.38m

Officials of the ruling Liberal

Democratic Party and business

organisations called on the Bank

of Japan to reduce the official

discount rate (ODR) from the present 3.25 per cent to 2.75 per cent or even 2.5 per cent to stimulate the flagging economy and

bolster a still weak stock market. Mr Yasushi Mieno, the bank's

governor, admitted that eco-nomic conditions were "severe"

hut said a promised increase in

public works spending should

However, it is understood that

many regional hranch managers

in Tokyo for the two-day meeting

are advising that an ODR cut

The central bank has been sur-

prised by the erosion of con-

months, a trend highlighted by

the department stores' sales sta-

tistics. Sales fell 8.1 per cent in

same month a year earlier, sug-

gesting that consumer confidence

decrease in overtime payments.

The ODR was last cut in July

last year, and Bank of Japan offi-

cials are concerned that the

expectation of another cut is

prompting consumers to delay

assist in reviving demand.

should come quickly.

The Real Estate Economic Institute said meanwbile that apartment sales last year were down 11.6 per cent to 75,173, the lowest total since 1976 and about half the figure for 1990, when

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

slowdown.

(\$317,590).

COST	OF RETROSPECTIVE SET	TLEMENT OF
9001	PENSION SERVICE CO	STS
	LEWSION SELLIOF OF	
		Rep of

Ecus (bn) As % of GDP dost definition of retraspection, cov

of the fixed funds available.

The German case, Meroni v Collor, asks the court to decide the issue of retrospection - how far back in time higher pension payments to men will have to be made - while the Dutch case, known as TenOever, asks if it is fair to offer pensions to members' widows but not their widowers.

The cases address two basic issues: first, since the court decided that differential pensions are illegal only in May 1990, what about pension henefits accrued or paid before then? The EC commissioned a survey which con-cluded that if pensions in payment had to he equalised retrospectively, It could cost Britisb and German employers up to £50bn (\$76bn) each, with somewhat more modest sums for employers in Ireland, Belgium and the Netherlands.

That sobering assessment led EC member states to tack a protocol on the Maastricht treaty declaring retrospectiveness in longer life spans of women?

occupational pension payments should only apply to service after May 1990, the date of the court judgment. With the fate of the Maastricht Treaty in the air, European employers are anxiously watching the court pro-

Lawyers familiar with the proceedings say the European Com-mission has filed a brief in support of the narrowest definition

This will weigh considerably with the court, but is not definitive, thus reducing the chances that employers will be saddled with a hefty bill for retrospective pension payments.

The court must also decide on an issue which will have great significance for the nascent per-sonal pensions industry throughout Europe. If men and women must receive equal pension benefits, what happens in so-called money purchase schemes which take into account the average

In these schemes, employers provide a lump sum on retirement to be used to purchase an annuity from a life insurer. But a woman investing the same sum as a man at the same age will receive lower monthly payments since she is expected to live

To provide equal monthly payments, employers would have to give larger lump sums to women, or insurers would bave to adopt unisex rates.

Mr John Cunliffe, partner at solicitors McKenna and Co, one of the firms presenting the British case to the court said: "In money purchase schemes, do you take into account that women live longer than men? That's it in a nutshell

Mr Cunliffe cites Denmark, wbere employers are allowed either to pay higher premiums for women so that they can huy the same level of benefit as men on retirement or insurance companies are allowed to pay lower benefits for the same premium.

In the US, the Supreme Court has ruled that differential insurance benefits based on sex are illegal. "They ruled that while on average women live longer than men, it cannot he proved that any one woman will live longer than any man. Thus, you have to offer the same benefits for the same premium," Mr Cunliffe

Pressure in PRESSURE on the Bank of Japan for a cut in official interest rates intensified yesterday, as the bank's regional hranch managers gathered in Tokyo to discuss the impact of the country's economic The depth of the downturn was emphasised by the release of figures showing a 3.3 per cent fall in

Erich Mielke, former head of East Germany's Stasi security police, peers through a gap in the protective screen he sits behind at his trial in Berlin. He is accused of killing two policemen

Danish foreign minister makes Yes to Maastricht a priority

By Hllary Barnes in Copenhagen

MR Niels Helveg Petersen, who took over as foreign minister in Denmark's four-party coalition government yesterday, said his top priority will be to secure a Yes to the Maastricht treaty on European union in the second Danisb referendum, to be beld

later this year.
"I regard it as my foremost sumer confidence in recent task to achieve a Yes in the referendum and to ensure that the Danish presidency of the Euro-December, compared with the pean Council is carried out satisfactorily," he said yesterday. is weakening, partly due to a cut in year-end honuses and a

"We shall make every effort to see that the presidency, which has been well prepared, goes

Mr Petersen, 54, is the most senior cahinet appointee from the Radical Liberals, one of the small centre parties in the new ruling

coalition. He will play a signifi-

cant role in the European Community during the six-month EC in 1986, but now supports the country's European policy. presidency which Denmark assumed at the start of the year.

He succeeds former foreign minister and Europe enthusiast Mr Uffe Ellemann-Jensen. The new cabinet was announced vesterday by Mr Poul Nyrup Rasmussen, the new prime minister and chairman of the Social

Democratic Party. Mr Petersen, who was elected to the Folketing in 1966, said the new government had not set a date for the referendum but he

thought "before June" was likely. His Radical Liberal Party has a record of being sceptical towards European integration, but the foreign minister said that he had advocated a Yas to the Maastricht treaty in last year's refer-

As a member of the Radicals, he opposed EC memhership in 1972 and the single European Act

Mr Peterson, who was economics minister in 1988-90, has Brussels experience as top aide to Denmark's first EC commissioner, the late Finn Gundelach, from 1974-77

The new cabinet is the largest in Denmark's history, with 24 members. Several ministries have heen split up to create enongb portfolios to meet the requirements of the coalition of the SDP, the Radicals, the Centre Democrats and the Christian Peo-

Key posts in addition to the foreign ministry went to Mr Mogens Lykketoft, SDP, a former tax minister, at the ministry of finance, Mr Bjorn Westh, SDP, at agriculture and fisheries, Mr Svend Auken, a former leader of the SDP, environment ministry, ministry of defence.

Cancer vaccine tests to start

Continued from Page 1

planned spending.

EBV, the CRC will move on to extensive field trials in China and/or Africa in collaboration with a commercial vaccine manufacturer. "It may be 10 years before we can show clearly that the vaccine prevents cancer," Dr Arrand says. But he foresees a time when EBV vaccine will be

administered routinely worldwide as an ingredient of the

childhood vaccination cocktail. Prof McVle says viruses are now known to cause at least a fifth of all cancers, often in assoclation with dietary or environmental factors.

Apart from EBV, three other cancer-causing viruses have been

Sears closes catalogue

Continued from Page 1

 Closure of the catalogue operation, based in Skokie, a Chicago suburh. This move accounts for \$800m of the \$1.7bn restructuring cbarge. Sears will, however. retain its profitable "direct response" husiness, a more imlined form of mail order. • Closure of I13 of Sears'

smaller retail outlets, plus disposal of its 35 Pinstripes Petites women's speciality stores. • Further job cuts, through an accelerated consolidation of various administrative functions. plus a voluntary early retirement incentive programme. The "repositioning" of major

merchandise lines and service

support operations.

						°C:	Ŧ			ъ.	Ŧ			°C	Ŧ			°C	ኍ			°C	Ŧ	ш
World				Soulogne	F	6	43	Franklurt	F	4	38	Majorca	F	15	59	Operão	s	9	48	Tanerife	8	19	86	7.1
Wastha				Srussels	F	3	37	Geneva	C	g	48	Malaga	8	12	54	Oslo	S	-2	26	Tokyo	R	6	43	H
Weathe			*	Budapest	9	6	48	Gibraltar	s	17	63	Malta	F	15	59	Paris	C	6	43	Taranta f	8	-5	23	П
Ajaccio	С	15	59	Suenos Aires	Ā٠	30	59	Glasgow	S	2	36	Menila	F	31	83	Prague	F	3	37	Tunis	F	15	61	11
Alguers	Ĕ	15	59	Carro	Ë	17	63	Helsinki	Sn	4	25	Melbourne	C	17	63	Raykjavik	F	1	34	Valencia .	S	14	67	ш
Amsterdam	-	-	41	Cape Town	s	27	51	Hong Kong	3	16	61	Mexico City	C	23	73	Ahodes	F	15	59	Venice	Fø	4	39	ш
Athens	ě	17	63	Caracas	č	28	62	Inrobruck	Ř	7	45	Miami t	F	23	73	Rio d'Janeiro	C	36	97	Vienna	F	4	39	ш
Bahrain	ğ	15	59	Cesablanca 1	s	17	63	knyamess	F	2	36	Milan	Fg	5	41	Rome	F	14	57	Warsew	C	3	37	П
Bangkok	Ē	34	93	Chicago †	S	-8	18	bedamski	F	28	17	Montreal †	C	-7	19	Salzburg	F	2	35	Washington t	F	0	32	ш
Barcelona	Ċ	11	52	Cologne	C	3	37	istanbul	5	14	67	Moscow	F	-T	19	S'Franciaco †	S	7	45	Zurich	F	5	41	ш
Balling-	5	5	43	Copenhagen	C	2	36	Jakarta	R	30	86	Munich	F	5	41	Seoul	F	5	41	Temperatures a	1 mide	lav		ш
Beind	F	17	63	Cortu	F	14	57	Johannesburg	C	24	76	Ngirobi		-	-	Singapore	F	30	86	vesterány		-,		ш
Beltagi	Ċ	2	36	Dallas 1	5	1	34	Lisbon	S	14	57	Naples	C	13	55	Stockholm	F	-3	27	1 Noon GMT In	TENTE	huras	4	ш
Belgrade	č	13	55	Outlin	C	5	41	London	C	5	41	Naosau	¢	27	81	Strasbourg	F	6	43	C - Cloudy Dr				П
Bertin	H	3	37	Dubrovnsk	C	12	64	LOS Angeles t	F	14	57	New Delhi	s	19	66	Sydney	C	22	72	F-Fair Fg-Fe	H ge	- Har	8	П
Bigeritz	R	12	54	Edinburgh	5	1	34	Luxembourg	E	3	37	New York †	s	2	38	Talpel	R	15	68	R-Rain S-Sa				11
Bombay				Faro	5	17	63	Modeira	S	16	64	Nice	S	14	57	Tangier	S	16	61	SI - Steet Sn - 8	naw			11

THE LEX COLUMN

Muddled about money

The conflicting signals in yesterday's money supply data provide a perfect excuse for the chancelior to do nothing about interest rates for the time being. While M4 growth has fallen below its target floor of 4 per cent. the narrow M0 measure looks set to rise above its ceiling this month. Together with the cheerier news on confidence emanating from the CBI, that goes some way to offsetting last week's gloomy news on employment, production and retail sales.

Even if the economy is not in a desperate plight, though it is hard to discern anything more than anaemic recovery. Consumers may be prenared to spend a little more of the real wage increases they are enjoying if they are still in work, hut only when they are offered discount prices and not if it means going into dehr. The weakness of bank lending is particularly surking. It seems to confirm that, while some prices are moving in response to devaluation, there is little demand-pull inflationary pressure in the pipeline. MO may have breached its target, but the ceiling was unduly low in the first

place. That leaves room for interest rate cuts at some stage, perhaps after the Bundesbank's intentions are clearer. The money supply trend creates an opportunity for the government to relax the rules preventing sales of gilts to banks being counted towards PSBR funding. The move would only reduce the flow of gilts, however, if banks could be persuaded to buy more paper. All the more reason to steepen the yield curve by cutting short-term

Sears Roebuck

Sears Roebuck's decision to to pull out of catalogue retailing at least proves that the company is no longer sentimental about the husiness which made it great. It seems Mr Arthur Martinez, brought in last year to give the hackward-looking giant a fresh perspective, can carry the board on tough issues. Last antumn's announcement that the financial services operations were to go has now been followed by closure of the worst stores and some sensible cost-cutting.

But these defensive measures do not add up to a strategy. The core business has been squeezed between dis-count retailers and specialist stores. Previous initiatives such as everyday low pricing of goods have failed to halt the decline - as UK imitators such as Kingfisher might care to note. Focus-



ing on a smaller area may concentrate management minds, but there is as yet little evidence of the required retailing spark. Sears apparently wishes to expand its women'a wear operations, which have improved substantially in recent years. Yet that will bring it into even closer competition with its rival J.C. Penney in a flercely fought mar-

80 85

. 80 83

One priority must be to get rid of the company's staid image. That will require top management to modernise the stores and, more importantly, the culture of Sears' army of sales staff. Such strategic shifts are tough. Changing the public image of a retailer is the hardest task of all.

1970

75

As the market was quick to appreciate yesterday, NFC will receive a boost if the disposal of its waste management business goes ahead at the indicated price of around £100m. Although the rubbish market bas become highly fashionable of late, NFC would have to invest heavily to ensure its subsidiary's continued success. Its money could be better spent expanding its core distribution businesses. A gearing ratio of 55 per cent currently constrains these ambitions. This disposal would restore its flexibility hy halving net deht.

Whether Wessex Water and the USbased Waste Management are as wise to contemplate paying such a befty sum is another matter. The mooted price represents a spectacular pre-mium for a husiness which may make profits of less than £4m this year. The worry is that Wessex Water will overpay in its determination to expand

regulator's gaze - although Waste Management's record suggests it would temper any such impulse. Nevertheless, water companies are still struggling to prove the value of diver-sification. Certainly, Severn Trent's purchase of the Biffa waste business has yet to prove its worth.

UK dividends

The conventional view of the relationship between equities and gilt-edged stock suggests the former are currently cheap since they yield half as much as gilts. The yield ratio is at the bottom of a range that traditionally fluctuates between 2 and around 2.5. According to a paper written for the Institute of Actuaries by Mr Peter Jones of James Capel this view is flawed since it ignores changes in the rate of dividend growth.

Equities strongly outperformed gilts during the 1980s because dividend growth constantly surprised even professional investors. Now there is a tendency to assume that high growth rates are normal. Yet if, despite the exit from the ERM, the UK is entering a period of low growth and inflation, dividend growth may start to disap-point. The yield ratio would then be

sending a different message.

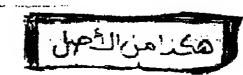
The harder question is where the boundaries should be set. Mr Jones believes dividend growth would have to return to around 6 per cent by 1994 to justify present equity valuations. That looks plausible on the basis of a rebound of earnings after the recession, but touch-and-go when present levels of dividend cover and the likely trend of nominal GDP are taken into account. There may yet be grounds for switching into gilts, especially hy pen-sion funds that are heavily overweight in equities.

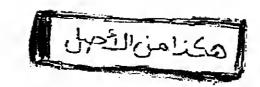
A cosy chat and a cup of tea seem to have thawed the frosty relations between Mr Richard Branson and Sir Colin Marshall. Although Virgin may yet press ahead with a claim against BA for up to £20m in lost revenues, the airline appears keen to call an endto the time-consuming dispute. The alternative prospect of convoluted anti-trust legislation in the US has lit-tle appeal. BA may thus struggle through without much further embarrassment. Shareholders can then get back to worrying full-time about BA's slckly passenger figures.

Which British automotive company supplies equipment to over 90% of the western world's civil airliners?



Think again.

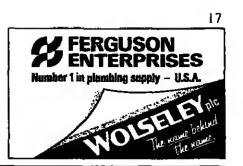






FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

Tuesday January 26 1993



INSIDE

Porsche board names new head

Mr Helmut Sihler, former chairmen of the menagement boerd at Henkel, the German chemicale group, was yesterdey nominated as head of the Porsche eupervisory board in succession to Mr Ferdinand Porsche, who remeins a full member of the board. Page 18

Daf shares suspended

DAF	
Share price (guilders)	
20	
10	
0 Mar 1992 93	

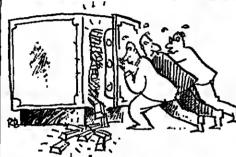
Sheres In Del, the Dutch commercial vehiclee maker, were auspended et FI 7.20 before the ennouncement by the group later todey of reetructuring plans. The market ie expecting eld from the Dutch and Belgium government in con-junction with job and etaff cute. Forecasts of

inwer earnings by chemical and pharmaceutical graupe depressed markets ecrose Europe. in Ameterdem, the CBS Tendency index closed down 0.9 at 98.0. Back Page

Bankers flock to Rome

Investment bankera ere flooding to Rome as plane to privatise companies in Italy's slete sector take chape. The government happen to raise L27,000hn (\$18.5bn) in the next three years through esset eales, while IRI, the state holding company, is budgeting on e further L24,000bn as a meane of reducing borrowings.

Uzbekistan takes charge of gold



Since Independence a year egn, Uzbekietan has kept its enlire 70-tonne annuel gold pro-duction, insteed of cending it to Russia as it was forced to in the past. Now President Islam Kerimov may have decided to do a deal to turn the industry around. Page 24

Bankers Trust rises 24%

they will join operations. Page 24

Bankers Trust, the New York banking group, reported a 24 per cent rise in fourth-quarter 1992 net earnings, tn \$170m, nr \$1.97 per

US exchanges join operations Two of North America's oldest and largest futures exchanges announced yesterday that

Market	Statistic

Base lending rates	3
Benchmark Govt bonds	Z
FT-A Indices	2
FT-A world indices Back	Pag
FT fixed interest indices	2
FT/ISMA int bond svc	2
FT guide to currencles	2
Financial futures	3
a	

London share service Lifte equity options London tradit: options Managed fund service Money markets New int. bond issues World commodity prices World stock mich indices UK dividends amsumced

Companies in this issue

Allders	23	Minorco
Alled Lyone	22	Montedison
Arnotts	20	Morgan Grenfell
BBL	18	NFC
BMW	18	Nynex
Bang & Olufsen	20	Parkland Textile
Bankers Trusi	19	Pioneer Electroni
	ě	
Benetton		Porsche
Bole Soul	20	Princedele
Campbell Soup Carpenter's Workshop		
	19	Prudential
Corning	18	
Def	18	
Deutsche Weggoneu	12	Sanderson Murra
Eagle Star		Siemens
Excalibur		SI Andrew
Exxon		Stagecoach
Ferruzzi		Stakis
GEC	23	Sundstrand
GEO MINITION	22	Survival Alds
GT Jepen	23	TR Smaller Comp
Gardiner		23
Gerber		Tela Tea
Heeth (Samuel)		
Henderson Admin	11	Thames Television
Hong Kong Investment	23	Transport Devei
Int'l Artistes	_	I you have a
	19	Trumpi

and Textile eer Electronic sche sche cipality BS fential dgold kwell ferson Murray strand 11 Templeton Emerging
23 Thames Television
22 Transport Devel Grp

19 Trumpi 22 Volkswegen 22 Weterglede 23 Wessanen Wessex Weler Chief price changes yesterday

Ivaco Kelt Energy

Houssel-Uctar Failis 5.8 AGF 52 5.3 Cap Gennal S 14 17 EY Apultaine 3 UAP TOKYO (Yean) Hisses 2 Jamo Twesting 3 Sappore Lion 1 2 Taicel Fire 2 Is Feilis Ansand Mig 1.4 Ensurion Sugar 3 Yamatio Kogyo - 5.8 - 15.3 - 17 - 20

Stylo
Warts Blake
Westland
Faille
AM
ASDA
Britdale
Brent Walker
Clarkson (H)
Euro Disney

Exxon earnings jump 25% in the fourth quarter

By Karen Zagor in New York

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1993

EXXON, the world's higgest integrated oil company, yesterday unveiled an unexpected 25 per cent improvement in fourthquarter earnings, helped by lower operating costs and strong US natural gas prices.

Net income for the last three months of 1992 was \$1.4bn or \$1.12 e chare compared with earnings of \$1.12hn or 89 cents in 1991. Revenue eased from \$31.02hn to \$30.16hn.

Analysts had expected Exxon to earn about 96 cents a share in the latest quarter.

On Wall Street, shares in Exxon rose \$1% to \$80 et mid-day. The stock price was hol-stered by news that the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries was close to an agreement on a proposal to cut production by up to 1m barrels a day. Mr Lawrence Rawl, chairman,

said three-quarters of Exxon's earnings in 1992 came from out-

side the US. In the fourth quarter, foreign upstream earnings roee 20 per cent to \$845m, including one-time credits of \$56m. US upetreem earnings stood at \$187m, up \$30m, including one-time charges of \$91m. Total exploration and production earnings climbed 19

Lower nperating expenses and higher petroleum product vol-umes lifted earnings from refining and marketing operations by 61 per cent from \$260m to \$420m. Earnings from chemical

operations dropped in \$56m. including \$15m on non-recurring charges, from \$94m last year. During the quarter, Exxon cut capital and exploration spending to \$2.57bn from \$2.73hn a year

For the whole of 1992, Exxon's net income fell 15 per cent to \$4.77bn, or \$3.79 a share, from \$4.6hn or \$1.45. Mr Rawl attrihuted the erosioo to unusually favourable market conditions the previous year.

The company adopted new accounting standards in 1992 which reduced earnings by \$40m after tax, or 3 cents a share. Revenue for the year was flat, at \$116.48bn against \$116.49bn. Foreign exploration and pro-

duction operations brought in \$2.61bn for the year against \$2.5bn a year earlier. US exploration and production profits rose from \$628m to \$764m.

Income from US refining and marketing dropped from \$514m to \$156m, while earnings from foreign refining and marketing turn-bled from \$2.04hn to \$1,42hn.

Merrill Lynch to stop retailing Japanese securities

By Robert Thomson in Tokyo

MERRILL Lynch Japan, the local subsidiary of the US securities house, will close three of its six branches, ending an ambitious drive to establish a strong presence in the Japanese securities' retail market.

The US broker, which plans to shift retail resources to its institutional business, has suffered, with Japanese brokers, from the fall in trading volume and prices on the Tokyo exchange over the

Merrill Lynch's move to close branches in Kyoto, Kobe and Yokobama is part of a restructuring of Japanese operations by foreign brokeragee. Last month, County NatWest, the securities arm of National Westminster Bank, gave up memberehip on the Tokyo exchange. Individual investors have been

net sellers for the past two years in Japan, while non-financial companies have left the market in large numbers, draining the pool of potential customers. "This is the end of the retail

experiment by foreign houses in Japan," a UK hroker said. "You can see why Merrill would go for the retail market here because tt is strong in the US retail market, but it has not worked."

In addition to operations in the three largest Japanese cities, Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya, the US broker opened the Yokohama branch in 1988, the Kyoto branch in 1969, and the Kobe branch in 1991, by which time the Tokyo market was well inlo its descent.

Merrill Lynch said the changes in Japan were part of an interna-tional strategy to focus on institutional type investors and profit from their interest in the derivatives and yen-debt markets. "We are still deciding exactly

when the hranches will be closed. We had been hoping for more business from small and midsized companies and wealthy individuals, but we will be shift ing resourcee more to institutional business," Merrill Lyncb

Tokyo stock prices fell 26.4 per cent last year, while the daily average volume on the exchange's first section was 264.9m shares, the lowest since 1977 and a quarter that of the bubble year of 1988. Volumes are

still falling, with 170m shares traded yesterday. A foreign broker congratulated Merrill Lynch for retreat from the retail market, saying it had taken the sort of decision that loss-making Japanese brokers had avoided

Bols and Wessanen open door to more merger candidates

By Ronald van de Krof

THE MERGER between Bols, the Dutch spirits, wine and bever-Dutch spirits, wine and beverages group, and Wessanen, the Dutch foods group, is designed to produce a big new European drinks company, including further mergers, possibly with a partner outside the Netherlands. The two companies, which unveiled the terms of their share swap proposal yesterday, said the new company, to he called Bols Wessanen, would create a "dock-ing station" for potential future

merger candidates.

"The door [to talks] is open, and they don't even have to knock to be admitted," said Mr Peter Bakker Schut, chairman of Wessanen. A round of mergers would be welcome in the coming year, although no talks were tak-

ing place, he said.

Last week, Bols and Wessanen were forced to announce merger talks after rumours about a deal had leaked on to the floor of the Amsterdam stock exchange, prompting the bourse to launch an insider trading investigation. The merger will create a com-pany with turnover of Fl 4.8hn (\$2.7bn) and a workforce of around 9,000.

The merger proposal, which of its sales in the US.

the companies describe as a tie-up between equal partners, calls first for Wessanen to make a 2.5-for-one chare split to reduce the nominal value of its chares to F12, matching that of Bols'. Wessanen will then offer 1.185 new shares for each chare in Bols. The prospectus will be published in the first two weeks of March, with the deal to be completed a

Wessanen'e shareholders will own 54.5 per cent of the new company against 45.5 per cent to be held hy Bols' ehareholders, reflecting Wessanen's elightly bigger operating profit, net profit and market capitalisation. Replying to some analysts'

commente that they saw little industrial logic in the move, Mr Bakker Schnt and Mr Robert Schipper, the chairman of Bols, said the two companies had con-verged over the past 10 years. Together, they would be able to

consider acquisitions of between Fl 200m and Fl 400m a time rather than the current Fl 100m. Bols Wessanen would also have a better currency and geographic spread, with its turnover evenly divided between the US and Europe compared with Bols, with 90 per cent of its sales in Europe, and Wessanen, with 65 per cent

VW may be last

olkswagen's withdrawal last week from Swetch-Mohil. a development project for a high-fashion fun car, illustrates two topical points about Europe's leading motor manufacturer; this is no time for either extravagance or frivolity. The fact that VW, which is to

invest an average DM9bn (\$5.6bn) annually for the next five years in its vehicles operations, balked et paying a mere DM50m a year to continue work on a promising micro-car in collaboration with the Swiss watch industry, showed how closely costs ere

being scrutinised. ft provided few clues, however, to VW's responses to the bigger questions being asked: how the group will reverse increasing operating losses in the core Volkswagen division (DM1bn last year), reinstate itself in the US market where it has less than 1 per cent of market share, correct its German plants' relative cost disadvantages estimated at \$1,000 a car vis-h-vis the Japanese, compete effectively while the D-Mark is stuck at unhelpful exchange rates, deel with the domestic demand slump, and at the same time face up to the Japanese

All German carmakers face eimilar long and short-term issues, but VW is the only one not yet to present something resembling a coherent response. The new chairman, Mr Ferdinand Piech, was widely expected to correct this after the extended Christmas holiday.

However, little bee emerged apart from shuffling and fudge, A supervisory board meeting resulted in modest cuts and unclear postponements in the group's medium-term investment plan. The personnel director, responsible for this year's 5 per cent pay award (compared with less than 4 per cent in other sectors) was moved sideways.

Mr Piech's admirers had looked forward to the announcement of a grand design comprising sweep-ing job cuts - in the cumbersome management hierarchy, on the board as well as the sbop floor - and plans, et least in outline, for an overhaul of manufacturing methods.

By most estimates. VW's German manufacturing operations are carrying 50,000 surplus workers. Its flagship Wolfsburg works is regarded as a white elephant and a quality-control disaster zone. Annual sales per employee of DM286,000 in 1991 compared poorly with DM476,000 at Adam Opel, the General Molors' subsidiary, and Ford-Werke's

Mr Piech is acting more slowly than was anticipated of a man who came from Audi proclaiming: "How can I be patient while Japonese manufacturers' costs are 30 per cent better than those in Germany?" A little patience is necessary, however, while VW's

Pirelli nears target for sum raised by disposals

By Haig Simonlan in Milan

ONE OF the last pieces in the disposal of the diversified prodncts division of Italy's Pirelli tyres and cables group fell into place yesterday with the sale of its STL Superga shoes and clothing subsidiary,
The huyer, a subsidiary of the
Milan-hased Sopal investment

banking group, is paying L103bn (\$70m) for the husinesses, which involve Pirelli's Snperga shoes and K-Way sports clothing lines. The transection will give Pirelli an extraordinary gain of L70bn, to be used partly to cover extraordinary losses in the 1992 accounts stemming from restructuring and other costs.

The sale brings to L850bn the amount raised in disposals from Pirelli's diversified products division and other activities, notably property. The company has set itself e L1.000hn target for sell-offs by mid-1993.

Pirelli has now sold seven of the nine husiness units in its diversified products division. The operation was put on the block to raise cash after the failure of Pirelli'e takeover bid for Contineotal, its German rival, in November 1991. The two units etill to be sold involve transmission belts, hoses and some minor activities.

The latest disposal will reduce

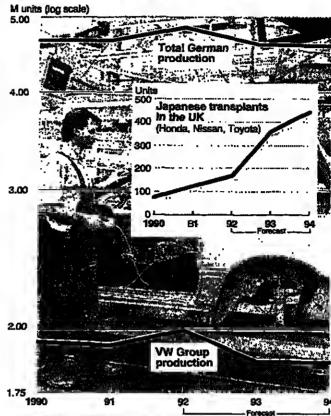
Pirellt's group deht hy about L160hn, as the purchasers are also taking around L57bn in STL Snperge deht. The company, which had sales of L260bn last year, is well known in Italy for its fashionable eports shoes. Pirelli & C, its ultimate hold-

ing company, will take 12 per cent of Snperga, while Italian and foreign investment funds are likely to take minority stakes.

to run from the Japanese bear

Christopher Parkes analyses change at Europe's leading carmaker

The chailenge facing the German car industry



new chief comes to terms with Mr Franz Steinkühler, head of the powerful IG Metall metal-

Not only does VW management have to negotiate pay and condi-tions deals with Mr Steinkühler's team, it also has to live with him as a senior member of the superiary, the German industry workforce should be cut by half -450,000 - during the next few years. Even the most modest estimates say 200,000 workers must

go to retain competitiveness. The main reason for change is the build-up of low-cost Japanese capacity in European transplant

'How can I be patient while Japanese manufacturers' costs are 30 per cent better than those in Germany?"

visory board. In e boardroom alliance with representatives of the Lower Saxony government - a Social Democrat/Green coalition that controls 20 per cent of VW shares - the union boss represents a formidable opponent to radical change, especially joh

According to Mr Louis R Hughee, former bead of Opel, General Motors' German subsid-

works, which are expected to be capable of producing up lo 2m cars a year by the end of the century (compared with 5.3m from German manufacturers). About 750,000 will be aimed at the market segments where Germeny is most strongly represented

There is a further, potent force at work; recession, which has paredoxically presented indigenous manufacturers with an opportunity. It gives manege-ment a chance to hasten changes in political and popular attitudes Thet is essential if structural adjustments are to happen with

the minimum disruption. Joh cut plans, announced by almost all German carmakers e year ago, have been accelerated. Short-time working is in operation in most plants, and VW and Opel have sought to drive home the none-too-subtle message to the workforce with extraordinarily grim forecasts of falls in German and European demend for cars this year of up to 20 per

cent and 10 per cent respectively. These measures will have compounded the shock effects of recent investment decisions BMW to open its first foreign plant in the US, Mercedes' cancellation of a DMIbn truck plant in eastern Germany and Audi's choice of Hungary instead of eastern Germany for an engine parts works.

n that climate, negotiations to postpone a further one-hour cut in western engineers' working week and to water down a deal to give their eastern colleagues full pay parity by next year have more than a fair chance of success.

If the employers win, it could signal the start of the adjustment in attitudes demanded by Mr David Herman, fresh from Saah as successor to Mr Hughes. Shocked by 10 per cent absentee-ism at Opel, where 3,500 production workers fail to turn up every day, he said it was time to start thinking and acting in global terms. "In terms of productivity, labour costs, working bours and absenteeism, the German economy has fallen steadily behind its most important competitors for the past six years," be added.
Opel, like Ford-Werke, bas

drawn heavily on its parent's experiences with the Japanese heck home in adjusting its German cost base and manufactur-ing methods. As part of its reward, and part of the price VW bas paid for its lack of attention to domestic matters, it has won market leadership in eastern Germany. Not so long ago, Germans used to enjoy their jokes about the Opel. It was a car for proles: "Jeder Popel braucht sein Opel."

Mr Hughes made his own joke about the Common car industry.

about the German car industry as be prepared to leave Opel last summer. It concerned two hunters confronted by an angry bear. One quickly pulled on his run ning sboes. The other laughed: "That's no use, the bear can easily outrun a man." "That's not the point," his pal replied. "The main thing is that I can outrun executives still like to tell it, even though few find it funny any

Change at Porsche, Page 18

Storehouse PLC

has sold

Habitat Europe

The Stichting Ingka Foundation

We acted as financial advisor to Storehouse PLC in this transaction.

Goldman Sachs International Limited

member of The Securities and Futures Authority.



January 1993

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Porsche family steps down BBL and from leading board roles

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

TWO senior members of the Porsche family are to stand down from leading roles on the supervisory board of the trouhled sports car maker to make way for "an outstanding entre-preneurial personality" from the chemicals industry.

Mr Halmut Sihler, former chairman of the management board at Henkel, was yesterday nominated as head of the Porsche supervisory board in auccession to Mr Ferdinand "F.A. Porsche, who remains a full member of the board.

Mr Sihler will also take over the board seat occupied by Mr Ferdinand "Farry" Porsche, the 83-year-old son of the company's founder, who will retain a role as honorary chairman. The changes mark a further ment culture at the group, which last year plunged into loss for the first time. Four months ago, Mr Arno Bohn was replaced as chief executive of the management board by Mr Wendelin Wiedeking, for-

mer production chief. They are likely to generate further speculation about Porsche'a future. Mr "Ferry" Porsche is regarded as one of the old guard, insisting Porsche remains independent, "as long as I am captain on board"

However, the group is tightly controllad by the founding family and the Piech family. related by marriage, which control 100 per cent of the voting shares and 40 per cent of tha preference stocks.

Most recent speculation has focused on a takeover by Volkswagen, where Mr FerdAudi, took over as chief executive on January 1.

The group has suffered badly in the international recession, particularly in the US. In the last financial year to the end of July, 1992, it lost a net DM65.8m (\$41.3m) after a profit

of DM17m. Last month, the controlling families agreed to forego their dividend antitlements on the common stock and the hoard proposed reducing the pay-out on preference shares to DM2.50 from DM10 in the previous

Mr Wiedeking said then that sales and earnings would fall

further this year. He warned that if Porsche could not increase its sales, plans to cut a fifth of the workforce would have to be

BMW expects fall in deliveries

By Christopher Parkes

BMW, the German luxury car maker, expects deliveries to distributors to fall this year for the first time since 1974.

The setback follows progress in 1992 when BMW recorded a 4.7 per cent increase in turnover and a 7.6 per cent rise in deliveries to 598,000 units. However, turnover growth was hit by currency devaluations and the increased share in sales of the cheaper 3-series. Profits, which were not disclosed, were satisfactory in the light of general conditions, the group said in a letter to share-holders yesterday. Publication of the letter

knocked DM15.30 off BMW shares in Frankfurt, which closed at the day's low of DM501.50. The DAX index of 30 leading shares fell 18.40 points to 1,569.24.

The groop said it expected world demand for new cars in 1993 to stagnate at 1992's level of 33.5m. Recovery in the US was likely to be offset by weak demand in Japan and Europe,

The group said economic improvements, expected in the

second half, would not prevent a fall in BMW deliverles for the year. This would he only the second interruption to more than 30 years of progress

Productivity improvament programmes, which last year saw 1,800 job lossea in Germany, would be continued. Last year, new BMW registrations in Europe climbed 7 per cent to 440,000 units of

Meanwhile, sales in the US rose 23 per cent to 65,700, reversing a long-term decline.

which 245,000, an increase of 6

per cent, were made in Ger-

Shares in Montedison tumble by 5%

SHARES IN Montedison, Ferruzzi's chemicals arm, fell nearly 5 per cent yesterday following suggestions that ENI, the Italian state oil concern, had taken their 1990 Enimont deal to arbitration.

In November 1990, after long negotiations. EN1 agreed to buy Montedison's 40 per stake in their jointly run chemicals and pet-

New Issue

rochemicals group, Enimont. However, Ferruzzi denied the report in Il Mundo magazine that ENI was seeking no to L800bn (\$580m) in compensation for the Enimont deal as "gratuitously inaccurate". ENI

refused to comment. Arbitration procedures were built into the sale of Montedison's stake to ENI for L2,805bn; yesterday, ENI was coy about confirming whether it invoked the arbitration panel -

This announcement appears as a matter of record only

HOGY

HOGY MEDICAL Co., Ltd.

U.S. \$50,000,000

2¾ per cent. Convertible Bonds 1997

convertible into shares of common stock of Hogy Medical Co., Ltd.

Issue Price 100 per cent.

and, if so, in what context. The spotlight has also been turned on the Enimont affair. engineered when Mr Raul Gardini still headed Ferruzzi, after Rome magistrates reopened an enquiry into the treatment of minority shareholders. This enquiry is believed to have en prompted by magistrates following up leads on alleged polltical kick-backs in the

wake of the Milan corruption

surveyors By Richard Lapper in London RAGLE STAR, the insurance

Eagle Star

unite against

subsidiary of BAT Industries, and Banque Bruxelles Lambert (BBL), the Belgian bank, are to take legal action against two firms of chartered survey-

nrs after yesterday reaching agreement in a long-running lagal dispute over mortgage indemnity insurance. Ragle Star will pay a maximum of £87.5m (\$135.7m) to

settle the dispute with RBL, which lodged an insurance claim on policies covering commarcial property loans after borrowers, including Land & Property Trust, defaulted during 1990. BBL said total loans of some

£308m had been extended to three separate property developers affecting six properties. The bank said its exposure via banking syndicates amounted to 46 per cent of this amount (or about £142m).

The total value of losses on the loans including rolled-up interest is understood to be about £220m.

The precise value of the settlement will depend on the outcome of separate legal action which the insurer and bank will jointly take against twn firms of chartered surveyors - Lewis & Tucker and John D Wood Commercial, alleging that valuations pro-vided for the six properties were negligent.

BBL will receive £70m now plus the first £35m of any cash recovered from the valuers in the joint action. Proceeds from all other monies recovered will be shared on a 50:50 basis between the two companies. Eagle Star could reduce its net loss through further recoveries from its reinsurers.

Mr Michael Heath, executive director, sald Eagle Star "was gratified" by the settlement which reduces uncertainty about company's exposure to property-related insurances.

Pre-tax losses were £394m in 1991, and £66m in the first nine months of last year. Late last year BAT Industries pumped £450m into the company to boost its solvency.

January 1993

GEC Alsthom starts German talks

By Judy Dempsey in Berlin and Andrew Baxter in London

GEC Alsthom, the Anglo-French power and transportation equipment company best known for the TGV high-speed train, has opened preliminary talks aimed at huying Deutsche Waggonbau, the large eastern German railway equip-

ment group. If the negotiations between GEC Alsthom and the Treuhand privatisation agency are successful, GEC Alsthom would gain an important foot-hold in the German rail equipsize of its transport division, which had sales of ECU1.41bn (\$1.73bn) in 1991-92 and nearly 17.000 employees.

"We are very interested in DWA," GEC Aisthom said yesterday. The Anglo-French group makes locomotives and all types of passenger rolling stock, while DWA makes nonpowered passenger vehicles. freight wagons, bodies and pas-

senger coach equipment. DWA is one of Europe's largest rail equipment manufacturers and employs more than 16,000 people. It is one of the

ment market and double the few enterprises in eastern Germany recording a profit.

The company had turnover last year of DM2hn, and achieved a profit of DM20.6m despite being forced to find new markets both in Germany and European Community countries when trade with the countries of eastern Europe virtually collapsed after

Until then, more than 80 per cent of DWA's exports went to east European markets, hut now over 40 per cent of its exports are sold to western German and EC markets.

by GEC of the UK and France's Alcatel Aisthom, does not face tough competition from German companies. The Federal Cartel office has ruled out Siemens or AEG, the most obvious purchasers, from buying

Treuhand officials had recently questioned whether it would be possible to sell off DWA given that it had lost its large Russian market, or whether any foreign company would want such a large concern that could not be easily sold off in separate tranches.

NFC to sell waste management division

By Angus Foster In Lundon

NFC, the UK transport and logistics company, is about to sell its waste management division to Wesser Waste Management, the joint venture between Waste Management of the US and Wessex Water.

The sale is expected to he finalised later this week. None of the parties would comment on the transaction, hut it is understood the sale price is slightly more than

£100m (\$152m). NFC's shares gained 10p to 271p, prompted by a circular from NatWest Securities saying the sale was "imminent". Mr Robert Miller-Bakewell, the circular's author, said the purchase was at a "fuil price" but below NFC's original target of

The deal would make Wessex Waste Management one of the UK's top five waste specialists, cehind companies such as Cleanaway and

ered several potential acquisi-tions and wants to lift annual turnover to improve margins

WWM has recently consid-

WWM, which trades under the name CK Waste, was set up in 1991.

Following the acquisition of Wimpey's waste division, it has raised annual turnover to

If the NFC deal is approved, the enlarged group's turnover would approach £80m, comwith £90m at pared Biffa, which is owned hy water company Severn

NFC's waste division, which is highly regarded, was started in 1962. It is one of the top 10 companies in the UK and especially strong in the north west. In the year ended September 1991, the division mada operating profits of £3.72m on turn-

over of \$29.8m Following a review of strategy two years ago, NFC has regularly said the division is not core to its main businesses of transport, logistics and

Annther non-core business, Pickfords Travel, was sold lest year to Airtours for £16m. NFC is also keen to expand

its logistics husiness and last year spent £75m on acquisitions in the US and Europe. This pushed year-end gearing to 55 per cent, which some analysts said was high and could hold back growth.

According to one observer, NFC decided on selling WWM because waste management is becoming dominated by large specialists who can afford heavy capital expenditure.

Rockiik

MIGHT LINE

Waste is long term and capi tal hungry so there are better places for NFC's money," he

Trumpf posts sharp profits fall as demand declines

By Andrew Baxler

TRUMPF, one of Germany's biggest machine tool builders, has announced a sharp fall in group net profits for the year ended June, due in the strength of the D Mark, steep rises in domestic costs and sluggish demand in its home

market. Privately-held Trumpf, one of the world's biggest manufacturers of machines for punching, nibbling, hending and forming sheet metal, said profits fell to DM38.7m (\$24.33m) from DM59.8m in

Worldwide turnover fell 6.2

per cent to DM677.8m - representing a relative increase in overal! market share, the com-

Demand in Germany fell 9.2 per cent, but the company was encouraged by a decline of only 3.4 per cent in sales by foreign subsidiaries, in particular. US turnover rose 30 per cent, while in the UK turnover held steady as the company increased its customer base. Dr Berthold Leibinger, presi-

dent, said: "Too much uncertainty exists worldwide, and although there have been some signs of hope from the US, we cannot say whether this signals a worldwide upturn."

Daf shares suspended ahead of funding statement

By Ronald van de Krol

TRADING in Daf, the lossmaking Dutch truckmaker, was suspended yesterday on the Amsterdam stock exchange ahead of the unveiling today of a recovery plan which is expected to involve the provision of further credit from the company's bankers based on a promise of support by the Dutch

Daf, which declined to give any details of the plan, said it had asked the stock exchange to suspend trading in its shares until after the plan is released in mid afternoon. Daf closed

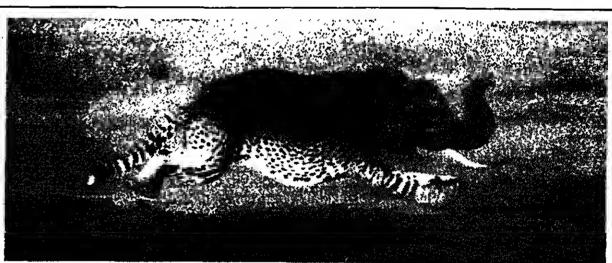
on Friday at F17.20. The Dutch government would not be drawn on whether it planned to take a stake in the company as part of efforts to provide more capital. The government already owns a small indirect stake in Daf through the chemicals group DSM, which bolds 5.9 per cent of Dafa shares and which is itself 31 per cent state-owned. British Aerospace is Daf's biggest foreign shareholder with a stake of 10.9 per cent. Other sharebolders include

ABN Amro Bank, the compa-

ance companies Aegon and

"house" bank, and insur-

We now have the strength and speed to help you move on any opportunity.



Upportunity is by nature clusive. To track it down, you need exceptional resources and agility. Today, one global financial

institution offers you that unique combination: Chemical Bank's Geoserve.

Global Custods Letters of Credit International Cash Letters Global resources. idividual solutions.

Thanks to our recent merger, we've strengthened our worldwide presence and increased our assets to \$139 billion. We've become a dominant player in the international banking services arena and the leader in U.S. Dollar cleaning. And yet, despite this prominence, we're not content to sit on our haunches. We continue to set the pace with service innovations and investments in technology.

So call Jim Witkins at (212) 270-7812 in New York, Rainer Gebhardt at 4471-932-3435 in London, or Jan Vasko at 852-841-6620 in Hong

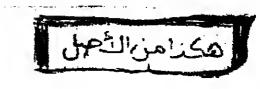
Kong. We'll show you just how quickly we can help you seize any opportunity, no matter how unpredictable the terrain.



Chemical Bank - Member SFA @ 1992 Chemical Banking







Geoserve

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited S.G. Warburg Securities Nomura International IBJ International plc

Credit Lyonnais Securities

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

UBS Phillips & Drew Securities Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited

Fuji International Finance PLC Merrill Lynch International Limited

Sanwa International plc

KOKUSAI Europe Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation

Nikko Europe Plc

Towa International Limited

Trust recorded \$761m, or \$8.82

per share, of net profits, up by 14 per cent on the \$667m, or \$7.75, earned in 1991. Mr Charles Sanford, chair-

man of Bankers Trust, said the

results demonstrated the inher-

ent strength within the bank's

ing risk management, under-writing, advisory, asset man-agement, lendlog and

operational services.
He said favourable trends in asset quality positioned the bank for a promising 1993.
The bank's capital was also

strengthened during 1992, with

total equity of \$3.8bn at year-

end, some \$397m higher than at the end of 1991. The impor-

tant tier ons capital-to-assets

ratio used by bank regulators

was 7.65 per cent at year-end.

On Wall Street, the bank's share price was \$1 % lower at

Rockwell recently reported

first-quarter net income of

\$127.8m, up 4 per cent from the same period last year. Earn-

ings per share were 58 cents, up from 54 cents.

to \$2.49bn from \$2.56bn in the

The company said sales of industrial automation and tela-

communications products rose

strongly, while earnings of its

avionics operations also

dsclined slightly. Aerospace earnings were down, reflecting

lower sales to the Space Shut-

Defence electronics earnings

first quarter of fiscal 1992.

Its sales, however, declined

\$66% before the close.

other instrument systems for navigation, flight control and use in aircraft.

man talk

t division

Suspended iding statemen

despite trading setback By Alan Friedman

BANKERS TRUST, the big New York banking group, yes-terday unveiled a healthy 24 per cent rise in fourth-quarter 1992 net earnings, to \$170m, or \$1.97 per share.

The profits improvement occurred despite balved fourthquarter trading revenues of \$101m. It was helped along by lower bad debt provisions and higher net interest and fee

The bank's net interest revenues before provisions in the fourth quarter was \$396m, sharply higher than the \$168m recorded in the last quarter of Fiduciary and funds manage-

ment generated \$158m of revenues, up by 19 per ceot yearon-year. Fees and commissions were up 9 per cent at \$144m. Fourth-quarter bad debt pro-

visions declined by 25 per cent to \$50m. Provisions for the

ROCKWELL International, the

diversified US electronics man-

ufacturer, is to acquire the

data control division of Suod-

Rockwell plans to merge the

Sundstrand unit with Collins

Commercial Avionics, its civil-

Sundstrand said in a state-

ment that the sale would result

in a "significant, con-recurring

Sundstrand Data Control

manufactures flight data and

cockpit voice recorders, ground

proximity and wiod sbear

waroing computers, flight

By Louise Kahoe

in San Francisco

strand, for \$225m.

financial gain".

ian avionics business.



Bankers Trust soars 24%

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Charles Sanford: 'Bank positioned for promising 1993'

whole of 1992 were 13 per cent lower at \$225m. Total non-performing assets were down by 4

Rockwell buys Sundstrand unit

The company has operations

"Our decision to sell Data

in Washington and Arizona

and had 1991 sales of approxi-

Control is based on our belief

that it will be better positioned

to serve future iotegrated

cockpit and flight safety markets by teaming with a

company whose core husiness

is avionics," said Mr Harry

Stonecipber, Sundstrand chair-

man, president and chief exec-

The Sundstrand unit

will be merged with Rockwell's

Collins Commercial Avionics,

use in aircraft.

mately \$216m.

US forestry group rises sharply in per cent to \$2.46bn in the final quarter of 1992. For the full year, Bankers quarter

By Karen Zagor

WEYERHAEUSER, the US forest products group, yester-day posted sharp gains in fourth-quarter earnings, reflecting improved economic conditions and the benefits of

the company's restructuring. Net income for the three months to December 27 was \$85.3m, or 42 cents a share, on sales which rose 10 per cent to \$2.34bn.

A year earlier, Weyerhaeuser took restructuring charges of \$283m which contributed to a fourth-quarter loss of \$256.4m, or \$1.27, on sales of \$2.13hn. Excluding special items, it earned \$26.6m, or 13

cents, o year ago. For the whole of 1992, earnings amounted to \$372m, or \$1.83, on sales of \$9.2bn, against a net loss of \$162m, or 80 cents, on sales of \$8.7bn.

Stripping out one-time liems in 1991, the group earned \$182.1m, or 90 cents, last year. Its timberlands and wood products division posted near record fourth-quarter earn

ings, driven by strong prices. The company benefited from environmental regulations which have reduced the snpply of timber and pushed np

Operating profits from forest products stood at \$175m for the quarter and \$515m for the year. A year earlier, the divi-sion had a fourth-quarter loss of \$67m and earnings of \$155m for the year, including restructuring charges of \$152m in the 1991 fourth quar-

Pulp and paper operations saw operating profits of \$47.8m in the 1992 fourth quarter and \$251m for the

based in lowa, wbicb produces communications, management systems and Slow economy restrains Corning

By Karen Zagor

CORNING, the US specialty glass group, yesterday reported a 6 per cent improvement in underlying fourth-quarter earnings to \$91.6m. or 47 cents

During the quarter, Coming adopted new accounting standards which reduced reported net locome by \$45.3m. Corning's post-retlrement benefits expense increased by \$5.1m. including these items, net

income fell to \$41.2m, or 21 cents a share, from \$85.6m, or 45 cents last year.

Sales rose 21 per cent to 1991. \$996.2m from \$826.3m.

chairman, said: "The strong improvement in consolidated operations was led throughout the year by growth businesses, primarily optical fibre and cable, laboratory services and environmental prod-

"However, we continued to be restrained by a sluggish world economy, particularly in Brazil, Europe and Japan."

For the full year, Corning posted a net loss of \$12.6m, or 8 cents, on sales of \$3.71hn, against oet income of \$316.8m,

Stripping out one-time items

Mr James Houghton, in both years, Corning's 1992 earnings rose 10 per cent to \$343.4m, or \$1.81.

The company's Dow Corning 50-50 joint venture with Dow Chemical, which was once the largest maker of silicone gel breast implants, continued to hurt Corning's earnings.

Weak operating results and one time-charges at Dow Corn-ing reduced equity company earnings significantly in both ths fourtb quarter and full

Corning said the decline was against oet income of \$316.8m, moderated by strong earnings or \$1.69, on sales of \$3.26hn in from Samsung-Coroling, which more than doubled its earn-

Gerber earnings decline 10%

GERBER Products, the US consumer products and services group, reported third-quarter net earnings of \$26.5m, or 36 cents a share. This compared with \$14.5m, or 19 ceots, a year earlier, but this was after an after-tax charge of \$16m, or 21 cents, to restructure the company's apparel operations, Reuter reports from Fremont.

The group, which raised baby food prices in October, blamed the 10 per cent profits fall, excluding the charge, on a drop in orders due to higher price competition and a declin ing US birth-rate.

Nvnex to buy back 8m shares

NYNEX, the US telecommunications group, is repurchasing up to 8m of its common shares in the open market on January 26, in a programme lasting up to 10 years, Reuter reports from New York. As stock options are exer-

cised repurchased shares will be released into the open market. On February 1, Nynex will begin a separate repurchase programme to buy 2.6m common shares in 1993.

Ivaco to sell 52% Laclede stake

has put its 52 per cent controlling interest in Laclede up for sale, writes Robert Gibbens in Montreal.

Laclede, based in the US, has nearly 1m tonnes of modern steelmaking capacity and several product plants. It has weathered the recession in good shape, with book value at around US\$100m.

IVACO, a Canadian steel high debt load from rapid products group with 75 per expansion in the early 1980s, cent of its business in the US, has been hit by the long has put its 52 per cent controldollar from 1988 to early 1992. It has appointed Paine Web-

ber, the New York investment bankers, to find a buyer. Lower interest charges and other non-operating factors helped Imperial Oil, Canada's biggest oil company and a sub-sidiary of Exxon of the US, lift net earnings by 20 per cent last However, Ivaco, carrying a year, writes Bernard Simon.

umes, pipeline limitations and narrower margins on refined products continued to depress the company's operating per-

Net earnings rose to C\$195m (US\$152.3m), or C\$1.01 a share, from C\$162m, or 84 cents, ln 1991. Fourth-quarter earnings were C\$51m, compared with a C\$124m loss. Annual revenues fell to C\$9.13bn from

Norwegian bank losses revised upwards

By Karen Fossil In Oslo

THE NORWEGIAN Banks Associatioo, a group representing the country's commercial banks, has increased its estimate of members' 1992 composite losses to NKr4bn to NKr5bn from NKr3bn (\$442m).

It warned that some banks may also need state cash in 1993. in the past five years, the state has injected an estimated NKr20bn to prop up the ailing commercial bank sector.

The association estimated tbat the commercial banks' combined credit loss in 1992 was NKr8bn to NKr9bn, down from a record NKr15bn in 1991. The banks' non-performing loans in 1992 hit NKr20bn while property acquired by the banks last year due to defaults

on loans had a total value of NKr7bn, resulting in an estimated loss of income of NKr3bn

It has also been estimated that the valua of domestic commercial and residential property in the past five years has plunged by NKr500bn, result-ing in the banks writing-off an estimated NKr60bn on their property portfolios.

The association said that high interest rates on deposits had made it more attractive for the banks to raiss capital domestically, rather than in international capital markets. London-based financial ana-

lyst Fox Pitt, Kelton warned in a report that Den norske Bank, Norway's biggest bank, was not likely to post earnings until 1995.

"Further large losses antici-pated for 1993 could be sufficiently large to wipe out at least some of [DnB's] preference capital. In any case, no meaningful earnings are likely before 1995, by which time dilution from the conversion of government preference stock could be huge," the analyst

DnB's ordinary share capital was written down to zero by the government at the end of Novambar, after losses bad plunged the bank's capital adequacy below the minimum 8 per cent requirement.

The stats was tharefora forcad to provide DnB with NKri.5bn in new preference capital and a guarantee of NKr600m, boosting its DnB shareholding to an esti-

 Norway's 134 savings banks achieved their best perfor-

mance last year, turning s combined net loss of NKrl.63bn in 1991 into a profit of NKr850m for 1992, according to preliminary figures revealed by the Savings Banks' Associa-tion. The sharp improvement in 1992 was helped by reduced credit losses, higher net inter-est income and lower operating

"The savings banks are on their way out of the [banking] crisis. There is much work left to ba done - like reducing further credit losses and improving earnings - before we can say the [savings] banks are completely out of the crisis." said Mr Hans Halle, an association executive.

The FT will be publishing its first survey on Iran for eight years on February 8 1993.

Rich in internal resources, Iran is once again becoming a magnet for international business inter-cat. With the Iran-Iraq war well nities.
For further information call
Tina-Louise Collins
Tel: 071-873 3230
Fax: 071-873 3595

FT SURVEYS

BANK OF GREECE US\$150,000,000 Floating rate notes 1994

Notice is hereby given that the rate of interest relating to the above issue has been fixed at 5.25 per cent for the period 26 January 1993 to 26 April 1993. Total interest payable on 26 April 1993 will amount to US\$265,42 per US\$10,000 note and US\$6,635.42 per US\$250,000 note.

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

Republic of Austria U.S. \$300,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2003

in accordance with the provisions of In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the six month period ending 26th July, 1993 has been fixed at 5% per annum. The interest accruing for such six month period will be U.S. 525.28 per U.S. \$1,000 Bearer Note, and U.S. \$252.78 per U.S. \$10,000 Bearer Note and U.S. \$2,527.78 per U.S. \$100,000 Bearer Note on 26th July 1993 against presentation of July, 1993 against presentation of Coupon No. 1. Union Bank of Switzerland London Sranch Agent Bank

21st January, 1993

JPY 15,000,000,000 **BRITISH AIRPORTS** FINANCE B.V. Floating Rate Guaranteed Notes due 1996

> Interest Rate 8.725% p. a. Interest Period January 25, 1993 July 26, 1993 Internet Amount due on JPY 10,000,000 JPY 188,919

TOTAL CONTRACT BANQUE GENERALE DU LIZZEMBOURG Agent Bank

FINANCIAL TIMES

Read the Financial Times Magazine for Expatriates

Try us FREE for two months - you've nothing to lose

Right now, you may be working abroad for your company and your posting will have taken you anywhere from Eastern Europe to the west coast of America. Alternatively, you may be enjoying a well earned retirement.

Whatever the case, there is one magazine dedicated to understanding the specific needs of the expatriate: Resident Abroad. Every month Resident Abroad, a Financial Times magazine, offers you guidance

on a host of financial opportunities open to you as an expatriate.

There is regular coverage on your tax position showing how you can exploit this to the full – and Resident Abroad is always looking for new and exciting investment opportunities. As well as a regular review of the top 20 world stockmarkets, you get statistical tables of up-to-date information on the performance of funds from UK equities to internotional bonds.

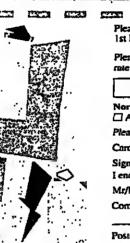
In addition to offshore investment opportunities, Resident Abroad has a regular review of the lotest UK property prices and gets full marks for its coverage of the educational opportunities for children,

But it's not just about finance. Resident Abroad also looks at the leisure side of working and living abroad from going on holiday to learning local customs and more.

Take out a year's subscription to Resident Abroad now and receive 14 issues with your first two copies absolutely FREE. Post the order form today.



A FINANCIAL TIMES MAGAZINE RESIGENT ABROAO, 1st Floor, Central House, 27 Park Street, Croydon CRO 1YD, U.K.



Please return to Resident Abroad Subscriptions Dept., 1st Floor, Central House, 27 Park Street, Croydon CR0 1YD, U.K. Please tick the appropriate boxes below to indicate your subscription rate and payment method. YES Please send me the next 14 issues of One year subscription (incl P+P)
Resident Abroad. My first two issues are free.
U.K. £42 North Africa and Middle East ☐ Airspeeded £56 ☐ Airmail £64 Airspeeded £59 Airmail £78 Access 🖂 Visa 🗀 Amex 🖂 Card No. Expiry Date I enclose my cheque payable to FT Business Enterprises Ltd.

Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms Company/Private Address

F.T. SUSINESS ENTERPRISES LIMITED
Registered Address; Number One, Southwark Bridge, London SE(9HL, Registered number; 980896
The Information you provide may be used to keep you informed of other F.T.B.J. products and may be used by third partie
[Data Protection Act 1984 + Reg. D0769 026) [2] I prefer not to receive promotional militings from other companies.
RESIDENT ABROAD, Lat Floor, Central House, 27 Park Street, Croydon CR0 1YD, U.K.



REPUBLIC NEW YORK CORPORATION SAFRA REPUBLIC HOLDINGS S.A.

Consolidated Statements of Condition

		C NEW YORK DRATION		EPUBLIC NGS S.A.		
		December 31,		December 3		
	1992	1991	1992			
Assets		(in thousands of US	ι			
Cash and due from banks Interest bearing deposits with banks Precious metals Investment securities	5 490,711 10,562,885 412,105 12,331,471	\$ 412,026 8,776,578 278,309 9,666,692	\$ 34,915 3,759,581 619 5,194,337	\$ 48,26 3,276,09 77 4,160,74		
Trading account securities	702,479	268,950	37,327	9,53		
under resale agreements	1,505,274 8,007,457 (241,020)	10,546 8,568,958 (227,454)	1,101,451 (52,376)	1,328,84 (13,80		
Loans (net)	7,766,437 3,375,026	8,341,504 3,466,200	1,049,075 276,005	1,315,04 256,50		
Total assets	\$37,146,388	\$31,220,805	\$ 10,351,859	\$ 9.066,96		
Liabilities						
Total deposits	21,102,187 5,738,822	20,382,902 1,802,744	6,897,172 1,542,287	6,945,94 477,98		
Other liabilities Long term debt Subordinated long-term debt and perpetual capital notes	3,408,529 2,502,497 2,130,924	3,917,159 1,718,882 1,401,543	233,053 547,600	151,48 392,00		
Shareholders' Equity	2,130,724	1,101,110				
Common stock and surplus, net of treasury shares	556,425 708,642 998,362	456,925 708,530 832,140	902,490 229,257	907,37 192,17		
Total shareholders' equity	2,263,429	1,997,595	1,131,747	1,099,54		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$37,146,388	\$31,220,805	\$ 10,351,859	\$ 9,066,96		
Book value per share	32.71	29.60	63.92	61.7		
Client portfolio assets in custody			3,056,873	2,212,65		

Summary of Results

Net income, for the year ended Net income per common share Average common shares outstanding	\$ 258,883 4.42 52,204	\$ 227,360 3.95 51,852	s s	92,466 5.22 17,709	\$ \$	84,475 4.75 17,799

Republic New York Corporation Fifth Avenue at 40th Steet New York, New York 10018

Safra Republic Holdings S.A. 32, boulevard Royal 2449 Luxembourg

Banking Locations

Geneva, Gibraltar, Guernsey, London, Lugano, Luxembourg, Milan, Monte Carlo, Paris, Zurich, Severly Hills, Cayman Islands, Los Angeles,
Mexico City, Miami, Montreal, Nassau, New York, Suenos Aires, Caraças, Montevideo, Punta del liste. Rin de Janeiro, Santiago, Seirut, Seijing, Hong Kong, Jakarta, Singapore, Taipei, Tokyo

The above statements of condition represent the consolidated accounts of Republic New York Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiaries and Safra Republic Holdings S.A. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. Republic New York Corporation owns 48.9% of Safra Republic Holdings S.A., which is accounted for by the equity method.

On a fully consolidated basis, total assets exceed US\$46 billion and total capital, including minority interest and subordinated debt, exceeds US\$ 4.9 billion.

Questcorp For futther information call: 071-971 9772.



INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Arnotts looks at buy-back scheme to prop shares

By Kevin Brown in Sydney

ARNOTTS, the Australian biscuit company, is considering a share buy back scheme to support the share price after the closure on Thursday of a takeover offer by Campbell Soup, the US food group.

Arnotts said the scheme had been suggested by Schroders Australia, the merchant bank which is advising the board. The buy-back would apply to up to 10 per cent of the stock. However, Mr David Johnson, Campbell managing director, said the scheme was "a transparent ruse born of panic". Mr Johnson said Campbell would use its shareholding to block

· "Campbell clearly has the power to block the buy-back. Make no mistake, we would use that power," be said. 'Arnotts' shares have consis-

tently traded above Campbell's offer price of A\$9.50, but analysts have suggested they (US\$4.80) after the offer closes.

Schroders is believed to have suggested that the buy back scheme might persuade institutional sharebolders to reject Campbell's offer by providing an alternative buyer for part of

Mr Paul Binstead, a Schroders director, said Campbell had agreed to the inclusion of buy back provisions in Arnotts' articles of association in 1990. However, Mr. Binstead said no decision on whether to proceed with the buy-back would be made until after the offer expires.

Campbell has lifted its stake in Arnotts to 34.1 per cent from 33 per cent since launching the bid. However, Campbell needs 85.1 per cent of the sbares to control the board because of a 1985 shareholding

Mr Bill Purdy, Arnotts' chairman, said he was confident that Campbell had "no chance" of acquiring control because small shareholders and members of the Arnott family were reluctant to sell.

Pioneer Electronic buys 66% of French sales group

PIONEER Electronic of Japan through MDF since 1973. has purchased a 66 per cent stake in Musique Diffusion Française (MDF) of France, formerly a sales distributor of Pioneer in France, AP-DJ reports from Tokyo.

The French company, which will change its name to Pioneer Setton, is located in the suburbs of Paris. Pioneer has been selling its

products, including audio and video goods, in the market

Western Australia has pro-

posed a merger of state-owned R&I Bank of Western Austra-

lia with Challenge Bank, a

small commercial bank based

in the state, AP-DJ reports

Pioneer did not reveal the cost of its purchase. The remaining 34 per cent stake is beld by Mr J.J. Setton, chair-man of the new company and formerly the owner of MDF.

Pioneer has also acquired the 30 per cent it didn't own in a joint audio products venture with MDF, making the company, Pioneer Electronics France a wholly-owned subsid-

W Australia banks to merge R&I Bank said the proposal had "attractions" but it would prefer to wait until late 1994, after It expected to improve its

financial performance. R&I Bank has total assets of A\$9.9bn (US\$6.8bn.) Assets at Challenge total A\$3.4bn. .

Randgold edges back into the black

By Philip Gawith

A TURNROUND into profit at the Harmony gold mine helped Randgold, the gold arm of the Barlow Rand group, to record a R6.7m (\$2.2m) after-tax profit during the December quarter compared to a R6.5m loss in the previous quarter.

Harmnny's performance, achieved with special government dispensation to blast on Sundays, and to blast more than once in 24 hours, could well be instrumental in hastening reform of restrictive laws which hamper productivity in the gold mining indus-try. A number of other marginal mines have recently sought similar exemptions

from the government.

Harmnny Itself made an after-tax profit during the quarter of R8.5m compared with a R5.7m loss the previous onarter. Mr John Turner. chairman of Harmony, said permission to blast on Sun-days, granted in September, had diminished the risk of clo-

He added that the mine was not yet out of the woods and would have to maintain current levels of grade and production to stay profitable. This required continuing Snnday nnerations. The exemption granted in this respect is to be reviewed in March.

During the December quarter, Harmony produced an extra 563kg of gold, out of a tntal production of 5,305kg. This contributed an extra R13.2m working profit to the

mine's results. Harmony, with a 14,600 workforce, is the largest marginal mine in the industry. Its clusure would have serious implications for the nearby Free State town of Virginia.

Elsewhere in the group, Durhan Deep had a steady quarter with after-tax profits of R963,000, against R1m. Increased production and lower costs helped Blyvoorultzicht lift taxed profit to R4.3m from R1.5m.

Losses at ERPM rose to R7m from R3.4m with production to 1,539kg from 1,685kg.

Merchant bankers flock to Rome

Plans to privatise Italy's state sector are starting to take shape, writes Haig Simonian

Piero Barucci: overseeing

restructuring prior to a reduc-

tion in the state's sharehold-

Corporation, Paribas and Laz-

ards are still locked in the

seemingly interminable task of

advising ENI on the flotation of its Agip and Snam subsid-izries. The timing – the deal

was initially to have been com-

pleted by the end of last year

has suffered from changes in government policy between

floating the subsidiaries or ENI

has been Wasserstein Perella, the US investment bank

formed by former First Boston

employees. In spite of its rela-

ally large slice of business.

on restructuring its SME food,

retailing and catering subsid-

But the clear winner so far

Goldman Sachs, Swiss Bank

Italy's privatisation plans

bankers are flooding to Rome as plans to privatise many of the companies within Italy's overblown state sector take shape.

Their enthusiasm is understandable. The government hopes to raise L27,000bn years through asset sales. while IRI, the state holding company, is hudgeting on a further L24,000bn as a means of reducing borrowings running close to L70,000bn.

All this is music to the ears of the world's merchant bankers: and the Italian treasury neaded by Mr Piero Barucci the treasury minister, is their first port of call.

Since the new Amato government took office in June, the treasury has become the crucial force in the privatisation process. Political placemen in state-owned companies have been largely replaced by senior treasury officials, while the six-man committee of senior hankers and economists looking into privatisation reports directly to Mr Barucci. Although privatisation is still in its infancy, the competi-

tion among bankers has already revealed some winners and losers. Most prominent among the latter are the Italian houses. Italy's merchant banks often present themselves as equal to big London and New York rivals when It comes to domestic business. So far they look to have been left out in

Mediobanca, Italy's leading mercbant bank, and Istituto Mobiliare Italiano, the publicsector financial services group, have been given a broad mandate to advise the treasury.

BANG & OLUFSEN, the Danish audio and video equipment maker, made a DKr67m (\$10.9m) pre-tax loss for the six months to November, against a profit of DKr2m last time, writes Hilary Barnes in Copenhagen. Sales fell from DKr1.16bn to DKr1.06bn.

Last month, the group announced 400 redundancies and a reorganisation of Its European sales organisation. Charges for changes in the sales network and the lower nntil February 16, writes turnover were hlamed for

HE world's investment But IMI, which has been asked by the ENI state holding company to advise on selling its Nuovo Pignone engineering subsidiary, is the only domestic bank so far to have been given a sizeable specific man-

The absence of Italian (\$18.5bn) in the next three houses reflects their inexperience in privatisation business. No Italian bank yet has the expertise to handle a major valuation based on comparative experience abroad. Competitive and political

considerations also contribute. Italian banks needing corporate finance advisers have traditionally looked abroad to avoid revealing confidential information to domestic rivals. in other cases, the choice of a prestigious international bank has stemmed from political concerns to underline the job is being done fairly and without party political pressure.

British merchant hanks have emerged well so far. S.G. Warburg has won plaudits for valuing IMI, in which the government is trying to sell its 50 per cent stake. Barings is valuing the big INA insurance group, while Kleinwort Benson last year valued the treasury's share in the Credico long-term lending bank. Some US houses have also

prospered. IRI chose Merrill Lynch to recommend strategies, and find buyers, for its 67 per cent stake in Credito Italiano, Italy's sixth-biggest bank. Lehman Brothers is starting to see the rewards for months of painstaking work for Fin-meccanica and Stet, IRI's engineering and telecommunications subsidiaries. Though not yet privatisation candidates, both are poised for substantial

charged with finding buyers for the various operations on the block. Earlier, it advised SME on

disposing of some smaller joint ventures. And it has established a strong rapport with Finmeccanica, whose Esaote Riomedica subsidiary it is now trying to sell.

Wasserstein Perella's success has created ill-feelings among lts rivals, particularly banks which have both commercial and investment banking relationships with the state holding companies. "We are one of the biggest foreign lenders to IRI, which borrows at highly competitive rates," saya one leading European bank repre-sentative. "But so far we haven't had any advisory husiness, in spite of submitting various interesting and competitive proposals."

Wasserstein Perella's mandates have triggered allegations, so far only in private, that it has benefited from privileged contacts with the Amato

In April 1991, Wasserstein appointed Mr Franco Reviglio, a prominent university profes-sor and former ENI chairman, as an Italy-based "senior international adviser". When the new government took office, Mr Reviglio became budget minister, putting him in one of the three key ministries concerned with privatisation.

tively small size and youth Wasserstein Perella asserts compared with its rivals, it has Mr Reviglio tarminated his aiready won a disproportioncontract on election as a Socialist party senator in the April 1992 polls. "That was Wasserstein Perella's higgest prize has been in advising IRI months before he even knew would be made a minister, says a banker. Since then, proiary. After bineprinting the fessional contacts with the break-np, it has now been bank are said to have wholly

view the bank's recent sucesses with disquiet.

It takes more, however, than a senior Italian figurehead to win mandates. The presence of Mr Romano Prodi, a former IRI chairman, as adviser to Goldman Sachs, a top Wall Street name, has not won it any IRI privatisation business so far.

Indeed, some bankers auggest having a heavyweight Italian official on the letterhead can be a positive disadvantage. Though potentially useful as an intermediary thanks to privileged friendships or party political contacts, "their backgrounds can often close as many doors as they open". says one banker.

"You must remember the Italian system is based on consensus. It only takes one veto to block a mandate," says a senior official at one state hold ing company. "In ftaly, it's probably more important to have few enemies than lots of

But personal factors do count up to a point. Wasser stein Perella's success is partly. based on the relationships established when Wasserstein officials were still working for First Boston. The latter advised Finmeccanica on crucial deals such as the sale of Alfa Romeo and the acquisition of Bailey Controls in the US. They also worked for SME on other transactions.

"That created a firm bond for winning future mandates", notes one IRI executive. The risk for a relatively small house like Wasserstein Perella is to ensure customer relationshins rest on more than one individual to avoid disruption should key staff jump ship.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

the poor first-half result. The group eaid December sales were satisfactory, and forecast a break-even result for the current half year.

Illinois Tool Works (ITW), the US engineering group, has extended its A394m (US\$64.8m) takeover offer for Siddons Ramset, the Australian hardware and fasteners group,

ITW, which has bid A\$2 a share for Siddons through an Australian subsidiary, said it had extended the bid to allow financial institutions more

time to accept. Pacific BBA, a subsidiary of BBA, the UK toolmaker, effectively abandoned a rival bid for Siddons earlier this month by announcing that Its Assam offer would not be increased or extended beyond the deadline of January 37.

Brierley Investments, the New Zsaland investment group, has unwound a joint venture with Guinness Peat Group (GPG), the UK investment company, set up to acquire Australian Consolidated Investments (Acil). Mr Paul Collins, chief execu-

tive; said Brierley had acquired

GPG's half-share in Rossington Investments, the joint venture vehicle owning 96 per cent of

Rossington bought Acil for A\$131m (US\$90.3m) in May last vear after a takeover battle orchestrated by Sir Ron Brierley, the New Zealand entrepreneur, who is chairman of GPG and a director of Brierley.

Acil recently sold its main asset, National Brewing Holdings, one of Australia's two main brewers, to Lion Nathan, the New Zealand brewer.

Scudder, Stevens & Clark, Inc.

We are pleased to announce the following appointments effective January 1, 1993:

Managing Directors

Andrew F. Economos David H. Glen Gary P. Johnson

Viswanath Khaitan Thomas M. Poor G. West Saltonstall

Edmund J. Thimme, Jr.

Principals

Elizabeth J. Allan Thomas Breslawski Iav Bresnehan Peter Chin Janet E. Curneen Joseph Ferris Christopher L. Gootkind Adam M. Greshin Raymond H. Hamel John A. Lundin Steven M. Meltzer

Michael J. Nesspor Jeremy L. Ragus Kimberly A. Raynor Dixie I. Ruud Isabel M. Saltzman John L. Schaefer Sumio Shimoyama Trond Skramstad Jack W. Smock, Jr. Peter A. Taylor Christopher L. Wilson

SCUDDER



on, Chicago, Cincinnati, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, Portland (OR), San Francisco and West Palm Beach Wholly Owned Subsidiaries: London, Tokyo and Toronto

FIRST CITY BANCORPORATION OF TEXAS, INC. US\$100,000,000 FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE **JANUARY 1995**

In accordance with the proof the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the three month period 26th January 1993 to 26th April 1983 has been fixed at a rate of 5 1/1% per annum. Interest will therefore be payable at US\$131.25 per US\$10,000 note oo 26th April 1993.

CHEMICALBANK

U.S. \$75,000,000 **SWEDBANK** (Sparbankernas Bank) Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 1997

Notes due 1997

Notice is hereiby given that for the three months interest Period from Jenuary 25, 1993 to April 26, 1993 the Notes will carry an interest page of 3% to per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payable of U.S. \$2,226.56 and U.S. \$89.06 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$29,06 will be payable per U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of Registered Notes.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

% Nationwide £80,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due July 1998 For the three months 21st January, 1993 to 21st April, 1993 the Notes will carry an interest

rate of 71% per annum with s coupon amount of GBP 191.10 per GBP 10,000 Note, payable on 21st April, 1993.
Nationwide Building Society

Benkers Trust Company, London Agent Bas

Fly JAL and earn a free ticket to Hawaii.

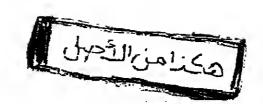
Call your nearest JAL office for details of JAL Mileage Bank Europe.



120

FT GUIDE TO WORLD CURRENCIES The table below gives the latest available rates of exchange (rounded) against four key currencies on Monday, January 25, 1993, in some cases the rate is nominal. Market rates are the average of buying and selfing rates except where they are shown to be otherwise. In some cases market rates have been calculated from those of foreign currencies to which they are tied. US S Q-MARK 20.4738 0.8111 0.801 1109.88 2802.30 4.7620 1.5595 0.4464 2.2500 50.50 12.316 2762.37 7.8974 1771.32 5.0218 1126,35

Addrestations: (a) Free rate: (b) Banknote rate: (c) Commercial rate: (d) Controlled rate: (e) Essential Imports: (d) Financial rate: (h) Exports: (f) Buying rate: (i) Luxury goods: (m) Market rate: (n) Public transaction rate: (o) Official rate: (ii) preferential rate: (ii) commercial rate: (iii) Public transaction rate: (ii) Official rate: (iii) preferential rate: (iii) Commercial rate: (iii) Financial rate: (iii) Financial rate: (iii) Monday, London Trading Centre. Enquiries: (iii) Monday, January 25, 1993



INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Treasuries rise on hopes of tough approach to deficit Israel may lift

By Patrick Harverson in New York and Antonia Sharpe and Sara Webb in London

US TREASURY prices surged at the long end of the market yesterday morning on growing hopes that the Clinton administration will take a tough line on tackling the budget deficit.

GOVERNMENT BONDS

By midday, the beochmark 30-year government bond was up 12 at 10413, yielding 7.250 per cent. At the short end of the market, the two-year note was only slightly firmer, up & at 1003, to yield 4.214 per cent.

The market opened higher as investors and dealers got their first chance to react to Sunday's comments by Mr Lloyd Bentsen, the new treasury secretary, which suggested that the White House views cutting the deficit as a top priority. in particular, Treasury inves-tors welcomed his reference to

the possible introduction of a broad hased energy tax that would be part of a plao to reduce the deficit by about \$145bo over the next four

Until recently, the bond markets have been concerned, not to say sceptical, about Presi-deot Bill Clinton's willingness to tackle the deficit issue at a time when he wants to increase economic growth through tax cuts and speoding increases. Mr Beotseo's remarks helped address some of those concerns.

■UK government bond prices fell in quiet trading ahead of tomorrow's auction of £2.5hn of 81/2 per ceot Treasury stock dua 2007. The long and fell about % point while the shorter end aased about %

With all eyes on the auction, prices failed to respond to the day's data which economists said were broadly encouraging since they pointed to a further cut in interest rates. Lending hy banks and huild-

ing societies (M4) rose a sea-socially adjusted £0.2hn in December, an improvement on the November figure when lending fell by £0.8hn, but bclow market forecasts of a rise of £1.8hu. This suggested the private and corporate sectors remained wary of accumulating oew debts.

The Liffe March gift future ended down if at 100% in moderate volume of 18,818 lots.

■GERMAN government bond

FT FIXED INTEREST INDICES Jan 25 Jan 22 Jan 21 Jan 20 Jan 19 ago 93.99 94.05 93.48 93.28 109.26 108.89 108.67 108.74 GILT EDGED ACTIVITY Jan 22 Jan 21 Jan 20

prices fell on press reports that the German pay talks had bro-keo down, which prompted profit-taking after the recent advance. As a result, the market ignored the better-than-expected M3 data for December, which showed an annualised rise of 8.8 per cent against fore-

casts of more than 9 per cent, .The market was cautious ahead of today's bond launch by the Treuhand privatisation agancy. Dealers expect a 10year issue in the region of

Tha Liffe March bund contract traded just above the day's low of 92.66 in late trading, compared with a day's high of 93.01 and Friday's close of 92.97, in average volume of just over 44,610 lots.

FRENCH government bond prices fell further than their German counterparts, as the market turned its ottention to the fortbcoming legislative elections in March.

124.8

Fading hopes of an interest rate cut, a slight firming of three-month funds and some concern that the franc might come under renewed pressure prompted investors to take their profite

March futures lost over half a point to settle at their lowest level for two weeks. The contract ended 54 basis points down at 112.86 on good volume

₩ ECU band prices slipped in the absence of a cut in French interest rates. The Matif Ecu futures contract fell from an opening of 110.04 to a low of 109.70, and eoded at 109.78. However, traders expect Thursday's auction of French

privatisation with BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS
 Cospon
 Red Date
 Price
 Change
 Yield

 10.000
 10/02
 107 S104
 + 0.084
 8.77
 Yield ago 8.77 8.85 bond conversions 8.750 06/02 107.2500 -0.250 7.63 7.51 9.000 11/09 102.9600 -0.625 8.46 8.46 By Hugh Carnegy FRANCE ATAN 0.500 03/97 101,9168 -0.486 8.500 11/02 103,9700 -0.650 8.000 07/02 105 6200 -0.150 7.18 7.09 7.23 12 000 05/02 95.2900 -0.510 13 29f 13,42 15.39 4.800 06/99 102.5765 + 0.156 5.500 03/02 107.6687 -0.177 4.21 4.23 4.33 4.36 NETHERLANDS 8.250 06/02 107,1800 -0.230 7.17 7.10 7.25 10.300 08/02 81.4800 -0.670 11.82 12.07 12.43 10.800 11/96 108-26 -9/32 9.750 08/02 108-09 -8/32 9.000 10/08 101-23 -11/32 7.02 7.13 8.35 8.42 8.81 8.82 8.375 06/02 98-29 + 16/32 7.625 11/22 104-13 + 19/32 6.53 6.59 7.26 7.36

donts.) Pricos: US, UK in 32nds, others in decimal

government Ecu boods to treasury announced on Friday that it plans to auction Ecu500 to Ecu700m of a new 10-year Ecu stock. This will be the first substantial issue of Ecu boods since Denmark's rejection of the Maastricht treaty in June last year which threw the Ecu

bond market into confusion. France has been one of the most significant issuers of Ecu bonds but has not sold large amounts of Ecu honds since

ECU (French Govt) 8.500 (02/02 102.7250 0.600 8.07 8.22 8.63 London closing, "denotes New York morning session Yields: Local market stands I Gross sonusi yield (including withholding lax at 12.5 per cent payable by non-re-**Technical Date/ATLAS Price Source** More than \$1.16bn was raised,

> April 1993. The return hy the French to the Ecu bond market is seen as an important abow of confidence in the Ecu, dealers said. ■ THE Swiss government bond

market was enlivened by the government's announcement of a maximum of SFrihn of 5% per cent bonds due 1998. Subscriptions close oo Thursday and the issue price and final issue amount will he

Corrigan in London ISRARL is considering making some government accuritles sold overseas convertible io to equity under the state's indus-trial privatisation plans, the

head of the Israel Bonds organ-isation said yesterday. Last year was a record for sales of Israel boods, a longstanding source of borrowing for the state, mainly from the Jewiah diaspora in the US.

compared with \$990m in 1991. But the high price paid, as long-term interest rates lagged declines in short-term rates, and the prospective easing of Israel's external horrowing costs due to the granting of US loan guarantees has led the government to scale down its target for the sale of bonds through the organisation in

1993 to \$1bn. Meanwhile, Israel is keep to press ahead with its first borrowing under the \$10bn loan guarantees programme provided by the US government, according to the accountant general's office.

Thirteen US banks are competing for the mandate to arrange tha issue in the US bond market. Morgan Stanley is acting as an adviser on the programme and so is excluded from the bidding process. The offering could total up to \$2bn. which would cover a projected \$2hn current account deficit.

The structure of the deal has not yet been decided, but the bonds could have a life of up to 30 years, the maximum length of the US government guaran-excessively expensive.

tee. However, the positive yield government from tapping the long end of the market, where

Mr Meir Rosenoe, president of the Development Corporation for Israel, the Israel Bonds organisation, said in Jerusalem that the finance ministry was discussiog a scheme under which bonds could he exchanged for shares in government companies being privatised as a new way of channelling the investments being made in bonds.

He also said he was shifting the emphasis in honds marketing towards cheaper 15-year current income bonds. These carry a 4 per cent annual inter est payment and are considered the classic "soft" instrument for attracting investment from Jewish communities. Last year, they accounted for only 8 per cent of all sales.

Half the total - \$584m was raised via a variable rate bond carrying interest of 7.5 per cant until it was withdrawo in July. Mr Rosenna said he wanted to increase sales of the lower interest honds to 20 per cent of the total. "That would put us in much better shape," he said.

The government originally set a target of \$1.5bn for 1992, believing a flood of immigration from the former Soviet Union would lead to balance of payments problems. But a slowdown in immigration rates and the granting of the US loan guarantees quickly changed the picture, making the boods programme appear

Sweden to launch Y200bn, four-year Samurai deal

By Tracy Corrigan

SWEDEN plans to follow up its Yloohn Eurobond Issue, launched 10 days ago, with a

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

Y200hn Samurai deal due to he announced in Japan today. The issue, arranged by Nomura Securities, will be the largest Samurai bond (foreign bond in the Japanese domestic hond market).

The latest offering will bring Sweden's SKr230hn (\$30hn) borrowing package announced last autumn close to completion. Only SKr25bn (\$3.5bn) remains to be raised, according to Ms Christine Holm of the Swedish debt

It is not clear whether the completion of the programme

will signal the end of tha recent spate of Swedish offerings in the international bond markets. The Swedish parliament lifted restrictions on foreign currency borrowing last year, due to the country's

mounting funding needs. The split between foreign and domestic borrowing is now due to be re-examined, but a final decision on the structure of Sweden's future borrowing is not likely to be decided until The four-year Samurai issue

will pay a coupon of 4.2 per cent, and is partly swapped, according to Ms Holm, The cost of funds is more competitive than for the recent Euroyen deal, despite the higher fees charged in the

Samurai market.
The launch of the deal, so soon after the Euroyen offering, reflects strong demand for yen-denominated

debt from Japanese investors so far this year. Strong expectations of a further rate cut and negative views on the stock market, hava foalled domestic demand for bonds.

The deal is expected to he placed with a broad base of Japanese Investors, hoth institutional and retail.

Meanwhile, the National Bank of Hungary yesterday launched a Y40hn issue of five-year Samural hoods, carrying a 6% per cent coupon. The deal was arranged hy Dalwa Securities. The Asian Development Bank, which tapped the Euroyeo market only last

week, is also preparing to launch a Samurai bond offering, via Nomura Securities. A Y30hn issue of 20-year Samurai Bonds is due to be launched in the next month or so.

In the Eurolira bond market, market.

Borrower US DOLLARS UBS P&D Securities Kidder, Peabody Int. ANZ Banking Group(a); GECC(b); FRENCH FRANCS 500 41,78 13/14% Credito Italiano SWISS FRANCE 1875 100 158/134 % Datwa Secs.Bk (Switz.) Feb. 1987 LITYPHROURG FRANCS 102.5 Mar, 1998 14/112% Crédit Europée Final terms and non-callable unless stated. *Private place 3712 bp above 3-month Liber, b) Coupon pays 250p bel terms fixed on 28/1/93.

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Swedish Export Credit launched the first swapped issue sloce the lira was withdrawn from the exchange rate mechanism last September. Since then, the European Investment Bank, which bas a natural requirement for lira, has been the only issuer to tap the

The L150hn issue of five-year bonds, via Credito Italiano. proved to he attractive to investors, due to the 12 per cent coupon. The Italian bond market has

rallied strongly due to expectations of falling interest rates and an easing of concern about the currency, However, a lack of swap profitability.

opportunities is likely to limit further supply in the sector. • The Aal senior debt rating of the Halifax Building Society, placed undar reviaw for possible downgrade in December, has been confirmed by Moody's, the US ratings agency, which cited the society's strong pre-provision

Belfox to trade new contracts

THE BELGIAN Futures and Options Exchange (Belfox) is to begin trading options on GIB, tha large retailer, and Generale Bank, Belgian's biggest bank, Reuter reports from Brussels.

Belfox said a third contract on the Bal-20 stock market index would be listed shortly after the release of tha two lat-

LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS

est contracts. Generale Bank is replacing Belgium's number one holding company Ste Cenerale de Belgique as an optioo contract.

A spokesman said Belfox was negotiating with several hrokers - including foreign companies - to become markat maker in the new contracts.

2.40 3.82 1.54 3.62

8.82 9.88 10.06

Up to Syrs. Over 5 yrs. Up to 5 yrs. Over 5 yrs.

MARKET STATISTICS

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

FY/ISMA INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE												
Listed and the fatest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market. Chy. Chy.												
U.S. DOLLAR STRAIGHTS	Issued 200	8 kg 106	Offer 1064	day	Yield 4.89	OTHER STRAIGHTS ARSED 7 1/295 LFT	braces 600	Bid Offer day Yield	Brillish Fund Other Fixed Commercial			
ABM 9 1/8 94	600 490	1104	1061 1101 1101	****	5.35	WORLD BANK N96 LF7	1000	79 b 100b 8.06	Financial &			
BANK OF TOKYO 8 3/8 94	100 250	1071	1074	#	5.B)	ENERGIE BEHEER 8 3/4 90 F1	1000 500 500	1067 1074 7.25	Ol) & Gas Plantations.			
RESC 7 3/4 07	150	106 105 105 93	1063	. 41	5.98 4.68	UNILEVER 900 FT	400	106 1066 8.31	Mines			
8NP 85/894	1500 1000	1024	OL	44	8 57	BELL CANADA 10 5/9 97 CS BRITISH COLUMBIA 10 % CS	150	7075 1005 -L 9.00	Others			
	1000 100	1085	109 961 1074	444	14 87 14 53	E8 10 1/1 90 C3	130	1064 1074 +4 8.41	"Totals			
CCE 9 1/4 95	100	1067	1075		10.53 5.81	FORD CREDIT CANADA 10 94 CS	275 100	101 1024 8.76				
CREDIT FORCIER 9 1/2 99	300 150	106% 114% 105% 107% 107% 106% 112% 111% 105%	1054	4	4.55	KEW INT FIN 10 GL CS	300	101 102 102 1 276 104 104 1 4 27 106 105 4 4 87 107 107 4 4 879 107 107 4 4 879 107 105 4 86 106 106 4 4 9.0	1			
CREDIT FORCIER 9 1/2 99 DEMMARK 9 1/4 95 DEMMARK 9 1/4 95 ECS 6 1/4 96 ELE 8 1/4 96 ELE 9 1/4 97 ELE C DE FRANCE 98 EUPO CRED CARD 15T 9 94	1571	108	1179	+4	4.89 4.89 5.66 5.10 6.33	HIPPON TEL A TEL 10 14 99 CS	200	1074 1074 44 8.79 1083 1094 44 8.60 1084 1085 44 8.60 1084 1085 44 8.60 1084 1085 44 8.60	1			
ECSC 81/496	100	1074	1084	***************	566	ONTARIO HYDRO 107/8 99 CS	500 150	1083 1094 +4 8.93 1074 1084 +4 8.60 1064 1064 +4 9.04				
EIB7 3/4 %	250 1000	1065	107	+4	970	QUEBEC PROV 10 1/2 98 CS BELEIUNI 9 1/8 96 ED: CREDIT LYONNIAS 9 96 ED:	200	1064 1064 +4 9.04				
ELEC DE FRANCE 9 98	200 325	1054	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	**	5.68	CREDIT LYONNIAS 9 96 Ec	125	100 101 -4 8 97 97 974 +4 8 70 984 983 +4 9.24 1064 1064 +4 8.02	EQUITI			
EUROFIMA 9 1/4 96	100	110	1105	**	5.66	DENMARK 75/8 96 Ect	200	983 44 924	1			
FINLAND 7 7/897	200	1054	106	-	631	FERRO DEL STAT 10 1/8 % Ecu	500	981, 983, 44, 9.24 1064, 1064, 44, 8.02 1054, 1064, 8.64	Issue Paid			
FINLAND 7 7/897 FINMSH EXPORT 9 3/895 FORD CAPITAL 9 3/497 GER ELEC CAPITAL 9 3/896	250	110	1105	-	5.56 6.52 6.57 6.99 5.83 6.92 4.71	DERMARK 7 5/8 % ECT	1000	100 101 - 8 77 97 + 45 870 989 595 + 44 824 1054 1054 + 8 84 1105 1055 + 4 825 1105 1055 + 4 825 1105 1055 + 4 836 1105 1055 + 4 836 1105 1055 + 4 836 1054 1054 + 7 719 1054 1055 + 4 84 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1054 1055 + 4 85 1055 10	Price #			
GER ELEC CAPITAL 9 3/8 96	300	106	1065	7	6.92	AIDC 10 99 A5	100	104 1045 913	- EB			
GUINNESS FINANCE 8 94	200 200	1041	104%	**	1.71	COMM AK AUSTRALIA 153/499 AS	100	1081, 1991, +4, 8,89 121, 1214, +4, 9,54 1081, 1091, +4, 8,03 1081, 1091, -1, 7,19	51 F.P.			
GMAC 9 1/8 96	200	1051	1044	12	442 573 439	EUROFINA 14 5/8 94 A5	另	1081 1091 7 7.19	51 F.P. 5104 F.P. 50 F.P. - F.P.			
INTER ANER DEV / 3/8 40	1500	1064	1064 1064 1044 1124	+4	4.45	MCDOMALDS CANADA 15 95 AS	150	1071 1071 - 7.45				
ITALY 8 1/2 94	1571 1972 1973 1973 1973 1973 1973 1973 1973 1973	1154 11054 1106 1064 1054 1054 1054 1064 1064 1064 1064 1064 1064 1064 106	1123	+4	100	INATED KÍMCOM Y 1,8 31 ECS AMOC 10 94 S. BP AMERICA 12 1,4 75 A.S. COMM MA AUSTRALIA 15 3,4 97 A.S. COMM MA AUSTRALIA 15 3,4 97 A.S. ELIBOFRIMA 14 5,8 94 A.S. MAT AUSTRALIA BAMY, 14 5,4 94 A.S. WILLEYER MUSTRALIA 12 96 A.S. VOLESWAGEN INT. 1,5 94 A.S. AUSTRALIA 12 96 A.S. VOLESWAGEN INT. 1,5 94 A.S. BRITISH AUSTRALIA 12 96 A.S. ERITISH AUSTRALIA 12 96 A.S. ERITISH AUSTRALIA 12 96 A.S. ERITISH BAS 12 3,4 95 I. BRITISH BAS 12 3,4 95 I.	200 5050 200 1250 200 1250 1250 1250 125	97 974 44 570 98 98 98 44 820 1064 1064 48 867 106 1064 48 867 106 1064 48 867 107 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 108 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 867 1098 1094 48 868 1098 1098 1098	1			
LTCS FIN 8 97	200 850	1067	1064 1064	+1-	5.95	ABBEY NATL TREAS 1534 95 E	100	1091 109 -4 7.48 1114 1124 +4 7.04 1115 1124 +4 8.67 1104 11054 +4 7.06 1044 1054 -4 1229	1			
KIPPON CRED 8K 10 3/8 95	250 200	108%	1064	+14	1.95	BRITISH GAS 12 3/4 95 1	300	1115 112 +4 897				
ONTARIO 8 1/2 D1	800 300	107 4	1075	+4	7.30	DEVISCHE BK FIN 11 94 E	225	1104 1104 +4 7.06 1044 1054 -4 1229 1054 1044 6.79 1064 1064 +4 7.51 1061 1094 +4 7.79) <u> </u>			
MIPPON IEL & IEL 9 3873 DRTARIO 8 1/2 D1 DRTARIO HYDRO 11 5/8 54 STER KONTROLLBANK 8 1/2 01 PETRO-CANADA 7 1/4 96	200	1994	1101	**********	4.95 7.30 4.33 6.87 5.70	HALIFAX 10 3/897 £	100	1054 - 1229 1054 - 15 1229 1054 1054 - 17.51 1054 1054 - 17.79 1054 11054 - 18.00 944 945 - 18.00 945 1054 1059 1054 1054 - 18.00				
PETRO-CANADA / 1/4 40	150	1126	1093	**	6.99	77ALY 101/2145	400	1094 1104 + 10.00 1044 1045 - 10.00 944 944 - 10.29	iste Am			
NUEBECPROV 9 98	150	109 109 1 108 1 100 1 115 4	1104	*	6.15 8.17	NORWEY 10 1/2 94 E	200	100 2 104 - 4.92	Price P			
AS 10 99	200 500	100-2	1994		55	ONTARIO U 1/801 £	100	100 100 - 492 1124 1134 834 113 1154 876	2 1			
SHCF 9 1/2 98	150 200	1074	107%	**	6.08	TOKYO ELEC POWER 11 OLE	150	1083 1094 +4 6.92	100 ₀ F.			
QUEBEC HYORO 9 1498 QUEBEC PAVO 9 98 SAINSBURY 9 1/8 96 SAINSBURY 9 1/8 96 SAINSBURY 9 1/8 96 SAINSBURY 9 1/2 96 SAINSBURY 9 1/2 96 TATE BK MSW 8 1/2 96 TOWN DETERMINED SAINSBURY 9 96 TOWN DETERMINED SAINSBURY 9 96	700	107 4 107 4 109 4 110 4 111 4 106 4	1094	********	6.08 5.65 5.83	DEJI'SCHE DK FIN 11 94 [EIB 107 f [HAUFAX 10 3697 f [HAUFAX 10 3697 f [HORE HOLDMAS 11 149 GZ f TALV 10 1/2 14 f LARD SEES 7 HI GO T 6 HOREWAY 10 1/2 94 f HOREWAY 10 1/2 94 f TOKYG ELEC PREMAT 11 1/2 97 f TOKYG ELEC PREMAT 11 1/4 97 f TOKYG ELEC PREMAT 11 1/4 97 f TOKYG ELEC PREMAT 11 1/4 97 f TOKYG P TOK	荐	124 105 1 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 1	100 F.			
TOKYO METROPOLIS 8 1/4 96	200	108	1084 1104 1114 1074	-4	5.80	WORLD BANK 14 94 NZS CEPME 10 95 FFF ELF-AQUITAINE 9 99 FFF	2000	100 1004 + 850				
WORLD BANK 8 3/8 99	1500	ill	iii i	44	555	SHOT 9 L/4 97 FFF	4000	1001 1001 - 122				
	100	1004	TO. A	-2	u.,) ———			
DEUTSCHE MARK STRAIGHTS	500	96	. 961 ₂	-1	7.02	FLEATING RATE NOTES ALLIANCE & LEICS 0.08 94 £ BANDO REBAR 99 BELEVIN 1726 97 DM BFCE -0.02 96	Immed	91.71 91.85 8.0800 91.22 91.52 3.5313	-			
AUSTRIA 57/8 97 BELGIUM 73/4 02	500 200	1074	1075	-4	7.13 7.12	BANCO ROMA 99	200	99.22 99.52 3533	Price P			
DEUTSCHE FIMANCE 7 1/295	1000 700	1014	101		7.18	BELGIUM 1/16 97 DM	500 350	100.02 108.12 9.9375 100.01 100.16 3.7300	1 7			
187 V299	200 1000 700 3000 3000 500 1500 2500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	104 1074 1014 1004 1003 1003 1003 1003 1003 100	105 b 104 b 104 b 115 b 103 b	4444	675 7.06 7.79 7.79	BFEE - 0.02 % BRITAMINIA 1/10 % E BRITAMINIA 1/10 % E COCE 66 EU2 OTIZENS FED 0.15 % CREDIT FRANCE I-0.16 % DEPMARY - 1,87 % HALIFAX LITAT 74 HALIFAX LITAT 74 HEELANO %	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	100.03 100.49 5.2500 99.25 99.50 8.100.0 99.37 99.53 5.0000 190.39 99.53 5.0000 99.66 99.53 5.0000 99.66 99.53 5.0000 100.39 50.000 100.39 50.000 100.30 50.000 10	25 1			
BELGUM 7 3/4 02 BBV 8 1/4 01 DEUTSCHE FINANCE 7 1/2 95 ECSE 8 5/8 98 FINLAND 7 1/2 00 GECERAL ELECTRICE 8 1/4 95 INITER AMER DEV 9 00 INELAND 7 3/4 02 KFW HITL FINANCE 7 1/4 97 SIXYODEN 897 DIKYO ELEC POWER 75/8 02 TURKEY 10 3/4 96 UNITED KINGDOM 7 1/8 97 WOLLIS WAGEN COM 8 5/8 97 WOLLIS WAGEN COM 8 5/8 97	300	1034	1045	-4	7.06 6.79	OTTENS FED 0.15.96	200 100	91.52 97.53 1.155.25 91.42 97.55 5.0000 100.35 100.37 5.0000 92.46 97.55 1.0005 92.46 97.55 1.0005 100.15 100.17 5.2500 92.77 100.05 7.2550 92.77 100.05 7.2550	25 99			
INTER AMER DEV 9 00	500	1021	1034		7.32	CREDIT FONCER-L/16 98	200 1000	190.35 180.59 5.0000 99.46 99.63 3.4063	a Annailteá á gróimleary flys Es-divident. F D			
KFW INTL FINANCE 7 1/4 97	2500	1034	TITO S	-4	7.19	DIFESTIMEN FINANCE 1/32 46 074	1300	99.46 99.63 1.4063 99.89 99.96 8.9653 102.15 103.13 5.2500	based on prospec			
70KYO ELEC POWER 7 5/8 02	500	1035	100 ½ 100 ½ 105 ¼	+4 -4 -4	7.20 9.53 7.02 7.40 6.65 6.77	FERRO DEL STAT 94	200	90 03 100 M3 7 2350	Catest arment sar Forecast arment			
INITEO KINGDOM 7 1/897	400	1044	1054	-4	7.40	IRELAND 96	300	99.93 160.03 7.2250 99.64 99.63 3.6700 100.36 100.79 3.6250 71.50 76.00 1.7250 100.09 100.24 5.2500	figures, a immed			
WORLD BANK 0 15	2000 300	97 2	25	+12	6.65	ITALY 90 LLOYDS BANK 1/10 PERP 5.3 MITSUI FON ASIA 1/8 % MEW ZEALAND 1/8 %	600	7350 7600 37250	Garage of Contract			
NORLD BANK 5 3/4 90	1250	111	1112	+4	6,77	MITSH FIN ASIA 1/8 %	250		1			
STRAIGHTS	100	1011	1012	+%	5.86	SOCRETE GENERALE 96.	500 500 250 125 4000	99.35 99.53 1.6250 99.47 99.68 3.1875 99.44 99.58 3.7718 98.75 99.30 3.7719 98.91 100.00 5.2500 99.80 99.91 7.3500	1			
ASIAN DEV BANK 6 10	250 300 100	1011 ₁	101 1 98 1074	+4-1-2	5.86 5.32 5.93 6.27	STATE BK NEW 3/16 40	250 125	99.44 99.83 3.7188 98.75 99.80 3.7219	·			
18 6 3/4 04 7 1/4 06	100	100-1 100-1	10912 10812 10814 107 10814 100	+12	6.27	STATE BK VICTORIA 0.05 99 UNITED KINGDOM -1/0 96 VORKSHIRE BS 1/10 94 £	165	99.91 100.00 5.2500 99.80 99.91 7.3500	1			
FINLAND 7 1/4 99 FENERAL MOTORS 7 1/2 95 FYUNDAL MOTORS FIN 8 1/2 97	300 100 108	103	104		5.98	TORKSHIRE AS 1/20 TO THE SHOP			● First D			
YUMDAI MOTOR FIN 8 1/2 97	108 100	1061	1084		5.99 6.80 6.25 6.00			Conv.	Last D			
CEL AND 75/800	100 240	104	104 ½ 96½	44	5.76 5.73	CONVERTIBLE BONDS	Essed	price Bid Offer Prem.	• Last D			
APAN GEV BR 5 172	100 100 240 200 100	964	967	+12	6.27	CONVENTIBLE BOWDS BURTON GROUP 4 3/4 01 E COURS CAPITAL 6 SE EASTMAN KODAK 6 3/8 01 G GOLD KALEGORAL 7 1/2 00 HAMSON 9 1/7 05 E HAWLEY 6 02 PREF.	110 250 300 55 300 400 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	86 1164 1174 +1836	3-month ca			
UEBECHYDROSOB	450 150 600	1084	109 98	412	5.94 5.31 5.81	COLD KALGOORUE 7 1/200	.65	10554 90 901 +64.57	shown in			
WORLD BANK 503	600	107 2	1074		5,81	HANSON 9 1/7 06 E	400	1011194 1214	Calls In A			
- ampareure			10/1		3.03	HAWLEY 6 02 PREF HILLSDOWN 4 1/2 02 £ LAND SECS 6 3/4 02 £ LASH 7 3/4 02 £ LASH 7 3/4 05 £ LASH 7 3/4 05 £ AGUSTI BARK 2 5/8 03 AGUSTI BAFIN 6 1/2 97	94	6.72 884 895 +31.97	FT-SE			
EN STRAIGHTS	40000 40000 20000	105% 101% 104% 106% 113%	1064 1014 1054 1064	**	101 170 426	LASMO 7 3/4 05 E	200	2326 70 72 +33.89	1.25			
	20000 50000	106%	1063		16	MOUNT ISA FIN & 1/297	100	2126 70 72 +33.89 2283 974 973 +42.41 37.077 875 883 +47.45 5013.9 1084 1094 +5.95 1.775 1314 1224 +49.20 1.866 681 784 +41.26	The FT-SE			
NLAND 6 3/4 96	50000 30000 100000	1134		+4	4.64	SEGA ENTERPRISES 3 1/2 %	200 1	1775 1314 1325 +49.20	Actuaries in			
APAN DEV 8K 5 99	120000	111	1111	.+4	501 4.64 4.90 3.79	MOUNT ISA FIN 6 1/2 97	300	3406.9 694 704 441.26	Stock Excha			
ICT OF FRANCE 5 4/8 % INLAND 6 3/4 % ITER AMERICEY 7 1/4 00 APAN DEV 815 99 APAN DEV 816 1/2 01 ANSAI ELEC PUNT 5/8 99 ANSAI ELEC PUNT 5/8 99 ORWAY 5 1/8 75 ORWAY 5 1/8 75	50000 50000 50000	111 101 1054 1024 1103	105 % 102 h	+4	9.UZ	I HOROY CHIEF S 24 . C	103	Com. Bid Office Press. 23 1344 1264 1262 1284 1264 1265 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266 1266	rights reser			
ORWAY 5 1/8 95	30000	1103	102 h 1114 104	+4	4.90	* No information available - previo ‡ Only one market maker supplied	un dey's	price	med in coult			
	20000	102.5			4.85	\$ Only one market maker supplied	e price	nin Cha days Channe	o The Finan			
	yield to n	edempl	ion of th	e bid-	price; l	the amount leaved is in millions of co losted. Coupon shows in minimum	Witency II	HUB, CING. DAY TOTALINGO OF	Actuaries in			
TRAIGHT BURES; 199 years as and	neted in d	offars (inless c	more	lae ind	idented. Coupon shows is minimum as current coupon. cated. Crev. price - Nominal amount premium of the current effective price.	. Spread	- Margin 60048 Wa-moridi	the PT-SE			
LOATING RATE NOTES: Denomin	mean sate	ij for U	dollar	s. C.c.	on = Th	cated. Cov. price - Nominal amoun	a of boni	d per share expressed in suiring shares via the bond	with a stand			
ONVERTIBLE BONDS: Denomina	te fixed a	istus.	Prem -	Perce	uprĝe i	Ambigu or nig for the second			the Faculty			
runency of share at convention to war the most recent price of the s	ingress.			_		le nort in any form not permitted	without 1	written consent.	"FT-SE" a			

			- 1						_											
unds. red Interest rial, Industrial. 8. Property.	251 3 139 1 20	RIU Sam 70 3 1 3 1 333 84 442 5!! 14 5 0 7 60 2 70 1,54	Rether Alld Lyo (*977) ASDA (*65) Brit. Air (*271) Smitt Be (*994) Books (*517)	50 55 55	Jun 20 53 10 10 10 15 20 54 10 20 16 1	67 33 11 5 26 16	77 45 14 10 13 13 12 15 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 8 26 15 412 5 9 11 1 10 12 11 21 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 BAN (77) 21 (79) 31 817 (75) 35 (75)	A Arro 27) A SL1) f lods 561 1 171 L. Telecons 561		35 52 52 58 24 40 21 25	54 7 54 7 55 6 69 16 48 29 69 16 46 43 54 29 51 14 65 19 67 27 26	21 45 19 42 95 74 8 28	Aug 29 52 30 55 52 80 14 54 12 26 24 45	Option Eirotsood (*400) Glazo (*693) NNisdown (*148) Londo (*73) NSBC 759 si (*543) Nati Power	390 3 420 1 650 6 700 3 140 1 160 8 70 8 80 9 550 2	8 37 5 6 83 10 2 56 7 8 24 2 9 14 1 2 15 1 5 8 2 1 9 67 7 8 41 5	56 21 52 42 55 16 77 38 77 38 77 78 18 18 19 11 19 11 19 31	35 43 54 60 30 41 54 63 14 18 27 31 94 13 14 19 24 33 47 56 18 24
LONDON REC	ENT ISSUES		(7231)	22 24	0 14	Blz 14	b 1	1 10	5						7.7	(°301) Resters	L300 6		8 5E	35 41 82 97
TIES			Betush S	7		10 15 54 8	*	6 10 12	12 [*4]		570 50 400 24	59 37	- 64 - 5		-	(*1307) R. Royce	1350 4 110 91	2 74 11		113 125
rit Latest 1993 Stock	Clessing +or Net On	Thors Gross P/E Cor'd Vield Rath	645 (1592)	55 60		6Z 32			(*4i		660 22 500 6 250 19	10	67 12 29 30 31 24 19 94	53 6	56 U	(*113') Scot Power (*224')	120 54 220 1	91, 151	5 15 3 6	18½ 21 9½ 16 21 26
P 105 103 For & Col. PEP 52 intl. Fond Machi	ise Tot 105 F3.38	1 -1 -1 .	("TU) Comptant	75	0 1		99 4	0 53	8 (*27		200 6		-		21	Sears 1799)	90 1 100	17 1 7 20½ 1		51, 61, 10 12
P 2101 6101 Mainting Find. P 57 52 05 lot. P 2 11 9 9 Fring Page 19	57 KL9	28 4.4 106	(*542)	55		7	10 t	i 30	12 Han		220 19 240 61	23 Z 14	16 8			Forte	165 2 180 1			15 16 25 28
	141	1	Cook Da	65	0 1	14	7 3	5 54 (13 LAS		140 19 160 6½		29 4½ 20 15		26	(*175) Tigna EM)	800 40	70 8	1 17	28 44
			(*223)	22 24		16	25 I	9 31	11 Lac		130 13 140 7		23 65 10 12	14 18	10	(*821.) TSB	850 Z	14 2	2 10	54 73 14 17
			CKOK	42		47	33 31		7 P. 6	L O	500 45	58	67 Bb	28		(*163) Vaat Reefs	180		1 25	27 29 41 ₂ 51 ₂
			(*458) Graed M	46 RL 42					× (*53	iogtoe	500 45 550 17 90 15	30	G 32		67	(*530) Wellcome	35 1\ 900 5	2 7 3	2 7	8 9 53 68
FIXED INTER	EST STOCKS	Closing	(*435)	46		15 2	29 2		12 (199	1)	890 10		22 4 19 9 27 4	14		(-610)	950 2	55 8	3 62	79 94
Paid Researc High Low	Stock	Price + tr	1.C.t. (*11077)	110		49 1	75 61 54 4	5 98 1	7 (*24	-	50 26	12	if 14 53 17		27	2575 CALLS	EURO FT-S 2625 2675	2725 277	27747 5 2825 :	2675 2925
F.P. 108 p 105 p Earl	tof Water 8 type Pf. Starretal Union 6 type Cra. Pf	1179 +b	(1549)	50 55		65 7 31	3	7 25	7 (%3	5)	700 7	20	32 50 50 6	-		Feb 201 Mar 217	155 111 173 135	74 45 101 72	50	10 4½ 31 19
ect - I med I med ber	Tight William Control to a annual disease		Lasterche (*191)	18 20	0 15 0 1½	24 2 13 2	28 11	2 22	744 20 Test 12 Test	5)	160 B 160 10 250 3	23 10	30 26 25 10 16 22	32 17	19	Dec - PUTS		153 -	190	- 70
			Land Sec		0 32	42 4	18		6 Than	nes Wir	160 20	34	39 7 20 33	15	25	Feb 4 Mar 15 Apr –	19 29	27 46 45 65	92	113 156 124 161
RIGHTS	OFFERS	l mare l	(*447.)	46	0 2	16 2	2 1	6 22		ofone :	500 3½ 560 35	40	5 42	15	19	Ĵin -	52 -	81 -	126	- 178
Anount Latest 1993 Paid Remot 1993	Stock	Prior + or	M & S (7319 1	30 33	0 23 6 2	32 S	36 20 1	1 7 2	11 1°36	ы,	90 14	30	38 16	26	32	2400	FT-SE II 2659 2709	HDEX (*27 2750 2001		2900 2950
op Date 1996 Line	operty Trest	15	Salesbery	55	0 9	32 4	4		Optio	_	Mar .	_	#8 7		18	CALLS Feb 179	133 90	56 31	15	7 3
P. 1/3 16 13 Pr. 15/2 20pm 12pm 7/4 idi 24/2 1pm 12pm William William 12pm William	d Holdings	150m +	2 PSS() Shell Tra		30	35 4	2 (1 11 1	6 (*35			29	ž 21	15 25	31	Mar 197 Apr 215	157 120 176 117	86 60 107 81	39 59	23 14 43 30 62 47
Wir 15/2 20pm Light 7/7 Will 24/2 laps Light Vigor Will Gard Disjoint Strates on prospection of the figures, in Foregast or extracted association of F Divident and right bases on prospection or of	hidem rate, cover based on previous ber official estimates for 1992-93.)	o year's carnings. Ornicans and year	Storeton	55 2 20			19 2 12 :		4 Ame 5 1°25		ろ 3 · 第 12	44 ₂ 5	ት 3 ት 7	4 4	12	Jun 1 242	195 <u>162</u> - 170	132 105 - 117	80	62 47
spectus or other official estimates for 1993. I i sarnings, it Divident and yield based on pro-	. Estimated prevailists dividend, com- spectus or other official estimates for a proporative or other official estimates	er and ple based or or 1992. D Gross, i ates. W Peo Forus:	(211)	22	2 2 12	24 3 14 2	1	0 19 2	5 Bard	tays :	90 56	45	95 14	25 42	34	PUTS Feb 5	8 17	34 99 56 01	95	138 188
F. Divident and people baset on prospectur or in 1993. It is services to white official restinates for 1993. It is arraines. N. Dividend and yield based on provincial of this office of the provincial properties. P. Placing and by way of rights. P. Introduction. S. Placing section with reorganismism, merger or taken	price, 17 Reintroduction, 9 Valisted ver. par Price at 8 presiden.	securities market.	Tratalgar (*92.)	10		10 de	5 11 4	6 12 1	1 641	5)	20 21		10 34 19 15		-	Mar 10 Apr 28 May 40	25 37 38 52 30 68	56 01 71 96 86 109	125	148 189 160 198 169 208
			Und. Blac	alts 33	0 27	34 3	9 11	2 8½ 1 7 24 1	5 Bett	9) 1	200 24 200 15 200 15 1	23	99 15 31 24 M 8		42	Jun 1 47 January 25	- 75	~ 118	_=	178 -
			(*356) Vallete	36		15 2 48 6			U (*26			10	5 19		30	Calis 12,64) FT-SE Index	Pats 8,437 Calls 2,246	Puts 4,15		
TRADITIONA	L OPTIONS		P11083	115	3	25 4	6 4		5 Ohn (*25	6) i	20 26 90 15	37 25	10 7 10 15	15 25	36	Euro FT-SE "Underlying : Presilutes sk	gourty gric	e. Y Lany	dated e	spiry estes prices.
Dealings Jan. 25 Dealings Feb. 12	ASDA, Barratt Devs., Cook, Dobson Park,		_			-	T-/	ACTI	JARI	ES F	IXE	0 1	NT	ERE	ST	IND	CES			
Declarations May 5 settlement May 17 cell rate indications are	Computer, G.M. Firt Mid-States, MTM, Pitt Trio. Puts in Automat	encrioff and						INDIC					AVER/	ree e			Mo	Ja	w)	Year ago
n Saturday editions. Anglia Secured Homes,	Evans Hidgs. and McEwan.					T	юп	Day's	Fr	Accrued	ad adi		British	Garren			25			approx.)
E ACTUARIES INI						1 2	an 25	change %	Jan 22	Interest	1993 to date	2	Low Coupon (0%-7 Median		15 20	years rears rears	8.	34 (62 (5.91 3.29 3.58 7.31	8.75 9.23 9.23 9.53
E 100, FT-SE Mid 250 and FT-S	E Actuaries 350 indices a	nd the FT-SE	1 00		renesses ers (24).		.30		128.18	8.93	1.67	5	Meditir Coupos 08%-1	6	15	rears rears	8.	78i 8	3.74	9.33
Industry Baskets are calculated nited Kingdom and Republic of	i by The International St. Ireland Limited. • The	ock Exchange International	2 5-		rs (22) ars (8) .			-0.22	145.49 150.48		1.54 1.05	7	High Coupon		5	rears rears	7.	59 55	3.96 7.53 9.02	9.28 9.77 9.41
change of the United Kingdom as served.	nd Republic of treland Lin	nited 1993. All	ساد ا	_	ars (87 . bles (6)				171.05		0.00	9	(11%-	1	20	rears rears reid)	9.	12 9	9.09	9.33 9.44
r-Actuaries All-Share Index is o	iculated by The Financia	al Times Lim	5 A	lstock	s (601 .	141	.84	-0.21	141.82	1.41	1.51	1	REPORT.		- I IGL T			<u></u> }	,-	7,44

6 Up to 5 years (2). 184.14

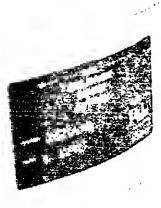
7 Over 5 years (11) . 165.13 -0.08 165.25

8 All stocks (13) ... 166.48 -0.06 166.58

0.50

8.50

0.55



Institutions' confidence rises

By Norma Cohan, Investments Correspondent

INSTITUTIONAL investors are expressing overwhelming confidence in the stock market. according to two surveys published yesterday.

Godwins, the actuarial consulting company, in its monthly survey of investment attitudes, has found that 98 per cent of investment managers surveyed expected UK equities to either remain stable or rise during the next 12

Minet Consultancy, the independent financial advisers. Confidence index at the end of December 1992 was the highest

Sanderson

£1.5m buy

Murray

By Matthew Curtin

ter Rover dealership.

SME said yesterday the sale

of the Lancaster dealership, was "in line with SME's strat-

egy of concentrating on huild-

ing a group of larger volume dealerships".

package of thee dealerships acquired from Avis in 1990,

when entreprenenr Tony

returned to the motor trade

and took SME oot of textiles.

SME said in September that its Manchester dealerships,

booght for £2m in 1991, had

oot performed well in the six

months to June 30, contribut-

ing to a fall in interim pre-tax profits from £765.000 to

£633,000. in spite of higher

Ms Del Barratt, of house bro-

kers Albert E Sharp, said the

Manchester sites were poorly

located and equipped, and the

move would enable SME to

reduce overheads and improve

the truck and car dealerships'

performance. She forecast 1992

profits of £1.35m (£1.55m), ris-

ing to £1.75m this year.

SME sald the Manchester

deal was conditional on the

group achieving the £900,000

sale of its Rover dealership to

Coltread .

turnover of £51.1m (£27.5m).

It was bought as part of the

piled in December 1987.

The index had surged 60 per cent to a peak of 152.5 from the previous figure of 95.1 at tha end of September.

The Minet index is compiled from an analysis of the liquidity positions of 12 large life insurance and pension fund managers.

The average cash holding of the firms surveyed fell to 2.96 per cent at the end of December, compared with 4.74 per cent three months earlier. The range of cash holdings, not including those who normally hold very little cash, ranged from 0.9 per cent at Ahbey Life to Legal & General's 5.8 per

Mr Ian Chalmers of Minet, who compiles the index, said that while institutions had been responsible for driving up the market, their present low llquidity levels meant that future gains in stock prices were likely to have to come from private investors.

One source of fresh funds into the stock market could be the equity investment products with capital protection features now being marketed aggressively hy building societies to their own depositors, Mr Chal-

The Godwins "Cityscope" survey found that overall. institutions were far more optimistic about the economy's prospects over the next 12 months than they were even a month ago.

Two-thirds of those surveyed said they expected conditions to improve, up from 44 per cent in December, while 85 per cent said they expected the prospects for corporate earnings to improve over the next year, up

from 71 per cent.

In foreign markets, UK institutions were showing less confidence in the US stock markets, with 74 per cent of those surveyed expecting a rise from present levels. In December the figure had been 85 per cent. But Europe was looking more attractive with 82 per cent of those surveyed expecting equities prices to rise, compared

Waterglade cuts debt to Bank of America with asset sale

By Richard Gourley

WATERGLADE international SANDERSON Murray & Elder, Holdings has agreed a financial restructuring that involves Bank of America, Its largest the north-of-England motor distributor, is to buy a £1.47m hank, taking control of the site in Manchester to house its two Ford dealerships in the property company's higgest city, and sell its small Lancas

In return for Waterglada's shopping complex in Havant, Hampshire, which has a book value of £16.2m, Bank of America has extinguished all but £1.7m of deht. This balance will be paid over a two-year period. Mr David Cunningham, chairman, said the deal was crucial to the rescue. The company "was heading for the iceberg and now there is a good chance it can be stabilised," he

As a result of the deal, the group's debt falls from £41.49m Net assets at the last halance

sheet date were £3.3m and the

group yesterday reported an

attributable loss of £765,000 in the six months to September Mr Cunningham said the full market value was not wholly reflected in the books as all the properties had heen moved into current assets and were

Waterglade will now embark npon a capital reorganisation. Tha chairman said dehts with some other banks are still to be tidied up. The company would then provide a platform for the huilding of stakes in

other property companies that are in difficulty. Waterglade's remaining assets include property in London and Wales with a book value of £27m and rent role currently at £1.9m.

The interim pre-tax deficit was £954,000, compared with £3.33m in 1991, and the loss per share worked through at 5.9p

Principality improves to £17m

By John Gapper, Banking Correspondent

THE PROSPECT of building societies maintaining profitability despite tha depressed housing market was reinforced yesterday as the Principality Building Society announced a 13 per cent rise in annual pretax profits from £15.1m to

£17m. The Principality, the 24th largest society by asset size, is the first to announce profits for the year ending December 31 1992. Its pre-tax outcome was helped by bad deht provisions being held at £1.6m, against £1.5m in 1991.

Mr John Mitchell, chief exec-

Reference Agent

utive, said the low bad debt charge on a mortgage book of £890.6m (£823.1m) reflected the fact that the society assessed lending risk centrally rather than through Its 49 branches. Mr Mitchell said the result was due to prudent manage-

ment. It did not simply have a

better bad debt record because it carries out little lending in the depressed housing market of south-east England. Peter Alan, the society's

estate agent subsidiary, recorded a profit for the second year running. The number of the society's borrowers in arrears fell by 14 per cent, while repossessed properties fell by 15 per cent.

The society's profit after tax as a percentage of total assets rose slightly to 1.07 per cent (1.06 per cent). Mr Mitchell said it had maintained a level of profitability over five years unmatched by any of the top 20 Mr John Wrigleswortb.

building societies analyst at UBS Phillips & Drew, said the society's "excellent" results were an indicator of the resillence in society profits that was likely to be seen in the coming reporting season.

The society's total assets rose to £1.12bn (£1.03bn), while its ratio of gross capital to assets strengthened to 7.35 per cent from 6.69 per cent.

Minorco's stance may hinder JCI

By Andrew Bolgar

plans

PLANS BY Johannesburg Consolidated Investment, the South African mining company, to buy a 29.9 per cent stake in Johnson Matthey, the precious metals gronp, may not go unchallenged.

Charter Consolidated, the UK industrial conglomerate. owns a 38.4 per cent stake worth about £350m in Johnson Matthey. It has been discussing selling to JCI a 29.9 per cent stake to avoid triggering a full bid for JM, and would have sold the rest of its shares in the market.

However, Minorco, the European-based investment arm of Anglo-American which holds a 36 per cent stake in Charter, yesterday pointed out that any such transaction woold require the approval of Charter shareholder

Minorco said it had supported Charter's plans to seek ways of realising its investment in JM, hut would examine any proposals put to it by Charter to ensure that any disposal was in the best interests of all shareholders.

Analysts took that as sug-gesting that Minorco would want Charter to obtain the best price for its JM stake. regardless of whether the sale led to a takeover hid. JC1 would he acceptable to JM because it is thought to have no intention of hidding for the entire company.

If the sale of the JM shares does go ahead, Charter could use the proceeds to repurchase Minorco's stake in the company. Charter would have preferred to announce both deals simultaneously, but accepts that the leaking of the disposal story means that it is only likely to he able to proceed in stages.

JM's shares rose last week on speculation that Charter had heen approached by a company wanting to buy its entire interest. Yesterday they closed 8p higher at 506p, while Charter shed 6p to 692p.

Regal Hotels

The rights issue by Regal Hotels of 160.34m new ordinary shares was taken up as to 118.93m shares (74.17 per cent). The balance has been

Excalibur shares fall as first half loss revealed

By Peggy Hollinger

EXCALIBUR shares tumbled 19 per cent to 8½p as the jewellery and engineering company revealed interim losses at the midway stage and halved the interim dividend to 0.20.

The pre-tax loss for the six months to October 31 was £183,000, against a profit of £905,000 last time. Sales fell 8 per cent to £30.3m

Analysts, surprised by the extent of the reversal at the operating level from £3.1m to £654,000, reduced forecasts for the full year from less than £2m pre-tax to break-even. Mr Michael Griffiths, chairman, said he had been disap-

pointed by the effect of a decline in jewellery on the other businesses. "With the exception of jewellery . . . businesses were within £8,000 of budget," he said. The jewellery division, oper-

ating in a market which Excalihur estimates has declined by 60 per cent in two years, suffered operating losses of more than £1m, against a small profit last year. Margins had fallen hy about 50 per cent in the face of severe price-cutting and stock-dumping by competi-

Action had been taken to stem losses, and about 37 per cent of the 100-strong workforce had been made redundant, Mr Griffiths said. However, the division was unlikely to return to profit in the full year. Mr Griffiths said retailers were likely to remain cautious. even when economic recovery

The giftware operation was also adversely affected by the downturn in consumer spending. Profits were significantly down on the previous year.

The engineering division offered a slightly better return with a small increase in operating profits from aerospace. Industrial products experienced mixed fortunes, with the off-road vehicle husiness continuing to incur losses. Mr Griffiths said engineering

ordar books were about the same, if not slightly better. Yet margins continued to be under interest charges were 23 per cent lower at £837,000. How-

ever, gearing at 83 per cent was higher than last year's 69 per cent following the £600,000 purchase of a small business to add to the industrial product

Mr Griffiths said the group had generated some £2m more than expected from cash flow. This contributed to capital expenditure of £1m in the first

Losses per share was 0.6p. compared with earnings of 0.8n

COMMENT

With any other company investors might well be preparing for the worst. However, Excalibur appears to have secured its future with the recent debt restructuring to provide long-term finance. Add to that the purchase of shares by all directors over the course of the past year, and Excalibur might not be so easy to write off. The betting appears to be on something significant to release value in what is seen to be a respected engineering company: perhaps the sale of the giftware division. This would allow swingeing rationalisation of the lewellery operation and improve the debt position. When this happens, it might be worth taking a closer look at Excalibur. The value seems to be there, but it might be a bit too early to bet on lt.

Lionheart buys Devon woodworking business

By lan Hamilton Fazey, Northern Corresponde

LIONHEART, the Knutsfordbased home improvaments, DIY, paint brushes, house wares and retail systems group, has bought The Carpenter's Workshop, a woodworking business in Barnstaple, Devon, from the receiver.

It wants the extra capacity to make a range of home and bathroom products that look and feel like rain-forest hardwoods - and weigh as much but are made from polystyrene waste, notably discarded beakers from McDonald's, the hamburger chain.

Lionheart hopes to have them on sale in retail DIY sbeds in the autumn, when their environmental friendliness will be a principal selling

Unlike some wood substitutes, the new material can be extruded through dies into complicated profiles. Compressing the waste dur-

younger members of the Royal

Family in an, as yet untitled,

situation comedy. Feature films are also

planned including the movie

Recently Mr Dunn forecast

that despite losing its ITV fran-

chise Thames should have a

turnover this year of £100m for

its continuing businesses, par-

ticularly independent pro-

still talking with a wide range

of potential investors in its

Channel 5 consortium despite

its application being rejected

last month by the Independent

Television Commission. The

plan is to present the ITC with a properly-funded project as quickly as possible.

As well as companies such as

Time Warner it is believed that

CanWest, the Canadian Inter-

Meanwhile Thames says it is

debnt of Hale & Pace.

gramme production.

ing processing increases its density and weight. Mr Paul Lever, executive

chairman of Lionheart, said yesterday the development would cost about £300,000. Hs added: "Last year was awful. Not only did sales vol-

ume fall throughout our industry, but we were squeezed by the price war between the DIY sheds. Manufacturers and sup-pliers were caught in the mid-Lionheart was urged to res-

cue The Carpenter's Workshop by Homebase and Marks and Spencer, two of the protagonists in the retail war. The price is believed to have been about £250,000.

He also revealed that Newell, the US company which is the biggest paint brush maker in the world, has increased its holding in Lionheart from 13 to 20 per cent, as planned. The next largest shareholder is Equitable Life with nearly 7 per cent; about a fifth of the shares are in private hands.

Allied-Lyons in Indian joint venture

By Stefan Wagstyl in New Delhi

Allied-Lyons, the food and drinks company, is establishing a joint venture in India with Tata Tea, India's largest tea producer, for marketing tea in India and in export mar-

The partners are investing Rs100m (£2.24m) in a new factory in Cochin, sonth India, which will produce packet tea and teahags. The two companies plan to

Princedale

with £11.349

in black

lannch round tea hags later this year and in new export markets, including countries in the Middle East, eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union.

Lyons Tetley has been bnying tea from Tata for many years. Last year the British company bought its entire requirement of instant tea for the US, one of Lyons Tetley's biggest markets, from the

Notice of Interest Determination MORGAN STANLEY GROUP INC.

Interest on the above securities for the Interest Period of January 19, 1993, through July 18, 1993, is scheduled to be paid on July 19, 1993, at the Interest Rate of 3.625% per annum. The Interest Amount will be \$182.2569 per \$10,000 of principal. The final maturity of the Notes will be July 19, 1993. The First National Bank of Chicago,

January 22, 1993

GET THE EDGE: GET DIRECTUS Futures Pager brings you highlights of directors' share transactions in their own companies, plus 2 minute updates on indices, Futures and

Interest Rates 24 hours a day. Call 071-895 9400 now for your free trial. **FUTURES PAGER** Market Myths and Duff Forecasts for 1993

"Corporate profits will soar, bonds have had their day, the US dollar is in a bull market." You did NOT road that in FullerMoney

- the loonoclastic investment letter.

Call Jane Farguhaison for a sample issue (once only)

Tel: London 21 - 439 4961 (071 in UK) or Fax: 71 - 439 4966 One Chart Equals One Hundred Stories

Prolitinan 5 chart libratios: UK, European and International Equities
(PSF charts), Currency and FF or Commodities and FF (PSF - bar charts) professional investors, it aders and experienced chart readers -il that siyou - call David Kerly or Susan Rigg for details Tel: Lendon 71 - 734 7174 (071 in UK) or fax 71 - 439 3966

MORE INFORMATION AT YOUR FINGERITPS The NEW Futures Pager now updates even more Currencies, Indices. Futures and Interest Rates every 2 minutes, 24 hours a day. Call 071-895 9400 now for your free trial.

FUTURES PAGER







FOREIGN EXCHANGE SERVICE 24 HOURS Call now for further inform

CAL Futures Ltd 162 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4B\$ Tel: 071-329 3030 Fax: 071-329 3918

SATOUOTE REAL-TIME NEWS VIA SATELLITE

* AFP-EXTEL * P.R. NEWS * MARKET NEWS *

* FUTURES WORLD NEWS *

CALL • LONDON 071-329 3377 / FRANKFURT 69 638 021

Thames in tv and film joint venture By Raymond Snoddy

THAMES Television is joining forces with International Artistes to co-produce a wide range of television and film projects for the world markets.

Thames is investing a "substantial" but undisclosed sum in the deal, which is an indication of the way television in the UK is moving closer to the US model.
"Television production is a

mixture of talent and business. This partnership of the comhined reputations of Thames and International Artistes will be a major creative force in an expanding broadcast industry," Mr Richard Dunn, chief executive of Thames said yester-

Now that Thames is no longer an ITV broadcaster It is free to do business with ITV, Sky, Channel 4, the BBC and others in a way that could not have happened before.

The new partnership has already begun pre-production work on seven projects in the entertainment area including a

MR JOHN ASHCROFT, the

former Coloroll chairman, is

stepping down as managing

director of Survival Aids.

theoutdoor clothing company,

which was his first acquisition

following the Coloroll's col-

lapse with debts of about

Mr Hugh Lapham, formar operations director for B&Q,

replaces him next Monday. He

has already begun work at the

Cumbria-based business on a

Confirming the management

change yesterday Mr Ashcroft,

STAKIS, the Glasgow-based

hotels, casinos and nursing

homes group which announces

lts results for 1992 on Thurs-

day, yesterday dismissed week-

end reports that Sir Lewis

Robertson, chairman, was to

announce his retirement.

consultancy basis.

By Chris Tighe



Lydia van der Meer Richard Dunn: work has already begun on seven projects

Elvis Presley.

director in his latest venture

was always his intention to

He said the business, the

retail branch network of which

he has extanded from three

shops to 14, covering Glasgow to Bristol, now needed some-

body with good retail expertise

to take it forward. The depar-

ture of Mr Colin Corlett, the

finance director was also a fac-

tor in the decision to bring in a

Late last year, some suppli-ers to Survival Aids were com-

plaining about late payment.

Yesterday, Mr Ashcroft said he

"It has not been considered

by the board," the company

said, calling the reports specu-

Sir Lewis came in as chair-

man of Stakis in 1991 when the

company faced a financial and

management crisis. It is expec-

Stakis dismisses Robertson reports

who remains chairman, said it had not been happy with Sur-

full-time managing director.

appoint a full-time managing director in 1993, after spending

two years in the driving seat.

controversial drama on the edy output will feature comedimystery surrounding the death ans Ronnie Corbett and Max of the "King" of Rock'n Roll. Boyce.

Ronnie Corbett will play the The partnership's early com- press secretary of one of the

vival Aids' payment situation

and was nervous about trading prospects for this year. He disclosed that he and two

other key shareholders, who

together have a 72 per cent

stake, had made a further

investment, bringing the total

"I suggested we strengthen

the management team and put

in more money," said Mr Ash-

croft. "I felt the business would

benefit from having a stronger

balance sheet and a better cash

Since acquiring Survival

Aids, Mr Ashcroft has bought

two other companies, which he

ted to announce that it has

moved a pre tax loss last year

declined to name.

bourne Homes.

to £1m.

national broadcaster which pulled out of the project last year, has shown renewed inter-Seeking a judicial review of the ITC's decision has not yet been formally ruled out. Ashcroft steps down as managing

Way open for dividends from **Kelt Energy**

The way is open for Kelt Energy, the USM-dealt oil and gas group controlled by French entrepreneur Mr Hubert Parrodo, to pay dividends as a capital restructuring, agreed in October, came into effect.

As a result of resolutions passed at an extraordinary meeting in October, the deficit on the profit and loss is reduced by £63m and "substantially eliminated", Kelt said. Reserves were also cut by

Parkland Textile in £0.6m disposal

Parkland Textile (Holdings). the Bradford-based woollen yarn and worsted cloth manufacturer, has disposed of its garment marketing and overseas manufacturing operation to Albion for £631,453. The consideration comprises

of £47m to around break even. It is also expected to a cash payment of £131,435 and announce a one-for-three rights a secured loan note of £500,000. issue and the sale of its nurs-The eale completes Parking homes subsidiary, Ashland's exit from garment man-

St Andrew shows 10.3% rise in net asset value

By Philip Coggan, Personal Finance Editor

ST ANDREW Trust, which is the subject of a bid from Eccleslastical Insurance Office. reported a 10.3 per cent rise in net asset value, from 226.1p to 249.5p, in 1992.

It also announced a second interim dividend of 4.85p per share in lieu of a final. This maintains the total at 7.55p from earnings of 7.42p (7.12p). The EIO offer is a technical one designed to meet EC regu-

lations. Acceptances passed the 50 per cent mark last week but EIO does not want more than

75 per cent because that would jeopardise St Andrew's investment trust status; those who accept will receive the higher of 237p or 93 per cent of St Andrew's formula asset value. About 65 per cent of the portfolio is in the UK; the remainder is split between the US (14

per cent), the Pacific Basin (12

per cent) and continental Europe (8 per cent). Mr David Ross Stewart. chairman, said "although it is still too early to assume a rapid acceleration towards global economic recovery, there are some encouraging

1989 and produced the fifth

best share price performance of all investment trusts, accord-

ing to Micropal, over the three

The trust had investments in

157 companies operating in 13

markets at the end of October.

It hopes to launch a savings

scheme for small investors this

In accordance with policy,

years to January 1.

Templeton Emerging net asset value lifted 3.4%

By Philip Coggan, Personal Finance Editor

TEMPLETON Emerging Markets Investment Trust, the specialist fund investing in markets such as Brazil and the Philippines, increased its fully diluted net asset value by 3.4

per cent in the first half of its financial year.

At October 31, its value per share was 214.23p, compared with 207.2p on April 30. The trust was lawneded. trust was launched in June

BOARD M	EETINGS	
i following companies have notified deter- board meetings to the Stock Exchange, in meetings are usually held for the pur- e of considering dividends. Official Indice- es are not everlable as to whether the dands are interiors or finals and the sub- sions shown below are based mainly on year's timetables.	CRT Ericsson (LM) Etonbrook Props. Markhessis Polypipe Prior Wiggins Group	FARMANA
TOGAY where Budgens Centors Dete Electric, or, Murray Smeller Markets Trust Reject p, Wood (John D), also Donino Priming Sciences, Heritage, indwick. FUTURE DATES where and Channel Ship Rep	Realization of the control of the co	Maria Arany

			-1105	•	
	Current payment	Date of paymant	Corres - ponding dividand	Total for year	Total last
ExcellburInt	V.E	Apr 2	0.4	7001	year
GT Japan Investint	0.4	Mar 5		-	1
Heath (Samuel)lnl	1.5	Apr 6	0.4	-	1.44
Hong Kong investint	0.75	Mar 12	1.5	-	5.5
Lookersfin	4.2	Apr 30	plj	-	1
St Andrewfin		Apr 6	4.2	6.2	6.2
TR Smaller Trustint	1.5	Mar 12	4.85	7.55	7.55
			1.5	-	3.7
Dividends shown nence	An cha-				0

the trust is not paying an interim dividend. The shares fell 1p to 222p yesterday. DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCE

vear.

ExceliburInt	Current	Date of paymant	Corres - ponding dividand	Total for year	Tota last year
GT Japan Investint Heath (Samuel)int Hong Kong Investint Lookers	0.2 0.4 1.5 0.75 4.2 4.85 1.5	Apr 2 Mar 5 Apr 8 Mar 12 Apr 30 Apr 6 Mar 12	0.4 0.4 1.5 nli 4.2 4.85 1.5	6.2 7.55	1 1.44 5.5 1 6.2 7.85

& CONNENT

wahowa 103

of asset value

n i meruing nel e litted 3.4" a

80 MISTINGS

SEES ANNOUNCED

advertisements on their sides. In 1992 Stagecoach's pre-tax

profits reached £8.2m, com-

pared with £2.5m in 1991, on turnover which rose from

resources it needs for further expansion. About 35 municipal

bus companies in England are

due for privatisation in the

next year or two and the gov-ernment is to privatise the

The franchising of British

Rail services is an obvious opportunity to be looked at, though the overnight service between Scotland and London

which Stagecoach launched

though it is likely to be worth about £100m.

ordinary shares, Mr Souter, 38, owns 9.1m and his sister Mrs Gloag, the 50-year-old manag-

ing director, owns 8.7m. Eight

Scottish institutions hold con-

vertible cumulative preference

shares worth £5m under a for-

mula which was to give them

between 16 and 25 per cent of

the ordinary shares.

occasional preacher.

Of Stagecoach's 21m issued

HEN THE river Tay burst its banks last week and flooded the offices in Perth of Stagecoach Holdings, Mr Brian Souter, chairman and chlef executive. waded in rolled up his sleeves and shifted documents and equipment up the narrow stair-case to the first floor.

Though Mr Souter now runs company which employs 11,000 people and turned over £140m last year, he is a hands-on manager who on occasions still takes the wheel of one of the 3,300 buses which the company operates in Britain and overseas. Stagecoach is seeking a

Stock Exchange quotation in April which could value the company at some £100m, a development which Mr Souter sees as a natural progression for a husiness which he and his sister began with a handful of huses in 1980.

The story of Stagecoach is a lesson in the application of private enterprise to the often hidebound world of public transport. It has lessons for the privatisation of British Rail indeed last year it became the first private company to operate a regular passenger train service by attaching carriages to BR trains.

Stagecoach began when Mr Souter, a chartered accountant with Arthur Andersen, and his sister, Mrs Ann Gloag, then a ourse, began a long-distance coach operation between Dundee and London, undercutting the established Scottish Bus group operation. Their father was bus driver in Perth.

The company's hig expan-sion came when the National Bus Company was broken up and privatised after 1985. Stagecoach bought hus companies in Hampshire, Cumhria



and the east Midlands. It then made further acquisitions among companies which had staged management buy-outs from National Bus Com-

pany whose managements, Mr Souter says, "had exhausted themselves in the MBO process," and also acquired three Scottish hus companies, two of them from the privatisation of the Scottish Bus Group. In each purchase the Stagecoach team acted as a catalyst,

Mr Souter says, "releasing energy which was huried there among the middle management." The company cut out tiers of management, re-examined routes, introduced a variety of sizes of huses, as well as

investing heavily in new fleets being achieved under National and agreeing productivity deals with the labour force. Bus Company to between 10 and 15 per cent.

For a time the company ben-Stagecoach now has a geo elited from sales of property graphical spread from the acquired in privatisation. In one case it acquired the bus south of England to the north of Scotland, giving some insustation in Keswick at a book lation from economic downvalue of £55,000 and sold it for turns in any single area. Its £705,000. In another it sold the buses are painted in a single hus station in Whitehaven for livery and can be transferred £1.1m, having paid £165,000. from one area to another to Twice Stagecoach has had to meet fluctuations in demand. comply with recommendations The company bas also of the Office of Fair Trading to

applied its formula to bus comdivest itself of acquisitions panies in Kenya, Malawi and New Zealand, where the considered to he posing a threat to competition. Profit authorities have chosen the margins have been pushed up privatisation route, Stagecoach from the 5 per cent of turnover even operates huses in China, which Stagecoach says was paid for with the proceeds of

Allders may return to market in autumn

By Angus Foster

£103.3m to £140.7m.
The flotation, Mr Souter says, will give the company the ALLDERS, the department store and duty free company which was taken private after a £224m buy-out from Hanson in 1989, is considering returning to the stock market, possibly in the autumn. No timetable for the possible

notation has been fixed, and the company is now recruiting a stockbroker and other advis-ers. Schroders, which arranged a 1991 financial restructuring for the company, is likely to be retained as financial adviser. The restructuring, prompted

last year failed to attract enough passengers and has been scaled down. Though Noble Grossart, hy poor trading conditions and a looming deht repayment peak, included a £10m injection of fresh equity, under-written by Prudential Venture Managers, 3i and CIN Venture Stagecoach's Edinhurgh merchant banker, is sponsoring the share Issne and UBS Phillips & Drew has been appointed stockhroker, no Managers.
Following the 1989 buy-ont,
Allders said it wanted to details are being disclosed,

return to the stock market within four years to use the proceeds of the flotation to pay off borrowings.
Allders operates 11 UK

department stores and claims to be the world's second largest dnty free retailer, after Duty Free Shoppers of the US.

TDG in French sale Transport Development Group

Mr Souter evidently co-operhas accepted an offer to sell Transports Liberatore, a ates happily with his sister. While he provides the ideas, she runs the administration French 55 vehicle general haulage company, to its management. Also two of TDG's and negotiates some hard bargains with bus manufacturers and hulk fuel suppliers.
On Sundays they go to the evangelical church of the Nazamain French operating companies, Innocenti Freres and Royal International have merged to form Innocentirene, where Mr Souter is an

Lookers 'off the bottom' as margins recover

£332.7m.

By Angus Foster

LOOKERS, the Manchesterbased motor dealer, was again affected by recession in the year to the end of September but has started to see signs of Mr Ken Martindale, chair-

man, said sales in the first quarter of the current year were "somewhat higher" than the 14 per cent increase reported hy the motor indus-try. He said margins, which have been depressed by stock overhangs and manufacturers selling nearly new cars, started to recover in December and have maintained the trend this month.

"We're certainly off the bottom," he said. Pre-tax profits fell from £3.21m to £1.81m in the year to September 30 as a result of vol-

costs of closing a subsidiary after the year end. Earnings fell from 2.1p to

0.9p. The directors decided to maintain the final dividend at 4.2p for an unchanged total of 6.2p, on the grounds of prospects for recovery and the expected fall in gearing.

over dropped from £359.6m to

Mr Martindale said gearing

had fallen from 115 per cent to a little less than 100 per cent, of which half was held in the

contract hire division. Looker was proposing to sell 51 per

cent of that operation to Wood-chester Credit Lyonnais, a sub-

sidiary of Woodchester Invest-

ments, for between £1.52m and

£1.77m. Proceeds would he used to reduce borrowings. There was an extraordinary charge of £146,000 to cover the

Siemens keen to acquire GEC's 60% stake in GPT

group, is eager to huy from GEC the 60 per cent stake in GPT it does not already own, bnt so far the UK company has shown no willingness to sell. Neither Siemens nor GEC would comment yesterday on reports that the German company had offered Lord Weinstock up to £800m for GEC's

tions equipment maker. GPT, which last year made £127m in pre-tax profits, was formed through the merging of

share in the telecommunica-

facturing interests of GEC and SIEMENS, the German Plessey It has been jointly electrical and electronics owned by GEC and Siemens since 1939 when the two companies successfully made a hid for Plessey. Siemens' UK operations were

the telecommunications manu

profitable last year but if the contribution from GPT is excluded, the UK subsidiary was in loss.

Mr Jurgen Gehrels, chief executive of Siemens UK, last week said that the price paid for Plessey had been too high because the company had been bought when the market was

Princedale in black with £0.39m

PRINCEDALE Group, the USM-quoted marketing and design agency, stayed in the hlack in the second half to record its first annual profit since 1998.

In the year ended September 30 1992 the group turned in a pre-tax profit of £389,000, against a loss of £431,000. Mr Stephen Bennett, chairman, described that as encouraging place was difficult.

All three remaining operat-

ing units made a positive contribution. Turnover fell from £15.3m to £12.8m because of the sale of companies. There were exceptional charges of £163,000 (£116,000) and a significantly reduced net interest payable of £68,000 (£192,000). 0.08p (losses 0.11p).

Hong Kong Invest doubles asset value

Net asset value of the Hong Kong Investment Trust doubled to 44.41p per ordinary

share at the half year to December 31 from 22.4p a year earlier, making HKI the top performing ordinary share in the investment trust sector in terms of net asset value.
At the June year end the

asset value was 36.1p. The hoard said that the increase in total assets reflected investment manager's outperformance of the Hang Seng Index as well as sterling's devaluation.
Dividend and interest income rose from £95,254 to £298,582 and net revenue after

tax came to £179,406 (£31,925

losses) in the period. Earnings

per share were 0.9p (0.16p

has been declared which, the board said is not comparable to the previous year as the scheme of reorganisation changed the revenue profile of the company and no interim dividend was paid.

Sam Heath adjusts Earnings per share were to make small profit Samuel Heath & Sons, hard-

ware and giftware manufacturer, made adjustments after a poor start to the year and was able to make a small profit in the half year ended September 30 1992. Mr Samuel Heath, chairman,

NEWS DIGEST

reminded sharebolders that business collapsed in the first four months, but "we then adjusted our budgets". On turnover ahead from £3.46m to £3.55m the pre-tax

profit for the period rose from £72,000 to £95,000. Earnings per share came to 2.1p (1.6p) and the interim dividend is held at

Gardiner sells Spanish offshoot Gardiner Group, the distribu-

The

tor of security and surveillance equipment, is selling its loss-making Spanish subsidiary to

company

announced that the investigation into mis-statement of stock, announced last November, was not yet complete but the preliminary review had found that there had been improvements in the present financial controls which were now "generally satisfactory". The sale of Alarm Parts,

which distributes security and surveillance equipment, should result io an extraordinary charge of £2m at the year end, of which £300,000 relates to goodwill previously written off Alarm reported trading

USD 100,000,000

GENFINANCE N.V.

Subordinated Floating

Rate Notes due 1994

est Amount due on July 26, 1993 per

Agent Bank

5% p. a.

frankrum sale provided under condition interest

losses of about £610,000 in the year to the end of October last. Net liabilities at that date were £400,000. As part of the sale an intercompany loan of £2.1m has been written off.

TR Smaller asset value declines

By the end of November 1992 net asset value of TR Smaller Companies Investment Trust stood at 145.4p, a 6.4 per cent reduction over the six months. A year earlier it stood at 148.8p. In the half year to November

30 total revenue came to per share slipped to 1.97p (2.02p). The interim dividend is again 1.5p.

GT Japan invest assets up 18%

the six months to the end of December improved 18 per cent from 149p to 176.3p. It stood at

Net asset value per share of GT Japan Investment Trust over

185.6p a year earlier. Net profits for the six months to December 31 rose

from £272,000 to £1.23m for

earnings per share of 0.44p to

1.97p but the interim dividend

is a maintained at 0.4p.

Gold mining companies' reports for the quarter ended 31 December 1992

RAND MINES **Blyvooruitzicht Gold Mining**

Company, Limited

Registration No 05/09743/06 199UEU CAPITAL: R6 000 000 IN 24 000 000 SHARES

			potes	
OPERATING RESULTS	31-12-1992	30-9-1992	31-12-1992	
Underground operations				
Ore miled -1	. 228 000	312 000	500 000	
Gold grodučed = kg	1 586	1 863	6 749	
		5.97	8.35	
YES - CA		32 031	32 295	
Revenue - R/kg			31 200	
Cost - RAG	. 30 725	31 817		
Wasteng profit - Riflig		214	1 027	
Heronia - RA miled	. 220.07	191.26	205,21	
Cost - R/t milled	. 208.44	159.99	198.68	
Working profit - Rif milled	1243	1 27	6.57	
Surface operations				
Tons and od	240 000	219 000	499 000	
Gold produced - kg		118	224	
		0.54	0.45	
Yorkd - g/1		32 831	92 205	
Reverse - R/kg		31 161	30 898	
Cost - R/kg	. 30 589		1 397	
Working profit - R/lig		670		
Revenue - Ra miled	. 12.33	17.26	14.50	
Cost - RA miled		16.79	13 87	
Working profit - R/t milled		6.47	0.63	
PHANCIAL RESULTS (ROOU's)				
Revenue	. 64 B54	63 453	125 307	
Cod	81 199	67 953	124 143	
			4 104	
Working profit		500		
Sundry revenue - net	1 452	1 647	3 7798	
Profit below taxation and State a share of profit	6118	2 147	7 263	
Taxasion and State's chare of profit	884	689	1 553	
			5 710	
Profit after taxation and State's share of profit	4 252	t 458	3749	
Capital orpandique = nol	1 646	-36	1 682	
OPERATIONS				
OPERATORS				
The Continent of rock from a waste dump was rec	commenced is ord	Mar. 40 (2004), 1216 (071)	ub m eccoun vil	
underlying Duings dam.				
Development into the Wastere Deep Levels tribule	ques is proceedin	4		
TRIBUTE AGREEMENT WITH DRIEPONTEN CO	MSOLIDATED LIA	NTED		
Sundry revenue is not of R335 000 due to Onelo	retein Consolictate	d Limited for its en	are of profits in	

East Rand Proprietary Mines, Limited Registration No. 61/00773/08
899UED CAPITAL: R163 383 153 16 16 832 DOD ORDINARY SHARES
R70 900 DOD NY 350 000 "B" CLASS VARIABLE RATE CUMULATIVE
RESIDEMABLE PREFERENCE SHARES

Quarter

4 765 3 000 11 635 3 390 3 390 482 393 325 590 131 803 477 721

Durban Roodepoort Deep, Limited Registration No. 01/00020/00 ISSUED CAPITAL: P2 325 000 IX 2 725 000 SHARES

PROMICIAL RESULTS (ROOFs) G ASSISTANCE to militar (previous quarter – R2.1 militar) for the pumping of entraneous and form like State during the quarter Working cools are reliected net of Pala assistance

Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited Registration No. 05/38232/08 ISSUED CAPITAL: R13 442 325 IN 26 884 850 SMARES

Revenue - RA treater Cost - RA treated - -Working parts - RA (1 403) 4 231 2 826 2 825

Notes

DIVIDENDS

Residential Property Securities No. 1 PLC £200,000,000

Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes 2018 Notice of Partial Redemption

S.G.Warburg & Co.Ltd. announce that Notes for the nominal amount of £2,600,000 have been drawn for redemption on 26th February, 1993, in accordance with Clause 5(b) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes. The distinctive numbers of the Notes drawn, are as follows:-520 561 402 444 487 529 570 611 654 695 1126 1167 1209 1251 1292 1334 1375 1418 1459 1501 1542 1585 1625 1666 1709 1751

On 2nth February, 1993 there will become due and payable upon presentanon of each Note drawn for redemption, the principal amoun thereof, together with accrued interest to said date, at the office of S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

2 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA or one of the other paying agents named on the Notes.

Interest will cease in accrue on the Notes called for redemption on and after 26th February, 1993 and Notes so presented for payment should have attached all Coupons maturing after that date. £105,100,000 nominal amount of Notes will remain outstander 26th February, 1943.

BRITANNIA

WOOLWICH BUILDING SOCIETY £150,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1995 sordance with the terms and tions of the Notes, notice is

conditions of the Notes, notes is hereby given that for the three month interest period from (and including) 25th Innuary 1993 to that excluding) 35th April 1993 the Notes will carry a rate of interest of 7.225 per cent, per annum. The relevant interest payment date will be 36th April 1993. The coupon amount per £5.000 will be £40.07 and per £100.000 will be £1.301.30 per zimilitati with surrenter of Coupon No: 12. Hambros Bank Limited

BUILDING SOCIETY Issue of up to

£50,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 2005

Due 2005
In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three month interest period from (and including) 22nd January 1993 to (but excluding) 22nd April 1993 the Notes will carry a rate of interest of 7½ per cent. per annum. The relevant interest payment date will be 22nd April 1993. The coupon amount per £1,000,000.00 Note will be £18,570,21 payable against surrender of Coupon Not 13.

Hannburg Rank Limited Hambros Bank Limited

partness prices Interest Period January 25,1993 July 26, 1993 USD 10,000 USD 252.78 SANQUE GÉNERALE DU LUZEMBOURG

ECU 25,000,000 KANSALLIS INTERNATIONAL BANK S.A. Subordinated Floating

Rate Notes due 1993 Interest Rate 9.8125% p. a. Interest Period Jamuary 25,1993 July 23, 1993 Interest Amount due on July 23, 1993 per

ECU 1,000,000 ECU 48,790 8 BANQUE GENERALE DU LUEEMEOURG Agent Bank

New York

exchanges

plan merger

By Laurie Morse in Chicago

exchanges annunced yester-

stage for other mergers as

mature US futures markets

The directors of the Chicago

Board of Trade and New

York's Commodity Exchange

(Comex) have agreed in princi-

ple to affiliate. Under the plan,

the CBoT would become the

sole owner of the Comex,

which has been bleeding vol-

ume in recent years and suf-

The cross-country marriage

would allow Comex to con-

tinna to trade its precious met-

als futureo while the CBoT

wnuld maintain Its oeparate

interest rate and agricultural

However, other contracts

could be traded jointly, with

mutual access for both mem-

berships. Those might include tha CBoT's new insurance

futures, w<u>hich are m</u>oribund

Under the affiliation plan,

which must still be ratified hy

members of both exchanges,

the Comex and CBoT would

combine the trade clearing

operations and marketing and

The pact is a coup for the

CBoT, which stands to garner

the trading power of the Comex's 1,000 memhers, as

well as precious metals con-

tracts it has been unable to sustain in Chicago. A New

York foothold could prove

invaluable to the CBoT in its

efforts to add more New York-

dominated government securi-

ties trading to Its hage US

administration activities.

after their first month.

struggle for survival.

fering financially.

contracts.

By Mark Nicholson in

YESTERDAY indicated its willingness to join other members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries in cutting the cartel's second quarter output as crude prices received some support from signs at the weekend of an emerging consensus to peg back production by up to im barrels a day.

Mr Ali al Baghli, the Kuwait oll minister, said after talks with Mr Alirio Parra, the Opec president, that all Opec members, including Kuwait itself, should be prepared to cut output to shore up recently softer crude prices. "Cuts are necessary from all states. . with-

out exception," he said. Crude prices began the week firmer after Mr Parra's remarks at the weekend that his talks with both the Iranian and Saudi Arahian oil ministers had reached agreement in "substantial areas". Mr Hisham Nazer, the Saudi oil minister, said aftar his meeting with Mr Parra that all Onec members should make pro-rata cuts amounting to 1m h/d at the Fehruary 13 meeting to Vienna to decide second quar-

The March delivery price for North Sea Brent crude rose 521/2 cents yesterday to \$17.871/4 a barrel.

Mr Parra told reporters before flying to the United Arab Emirates yesterday that he had discussed an overall cut in Opec production with Mr al-Baghli. "I would hope that if we can adjust the foundation for the market to set the rules of the game, that within those rules, prices will strengthen,' he said.

Opec set an overall first quarter ceiling of 24.58m h/d at its November meeting, but has seen significant leakage over that figure and a corresponding slip in prices since. Most industry esitmates put present output above 25m h/d.

Mr Parra said in Qatar yesterday that the proposed 1m h/ d cut would amount to an actual cut of "1.5m h/d or maybe more in view of the current production level".

Industry analysts said yeoterday that an Opec commitment to cut output in Fehruary would require a renewed and firm commitment to the original November ceiling and then a further real cut of at least 400,000 to 500,000 h/d, hringing total output to around 24m h/d, before oil markets would be convinced of Opec's resolve. Mr Joe Stalislav, of Camhridge Energy Associates, said

the "revenue imperative" was

.strong for all Opec members but they bad still to work out "common language and common ground" on the details of an agreement.

A decision by Kuwait to curb output would substantially help Opec discipline. The Gulf stata has insisted since the Gulf war that it should be immune from any output restrictions while it recovers revenues lost during the war.

However, Kuwait is now pumping more than 1.7m h/d, above its formal pre-war Opec quota of 1.5m b/d and oil ministry officials said as early as last year that they might rethink output otrategy once productioo reached present

Although the oil ministry has produced a schedule which anticipates production rising to 1.85m b/d for the second quarter and moving up to 2.15m h/d hy tha end of the year, the ministry has also previously entertained holding output at near present levels sd as to allow a comprehensive study of possi-ble damage to the oilfields sustained during the oll fires of

A decision to hold output at present levels, or even cut production olightly, might therefore serve Kuwait's self-interest as well as overall Opec

Denmark's strong tradition

Treasury bond complex. The Comex has been in need of a financial big brother. Last year, Its futures volume fell to 10.7m contracts from 12.6m in 1991. Its primary contracts, gold, silver and high-grade copper, suffered from recession and ovarseas competition. The London Metal Exchange, in contrast, saw volume soar to 24.7m contracts last year, up from 17m in 1991,

Officials at both CBoT and the Comex have been coping with sagging markets and declining membership values. The CBoT had a 7.6 per cent increase in overall volume last year but its agricultural volume was barely even. The price of a full seat at the

CBoT has fallen to \$375,000, far below its high of \$550,000 and the value of a similar seat at the Chicago Mercantile Exchange. Comex seat prices | by funding arrangements speculation that its support for are a mere \$46,000, down from their high of \$350,000 in 1980. have traditionally contributed

Cash 1190-91 3 months 1212-13

Lead (2 per loone)

Copper, Grade A (£ per tonne)

273.5-74 284-84.5

Chicago and | Uzbekistan tempted by golden lure

Steve LeVine on a project that looks likely to overcome the cash-hungry, ex-Soviet republic's distrust of foreign investment

US company looks stan is nothing new. Hundreds ikely to win financing of western and regional traders likely to win financing for a \$100m project designed to squeeze six extra tonnes of gold a year from TWO OF North America's Uzbekistan's rich mines, thus oldest and largest futures proving something new about the ex-Soviet republic - it day that they will joln isn't always infuriatingly operations, perhaps setting the

obstructionist. "This project is super-important to the government," says Mr Marcel DeGuire, of New mont Mining Corporation of Denver, Colorado, "hecause everybody is watching it to see if it works.

So far, few major foreign partnerships have worked out in the Central Asian nation. But last week Mr Ron Freeman, first vice-president of the European Bank for Reconstruc-tion and Development, said the bank would probably provide \$70m for the Newmont project; half the remaining \$30m would come from Newmont and the rest from the Uzhek govern-

The gold project, at Uzhekistan's Murantau mine - the world's largest oingle gold mine, which produces 50 tonnes a year at a Kizil Kum desert site 250 miles west of Tashkent - would be one of the largest foreign investments in Uzbekistan since perestroika hegan. "I would not recommend this project unless I thought the government was fully behind it," Mr Freemand said in Tashkent.

Foreign interest in Uzheki-The government this month

of fresh ore.

develop a new gold deposit that it said contained about 100 have paraded through, tonnes of gold. The announceattracted by the republic's proment represented a shift for Mr doction of the world's fourth Karimov. Since independence a largest cotton crop and the year ago. Uzbekistan has kept eighth largest gold output, as its entire 70-tonne annual gold well as its large uranium and production, instead of sending oil deposits. But little has come it to Russia as it was forced to of it. The Uzbek government is in the past. According to the probably the most centralised government, Mr Karimov has of the 15 former Soviet republics. Officials make virtually no deposited all the subsequent decisions without Precident output into national reserves, Islam Karimov's express perallowing none to be sold. mission and he has been pain-Some observers claim Mr fully slow about allowing free enterprise. The visitor finds

Karimov approved the bid only because his hand was forced gold production has fallen because of supply shortages and antiquated equipment and he may have decided to cut a deal to help turn round the To-one can be sure that

the president will actually proceed with such a large gold mining contract, and so it is not at all clear how much, if at all, Hzbekistan's economic atmosphere has changed.

The Newmont plan calls for the company to import crushers, special plastics and other equipment for "heap-leaching technology, which will extract gold that otherwise prohably could not be economically pro-

Newmont, the largest gold producer in North America, is building a similar project in Yanacocha, Peru. It is sched-

did invite foreign bids to uled to come on line later this year and to produce 100,000. ounces of gold annually.

The company expects the Murantau, Uzbekistan, project to produce six to seven tonnes of gold the first year, when the richest ore will be exploited and five to six tonnes a year after that. The profit will be oplit 50:50 between Newmont and the government

Mr DeGuire, who is a metallurgist, said financing terms were still to be worked out with the European Bank. Mr Freeman said the deal could be completed in two months. On that schedule, the project would be producing gold in the second half of next year, Mr DeGuire said.

So bow did Newmont pull it

Mr DeGuire credited personal relationships that New mont executives formed with Uzhek officialo, employing a personal touch. When Uzbekistan became independent, for example, Newmont produced a replica of the nation's new flag, plus a couple of thousand of commemorative lapel-pins, the first set of which went to Mr Karimov and his ministers.

"We did a lot of stuff like that. We're also teaching them about cash-flow, so they know whether it's better to have a dollar now or later," Mr DeGuire said. "This joint venture is a model. It's well balanced. It's a pattern they can

Poison scare prompts NZ shellfish ban

ter production.

By Terry Hall in Wellington

NEW Zealand government yesterday imposed a total ban on the taking of all shellfish, closing an industry that employs 3,000 people and exports mussels and oysters worth NZ\$90m (£27m) a year to the US, Europe and and Asia.

The ban follows a serious outhreak of a poison-producing algae that effects filter feeding shellfish. Ten days ago all the northern North Island fish farms and hatcheries were closed, hut today the government extended the ban to the rest of the country after a woman became ill after eating mussels in the Marlborough Sounds at the northern end of the South Island, the main farming area for sbellfish.

Officials said that while there might be no connection, It was important that New Zealand could be seen internationally to be doing everything possible to contain the outbreak, which seemed to be related to higher summer temperatures in the water.

The ban is expected to last 10 days.

MARKET REPORT

Growth plan offered to **Danish farming sector**

By Hilary Barnes in

A RESEARCH report for the Danish Ministry of Agriculture has brought a chink of light to the country's farmers, who are at present sunk in gloom as a result of the reform of the European Community's common agricultural policy and the trend of negotiations on the General Agreement on Tar-

iffs and Trade. The report, by the Institute for Food and Agroindustrial Development, concludes that over a 20-year period the country should be able to double the value of production by agriculture and horticulture, the food processing industries and the agro-industrial sector as a whole from about DKr180bn (£19bn) to DKr380bn (1990 prices). It says pig production can he increased from about 16m a year now to at least 30m; borticultural output by three or four times; and production value in the food processing industries by a factor of three or four by raising the added, the agro-industrial sec-

18.02 10.12 18.20 18.27 18.20 10.29 16.33 18.36 17.39

Turnover 31181 (28239)

186.25 186.00 186.25 186.25 170.25

174.50

GAS OIL - IPE

17.18

167.75

as an agricultural exporter means that it already has exceptionally large world market shares in products such as pigmeat, dairy products, seeds, mink pelts, fish products and several types of machinery and

food ingredients.

With a co-ordinated effort between the public and private sectors, it can build on the existing basis to realise a highgrowth strategy for the industry, the report says. The barriers to success identified by the report are not market limitations, as even a doubling of production value would only increase Denmark's sbare of world markets from 3 to 4 per cent, but domestic structural and institutional factors, especially factors preventing a satisfactory capital accumulation and investment. This problem can be solved by institutional and regulative changes, says the report, which points to a need to increase annual investment in the total agro-industrial sector from DKr10bn-12bn at present to DKr20bn-30hn by level of processing and value 2010 and in research and development from DKr2bn-2.5bn to DKr12hn-17bn (1990 prices).

Row over financing threatens future of UN development fund for small farmers

By John Madalay recently in

THE FUTURE of the Rome-hased International Fund for Agricultural Development, the United Nations small farmer agency, is in donht after the failure of donor countries to agree about a replenishment of its finances. Ifad is jointly funded by

western countries and members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries; it is widely recognised as one of the most cost-efficient UN agencies. Set up in 1977, it makes interest-free loans to small farmers in developing countries and has lent about \$3.6hn for 337 projects in nearly 100 countries. It claims these projects are helping to grow more than 40m extra tonnes of food a year.

But Ifad has been bedevilled under which western countries

High/Low

1196-96.5 1217.5-18

60 per cent and the oil countries 40 per cent of its money. This arrangement has given rise to constant disputes in the last 10 years, with oil countries arguing that they should pay a smaller percentage because of

few of the omall-scala entrepre-

neurs who offer imported

goods from kiosks throughout

the Baltics, the ex-Soviet Slavic

The government desperately

wants foreign investment; it

simply has been slower than

others in adjusting to the pace

of husiness outside the former

Soviet Union and mortally

fearful of foreign exploitation.

through, as seems likely, it is probably because it is a cash-

cow that the hndget-strapped

republic can milk immediately

for hard currency, while at the

same time protecting itself

involves extraction of gold

from the 150m tonnes of

already mined rock that has

been accumulating in a great

pile since 1967, not the mining

from exploitation. The deal

If the Newmont deal goes

countries and the Caucasus.

lower oil prices. Four meetings last year failed to resolve the issue of who should pay how much for the fund's work for the next three years. A fifth meeting in Rome last week again ended with no agreement,

Both groups agree that Ifad should be given about \$600m for its next three years' work. But while the West wants to maintain the 60:40 ratio, the oil exporting nations want to contribute less. Saudi Arabia, the largest contributor in the Opec group, last week aroused consternation by refusing to say how much it was prepared to contribute. That gave rise to

Ifad was on the wane.

Total delity turnover 29,325 lots

Total daily turnover 48,144 lots

166,536 lots

43.732 lots

(Prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal 7rading)

AM Official Kerb close Open Interest

council, which also met last week, said: "If Ifad is to continue to perform a useful operation as a separate institution it needs the support of its membership as a whole, If some of the more prominent members feel that it has outlived its usefulness then there will come a point at which we have to recognise that fact. In my view we have not yet

erence to Sandi Arabia, Mr

Peter Freeman, Britain's repre-

sentative on Ifad's governing

reached that point". Ifad's hopes of survival are now pinned on its new president who was elected at the council to succeed Idris Jazairy of Algeria; Mr Fawzi Hamad Al-Sultan of Kuwait, an executive director of the World Bank, who served as director of the Knwait Emergency and Recovery Programme in the

aftermath of the Gulf war. rebuilding Kuwait's economy In what seemed a veiled ref- is thought to have been the

HEATING OIL 42,000 US galls, cents/US galls

decisive factor behind his election. Mr Al-Sultan. who takes over as Ifad presidant this week, said he was keen to get the replenishment talks going again as soon as possible.

Ifad now has about \$150m a year coming in from its investments and loans, but unless donor countries contribute it may not be viable as a separate body. It hopes to lend \$336m for 25 new agricultural projects this year. Just before leaving office at the weekend, Mr Jazairy said: "If our funds are not replenished we shall have to cut down next year".

African countries who need support to move towards food seif-sufficiency could be hit hard by Ifad's demise. More than two-fifths of its loans have been to Africa. The fund is now trying to finalise a loan that would help Somali farmers who were hit by last year's The experience he gained in disastrous drought. But such work is in jeopardy unless it wins its survival battle.

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

17.96 17.45 18.03 17.59

18.12 17.81

18.38 18.36

167.50 163.25 167.50 163.50 166.50 164.50 166.50 165.50 167.25 165.75

170.25

New York arabica COFFEE prices tumbled in early trading yesterday on pessimism over this week's international Coffee Organisation talks in London. Tha continued chart-based salling In New York aparked further sharp lossas in the London robusta markat, whera the March contract touched a three-month low of \$850 a tonna. Dealers said that London had hald up comparatively wall in view of tha extent of losses in the US. Both markets remain heavily oversold with tha

potential to staga short-term ralliaa. BASE METAL trading

London Markets SPOT MARKETS

SPOT MANAGES		
Crude off (per barrel FOS)(Mer)	+ 01
Dubai	\$15.50-5.55	+.425
Brent Blend (deted)	\$17.65-7.70	+ .625
Brent Blend (Mar)	017.85-7.90	+ .525
W.T.I (1 pm esQ	\$18.45-9.50	+0.70
Off products (NWE prompt delivery per	tonne CIF	+ or
Promium Casoline	0156-188	+4
Gas Oil	\$171-172	+5
Heavy Fuel Oil	572-73	+2
Naphthe	\$174-176	+2
Petroleum Argus Estimates		-
Other		+ or
Gold (per troy oz)-	\$328.75	-0.5
Sliver (per tray az)-	369.5c	-4
Platinum (per troy oz)	\$361.25	+0.76
Palladium (per troy oz)	0109.50	+0.25
Copper (US Producer)	108.5c	
Lead (US Producer)	33.5c	
Tin (Kuale Lumpur market)	Unq	
Tist (New York)	274.5c	-1
Zinc (US Prime Western)	62.0 c	
Cattle (live weight)	117,84p	+0.32
Sheep (ilve weight)†	90.00p	+ 2.54
Pigs (live weight)!	80.83p	+ 0.41
London daily sugar (raw)	\$213.00	-0.1
London daily sugar (white)		+25
Tate and Lyte export price	\$247.00	-2.S
Barlay (English teed)	£135.50u	
Malze (US No. 3 yellow)	£181.75	
Wheat (US Dark Northern)	Unq	
Rubber (Feb1♥	65.00p	
Rubber (Mar)♥	68.00p	
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb)	239.0m	
Coconut oil (Philippines)§	\$432.5y	-12.5

Turnover 15886 (9009) lots el 100 tonnes Landed demand was less strong, reports the Tea Sroker's Association. Selected Col-oury Assems ruled firm to dearer but oth-ers were 2 to 39 easier with dust grades Irregular throughout. Bright liquiding Afri-**-2.S** 59.00c domains at asoler rates the highest price realised this week was 230p for a Rwands pt.1. Outstions: quality 210p/kg, non good medium 180p/kg, medium 160p/kg, low

					~~		MI LAV		Zunine
			Sala			Close	Previous	High/Low	
			stly rout	- Nati	r	717	732	734 710	
and j	prices	andad b	roadly io	war. Ma	y	723	739	741 723	
COPI	DEA re	versed	a dip bel	ow Jul		733	751	750 735	
				Ser	2	744	762	761 744	
tha a	2,220-a	i-tonne i	loor of the	ne De	3	761	780	779 783	
curre	nt \$10	ranga f	OF	Ma	•	782	DOB	800 782	
			closing	Ma	y	795	813	014	
the c	harts s tual br	uggeste aak-out	mation o	ny for	de tor	Jan 22	prices 130F 775.99 (767 7 (762.61)		
		D prices			FFE	- Loc	don POX		S/tonne
			erling, hu reflected			Clase	Previous	High/Low	
					_	872	928	869 870	
			ith the do	oliar Me	r	855	904	879 850	
equiv	/alent	ittle cha	inged.	Mg	Y	862	905	885 859	
				Jul		853	809	875 850	
Cal	mailed	from Re	ne doca	Sec	,	861	908	878 864	
COI	inhited	arom a	euter a	No	,	877	015	893 872	
SUGAI	R - Lond	on FOX	(\$ pe				to etol (806)		
Raw	Close	Previous	High/Low	Jan	22: 0	omp. de	ices (US c uly 55.99 (56		
May	192.00	192.00	192-00	59.0	83 (60	L17)			
White	Close	Previous	High/Low	PO	TATO	E3 - I	ondon FOX		£/torune
Mar	255.00	253.30	265.00 253.	50 —		Close	Previous	High/Low	
May	257.00	254.80	256.60 256.			-voes	LIAMONS.	LANGUAL LOW	
Aug	260.50	244.50	259.00	Apr		59.0	59.0	59.5 59.0	
Oct Dec	246.50	247.30 245.60	245.00 247.00	Ma	y .	58.0	69.0	60.0	
Turnove White 1	er: Raw 2 976 (1850	(32) lots of Paris- Wh	50 tonnes.		nover	30 (107) lots of 20	tonnes.	
	92.72 May				YAMI	AL - I	ondon FO	K	£/tonna
CRUDE	(OIL — (PE		\$/barrel		Close	Prévious	High/Low	

59.63 (Comp. d		ents per po 6.34) 15 day	
POTAT	OE3 - I	ondon FO		£/torune
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Apr May	59.0 58.0	59.0 69.0	\$9.5 59.0 60.0	
Тшпоч	er 30 (10	7) lots of 20	tonnes.	
SOYAL	IEAL -	London FO	×	£/tonna
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Feb	151.00			
Turnov	er 0 (0) le	ots of 20 to:	nnes.	
FREIG	HT - Lo	ndon FOX	\$10/ind	lex point
	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Jan	1260	1260	1280 1280	
Feb	1295	1295	1295 1295	
Mar	1300	1300	1300 1300	
Apr BF1	1290 1272	1295 1270	(301 1290	
Turnovi	BE 82 (235	9		
ĈD A RE	S - Loo			E/tonne
Wheet	Close	Previous	High/Low	
Mar	137.00 139.00	137.30 139.25	137.00 136. 139.00 135.	
M	139.55	13023	139.55 139.	
Jun	109.50		109.50 109.	
Jun Sep	109.50 111.60	111.50	109.50 109. 111.60 111.	
Jun Sep Nov		111.50 Previous		
Jun Sep Nov Sarley	111.60		111.60 111.	45
Juni Sep Nov Barley Mar Turnove	111.60 Close 133.30 ar: Wheat	Previous 133.30	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 139. rley 93 (44).	45 IS
Turnove	Close 133.30 or: Wheat or lots of	Previous 133.30 68 (43), Ba 100 Tonnes POX (C:	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 133. urley 93 (44).	1S
Juni Sep Nov Barley Mar Turnove	Close 133.30 er: Wheat or lots of London Close	Previous 133.30 68 (43), Be 100 Tonnes POX (C: Previous	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 133. urley 93 (44). sph Settleme	1S
Jun Sep Nov Barley Mar Turnove Furnove	111.60 Close 133.30 er: Wheat or lots of London Close	Previous 133.30 68 (43), Ba 100 Tonnes FOX (C: Previous 106.0	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 133. riey 93 (44). ssh Settleme High/Low 105.0	1S
Juni Sep Nov Sarley Mar Furnove Furnove PIQS -	111.60 Close 123.30 or: Wheat or lots of London Close 104.8 104.8	Previous 133.30 68 (43), Ba 100 Tonness POX (C: Previous 106.0 105.5	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 133. riey 93 (44). ssh Settlema High/Low 105.0	1S
Juni Sep Nov Barley Mar Turnove	111.60 Close 133.30 er: Wheat or lots of London Close	Previous 133.30 68 (43), Ba 100 Tonnes FOX (C: Previous 106.0	111.60 111. High/Low 133.50 133. riey 93 (44). ssh Settleme High/Low 105.0	1S

an (5 per 1	tonne)							Total da	uly turnove	r 2,162 lots
ash monthe	5875-85 5940-50		930-40 960-95		5990/5940	- 5	910-20 975-80	5940-45	8,47	4 lots
inc, Speci	lei High Gr	rade (S	per tor	nne)				Total day	ly turnover	18,770 lots
ash months	1052.5-53 1072-73	.5 10	257-58 278-76.	5	1053.5/103 1075/1071	i3 1	053-53.5 072-72.5	1071-72	60.3	IS3 lots
ME Closic PO7: 155	ng C/S rate		10mths:	1.54			months: 1			riths: 1.5275
				_						
	polied by i			d)		N	ew '	York		
old (troy	oz† \$ price	, –	ε ο	autv	Meni	GOL	D 100 tro	y oz.; \$/troy	DZ.	
lose	328.60-			,			Close	Previous	High/Low	
pening	328.40-					Jan	328.0	328.8	0	0
lorning fix			213			Feb	328.8	328.0	329.1	328.7
nernoon (ay's high	0x 328.45 328.65	220 05	210	856		Mer	328.2	329.1	0	0
ays nigh	328.45	328.75				Apr	329.5	329.4 330.5	329.8 330.8	325.9 330.0
			_			Aug	331.0	331.8	0	0.088
oco Ldn k	feen Gold	Leadin	g Rab	96 (V	/s USS)	Oct	333.2	333.2	ŏ	ŏ
month	0.71	8	months		1.64	Dec	334.6	334.7	334.S	334.4
monthe	0.88		month	15	2.02	Feb	338.3	336.5	336.0	336.1
months	1.07					PLAT	TAYUNA 50	troy oz; \$/tro	y ez.	
iver fix	р/тоу с	9Z			dny	_	Clase	Previous	High/Low	
nonths	239.50 243.50		369. 372.			Jan	367.8	366.0	368.0	366 0
months	247,10		375.			Apr	363.5	362.0	364.4	360.5
months	254.55		382			Jul	360.8	359 4	361.0	359.0
						Oct	359.3	357.9	358.0	358 0
OLD COR	NS					Jan	358.1	358.7	•	
	\$ pric	20	٤٠	quiv	releni	SILVI		troy oz. cent		
rugerrand	420.0	0-331.50		_	216.00		Citose	Previous	High/Low	
apie řest		0-340.55			10.00	Jan	367 8	389.5	0	0
	eign 78.50-			00-53	1.00	Feb	368.4	370.0	0	0
						Mar	369.2	370L0	371.0	368.0
RADED O	- Automa					May	371.7	373.2	373.5	370.5
						Jul Sep	373.8 376.3	375.6 378.1	375.0 376.0	373.0 376.0
uminium	(99 7%)	Calls		F	ruts .	Dec	380.2	382,1	381.5	379.S
rike pnce	\$ tonne F	eb M	lay F	ф	May	Jan	381.2	383.1	0	0
00				0	27	HIGH	GRADE	COPPER 25,0	00 lbs; cen	
25 50	1	3 4		4	39 52	_	Close	Previous	High/Low	
		Calle	_			Jan	99.10	86.90	99.30	98.70
obber (III	and vi	Valid	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	'uts	Feb	99.15	99.00	99.15	98.50
00	5				56	Mar	99.55	99.40	99.00	98.75
50	3			2	S 1	Apr	89.75	99.60	99.40	99.1S
00	1	6 3	9 6	5	112	May	99.80	99.80	100.30	89.25
						Jun	100.00	99.00	0	0
e e e e	N.	Aar M	ey N	lar 🕯	May	Jul Aun	100,15 100,25	100,00 100,10	100.35 0	86.55 0
0	2	17	7 9	7	105	Sep	100.35	100.20	100.45	100.00
00		10		45	148	CRUE	E OIL (L	ight) 42,000 L	IS calls 5/h	arrel
50		6	_	95	194		Letost	Previous	High/Low	
COR				ler	May	Mar	18 01	10.83	19.55	19.17
0	8		-		11	Apr	10.55	18.96	10.59	19.28
5	4				10	May	19.64	19.08	19.65	19.30
0	3	9 50) f:	Z	27	Jun	19.72	19.20	19.73	19.50
		fer A		4		Jul Ann	19.74	18,29	19.74	19.00
ent Crude			<u> </u>	lar	Apr	Aug Sep	19 00 18.85	19 35	18.00	19.60
00	8		4		23	Sep Oct	10.88	19.42 18.46	19 87	10.70 10.76
50	5				35	Nov	19.87	18.47	10.86 10.67	10.76 18.77
00	2	2 52	2 3	8	60	Dec	19.86	19.47	19.88	19.75
							15.40	13.41	14.00	19.70

	Latest	Previous	High/Lon	· -	eov.	ADCANO S			
Feb	53.95	52.02	53.95	53.10	3017		000 bu mln;		
Mar	54.80	52.69	54.70	53.90	_	Close	Previous	High/Lov	
Apr May	54.70 54.35	52.97 52.89	54.70 54.35	53.95	Mar	576/2	561/2	581/2	576/
Jun	54.20	52.89	54.20	53.95 53.75	May Jul	579/4 584/0	584/6 589/2	584/2 588/4	579A
Jul	54.50	53.24	54.50	54.00	Aug	585/0	591/D	589/0	585/
Aug	55 30	53.99	55.30	54.75	Sap	585/0	589/6	589/0	5854
Sep	56.10	55.18	56.10	56.05	Nov Jan	589/2 596/0	595/0 602/2	584/A	- 588/
Oct Nov	57.30 68.00	56.14 56.99	57.30 58.10	57.05 58.00	Mer	604/0	810/0	0 608/0	0 604/0
		es:5/tonner			SOY	ABEAN OF	:8dl 000,08		
	Close	Previous				Close	Previous	High/Low	
Mer	943		High/Lov		- Mar	21.08	21,46	21 38	21.06
May	972	999 1021	1010 1031	940 967	May Jul	21.31	21.56	21.62	21.30
Jul	982	1041	1050	968	Aug	21.51 21.53	21.87 21.62	21.79 21.78	21.48
Sep	1015	1067	1068	1011	Sep	21.56	21.93	21.85	21.53
Dec Mar	1046 1076	1098 1126	1097 1127	1040	Oct	21.58	21.93	21.85	21.56
day	1097	1153	1097	1070 1097	Dec Jan	21 84 21.70	22.01 22.00	21.90	21.60
lul	1114	1170	0	0		_	AL 100 tores;		<u> </u>
Sep Dec	1170	1186 1218	0	0					
		,500/ba; cer			Mar	183.7	Previous	High/Low	
	Close				May	183.5	163.0 163.6	184.1 184.0	182.6 182.0
		Previous	High/Low	<u></u>	Jul • Aug	184.7 185.1	185.0	185.1	164.0
dar day	56.05 \$1.40	62.80	62.80	55.00	Sep	185,9	185.4 186.1	185.2	184.8
nay luf	63.60	87.70 69.60	67,40 69.30	60,2G 63.60	Oct	189.5	167.2	186.5 186.5	185.5 186.4
Sep	65,40	71.30	70.90	65.30	Dec Jan	188.6 189.5	188.8 189.5	189.0	187.8
Jec Aar	68.25 71.70	73.60 76.65	73.50 78.50	68.25			лия: cents/5		
Any	74.00	79.00	0	73.75 0		Close	Previous		
UGA	WORLD	~71° 112,00	00 lbs; cen	ts/lbs	Mar	217/2	218/4	High/Low 218/0	0170
	Close	Previous	High/Low		May	225/2	226/4	226/0	217/D 225/0
Aer	8.47	8.45	5.48	041	Jul Sep	232/2	233/2	233/0	231/6
Any	8.86	8.63	83.8	6.60	Dec	244/4	245/4	238/6 246/0	238/0
ul Oct	8.75	8.73	6.76	8.70	Mar May	251/2 256/0	252/2	251/4	251/0
Aar Aar	8.71 8.79	8.67 5.73	8.71 0.79	8.84 8.73	Dec	250/0	257/0 250/0	256/0 0	255/6
Aay	8.82	8.78	0	0	WHEA	T S.000 bu	min; cents/	Min. bushal	
отто	N 50,000	cents/lbs				Close	Previous	High/Low	
	Close	Previous	High/Low		Mer May	383/4	387/4	387/0	381/4
lar	\$1.80	62.60	62.60	81.50	الوال	351/6	359/2 332/6	35B/4	353/4
tey	81.77	62.83	62.50	01.60	Sep	333/6	335/4	332/4 335/4	330/2 333/0
ul let	62.45 01.13	63.48	62.00 \$1,85	62.20	Dec Mar	343/0 348/0	344/0	344/4	342/4
ec	60.00	81.05	60.80	01.25 60.35			349/0	0	0 .
AT	60.80	01.85	61.00	61,60			000 lbs; can	te/lbs	
lay ul	01,80 \$1,30	62.48 63.05	Ç	0	-	Close	Previous	High/Low	
				<u>•</u>	Feb Apr	78.450 77.475	79.580	79.300	78.350
KANG		15,000 lbs;	ceups/(p2		Jun	72.700	78.075 73.275	78.100	77.400
	Close	Previous	High/Low		Aug Oct	71 200	71.625	73.500 71.850	72,525 71,100
Or	75.1S	79.7S	79.00	75 05	Dec	71.975 72.250	72,275	72.650	71.900
lay	78.35	82.70	01.70	78.30	Feb	78.450	72,700 79,550	72,925	72.100
ul Aco	01.10 62.60	85.05 86.90	84.30	01.10	LIVE H	OG\$ 40.00	0 lb; cents/l	79.300	78.350
OV	84.50		65.25	82.00 84.00		Close			_
	86.00		86.00	67.00	Feb	44.250	Previous	High/Low	
	00.55 90.05		90.00	89 80	Apr	43.650	43.650 43.500	44.300	43.800
ч	80.00	00.30	Q.	0	Jun	48.225	47.950	43.825 48.375	43,325 47,925
OLDI					Jtsl Aug	47.750 45.875	47.575	47.878	47.550
		0	.ba- 40 4		Oct	41,750	45.650 41.675	45.950	45,600
100}	EH2 (B	ese:0eptem	19er 15 1	201 -	Dec Feb	42.850	42.500	41.850 42.850	41.500 42.600
	Jen.25	Jan 22	mnth ago	VT 200		42.950	42.825	42 AEA	0
	1696.7	1705-3	-	1601.5	- Unik	PELLIES 4	eo :edi 000.0	ntello	. :
DOW	JONES (Basec Dec.	31 1974 -		Feb	Close	Previous	High/Low	
	Jan.22	Jan.21	meth ago		Mar	36.350 36.600	36.400	36.650	38.250
Spot	123.12	124.23	121,32	115.11	Mey	37.400	36.800 37.950	37.125	36.450
uture	8 121.50	121.70	122.00	122.98	Aug Jul	37.700	38.275	38.000 38.350	37.400 37.750
						36.700	37.125	37.025	36.500

. .

- -

EQUITY FUTURES A

Sethack

for drug

stock >

THE UK SERIES

FT-A ALL-SHARE

1344.87 - 3.68

future of

all farmers

C 1. 2 - 74

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Dollar stocks lead the market down

By Terry Byland, UK Stock Market Editor

WEAKNESS in the US currency depressed dollar earning stocks in London yesterday, adding to the pressures on the stock market from domestic factors. Uncertainty over prospects for domestic interest rates continued, fuelled hy weaker December money sup-ply and bank lending data than expected. Also fears of impending rights issues hovered over the investment scene.

The impact of a relatively optimistic report on husiness opinion in the UK from the Confederation of British Industry (CBI) had no lasting effect on the market yesterday. Although the CBI said that significantly more members had expressed economic optimism than in the previous survey. taken four months ago, share prices soon ahandoned a hrief foray into positive territory yesterday morning. The FT-SE Index was 14

points down at the day's low but rallied when Wall Street, ignoring the dollar, opened the new trading session with a gain of 30 Dow points in London trading hours. The final reading showed the FT-SE index at 2,771.9 for a net loss of

Trading volume was modest, at least among the hlue chip stocks. But second line issues attracted increased attention,

with turnovar in non FT-SE listed stocks providing around 65 per cent of total Seaq volume of 490.3m shares.

added to dollar weakness, took a heavy toll of the blue chip sector, with Glaxo a notably dull feature in the wake of neg-

"Investors see no rush to get aboard the FT-SE listed stocks at present," commented Mr Michael Hicks, semior trader at Strauss Turnbull, the London securities arm of Soclete Gen-

among the pharmaceuticals, continued to rise, although

ative reviaws in the UK press. Currency factors unsettled ICI. replacing an early gain with a

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

small loss at the end of the day. Tha heavy end of the insurance sector lost ground. Hopes of acquisition or simi-Adverse developments lar corporate developments Both the UK government

yesterday to justify apeculation. Shares in Johnson Matt-hey, the metals refiner, traded quietly as the market pongered the disclosure that Johannesburg Consolidated may bld for part of the Matthey stake on offer from Charter Consolidated, although It is not interested in making a full bid.

bond and equity markets were

of tomorrow's auction of £2.5hn of 8.5 per cent bonds. The auction is expected to proceed smoothly hut is likely to turn attention back to the prospects for this year's heavy govern-ment funding programme.

At Nikko, Mr Peter Thirne comments that while he

remains convinced that the UK and US economies are recovering the FT-SE may continue to "languish around 2,800" until there is clearer evidence of such recovery trends. For the end of March, however, Nikko sets a FT-SE target of 2.900.

The market's impression be held back until the March hudget were expressed by Mr Peter Spencer at Kleinwort Benson Securities, who com-mented that the "political fallout" from last week's depressing statistics on UK unemployment had been less

wort report.								
t Dealing	Dates							
Feb 1	Feb 15							
Feb 11	Feb 25							
Feb 12	Feb 26							
Feb 22	Mar 6							
	Feb 1 Feb 11 Feb 12							

than might ted. "We or drums for months," si	ould be i another	n the
wort report		
Account	t Dealing	Dates
Tiral Dealings: Jan 18	Feb 1	Feb 1
Option Declarate Jan 28	Feb 11	Feb 2
Last Deatings: Jan 29	Feb 12	Feb :
Account Day: Feb 8	Feb 22	Mar
New time death	ngs may take	place iro

Setback for drug stocks

KEY pharmaceutical stocks fell sharply as a result of bearish sentiment, somewhat jaded stories, currency shifts and a very cool attitude from US investors. The slide in Glaxn and Wellcome, although checked by the close of trading, accounted for almost half the overall loss in the FT-SE

100 index yesterday. Glaxo, whose price moves have the greater impact in the Footsie, was also the hardest hit. Sentiment was against It from the start of trading as dealers took note of a Sunday newspaper article which focused on the lack of new products and worries over the patent on Zantac, Its highest

earning drug product. Wellcome suffered from the hackwash of two stories in the US press, concerning Retrovir. lts widely-used Aids treatment. Neither atory was particular new hut they provided a focal point on a day when sterling made gains of nearly four cents

against the dollar. The currency shift left UK shares overpriced compared with their New York equivalent and forced marketmakers to cut prices. Also, analysts from Goldman Sachs, the New York investment bank, returned yesterday from a ten-day roadshow in the US, to disclose that very few clients

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1992/93

NEW HIGHS (120).

AMERICAMS (7) Amer. Exprass. Bethlehem Steel, Chrysler. Con'll Bant. Ford Motor. Merrill Lynch. Sears Roebuck, Banks (2) NatWest. Ryl Bl. Scot., SREWERS (1) Burlowood. BLDG MATLS (1) Gration, SUSWESS SERVS (7) ISS-Intl. Johnson Clearers. MITIE. Ponns. Salvesen. Souriguard. Serco. CHEMS (2) Forwair. Souriguard. CONGLOBERATES (1) Wassall. CONTS & CONSTRUCT (2) Forwarder. Swall. Photo. ELECTRICALS (2) Mervier-Swall. PHoto. A ELECTRICALS (2) PowerGen. Nad. Power, ELECTRICALS (2) PowerGen. Nad. Power, ELECTRICALS (2) PowerGen. Pool. Malager (1) Trail. POOD RETAILBIG (2) ASDA. Feropek. HEALTH & REMOND (2) Beapsk. Brit. Blo-Tech. Seton. Takare, Temaris. HOTELS & LEB (1) Boosey & Hewkos. MSGCE. BROKERS (1) Lowndes Lambert. RSGCE. BROKERS (1) English. Parks. Spr. Pril. Print. Pri (f) Navarines (f) Rescan, CONTG & CANADANS (f) Brascan, CONTG & CONSTRCM (f) Belt Bros, ELECTRONICS CONSTRCM (f) EIT, Prestrict, ENG GEN (f) Platon Int. MEDIA (f) Vorits Tyre-Tass TV, PROP (f) Herring Baker Harris, Olyres, Power Corp. Warnisor, MRNES (2) East Daggs, Kalis

showed interest in UK drug stocks. Glaxo, down 24 at one stage recovered to close 17 lower at 695p on turnover of 5m shares. Wellcome fell a net

Lloyds wanted

14 to 915p.

Based on the trading vol more are rounded down

The absence of any predatory move from Lloyds Bank was the signal for a strong recovery in its shares yesterday. Suggestions that it was ahout to launch a bid for another bank were rife in the market last week and appear to have been responsible for marked weakness in Lloyds shares against an outperform-

ing banks sector. During the five-day period Lloyds shares fell 2 per cent while Barclays rose over 10 per cent and NatWest almost 5 per cent. Favourites to attract a bid from Lloyds were Royal Bank of Scotland, Standard Chartered and TSB.

Although not dismissing the possibility of a Lloyds hid for Royal Bank or Standard, specialists said a move to acquire the minority holding in Lloyds Ahhey Life, the life assurance trolling 60 per cent stake, might be a more likely move. Lloyds Bank jumped 12 to 511p, on 1.8m traded, while Royal Bank of Scotland edged up 4 to 225p. Lloyds Abbey Life eased 3

Guinness drifts

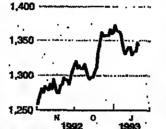
Hints from soma corners of the market that French luxury goods group LVMH may be looking to restructure its 24 per cent shareholding agreement with Guinness upset the shares, which retreated 21/4 to 466p. Most of the speculation emanated from French sources, but yesterday's story reported in the Paris press and based on a hroker's note caused little excitement in

Most UK based analysts were dismissive of the notion, which is said to have surfaced during speculation that LVMH needed to raise cash to make a big acquisition. They argued that if both groups were to reduce their holdings it would not only depress their shares but also disproportionately bit LVMH's profits, naarly one third of which come from

Stylo active

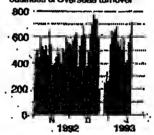
Following last week's sale of a 26 per cent stake in Stylo, the footwear group, institutional demand and speculative inter-est combined to send the shares surging forward. The stake, which had belonged to Control Securities, was placed on Thursday with institutions at 90p, a generous discount to the then market price of 110p. Brisk demand by institutions continued yesterday, with the shares jumping 17 to 125p. There was unconfirmed speculation of stake building hy one anonymous huyer. After the market closed it was announced that a member of the Ziff family, which holds around 20 per cent of the

FT~A Aft~Share index



Equity Shares Traded

Turnover by volume (million) Excluding: Intra-mai siness & Overseas turnover



eonity and management control, bought 30,000 shares at

90p on Thursday. In the transport sector, the market players helatedly caught up with last week's reports that the company would soon announce the sale of its Waste Management subsidiary for around £100m to a US buyer.

The company remained coy. bnt the shares jumped 10 to 271p, to make them one of the best performers of the day in percentage terms, as turnover rose to 4.5m.

Internationally traded stocks suffered from the effect of a weaker dollar against the pound. ICI shares, up in early trading on the belief that selling from Goldman Sachs had dried up, slipped after the US market opened and closed 4 off at 1107p. RTZ fell 9 to 656p and BAT Industries shed 7 at 966p. However, Renters Holdings appeared to have hit a floor following heavy selling last

week and rose 3 to 1313p. Recent hny recommenda-tions from Smith New Court continued to drive Refuge Assurance, 15 up at 850p, and Britannic Assurance, 20 firmer

at 1118p.
The bad weather sweeping the UK over the weekend and in the recent past prompted a general markdown of the composite insurers along with Pru-

dential and Legal & General. But specialists said there was no real downside pressure on the individual stocks. General

Accident eased 12 to 569p and

Commercial Union 5 to 619p. BT were well aupported, moving up 51/2 to 3871/4p after US newspaper reports that the company may be interested in buying a substantial stake in Electronic Data Systems, the General Motors subsidiary. Vodafone, on the other hand, suffered from US reports linking cellular phones with medical problems, the shares slip-

ping 71/4 to 383 1/2p. Reports that Opec is on the way to agreeing a reduction in output ahead of the February 13 meeting of Opec members, helped sustain an oll sector featured by strong late US buy-ing of BP. Optimism that a reduction of around 1m harrels day in Opec's output could be implemented saw crude off prices rise some 60 cents a bar-

BP were under light pressure during early trading but attracted keen overseas demand towards the close as US investors chased the stock higher in New York. In London the stock settled marginally higher at 231 %p on heavy turnover of 12m shares, with specialists saying that BP will outperform Shell if crude oil prices improve in the wake of Opec output cuts. Shell edged up 4 to 530p on much thinner trade of 2.2m shares. Lasmo added 3 more to 154p, still

boosted by recent broker buy Rights issue talk faded away from Allied Lyons and the ahares moved forward 6 to 597p, also helped by haying from Kleinwort Benson.

Midlands Radin returned to the market with a sharp rise of 16 to 128p following its suspension on Friday. The suspension aurrounded the announcement of a 130p a share bid from Capital Radio worth £17.7m. Capital gained a penny to 179p with one analyst commenting that the market liked the synergy of the deal and the fact that Capital was dipping into its own cash rather than calling on shareholders for extra funds. Haynes Publishing jumped

29 to 263p following comment in one Sunday newspaper and ahead of interim results on February 1 for which broker Beeson Gregory forecasts profits of £3m.

FINANCIAL TIMES EQUITY INDICES

	Jan 25	Jan 22	Jan 21	Jan 20	Jen 18	800	High	Low
Ord. oh. yield Earning yid % full P/E ratio not P/E ratio all	2145.0 4.39 6.05 21.18 19.49	2152.2 4,39 6.03 21.15 19.54 63.6	2143.7 4.39 5.03 21.14 19.53 61.8	2133.9 4.41 6.06 21.04 19.43 66.0	2124.7 4.42 6.07 21.00 19.40 60.2	1966.4 4.65 6.97 18.03 17.01 152.6	2208.9 5.34 21.93	1570.0 4.23 15.79
Said Mines For 1992/93, Ordin Gold Mines Index Besis Ordinary shi	eince con	Index sk	nce comp	listion: No.	ch 2209.9	4/1/83 -		

Ordinary Storm Injurity absorpts

Oroni 9.00 18.00 11.00 12.00 13.00 14.00 16.00 High Love Jan 19

2152.2 2145.7 2153.3 2152.3 2155.0 2152.7 2147.8 2142.4 2142.1 2155.0 2138.4 27,289 1328.6 38,427 586.3

London report and totast Share lader

EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

PROFIT-TAKING, as hopes of a cut in interest rates in the sbort term faded, led to a poor day in the derivatives, writes

Joel Kihazo. In stock index futures, trading in the March contract on the FT-SE 100 contract began at 2,795. Dwindling hopes of an interest rate cut led to an early sell-nff which saw the contract dip to 2,786 by mid

morning. It recovered later and was trading around 2,801

hy lunchtime. Hnwever, with nther European markets having a weak day, and alongside a dull performance in the fixed interest markets, there was little in the way of real enthusiasm for March. In the afternoon, sellers of the contract ahead of Wednesday's treasury gilts

auction returned to the fore. dull with volume reaching At the day's low, reached only 21,384 lots, down from 37,990 on Friday. The FT-SE 100 option saw 6,406 lots around 3pm, March was trad-ing at 2,772. The firmness on traded and the Euro-FTSE 100 Wall Street helped it regain some momentum and it closed at 2,780, down 23 on the previnus session and around 2 points above its estimated fair

Turnover at 6,248 was poor.

value premium nf ahout 9. Traded options business was tracts

index 614 lots. Among stock options. British Steel was the most active was followed by Asda at 1,834 and Sainshury at 1,202 con-

Shares in British Aerospace bucked the market trend and jumped 12 to 227p, on speculation that the Al-Yamamah 2 defence contract with Saudi Arabia would soon be signed and talk of further hawk orders from indonesia and pos-

The shares have out-per-formed the market hy 50 per cent over the last 3 months. Rolls-Royce eased 3 to 113p, on reports that Trans World Airlines may cancel plans to buy up to A 330 aircraft from Airbus industrie that are to be powered by Rolls supplied

MARKET REPORTERS: Christopher Price,

Joel Kibazn, Peter John,

Steve Thompson. Other market statistics.

sibly India.

FT-SE 160 2775.6 2782.0 2780.5 2783.1 2780.0 2767.5 2769.8 2904.1 1363.0 2780.3 2773.4 2783.1 2909.9 1367.6 FT-SE-MID 250 FT-SE-A 350 2907.R 1366.0 Gross dividend yield (ACT at 25%) FT-SE 100: 4.42 FT-SE Actuaries 350 Industry Baskets 0.00 11,00 1421,4 1206,6 1420,4 1204.4 1213.8 1213.1 1208.5 1197.1 1198.5 1223.9

1306.3 1306.2 1528.8 1524.5 1521.6

re Index is compiled by The Financial Times Limited, both in contract of countries the second stock Exchange of Index of 1986, All rights reserved, "FT-SC" and "Footsis" are joint Times Limited.

FT-SE Actuaries Share Indices

884 48 901.70 720.47

319.03 523.80 341.26

380.99 1993.61

1702.55

3316.78 3985.18 1282.82

1117.44 748.40

1431.63

1557.18 1439.57

1421.93

1567.72

1632.98

3162.78

1485.47

904.57

1256.81 1773.36

631.94

787.99

525.37 643.32

1333.50

1344.87

9.00

FT-SE MID 250

2904.2 -4.8

2773.3

2899.2 1363.6 1431.74

144269

1344,64

878.56 898.23 720.61

1960.09

1715.45

1295,77

1117.78

1424.90

1449.34

1424.83

1553.52

3147.09

141634

2128.93

1485.69

903.00

1248.82

1799.51

632.01 791.88

645.27 303.42

1331.25

1344.64

2781.2

2909.0 1367.9 1435.92 1446.43

885.22 903.10. 722.02

316.49 524.69 337.79

2005.11

1714.01

1288.76

792.43

1121.44 749.88

1431.60

1582.35 1445.75 1430.13

1563.04

3185.02

1419.91

2134.65

1489.46

907.23

1257.16

1786.08

839.37

787.88

305.67

1337.75

1348.55

-0.3 +0.1 +0.1

-06

-07

-03

-0.1 +0.3

- 0.3 + 0.3

-03

-0.3

-12

-04

-0.3

-0.3

Year ago

2539.9

244<u>9.5</u> 1228 4

1213.90

332 93

1642.53

641

1.17 657 5.72 6.35 6.52

511 518 624

8.55 5.16 6.37 7.48 8.07

13.83

14 44 5 90

7.24

3.03

8.73 7.08 2.48

6.52

3.45 3.89 3.56 3.67 2.84 5.38 2.87 4.12 3.24 4.24

4.85

3.30 5.09 7.51 4.25 4.85

419

5.60 4 19

4.36

5 00

5.13

677

3.15

4 42

17,32

19.72

20 مط

2748.7

1437,49

1334.58

874 11 892,56 716,81

333,48

1701 43

1295.15

1187 18

1548.02 1429.06

1404 76

1553.47

3173.45

1215.94

1771.32

620.84

783.51

520.56 643.70 302.93

1322.64

1334.58

1408.56 1286.51 2117.88 2168.33

1477.57 1365.85

885.22 728.37

1430.51

1031.35

462 20. 792 74

238.26 1186.94

1213.90

748.33

1857 13 1815 94

3348.35 2511.41

1422.26 1204.53

1394.27 1472.75

1168.75

FT-SE 100

2771.9 -9.3

FT-SE 100 FT-SE 100 250

FT-A ALL-SHARE

FT-SE-A 350 FT-SE SmallCap FT-SE SmallCap as law Trests

1 CAPITAL 80008(211)
2 Bellding Materials(27)
3 Contracting, Construction(2)

6 Engineering-Aerospac 1 Engineering-General(5 8 Metals & Metal Form

18 Other Industrials(18)

26 Food Retading(18)

34 Stores(39) 35 Textiles(20)

45 Electricity 161

Water(13) Miscellaneo

51 ON & Gas(18)

62 Banks(9)

Telephone Netv

49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP

59 "500" SHARE WITHEXISON

61 FINANCIAL GROUP(89)

65 Insurance (Life)(6)

66 Merchant Banks(8) 69 Property(28)

71 Investment Trusts(107)

99 FT-A ALL-SHARE(800)

Hourly movements

65 Insurance (Composite) 67 Insurance Brokers(10)

29 Hotels and Leisure(20 30 Media(33)

40 OTHER BROUPS(148)

Packaging and Paper(23)

21 CONSUMER GROUP(232

LONDON SHARE SERVICE BRITISH FUNDS 172/20 189311 | rumling logic 189311 | rumling logic 189311 | rumling logic 199311 | rumling logic 19941 | rumling logic 1995 | rumling logic 1995 | rumling logic 19961 | rumling logic 19961 | rumling logic 19961 | rumling logic 19961 | rumling logic 19971 | rumling logic 19971 | rumling logic 19971 | rumling logic 19971 | rumling logic 1997 | rumling lo 1073: 9.77 56½ 5.72 963: 8.93 963: 8.93 1163: 10.00 35½ 3.47 1103: 9.65 893: 8.83 1233: 10.21 107% 10233 11033 1003 10033 10 162/3 162/3 158/4 109/2 162/3 147/3 152/4 126/4 126/3 106/3 107/3 Prospective real redemption rate on projected inflation of 1) 10% and (2) 5%. (b) Figures in perindrices show RPI bees for indexing per months prior to issue) and have been adjusted to reflect rebeating of RPI to January 1987. Conversion tector 3.945. RPI for May 1982; 139.3 and for December 1992; 139.2. Over Filliage Years

8pc 2008 ## ...

8pc 2009 A (280 pd) ...

Spc 2009 A (280 pd) ...

Core spc Lu 2011 ## ...

Press. 8pc 2012 ...

8pc 2012 A

Vests 5½x 2006-12‡1 ...

Ench 12pc 13-11 ...

Ench 12pc 13-17 ...

These 81x-2012 10455 952 10356 10311 10312 7256 138 1012

7444

Undated Cousois 4pc ______ War Loan 312pc \$1 Art.____ Convois 32pc \$6 Art.____ Convois 22pc \$6

OTHER FIXED INTEREST + or 1992/93 Vield

- high low lat. Red.
- \$118\tau 105\tau 9.59 0.24
- 111\tau 105\tau 9.59 0.24
- 111\tau 105\tau 9.59 0.24
- 111\tau 105\tau 9.59 0.25
- 103\tau 83\tau 9.15
- 103\tau 83\tau 8.42
- 109\tau 105\tau 105\ta African Dev 11¹4, 2016.
Actes Dev 10¹4 pc 2009.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2012.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2012.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2012.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2015.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2015.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2015.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2015.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2017.
Briann 11¹2 pc 2017. Manchester 11 2:02 2017 .

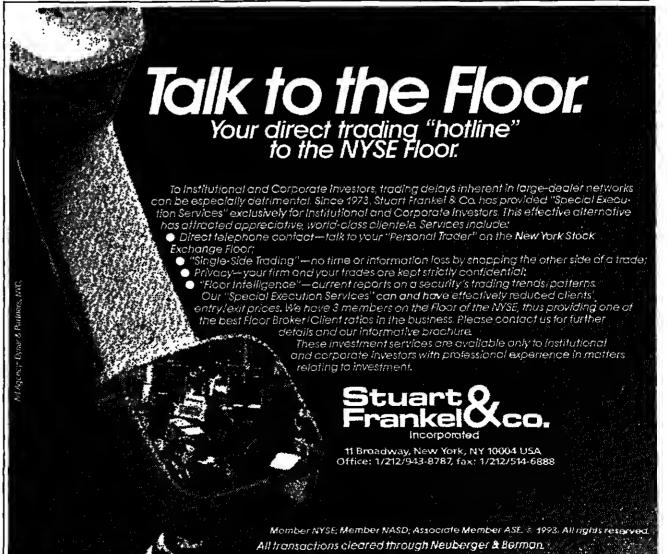
Max. Wir. Age: 15 ...

White Wir. Age: 15 ...

White Wir. 2024 ...

4 ape: 1. 2024 ...

table Services Continued on next paga



AVESTMEN"

(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)

to be the second of the second which we have been and the second with the second of the second of the second of

The second secon

The second secon

26 LONDON SHARE SERVICE REVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont. HOTELS & LEISURE - Cont. 784 Oktor PnG-1 24 NW PnG-1 24 NW PnG-1 24 NW PnG-1 25 ELECTRICALS **AMERICANS** PRE Initial Process Andres 11.6 Forte 12.5 Price 12.5 P 22012424530754162556754449195162875449195161160255254416882764864 2013 1,486 1,476 1 17.8 1729 1729 1.06 1.95 0.75 279.8 1,281 Laboration of the control of the con Price 2 18-259 18-25-25 - 18-25-1582 1582 156 134 33 22 561 178 38 476 28 47 -3 +2 862 82337 BUSINESS SERVICES | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10 Defin SC Defined SC Desiration SC Devinued A Developed 28 163 \$1 115 17 247 18 13.5 1.7 247 1.8 13.5 1.3 27.9 1.3 27.9 1.4 6.8 1.5 23.3 1.6 1.6 1.1 15.3 1.0 14.8 1.1 15.3 1.0 14.8 1.1 15.3 1.1 15 Regal hatel 21
Resort Relates 11
Resort Relates 11
Resort Relates 11
Resort Relates 11
Resort Relates 12
Resort Relates 12
Resort Relates 12
Re 11.1 9.1 188 6.8 1.3 1 19.0 - 72.1 1.4 17.3 - 4.2 1.4 17.3 ingersoll Lockhee Lowe's... Marrie I.; Morrie II.; Morries (P. Nyvez... Peruszell Guaker (Paccoval Rep Ny... Sears, R. Silvessés Sun Co... ET Japan

Garbrane Anner Sch

Zem Pf

Garbrane Bis Pat 340

Warrants

Garbrane Bis Pat 340

Warrants

Garbrane Societ. Shill

Cap Control Inc. Sch

Zem Ole Pri

Zem Ole Pri

Zem Ole Pri

Sampan Societ. Shill

Gen Conti Inc. Sch

Garbrane Shill

Garbrane Sch

General Inc. Sch

Garbrane Sch

Wernants

General Inc. Sch

General Inc. Sch

Garbrane Sch

Wernants

General Inc. Sch

General Inc 147 51 90 70 84 115 4 11 INSURANCE BROKERS Mic Caper 701.2 151.3 151.3 16.4 76.4 62.0 215.3 162.5 196.3 162.7 8.5 162.7 163.6 163.3 163.6 1 Afex 8. Afex 8.

119c Cv 8.

Anther (A3)

Briggeroot

Briggeroot

AC Durton (D3)

Heach (CB)

SO Thomaso

Loyd Thomaso

Loyd Thomaso

Loyd Thomaso

SO The So Thomaso

So Th 1774 80 765 165 767 206 1777 2 4 174 17 11 11 12 1242 14 1 ELECTRICITY Chica Light H93.

Chica Light H93.

East Michaeld.

Ea Capent A 522 7 1,122 908.1 908.1 908.1 908.1 908.1 908.2 709.8 709 160 295 273 284 225 196 145 242 270 331 · 1984年前日本本年前日本本年日日本 178.8 68.9 1.1 84.8 17.3 1.3 848 17.3 1.0 199.9 20.0 92 41.3 3.2 - 197.6 78 98 2289 16.0 42 2945 11.0 54 1258 22.0 24 3940 19.8 - 25.5 42.1 1.3 48.7 37.4 1.2 197.7 28.3 1.8 3 44.0 35.2 1.0 212.4 18.4 21.8 44.0 35.2 **CANADIANS** FOOD MANUFACTURING Het Control of the Co Price E 29 17989 2279 11119 7429 2114 9159 11149 12289 2109 11149 1279 27148 43894 43894 33859 13859 13859 5639 | 1975年 | 1987年 | 19 -70 -12 -14 CHEMICALS INSURANCE COMPOSITE 5.4 Notes
2.0.0 Alco R
2.0.1 Alco Callotte
5.7 Alfield Callotte
5.8 Alco Callotte
5.8 BIT Meter Alco
2.9 BIT Meter Alco
2.1 To be Title
2.1 To be Title
2.1 To be Title
2.2 Callotte
2.2 Callotte
2.3 Callotte
2.4 Callotte
2.4 Callotte
2.5 Callotte 765 422 ± 55 487 135 - 7. - 22 444 154 24 - 22 1992/93
high how
229½ 21772
79502 5557½ 22752
5559½ 2221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 221½
5559½ 2579½
2559½ 2759½
2559½ 2759½
2559½ 2759½
2559½ 2759½
2559½ 2759½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½ 2579½
2559½
2559½ 2579½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
2559½
25 Mict Captum 2,741 16,029 4,005 15,548 2,796 98.1 2,569 2,786 97.1 1,569 67.1 1,569 67.1 2,653 768.8 2,555 764.6 Non-2014 (1997) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 10 ELECTRONICS +2+4+4+4 | | 141 | | 14-4-4 | 144 Medical Control of the Control of th RIGHT TO SERVE SE \$\$ \$1056 \$294 7 19 12 13 14 16 25 25 17 6 25 15 24 15 25 16 25 16 16 25 16 16 25 16 | 285 | 27 | 286 | 287 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 11.9 \$3.5 11.8
33 \$3.4 14.5
1.3 77.6 33.2
5.4 135.7 1.3
192.3 80.2
16.3
11.1 27.2 15.4
8.5 85.8 48.4
1.5 197.9 17.8
9.8 37.8 21.3
12.0 85.0 4.1
2.3 222.6 16.2
4.9 11.3 8.7
9.1 343.4 -4.4
2.4 11.7
9.3 11.3 8.7
9.1 343.4 -4.4
2.4 11.7
9.3 11.3 11.7
9.3 11.3 11.7 BANKS Mil low Carcin C + 14% 1 | 14 | 14 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 19:20:23

19:01

19:12

19:12

19:12

19:12

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14

19:14 Prior 1311/2 1918 4211 191 Description.

Description.

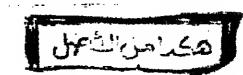
Christian.

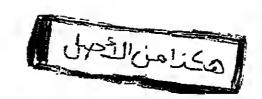
Ch INSURANCE LIFE Britannie 10
Irah Life E 10
Irah Life E 10
Irah Sen 10 Ngh 7114 191 444 172 295 447 296 300 300 259 45 45 556 0.3 1137 10.3 4.3 518.4 6.5 - 125.5 18.3 4.5 98.4 5.0 - 97.5 38.9 - 69.9 40.5 5.4 63.7 13.0 4.8 229.6 30.8 4.9 232.4 0.3 25.2 2415.9 31.8 CONGLOWERATES FOOD RETAILING MBd Cupem 625.6 59.8 193.9 149.5 877.2 1,541 13.4 7.50 88.6 1,086 74cq 9294 1390 124 521 35 191 13 27 276 \$238 \$244, \$255 109 361 23 141 245 \$206 705344337 133 51 80 110 280 137 90 25 145 91 195 141 241 137 89 191 35 83 175 61 177 +1 | +1 | 9531 837-1 1644 201-2 20 1,138 459 459 1,425 38,6 1,182 2,707 38,6 1,182 25,707 1,284 1,286 **BREWERS & DISTILLERS** + or | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 1952 | 19 Pion 2014년 전 2015년 전 2017년 2017년 2017년 2017년 2017년 2017년 2017 HEALTH & HOUSEHOLD 2.8 22.4 Servati Deve. 3
3.8 22.4 Servati Deve. 3
5 Servativy 5 Se **BUILDING MATERIALS** 是在1950年代,1960年代 90년(1 11 11 12 12 12 13 13 14 15 15 16 17 18 11 18 1 4412 0.5 76.7 25.1 27.5 2.3 36.5 12.

هكامنالأعل

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE * Current Unit Trust prices are available from FT Cityline. For further details call (071) 925 2128.

	last Coar Std (Herana Vald	lett Case. Bid Offer or Yield	_init CareBid _Offer+ or Yield	led Conc. Sid Other tor Vicio Dress Price Price Price - Gr	d Init Com. Etcl Offer + SE Y Charge Price Price Price -	ad Date Case. Bid Differ in Vield	List Care. Bid Offer + or You Care Price Price - Gr Rotisschild Fand Management (1000)F Rotisschild Fand Management (1000)F St Swittlin's Lane. London ECA Dealers 071-280-500 St Swittlin's Lane. London ECA Dealers 071-280-500	; •
AUTHORISED Unit trusts	50 Buthwell Street, Glassow G2 6H0 941,-223,6020 Butanças Growth - 6 85 92 09-93 96,181-0142,39	1 White Hart Vd. London Bridge SE1 191X 071 407 5466 Gart Consistent UT . 51 27 56 27 55 29.56 0013.92 Lond Consistent UT Acc 51 28.54 28.54 30 611-0013 42 Oasi	romore Fond Managers (1200)F more House, 16-10 Monument Street fon ECSR BAJ 071-762 2000 lings only 0277-264421 [mestor Services, Freeboore 0800-209 316	INVESCO MIM UT Magrs Ltd - Contd. Decrease Genetic Frank. American Greath 54, 46, 92, 46, 52, 49, 51, 41, 791, 03, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41	MGM Unit Managers Ltd (1090)F MGM Hous, Heek Rd, Worshing Dasling 0277 551010, Ush income 3 242.1 246.2 261.9 14 H 5 UK Growth Ltd 5 412.5 419.6 445.5 14.0 5 UK Growth 5 131.1 213.4 373.3 16.9 44	35 Fourtain St. Manchester M2 241 31 N&P UK Growth 512 53 12 53 71 67.70 0 10/3 07	SI Sertibin's Lame, Lordon EU- Reference and Compare EU- Reference and Compare EU- Reference and Compare EU- Reference and	<u> </u>
Chief Care. Blid Offer - or Ya	Age Do (Accum)	76-80 Combill, Lordon EC3V 3NJ 071-283 4494 8ril Equity Obs. Jan 15 . 01704 6 704 6 710 91 4.39 Cash Equity Acc Jan 15 . 01678.3 1678.3 1707.01 4 39 Proc	Crowth Funds 54 41 67 41 72 44 61 he 10 1.30 km Growth . 54 41 67 41 72 44 61 he 10 1.30 km Growth . 54 45 65 67 57 60 127 00 142 00 4.05 6.8 6 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 6	Secure United \$3, 105.6, 105.6, 112.2 (9.30). Leurope Perr \$3, 40.77, 40.77 (10.77 10.10). Leurope Perr \$3, 40.77, 40.77 (10.77 10.10). Leurope Leurope Leurope \$4, 10.3, 40.	Ukgrow Usitsi 5 4225 419 6 440 54-712 2 VK Growth 5 311. 311.4 311.4 313.3 34 2 VK Growth 5 327 1 389 9 414 77-4.2 2 Vk Growth 15 327 1 389 9 414 77-4.2 2 Vk Growth 15 327 1 389 9 414 77-4.2 2 Vk The Empty Git 8 - 15 50.0 52.3 9 7-610.2 10 Vk The Empty Git 9 - 15 64 62 54.62 6 7 98-62 6 Vk The Empty Git 9 7-8 7-7 9 32 2 0 310 0 2 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	84 65 Gracesturck St. EC3P 3HH 07 487 America Acc 9 54 1002 09 102 73 109 49 40 102 10 10 10 187 America Cate 9 54 44 7 94 73 4101 22 42 10 46	RLS Prisonal Perciet RMA Personal Perciet UK 484;P C3* 51: 80: 08 85:11 89:58 40:16 UK 544;P C3* 51: 40: 20 64:13 67:50 42:3 UK 100me 51: 40: 20 64:13 67:50 42:3 UK 100me 51: 65: 67: 78: 94 83: 97: 94:22 Romerica 51: 41:52: 42: 91 44:22: 424 Impares 51: 71: 67: 72: 65: 75: 38: 40: 40: 42: 424 Impares 51: 71: 67: 72: 65: 75: 38: 40: 40: 42: 424 Impares 51: 71: 71: 72: 75: 75: 38: 40: 40: 42: 424	
5.1 Belmont Rd, Untristop, Midds (1881 MZ (1989) 25977. AB Gorband Group . 3 200 9 203,0 225,9 et 44 1.5 AB Gorband Group . 3 200 9 203,0 225,9 et 44 1.5 AB Gorband Group . 3 200 9 203,0 225,9 et 44 1.5 AB Gorband Serv 5 148,3 1.50 7 205,0 1.00 9 AB Gorband Group . 3 20,92 1,00 7 20,9 9 AB Gorband Gill. 3 73,56 7550 77 92 4,145 0 AB Gorband Gill. 3 73,56 750 77 92 4,145 0 AB Gorband Japan 5 116 7 110 0 124 2-2 205	F Dic (Account) 6 897 71 90.07 96.531-6.891 70 39 Goods Borning 6 77 79 27 70 92 72 93 94 -0115 70 39 Goods Borning 6 34 03 34.03 16 11 -0.315 70 40 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	Anterizan & 180.0 165 Mai 172 91-1 NID GE Graddin Gwth & 2228 22.28 73.8 73.46 - 61.109 Pictoria Candida Gwth & 22213 2913 29.75 8.03 Pilip Gent V & 12213 2913 29.75 8.03 Pilip Gent V & 12213 2913 2913 4915 1013 Pilip Gent Mai 1818 1013 1013 1013 1013 1013 1013 1013	Februs State: 51, 21-90 21 87 M 25 53 40 47 18 73 1 Income: 51, 27 01 27 01 31 07 5 08 1 Februs: 31, 28, 12 28 14 27 17 427 5 45 Soully Impalls: 51, 119 40 119 10 127 91 40 614 71	Jugas Sacille Co. 51, 24 82 24 82 26 34 974 174 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 154 15	46 Creat St. Naddoptes E. Lopesian MW John Joseph B. J. 1137.1 11-05 61 Malden Unit Treat Managers Ltd (1400) Co Ballife Cornel Collage Collage 123.4.4 Nation General Oil 198 1190 1234	50/ WP Emilion 082 334 72.07 73.37 121.0 -1.490.46 15 MP For East Act V . 54 112.5 113.1 121.0 -1.490.46 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 -1.490.46 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 -1.490.46 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 -1.490.46 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 54 110.7 131.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 55 110.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 55 110.3 119.0 1 MP For East Des V . 55 110.3	European	: <u>:</u>
AXA Equity & Law Unit Tst Magrs (1200) Equity & Law Hw. Corporation St. Correctly 2003 55:72 General Inc. 1, 299 2, 401, 2, 426, 91-1, 802,7 General Acc		Dimensional 1st Mangent Ltd (0900)F	marganus France. St. 37, 93 37, 93 40 66 - 0. 60 0. 22 and loc & G.D. \$54, 111 66 111 56 111, 134-101, 24 and loc & G.D. \$54, 111 66 111 56 117, 134-101, 26 and loc & G.D. \$54, 154, 66 11,	Oversels Incenter = 5\(\) 74 40 74 40 47 26 -0.61 3 0 (rd Bord 1154 62 54 62 55 331-2)\(\) 174 80 74 40 179 26 -0.61 3 0 (rd Bord 1154 62 54 62 55 331-2)\(\) 175 80 80 90 90 102 8 -1.02 11 62 11 62 10 62 10 62 10 62 11 62 1	Gentling 54 1535 1544 (統計等等	114 SPI DEVIALED DES - 3-5 [2520] - 52.34 Sh.5.7-5 111 SPI 128 SPI Entraled DES - 3-6 1-71 52.34 Sh.5.7-5 112 SPI 128 SPI W. Spettler Res. 3-6 57.10 57.78 57.75 SPI 22 1.2-5 10.00 25 EPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 75.75 59.2-2 1.2-5 10.00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 75.45 00 70 1.2-5 10 00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 75.45 00 70 1.2-5 10 00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 00 70 1.2-5 10 00 00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 00 70 1.2-5 10 00 00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 00 75.45 00 70 1.2-5 10 00 00 250 UPJ W. Weise DES - 5-1 75.45 00 75.45 00 75.2-5 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	UK negnet 54 78-27 128-06 8935-026 America 54 78-12 85-06 8935-026 201 329-011 329-011 329-011 529-017 698 74-75-637 698 698 698 698 698 698 698 698 698 698	
Higherine Acc. 6 316 9 325 2 558 8 -0 3 14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	D 1000004000 0 000.00 /0.42 /4 *7110 W 3./4	Discretionary Unit Fund Mingrs (1000)F Paci	ken Einingen : 56 71.77 72.42m 77.64 0.130.00 9 Kang	Kleinwort Beason Unit Trusts (1490)F 10 Festwarth Street London EC3 Dealers: 071-954 Admin:071-623 8000 Income Trusts	West locome 54 156.7 156.3 167.21-0214	79 National Westroluster UT Bingrs (1220-00) 20 S Ryleigh Road, Hutton Breatwood, Estit 00 S Ryleigh Road, Hutton Breatwood, Estit 00 Docullar, 0271 690270, Adento Empirica: 0271 690270, 86 Europe No. — 54, 47 52, 47 38, 50, 00	Ruyal Life Fd Mgmt Ltd (1000)F PO 8m 34, Peterboruch PC2 0VE Prices 0733 282828 General Eng 0733 340000 Dealing 0733 343000 Littled States	
Brit Fodmus Acc 6,70,86 78 86 03 90 -0.215 1. Brit Fodmus Acc 6,70,86 78 86 03 90 -0.215 2. Brit Fodmus Acc 6,70,86 78 86 03 90 -0.215 3. Global Opes 6162 55 63 55 67.62 51 1. 0	Orient #	Demedia Unit Tst Minges Ltd (1200)H 25. Rawfeston Terrace, Edinburch 631-131-2500 WK 1 Birtlas Gwith 5199 3 199.54123 0 140 2/3.99 WK 1 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26 European Gwith V 5194 7 194 7 205 9 1-021.26	loos	Extra Imposes 5 2 48.46 48.48 13.150 48.67 7 4 46.40 13.150 48.67 7 4 46.40 13.150 48.67 7 4 46.40 13.150 48.67 7 4 46.40 13.150 48.67	PO 8th 410, Chestr X, C1797905 H & 5 lier Pfelle — 57 124 124 34 132 9 -16 52 UN Accum — 53 137.8 138.04 147 6 -16 2 UK SP Pfelle — 55 101.7 102.54 109.6 -109.1 Do Accum — 54 133.4 143.34 122.2 -109.3 Marthorough Fund Managers Ltd (1638)	70 Japan Acc	Ulet for Accum 5 105 7 105 7 113 0 0 10 12 25 116 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Abbey Unit Tst Magra (1000)H R0 Inderdogs Rit, Sourcements. Gills & Fue in 1 127	5 mailer Co. Acc	Japan Growth 5 BB.16 80.18 85.42 - 4.40 00 Inter- Jap Sarily Co 5 314 7 314 7 335 0 - 9 10.00 Fibr Jun Amer 9 5 192.0 192.0 203.9 - 0.3 1 35 American	ic Liniced Bilt. 0 164. 65 147.77 e 107 27 -0 05 4.10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Amer Smilr Cos . 512 85.04 86 26 91.77 - 1240.00	Martin Currin Unit Trusts Ltd (0905)H Salthe Crt. 20 Could Terrace. Editherth 031 479.4 For Dat Open Od. 34, 108.1 108.1 114.7 -1.30	83 WK Cassival Acc 53 47.77 47.22 50.00 ±0.007.10 mm of 20.05 his baselies 54 47.47 47.22 50.00 ±0.007.10 mm of 20.05 his baselies 54 47.47 47.23 50.00 ±0.06 57.10 mm of 20.05 his baselies 54 47.52 47.23 50.00 4.80 50 UK Income Acc 54 47.52 47.38 50.00 4.80	Regis Lens (1986) 44 27 42 27 47 09-10-15 00 09 19 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
1404	1 153 Botolpe Surett, Landon ELTA 7,13 (77, 447 4542) Fellowship Is. 551, 97.2 9 97.6 300 - 0.81,92 Fellowship Is. 551, 98.7 9 97.6 300 - 0.81,92 Fellowship Is. 551, 98.1 19.6 96. 77,13 - 4.86,10 Fellowship Is. 554, 98.1 19.6 96. 77,13 - 4.86,10 Fellowship Is. 554, 98.1 19.6 96. 77,13 - 4.86,10 Fellowship Is. 554, 19.6 96. 96. 71,13 - 14.6,10 Fellowship Is. 554, 98.1 19.6 96. 98.1 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19.7 19	UK Growth Acc 5 194.8 197.9 210 5 4.30 2.29 Mass UK High Inc Inc. 6 123.6 125.5 133.5 40.30 7 11 Mari UK High Inc Acc 6 145.9 148.3 137.7 40.40 7 11 Mari UK High Inc Acc 6 145.9 148.3 137.7 40.40 7 11 Mari UK High Inc Acc 6 100.7 109.5 116.5 43.00 0.33 139.00 13	sager Eastry _ 615 76.05 77.48 44 55 6.37 - form Estatest _ 64 74 16 75 33 00 14 - 622 - form Estatest _ 64 81 76 75 33 00 14 - 622 - form Estatest _ 64 82 78 25 98 77 - 84 - form Estatest _ 64 82 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 7	Gegram 44 151 51 08 00 8 97 27 94 1	Settler Gr. 2-1, 2021. 1021. 114.77 -1-3.0 Set Data Green 5-1, 66.41 67.42, 114.77 -1-3.0 Set Data Green 5-1, 66.41 67.42, 17.56 62.17 6. Europaus U. 5-1, 66.43 67.42, 17.56 62.17 6. Europaus U. 5-1, 66.43 67.42, 17.56 62.17 6. Europaus U. 5-1, 78.74 79.99 64.51 6.10 6.10 6.10 6.10 6.10 6.10 6.10 6.1	277 2, Lundon Bridge, SE1, 982. 61. Hevetton Hotome. 6,199,33 194,134(19),591-425(4,48 55. Uleviton Galakai. 6,299,00,291,00,254,30-3,05,1,1,2 44. Hevetton Ganerai. 6,054,56,149,121,121,121,121,131,131,131,131,131,131	Royal Light New Control 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Masserous . 61 (3.0 in 3 0 110 1 -0.5 1 7 UK Growth Acc . 61 77 0 1730 1750 155 0 0.9 12 7 UK Growth Acc . 61 77 0 1730 1730 175 0 155 0 0.9 12 7 UK Growth Gas . 61 10 4 11.2 2 19 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Surrage Unit 1st Mangant Ltd (U9V5)F 117 Feedurch St. London ECJM 5AL	III Prof. 6 F1Acc. 6 94 36 94 364 100 4 0-119 74 Japan 101 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Laguas	Mercary Fand Managers Ltd (1000/H 33 King William St. ECAR 9AS 07 - 280.28 American 5 182.3 182.3 193.4 - 200 (Accom Unital	PO Box 124, 51,79 Rese Lane, Norwich 0603 6872234 Master Treet 6198.87 98.87 105.171-0.7012.15 00 01 February 12, 128,875,16013.35	St James's Phace UT Group Ltd (1200)F 150 St Vincent St. Gispine 62 585 00 -007 5500 150 St Vincent St. Gispine 61 110.8 117.2 2.309 58 25 East let	
Aberfurth Unit Trust Managers Ltd (1600) 16 Crester St. Edinburgh CH3 7RA 031 220073 UF Small Cos. 0, 00144 0 1144 0 1210	F UK Georgia 6 125.6 127.3 134.7 (4) 121.7 135.9 137.8 134.7 (4) 125.5 135.9 137.8 134.7 (4) 125.5 13 UK income 6 114.6 116.2 123.7 (4) 34.02 For CS Fand Mages see the Financial UT	77 Nagruaria Terraca, Edistantija (234)-090 526 Berlinderija (254)-090 526 Berlinderija (254)-090 526 Berlinderija (254)-091 526	lar juil Greech. 34, 193, 195, 195, 285, 102, 128 to 1,180, 34, 193, 190, 342, 193, 190, 342, 193, 190, 342, 193, 190, 342, 193, 190, 342, 193, 193, 193, 193, 193, 193, 193, 193	Lik Early Coursis 54: 32.35 32.35 34.41 -0.092.06 (decam) belief. 3 -59 59.27 59.27 59.30 50.9-10122.08 Yield expressed as CAR (Compound Armaal Resurd) Knight Williams Portfolia Mingrs (1.000)F 16.1 Hev Boog Street, analos WIV 04.007.408.11.36 Cast led Sporther 1.04.05 14.05 17.07 17.408.11.36 Cast led Sporther 1.04.05 17.77 17.0 36.82 40.05 12.05 10.0	(Accest Units)* 0 127 5 127 5 127 5 127 5	91. Enrocus	Control lie:	
10 Obsers Fernar, Aberden 199 (10) 600 61759 America & Creati S. 199 (10) 43 70 600 61759 America & Creati S. 199 (10) 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	0 Figs. 3, 100 cs oct. 6158.2 159 4s 159.00 1512.5 1 Gi Get Account. 6, 158.2 159 4s 159.00 1512.5 1 Gi Get Account. 6, 159.18 259.6 1513.1 1.15.2 96 5 Do treaspe Ots 6192.71 94 92 100.6 1. 15.96 1 Gill & Fred Int. 6159 45 345.3 41.9 1.0 16.97 7 Cancon Fueld Maranegrs Ltd (1.200H	an American . 34 12 00 22 27 76 74 16 0 56 26 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Artians Unit Tst Mingrs Ltd 1090516 Liftin St, London SWIY 4HS 077, 49307533 als Portfuls 2 1323 323 342, 127 sportments 2 46 77 96 77 102 9 251 re income 2196 25 98 25 103.4 . 524	LAS Unit Tet Magres Ltd (1000(H 113 Durdas St. Edinburgh EH5 SEB 031-550 515) European	Gort Secrettes 5 92.58 97.58 97.30 4097. 1 (Access Units) 5 162.7 162.7 171.0 -0.187. Gold & Germal 5 4 40 49 48.49 51.73 -0.114	66 Elit & Carrey Usic . 6 11 101 99x109 50 4 1817 62 89 Property F	Sarrws Isti Invest Services Ltd (0830)F Backlersbury No. 11 Walbrook EC4N 851.071-220,0490 Same America Gath 51 58 51 58 65 62 61	
Fued interest 54, 18.37 19.5% 20.60 61.09 65 Fued interest 51, 18.37 19.5% 20.60 61.09 65 Fued interest 51, 195.3 200.8 214.3 64.3 11.3 Fued interest Acc 51, 195.3 200.8 214.3 64.3 11.7 Appara 54, 195.8 13.68 14.3 3-2.9 60 Pacific	381-928076 531 42.37 42.77 445,741-9010 2525,21 Growth 531 42.37 42.77 45,741-9010 13 I scone	Schraft Sir29 1729 1844	bal Asset Management (1200)F	Extra focome	Second 124 124 124 134 144 1	25 Petri Outre, Lynch Wd, Peterseroeth PEZ 6FY 27 Daulier 2000 626577 (200.6 201 641246.0 201 2470 27 Daulier 2000 626577 (200.6 201 641246.0 201 270 27 Daulier 10153	The state Certs 51 (2) 29 72.37 76.99 (1.25) 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	7
FUNCATION S. S. S. S. S. S. S. T. S. S. T. S.	inci Carranci Bd., 5 1 56,07 39,07 30 30 -0.86 7 61 SE Asia 5 72.03 75.00 76.08 -1.30 1 19 UK Capial Growth 6 173 73 74 75 79,95 100 12 20 Cargel-Cure Mivers UT Minot Ltd (1200)F	Nation St., Aylesthary, Backs, 1972 170 N 0296 431 480 GAM carryonan 50 01 50 47 61 781-08 C47 GAM carryonan 50 01 50 47 61 781-08 C47 GAM carryonan 50 02 180 21 98 131-38 C47 GAM carryonan 50 02 180 21 131-38 C47 GAM carryonan 50 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02	Section Management Section Off 1-973 (999)	L & C Unit Tst Magent Ltd (0905)F Brashealt Hs. 5 Appold St. ECA 20A 071-882800 locome 3 445.6 445.6 45.6 1	Pacritic 17.46 78 01 83 22 48 01	CAccum Daller	Save & Presper Group (0900)H 16-72 Western Rt. Ropford OM 1 3.6 0706 76/966 leter int & Geth 5-1 66 42 65.42 70.65 0.94 02 uner Smitr Cm 5-1 93.67 99 13 101.2 0.8 2014 129.9 129.9 130.1 -0.51 149.2	i
Ethics Fot Acc. 5133.29 11 29442 16-6 1011 24 Accume Fund Managers Ltd (1400)F 5 Rayleigh Rd Hutton Essa 0277-6933 WK Easily Growth 6 1 33 31 66 66 70 92 61 71 34 UK Easily Growth 6 1 63 31 66 66 70 92 61 71 34	(Access Units)	13 Cathedral Yard, Exeler EX1 1H0	UK Ohfelie: .5072.4 122.4 n4030.29 - 0 67 UK Ohfel Act. 5032.34 132.14 140.79 - 0 67 ett (John) Unit Migori Ltd 1000)F kisto House, 4 Baule Bridge Line, Louison SEI 378 7979 - 1407.7808	1 White Hart Yard, SE1 pages 25, 149, 53 50, 174 53, 571-01214, 98 Laurentian Unit Tst Magant Ltd (1200)H Levrentian Unit Tst Magant Ltd (1200)H Levrentian Har, Barverood, Gloocator GLA 702 Expairte 0452 371509 000 000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	UK Equity	18-19 Smelland St. Lundon WiCLR 492. 077. 430,0556 2 Penterda Account	Septial Profession 59 1112 117 2 117 2 40 1 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Nth American 6 5 7 8 8 97 12 12 8 9 1 1 10 10 7 9 1 1 10 10 7 9 1 1 10 10 17 10 47 Moore Moore 10 10 70 62 96 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Growth	Varrant V . 6 28 18 30 36 33 00 +0 18 0 00 Amer	regression like . 35 (6.37 67.51 7.2014) 39-11 (mail: Co's . 31 (6.37 67.51 67.51 11) 250 11012 50 110	high income	Merrim Jupiter Unit Tet Mgrs Ltd (0905) 197 Knightbridge, London SW7 LRB 077-581 30 American Cap	20 Wolde Recover 54 252 20 252 20 269 74 -455 1 03 F	Searon I receive 0 109.5 108.5 131.0 40.3 5.74 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	
35 Fountain St. Manchester M2 24F 061 236-5489 British Growth 319 128 65 59 33 63 33 -0412 256 British Romen 319 63 16 66 44 70 259-9 6003 48 Setta Participe v. 35 61 44 61 85 65 80 46 0002 00 AETra House 2-12 Personville Rosst. Lineson. 91 900	5 Special Sea	antity from 5166.79 67.35 71.65 3.9 Germ	From th	Lazard Unit Tet Mingrs Ltd (1200(F 21 Moorfletts, London ECP? 2877 071-3740010 WK Capital Jun 21 - 0) 309-4 309-4 314 4 2 273 0K Inch Gerts Jan 21 - 0 327-8 373-3 333-3 3 15 UK Sacota Jan 21 - 0 227-2 227-2 227-3 4 333 UK Sacota Jan 21 - 0 227-2 227-2 227-3 4 333 UK Sacota Jan 21 - 0 227-2 227-3	Ecology	73 High Income 34, 170.74 71, 44m 16 41, 47.47 2.30 1 - Imparts Serth 54, 481, 491 (1.00 1.01 51, 14) - 240 1.00 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.	nt Bood 5 15-1 15-1 17-3 1-2-30 17-3 17	
Dealing 0277 990 3800 Advice 071-077 6495 Europeau Growth 5 199 00 198 00 210 20 -1-301 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Data Pendide St. 182 8 182 8 194 7 - 181 87 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	inch Final	Labor Modes 4 - 34 (1286): 12.862 13 607 14:101.50 US Index 6 - 3-54 (1286): 12.862 13 607 14:101.50 UK Boar 6 - 5-54 (1886): 14.607 19 332-34785 10 Jacobson Boar 6 - 54 (1186): 11.601 11.795 14:106-25 Labor 8car 6 - 354 (1186): 13.505 14.205 14/101.105 US Boar 6 - 354 (1186): 13.504 15.7074 14/101.105	bankaro Gra Jan 21.0 (17.107 11.07 71.07 71.07 71.09) Jung Rastha Jan 21. 9 (6 5 7 3 6 6 7 5 6 18) (D. 00) Juny Marts Jan 25 9. (0 11.177) 111.773 111.773 12.20 Legal & General (U.T., Migrs) 1.td (12.00) Admir 5 Rayletigh Road, Hutton, Revisiono Casa Booklets 02/7 22/7500 Doublet 02/7 24/750	Source Access 6667.34 69.05 73.51 -0.060. UK Growth Acc	D Outside Francis - 54 DAYA4 DAY 92 173.321-286 D.D.L. S	Cotylelos 56 210.2 212.6 226 1 4-0 34.37 clerk Ind 55 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 11.5 1	
Gecom Britis by 1997 70 240 10 286 19 1 1004-02 Kerlan Greek by 38 99 49 19 12 2-0313 70 Intil Growth 59 20 90 39 99 49 387 4-091 1 13 Vaccan Units 59 22 95 22 10 20 -050 31 Jayan Gerh Maca 1 59 7 16 97 Rolf 10 30 -4 100 1 - 100 Nit Amerikan 50 40 100 240 40 241 80 -4 100 7 Vaccan Units 52 23 00 25 00 25 8 40 1 4000 79 Protester 56 11 27 11 19 18 11 7 20 10 10 25 40	UK Indez 54 115.4 116.1u 123.9 -0.5[3.40] F. Active Famb. Americas Growth 54 397 B 397 B 424 5 -4.2 1.06 C Capital	## & Fad in	Natur Bear 4 - 54, 500 795 07 1754 08 1225 (4186) 5.46 (618 beil 4 - 54, 500 71 beil 7	Cash Accurat	Desting: U/42 SCU200 & Salasced — 66 55.43 54.60 58.00 L0193.1 Germa Ustral — 654.41 54.60 58.00 L0193.1 British 1st — 66 77 77 74 31 77 48 70 68.2 Germa Ustral — 66 77 77 74 31 77 48 70 68.2 Germa Ustral — 66 71 92 62 09 67 00 48.62 - Enripsis Growth — 61 192.7 192.7 15.00 -1700.1 Germa Ustral Host 1 76 18.7 193.7 204.6 - 2300.1 Estra Kind Inc. — 61 62 77 64 74 60 17 60 187 60 187	PHyrian Unit Trust Magant Ltd (0830)F 39 Phyrian Street, Newsastle upon Type Administration & Dealing	Nr. Saufe Cardenta 3-2 38-21 39-88 42 42:401:192.12 1.5. Growto 5-1 315 1 315 1 319.1-12 0.52 into Growth 5-1 118 4 118 4 12-9 4-1.711 84 "CAO - Net income relevasted Schwader Unit Trusts Ltd (1400)F 13 Cetter Lase, London ECEV 6AS	
Uccan Units1, \$1,500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500, 500	Intl Growth . 54 65.65 65 55 70.00+075[224 E Japan Growth . 54 182.3 182.3 194.5 -3.7 - E Japan Growth . 54 182.3 182.3 194.5 -3.7 - E Japan Grille Cot. 5 4 23 34 23 34 24 90 44 8 - E Conta United Market 194 8 4 8 8 47 891-214 - U Canibal House Jail Tel Marcet (1200M)	artopeas Opes 54 64 27 41.47 44.10 -0.240 00 MS. K Groent 54 66 25 66 79 71 02 -0.040 00 MS. lobal Convertible 54 21 41 21.41 22.84 -0.10 3 61 MISS	Sam mens 9 54 Sequin 19 9703 20 Signed med 1.25 Cloth 6 . 54 Sequin 19 9703 20 Signed med 1.25 Cloth 6 54 Sequin 19 9703 20 Signed med 1.25 Cloth 6 54 Sequin 19 9703 20 Signed med 1.25 Cloth 6 54 Sequin 19 970 11 18 75 Sequin 1.25 Cloth 6 Cloth 6 Sequin 19 970 11 18 75 Sequin 19 970 11 18 75 Sequin 19 970 11 18 75 Sequin 19 970 18 77	Forel interest	Germu Units) 6 109 1 116.8 118.5 40.307. Citt & Frail Int. 4 55.14 55.14 57.4 57.4 5.007. Utcrass Units] 4 103.1 103.1 149.2 42.87. Utcrass Units] 6 197.8 200.5 224.4 6.308.1 (Germa Mits) 6 197.8 200.5 224.4 6.308.1 (Germa Mits) 6 253.8 259.2 275.2 103.8 1.0 103.8 1	96 Erropeas	Tient Like 0800 526535 Broker Lier 0800 526540 Recisul Flowish mer Ican 6	
Differential 55 R24 10 424 (DiASS.20) -3 402 63 Allchurches Inv Mgmt Servs Ltd (1200) He Bourfort Kis, Brassisto Rd, Clos. D452 305956 Antity Income 5 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Central Mosts: Festival Square, Editoburgh 031-228-4477 Bealing 0900833551 Col-Roc 059,07 59,07 59 07-6 02 a 94 De Income 050 48 59 48 50 48 for 2 a 84 De Income 050 48 59 48 50 48 for 2 a 84 Global Oper Acc 040,08 1 10 04 58 4 0-221.65 De Income 050 49,08 1 10 04 58 4 0-221.65 De Income 050 49,08 4 00 03 42 81-6 51 1.68	rowth & loc	Date Base 4, 54 SEERS 13 0129 12.0407 105906,40 GHT Batt 4 54 SEERS 15 0432 16 67006 7915 40 GHT Batt 4 54 SEERS 15 04300 12 0000 14 000 15 40 Dollar Cash 4 18200 15 0770 17 1251 14000 1, 90 DONNE CASH 4 18200 17 17 17 1251 14000 1, 90 DONNE CASH 4 18200 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	Overtext Equaty 6-183,12 (03,124-68,435-12.519,94 Paralle Growth	Japan Gewith 6 27/0 27/0 27/0 22/4-52/0/0 Horaut Baird 6 78/0 70/0 80/5-54/0/0 Marataria 71 6 78/0 70/0 80/5-54/0/0 Horaut Dairia 6 80/0 80/0 80/0 86/6-54/0 Horaut Dairia 6 18/0 70/0 80/0 86/0 86/6-14/0/0 Horaut Dairia 6 18/0 71/0 71/0 1/0 40/0 86/0 Horaut Dairia 6 18/0 71/0 1/0 1/0 80/0 70/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0 1/0	Premium Life Unit Tst Magns Ltd (1400)F F 537 Perymoor Rd, Raymork Heath 9444 458721 W Monthly Icone . 6146 44 49.24 51.131-0151-22 F Principal Unit Treet Monthly 14 (1600)F 6	Accum (Intro) 54 38.07 38.72 64.63-03311.35 ferro Smill Foot 54 36.37 51.00ml 54 90.43310.77 Accum (Intro) 54 5.65.77 51.35 54.77-133.07.77 Accum (Intro) 54 5.65.77 51.35 54.77-133.07.77 Accum (Intro) 54 5.55 56.59 03.33-14.01 00 pred Interest 54 51.51 51.52 54.27-10.08.70 Accum (Intro) 54 61.79 61.772 65.04-10.88.70 Dr. 100 Henomer 54 10.11 13.01 12.10 54.24-10.08.70 Dr. Henomer 54 10.11 13.01 12.10 54.24-10.08.70	5
Income Bullet Acc. 316-60 02 67 66 71 34-0-913 73 Allied Dumbar Unit Tsts PLC (1600)F Allied Outbar Centre Swindon, SUI 1EL. 1F 4 19 6 77 3 5 10 36-6 Etent 016 0 345 0 76161 Balanced Trusts	De Income	K index 54 95 01 95 01 100.0 0 00 7. Reverse belet 54 95 01 95 01 100 0 0 00 arope Index 54 95 01 95 01 100 0 0 00 Gast arope Reverse leder 54 95 01 95 01 100.0 0 00 36 H	Rog. 77 Marcel St. Lundon E1 8AP 071-488 1212 (Co's 54 667 08 72.184 76.794 1.02 e records 5221.66 72.184 76.794 1.02 e records 572 recitus Roya) Ex Unit Mars Ltd (1000IF ericor Exchange Sq. Lundon E14 9CE 071-538 9068	Lleyds 8k Unit Tst Mgrs Ltd (1000)F 90 Box 63, Charlan, Kost ME4 878 Dealing 0634 634313 Belanced 6 627 10 910 0 320, 301 43 913, 13 Dealing 0634 634339 Dealing 0632 301 43 913, 13 De (Accard)	Middland Personal Personal Built Trend		Secon United 5 1, 126 70 135 72 144 02 4 25 9 05 10bal Bond 3 49 13 49 14 50 65 40 826 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Crowth & Income 51, 130-9 2009 2029 3-1,0033 71. 51, 130-2 377.8 382.4 - 1,002-2 3. Balanced 51, 1062.0 1062.0 1135 01-1,0033 40 51, 1062.0 1062.0 1135 01-1,0033 40 Territan begins 51, 130-9 43.90 46.92 - 1,014.50 1011, 1000me 51, 137-7 577. 579.1 - 1,014.50 1011, 1000me 55, 137-7 579.1 - 1,014.50 1011, 1000me 55, 137-7 579.1 - 1,014.50 1011, 1000me 55, 137-7 579.1 - 1,014.50 1011, 10	Royal Scaffish Resurrance Royal Scaffish Resurrance Royal Carling Orbit Rt. 6 64.27 64.87 69.01 4.13[2.19 A	posi Recept lader 34 93.01 95.01 100.01		Do (Accom) 5 / 49 81 49 81 52 44 10 46 1. 59 Ertra (Accom) 6 / 52 49 12 88 91 49 49 10 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Modey Market	12 (Accum Units)	apan Enterprise 5% 45.90 46,22 49.40-072.0 00 Korm Units , 5% 45.96 46,32 49,40-072.0 00 carlic Gwth 5% 72,68 73.89 78,81-1460 88 Korm Units , 5% 74.64 75.68 88,71-146.0 88 maller Ceri 5% 16.313 166.556177.66 039 11,73 korm Units 5% 166.93 190.89 203.00 46.411,73 about	
High Yield 51, 218 8 218 8 233, 51-2014, 24 Govt Securities 51, 13 6 31 45 33, 21-10017, 59 International Yields 13 14 5 33, 21-10017, 59 International Yields 13 22 0 122 0 130 4 2 10 10, 10	har sortica methada: - a local to bally of 43 pt 18 18 50 pt 10 necrome;	ast		De (Accard)	6 33.46 55.90 59 53 - 623 2. West Market Market 6 72.99 77.99 77.79 77.71 600 97. Merce Market 6 72.99 77.99 77.71 600 97. Merce Market 667.99 66.42 72.79 - 620 97. Merce Market Bertiste But Treat 9 62.52 - 600 97. Merce Market 6 66.10 66.27 76.25 - 44 1.16 Git & Flagd Int 667.99 6.79 6.72 20-41 1.16 Git & Flagd Int 667.99 6.79 77.20 - 411 7.		R Emergets 5 t 105: 13 105: 71:119 22 - 0.70 3.00 team for the count list to 5 t 105: 13 105: 71:119 22 - 0.70 3.00 team for the count list to 5 t 103:04 215:73 220 1.1 - 0.01 3.00 team for the count list to 5 t 103:04 215:73 270 0.1 - 501:40 0.3 4.01 0.3	
Pacific 51, 394 3, 23 49, 271, 41, 5001, 11 Sees of America 51, 394 3, 394 3, 322, 14, 4010, 31 White America 51, 394 3, 394 3, 422, 14, 4010, 31 Septialist Tool 51, 41, 41, 42, 44, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41	3 Coptibal Avenue, London ECZR 78H 071-606.0708 S Cazenove Portfolio 5 64.41 64.53m 69.02 -0.48 3.00 American Portfolio 5 77 77 77 77 82 97 -1.25 1.00		Tree	Do (Accord) 6 (6) (12.28) (17.9) (2) (10.20) (facore	10	Locome United	
Arkwright Management (1400)F	Partic Perturbite 4: 3 dot 89 gt. 46, 87 50-1-374 2-33 3 Wit House 4 Growth 519 62 59 02 6 35 53-1-518 50 6 F Century Unit Trusts Ltd (1400)F 74 Stephens Bush Grow WIZ 650 981.748 7070 6 WK General Tat. 94, 95 85 54 97 66.64 001 (2.66 6 6 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1. Sue Street, London ECC M 20P 97, 377 9242 De A. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 1	254 m	Do Georgia	1 Waite Hart Yard, London Bridge, SCI 077, 407, 59 brownstillonal	Company Comp	other Lendity Rec V - 5 57.41 57.98 61.68 6.39 1.05 (com United V - 5 59.40 5.99 61.68 1.40 1.00 (com United V - 5 59.40 61.68 1.40 0.10 (com United V - 5 59.40 5.40 5.40 (com United V - 5 59.40 5.40 (com United V - 5 59.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 5.40 6.40 5.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6.40 6	
1 King St. Manchester M60 3AH 8800 526-556 Frowth 5516-64 113 30 125 98-60 10 24 Income 5159-44 66 1546 64.00 - 6.26 14.49 European 54 43 36 020 46.29 6221.94 Recovery 5101.90 104 66 111 3614 5001 31 B & C E Unit Trust Magant Ltd (1000)H	UK Growth 5192.90 95.31 100.33 2.71 9 UK income	matrics:02/7-22/5007 95:87.3 99:091-05007 970 Bc mrgosta	fax Standard Tet Mogent Ltd (0730)F or 600, Editaburgh EHI5 1EW 0800 038869 Amenagin or 54, 32, 63 32, 65 34, 65, 1 93 Amenagin Acc 54, 33 45 33, 98 34, 62 -0.11 93 Amenagin Acc 54, 33 45 33, 98 34, 62 -0.11 93 Amenagin Acc 54, 22, 62 25 bat 24 97, 74, 61 44, 57 Administr Acc 52, 28, 62 28, 47 36 19 -0.14, 57	Linguis Exercut Membrella Frant 1.20 (1.34 80)	Environment and Acc. 54, 231, 5 231, 5 247, 5 1, 100 Acc. 101 (art) (art	6 International 6 74.90 74.98 79.60 0.91 3.3	Coam Harts 9 5 (2), 84 (5) 01 (10), 07 (4) 78 (6) 25 corn 101 (6) (7) (7) (7) (8) (8) (9) (9) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10) (10	
Manor Royal, Crawies Rillo 207 923 525911 Contracted Circ Provino 3 [61] 66 62.57 85.57 [1.45 Formulate Proved Pan 6153 50 52.50 53 21] 4.0 BSI-Tzeurahilli Unit Trust Meyrs Lid (1.200) F 225 IJ John's Sa, London ECIM 445 07.251.675 Capital 56 47 68 43.6 88 66 2.56 International 547.51 47.64 80.550 [1.00	1 White Hart Vard, Loedon Bridge, SE1 073-407-9966 is brestimed, Advisor - RC Beckman 4, Plans Beckman (et 4 g.m. 5 75-24 79-39 41-175 53 5 Beck Bio-fect 6 42-19 - 43 deat 46 43 -20 10 0 E levestment Advisor - James Capel Cerr Fungeld Assot . 5 19-11 59 10 62 06 -176 22 0	aimyd Furth uph-Rison Ia 9 24 A.S. 5 426.5 429.5 9 95 7 9 25 Hazz mju-Rison Ia 9 24 A.S. 5 426.5 122.8 96 14 A.S. 5 122.8 96 97 97 97 97 Kowod Richard 12 12 12 12 13 13 13 Kowod Richard 14 14 14 14 14 Kowod Richard 14 14 14 14 14 Kowod Richard 14 14 14 14 14 Kowod Richard 14 14 14 14 Kowod Richard 14 14 Kowod Richard 14 Kowod	thru Generall Fund Mgrs Ltd (1900)F n 5 Rayleigh Rd, Hutton, Brottmond, Essenties (277 27730) rsty 57are - 543.57 43.67 49.55(42) 2.79 reseth - 513.73 03.75 88 86.64 412.61	American 6 75.85 75 1.046 61 31 -441 0.4 General 6 75.77 73 57 88 10.469 31 1.4 General 6 55 07 55.52 59.57 62.30 6.4 Intervalence 6 40 94 50 55 59 57 62.30 6.4 Intervalence 6 40 94 50 55 59 31 10.43	US falls Tooks Ac. 31,90,0 190,0 233,21-1,891,3 Lapen Tracker	O Global PEP	K Senai Corr	
Baillie Giffard & Ca Ltd (1400)H Rutund Coart, Editabrelle 113 857 031-222 4243 Ba America Y 5172.7 272.7 291.7 1-7 1-7 1-8 0 Good . 5 1094 1 104 1 104 105 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Frian No. Cap 5. 19. 126 5. 22h. 13. 252. 661-0.27]5 06. 1 Frian No. Inc. 5 19. 126 5. 22h. 13. 252. 661-0.27]5 06. 1 Frian No. Inc. 5 19. 126 9. 126 9. 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127	Tester & Braftiswalte Fd Mingt Ltd (1100)F Education White Nam Yard, London SEI 10X 077-407 3966 Education 45 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	ubros Unit Trust Managers Ltd (1000)F n. 3 Rysleija Rd. Hutton, Brestenod Exerc vice 1277 2739 10.00 Deatless (277 47939) 11.00 Deatless (277 47939) 11.00 Deatless (277 47939) 11.00 Deatless (277 47939) 10.00 D	M & G. House, Victoria Ruad, Dielenstrud CMI, 1F0 costoner Services (Jint Desillag 0245 390.390 Amer & General 5(92),14 557, \$298,7 4-7,10.81 (Accurt Unites 5(92),74 57,50 478,6 -3.00,81 Amer Recovery 5 107,24 77,24 376 0-25,07,2 (Accurt Unites) 5 103,4 11,2 24,10,7 1-8,9 Amer Smill Cost 5 103,4 1,12 24,10,7 1-8,9 Amer Smill Cost 5 103,4 1,12 24,110,7 1-8,9 10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	Europa	### American Inc	187, 187, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 197, 19	
BG Lucrope Gorth 5 105.9 125.9 175.2 -1.41 12 BG Incorre Gorth 5 2077 294.4 119.1 -0.45 57 BG Lucrope Gorth 5 2072 234.2 246.2 -4.0 - 65 Patrice 9 73.22 70.510.0 79.1 -0.51 1.48 BG LH S milr Cos 43.4 84.4 21.47 03.40 12.1 3.49 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 14.9 1	City Fin Pariotes 6132 97 55.00er 57 00148.001 Fin City of Lendon Unit Tst Mgrs Ltd 110001F	Alternativa (rina) 3-) 59-27-39-27-69-36-10-91-10-52 Sell invested in in 5-5-5-56-1-57-73-56-14-10-39-1-17-10-56 Sell-invested in 5-5-56-56-15-77-3-56-14-10-39-1-17-10-56 Sell-invested in 5-5-56-56-12-67-80-72-13-10-35-1-52 Sell-invested in 5-56-56-15-56-56-10-36-1-52 Sell-invested in 5-56-56-1-56-56-1-56-1-56-1-56-1-56-1-5	derson Unit Tet Moternt Ltd (1200)F	Georgia Unitas	American Incorre 1853 79 IAS 70 IAS 70 IAS 720 I-3 IB 2.6 Early Incorre 1864 28 6.628 189 1,1440 II 3.4 Early Incorre 136.70 55.70 57 25-647 I 3.5 II 3.6 I	5 OIK Huish Ine Ein Inc. 3-51, 74 35 + 74 35m 80 34 (13 75 377 1 4 4 5 m 80 34 (13 75 377 1 4 6 m) 10 m 80 34 (13 75 377 1 4 6 m) 10 m 80 34 (13 75 377 1 4 6 m) 10 m 80 34 (13 75 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	cottisti Equitatile Fd Mgrs Ltd (1000(H 15. Andrew Sc Edinburch 1 Income 54 209 4 209 4 225 1 19 32 d Assay 54 309 4 209 4 23 3 1 19 32 d Assay 54 309 4 20 4 23 3 1 19 32	
Bank of Ireland Fund Mors Ltd (1400)F 30 Over St. London, EC48 1.5H 671.4 O' 1940 4	Clerical Medical Unit Tst Mgrs Ltd (1200)F 77 Namow Plain, Bristol BS2 (UN) (0800) 373393 C Americus Graft 5 47 99 48.55 51,921-982 (0.00 W) Attas Moral Graft 5 42 90 30 42 32 531-980 M 6	20 Histophysiae, process 6-249 FT 97,-374 AUD 90 A Research Strip (2014) A R	60 2003 Brietwood, Esser CM13 137 ries 0277 227300 Deallog 0277 234772 ly of Funds . 5 \(163 70 \) 63 784 66 081 6321 62 min . 5 \(163 70 \) 63 784 66 081 6321 62 35 5/1s 5 \(1241 \) 4 241 4 255 291 67 \(1166 \) 10 Ustai 5 \(1347 \) 7 36 7 37 5 57 1 1 1 7 1 66	Accam United 5 507.54 337.5 357 1 - 0.17.40 Composed Growth 5 754.5 754.5 779.9 42-103.54 Dhidden	Japan Greenti 1166.40 86.40 67.511-12810.0 NFU Murbari Unit Mingrs Ltd (1400)F Admis: Sarpisja Road, Unitan, Breschengd, Ever Dealing 0277 227300, Dealing 0277 2610.1 Area Equity	UK Minney Mitt Acc 2 66 00 66.85 66.27 60.87 7.29 Mills 17 7.29 Ja. UK Minney Mitt Inc 2 50.67 50.67 51.76 60.07 7.29 Ja. 07 Mills Mitt Inc 2 50.67 50.67 51.76 40.07 7.29 Ja. 07 Mills Mitt Inc 57 85.56 85.55 92.56 91.30 6.1 61.5 10.00 1	K General Inc	Æ ,
Earnet Margi Franciu . 3 73 50 73 50 77 68 10 60 Compt Design County . 5 74 17 74 79 70 83 10 60 Barclays Vinicum Ltd (1000)H Il Broadway System E15 48	bo. Accests 35 39,07 35,31 40,511 - 1019,128 02 European Gerths 35 35,50 31,144 - 35,11-54 European Gerths 35 35,50 31,144 - 35,11-54 European Gerths 35 35,50 37,54 32,30 33,00 31,00 37,50 37,54 31,34	aropeau	ter Cos Div54, 145 66 145 66x158.761-1 4614 70	European Dividend . 5 52.78	The Silton Centre, Morth Harbour, Portsmonth Brushless 0705 372222 Dealing D705 38272 Amerikan 9705 38272	Gold Trest inc . 52 35.46 38.45 41 47 0 00 00 Em	of	
Do Alest Acc 5 \ 170 4 171 3 182 2 -14 2 3 to And No. 2 16 3 16 3 16 3 16 3 16 3 16 3 16 3 16	Chathan Marking Park MEA 4VV 0424 000000	lectors (Inflat) 5220.1. 220.1. 244 7 (4.1)84.45 leaver 14 Convert 5220.1. 220.1. 220.1. 346 1.340 1.00 Cloth stream (Inflat) 522.2. 222.2. 343 5-1.9(1) 00 Cloth stream (Inflat) 5122.4. 122.9. 131.6. 7-200 00 Cloth stream (Inflat) 51224 1.124 1.132 9-2.18(1) 00 design (Inflat) 513.6.6. 55.5.4. 90 16.4 03(1),00 design (Inflat) 513.6.6. 55.5.4. 90 16.4 03(1),00 design (Inflat) 513.6.6. 55.5.4. 90 16.4 03(1),00 design (Inflat) 513.6. 124.1 1.24.1 1.32.9 0.4 03(1),00 design (Inflat) 513.6. 124.1 1.32.9 0.4 03(1),00 design (Inflat) 513.6. 03(1),00	ms Founds Enterprise 5 \ 187 1 107 1 114 95 0 95 1 1 20 43 -1.56 112 67 112 67 120 43 -1.56 1.44 120 43 -1.56 1.44 120 43 -1.56 1.44 120 43 -1.56 1.44 1.4		Section Units 3 - 5 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 6 - 5 - 10 1 - 4 - 6 - 5 - 5 - 1 1 - 4 - 6 - 5 - 7 - 1 1 - 4 - 6 - 5 - 7 - 1 1 - 4 - 6 - 5 - 7 - 1 1 - 6 - 5 - 7 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 5 - 7 - 5 - 7 -	74-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	1 5 100 Acc 5 1 12. 04 33.00 18.24 40 11.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.5 31.69 40 11.5 31.69 40 11.5 31.69 40 11.5 31.69 40 11.5 31.69 40 11.60	
De Euro Gesth Act	Cell Caperal		Treet	Int Growth 5 (00.96 60.90a) 64.80(-0.51) 22 (40com lb)-fb) 5 (10.99 10.90 11.17-7 0.41) 22 (memetional fire 5 (11.98 81.70 87.00 -0.75.44 (40com lb)-fb) 5 (11.215 11.2.3 117.6 -0.95.44 (40com lb)-fb) 5 (11.215 11.2.3 117.6 -0.95.45 (40com lb)-fb) 5 (11.215 11.2.3 11.2.3 117.6 11.2.3 117.6 11.2.3 117.6 11.2 117.6 1	Gold V united v . 3 t . 23 7 7 25 7 7 2 7 92 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	CAM briggs by Acr. 54, 107 70 92 70 100 84 20 150 95 W/C CAM briggs by Acr. 54, 55, 45 53 45 57 50 40 272 12 CAM briggs by Acr. 54, 207 42 75 44 66 40 1412 12 Sec. 54, 107 42 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	Copicy (Nelson): 3 359,7 384,7 347 353,118 375	
Do Growth Acc. 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 1289 5 289, 5 310 5-0 512.85 Do Income 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 434 440 9 447, 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 5, 25 Do Income Boilder. 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 57 26 57, 70 6.147 (d) 1315 28 Do Intl. Income 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 50, 53, 554 55 5, 94 4.054. 1315 28 Do Intl. Income 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 50, 53, 554 55 5, 94 4.054. 1315 28 Do Intl. 4 (6) 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 6 127 9 136 4.2 44. 00 Do Intl. 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 6 127 9 136 4.2 44. 00 Do Intl. 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 50, 61 56 127 9 136 4.2 44. 00 Do Intl. 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 50, 61 56 9 47 53 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 6 40 640 43 Do Letter (U) 5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 9 43 99 90 106 91 64 94	CI Far East Go 6 34.75 84.75 94.37 1-13.10.16 A CI Homerster 6 00.95 6.169 95.51-9 102.52 V CU Japan Ed Acc 5 27.85 27.85 17.56-94-00.00 E CI Mithy Inr Pars 6 44.16 45.50 45.40,00 648.78 V CI Managed 6 107.79 57.59 6.105 4.00,327 E De Acom 6 49.31 67.31 77.73 4.463.27 U CI Smaller Cos 6 35.0 90.55 25.50 41.412.32 U	mericas Growth	3-5 Loc 25 142 25 146 99-3-31 16 25 148 25 149 15 16 25 149 16 27 149 16 37 149 16 37 149 16 37 149 16 37 149 16 37 149 16 37 149 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	Access Units 5, 502.35 102.6 108.5 1-1.90.16 Millians 545.46 453.0 48 127.43 5.05 Access Units 545.6 88 143.9 152.144.45 00 Proclase E 2 783.3 799.7 819.7 92.94.87 Receivery 53.16.7 82 22.84 34.40 42.23.69 Access Units 55.0 9 95.00 54.10 44.3 34.9 45.25 45.40 45.25 45.25 45.40 45.25	Macter Units 54, 133 60 133 66 143, 2014-100 00 50 mailer for 55, 22.2 22.54-22.31 64 81, 91 (Access Units) 54, 22.67 26.06 20.024-0311. 9 (Access Units) 54, 26.67 26.06 20.024-0311. 9 Special Site 54, 3010 30 21 22.44-0221 8 (Access Units) 54, 34.25 34.47 37.06-02.81 0.04 (Access Units) 60 100 40 100, 90 100 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 60 100 40 100, 90 100 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 60 100 40 100, 90 100 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 53. 57 76 57 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 350 00 100 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 53. 57 76 57 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 350 00 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 54.5 77 6 57 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 350 00 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 54.5 77 6 37 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 350 00 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 54.5 76 57 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 350 00 90 40 100, 66 (Access Units) 54.5 76 57 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 36 (Access Units) 54.5 76 a.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 34.3 34.3	Martler Growth 54 59.50 61 60 65 5 tun militar Do	Access 54 26 27 26 30 257 8 9 150 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 17 7 3 1 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 6 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 6 6 7 7 7 6 7 7 7 6 7	
Do Property 54 327 7 225, 7st 286 21 . 6.6.1 Do Recovery 54 327 1 327 1 347 9 0 - 0 43 3 1 Do Senti Cos Rec. 54 36 36 36 38 99 40.26 2 54 Do Senti Cos Rec. 54 32 91 36 32 4 32 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	CU UK & General . 6 to 33 de 33 de 45 50 -02 (3 1) 5 c 00 Access . 6 to 27 78 32 6 33 2-1 25 3 1 3 5 c 1 4 4 4 -0 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	site Street, Salistory, Will. Admir 0722 411622. British P Equity Dist. — 5500, 29 733, 16 554, 431 60 Mil 3 00 Capita P Euro GAN But. — 5 506, 91 672, 69715, 23 41, 25 10 Dollar P Euro GAN But 91 44, 94 76, 51 102, 57 1286, 1.77 Euro GAN But 91 44, 94 76, 51 102, 57 1286, 1.77 Euro GAN But 91 44, 94 76, 51 102, 57 1286, 1.77	h 683 73 83 73 89.36 -0312 73 d 6144 3 144 3 154 3 -0 72 55 77 6 286 5 286 5 306 4 -4 50 27 mu 0 6176 1 176 1 188 5 -3 50 80	Smalle Con 5, 34 22 37 70 50 70 0 14 18 40 40 40 19 10 10 10 7 - 0.4 18 18 18 18 18 17 - 0.4 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Accombination 55 (2013 2013 2013 2013 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9. Junes Marte Aer	Security 54, 52, 20, 52,56, 36, 33, 40,334, 13, 45, 45, 45, 45, 46, 47, 48, 47, 48, 47, 48, 47, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48, 48	#
Do Universities 2 % 1, 57,74 57,74 51,74 5	00 decemb 1 - 0 0 4 20 1 4 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	P Fland I vs. 01st	dai 6803 7 803 7 845 61-1.52.55 Fail let loc 4 24.77 2 93 22 5 94 80 10 8 39 Jud 6 91.02 92 51 98 94 40 015 50 at 8 Forwiti 6 125.7 123.7 132 21-0.24 14 at local 9 6 188 2 188 2at 201 2 -2 90 53 ge Central 9 6 121 9 121 94 103 3 -3 00 00 17 cet 9 6 48.88 98 88a 52 27 123 0,00	Compiled with the assistance of INITIAL CHARGE Course note to sale of units, that to delay notesting and administration	Of Lautro SS HISTORIC PRICINS: The later H denotes but the rungues will numerly deed on the price	25-31 Moorate Louise, EC2R 68A 073-580 3963 Jac PM Equity Gib	Aman 54 270.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1.401.7 74 1 270.7 1 270	
American Growth 5/89 46 00 45 95.01 4.8 0.1 American Smilir Co 5 119 0 119 0 126 126 136 1-6 0.0 Costs Fract 6 50 of 7 50 of 7 50 of 7 60 of 7 60 of 7 50 of 7 60 o	Commercial Union Pressing F4 Manual List (2300)* Equity learner - 5 List 31 List 12 94467714 49. (Accum Lalist) 6 50 List 454 1 451 21 4046 48. Fin & Prayerty 6 97, 75 97, 75 97, 16 19 25 6 8. May Vield 6 10 98 109 4411.6.45 91 15 45 8.	O Access	source 9 - 6 48,54 48 34 31 91,433 0 64 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	costs, including commission poid to Harmedizales. This charge is included in the pates of units. OFFER PRICE: Also called leave pates. The once of which walls are bought by investors. BID PRICE: Also called vestorapital pales. The	set on the most resent valuation. The priper shows are the latest available before publication and may not be the consum dealing levels because of an interveting spottible smallestion or 4 awhich to is forward princip basis. The managem mast deal of it forward price an ampoint, and may move to femants contact price an ampoint, and may move to femants contact.	Pred Statem Gts	Growth Inc	
Emmagas Smill Co. 5 141,9 141,9 131,7 -0.1 2.0 Exerup F	(Acoust Units) 6/224/30 228/18/242/75/40/33/8/37 G	BL 6 1.3 Lav.00 Jan.00 30:01 Lawin in On	ESCO MIM UT Magrs Ltd (1200)F sumber Square, London, SC2M 978/071-626-3434 Dealing, 0800/010733 sectable Traight ment for 54 51 27 51.57 54.47 6.18 1.5 F Cos 51 10 94 20 22 38 6.01 1	price of which units are said back by investors. CANCELLATION PRICE: The printensor redocation pace. The investors second between the offer and hid prices in determined by a formula hid down by the powerwark. In practice, which see that manager granted. As it was manager granted. As it	pricing at any since FORWARD PRICING: The letter F denotes that the entrapers deal M De price to be are on the nost valuation. Investors can be given an definite quice in advance at the purchase or sale being canted out. The prices appearing in the entrapers	America Response for Profession Code (1) 20 (4) 4 20 1 4 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (4) 1 22 (wity Ground Ac 6 20 44 22 62 23 41 698 23 74 61 13 4 698 23 74 61 13 4 698 23 74 698 24 69	
Kerta Friest 51 48.62 48.62 52.18(42.8) UP Perfeties 51 10.0 110.0 1117.6-0-0 14 Perfeties 51 194.5 194.5 208.3-0.7 34 UR Growth 99.7 71.00 775.3-0.7 34 UK Smuller Cos 516.68 77.58 77.05 75.96 04 12.20 2.1 Steps Manuery at 518.69 77.58 79.3 16.1-0.20 2.1	PPT Good & County . 6 42 . 93 . 42 . 40 . 49 . 100 . 17 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	T Unit Managers Ltd (2200)H Metan Devonstive Sq. London EC2M 47J General 1-220 4567 Res Sac Sci 3 4 [137 00 127 00 144,80] -7 40[0,00 According to the control of	M France & Earnberg - 54 66 40 65 48zl 70 63 -0 24 2.21 Walts - 54 78 25 78 25 4 63 14 - 6 79 2.14	mouth, the bid price is often ant above the carcelation price. However, the talk price religit be moved to the cancellation price by the managers of any time, assally in chromotomous be which there is a large society of sellent of writs over buyers.	an the most recient provided by the managers. SCHEME PARTICULARS AND REPORTS: The most recent report and actions particulars can be obtained too of charge from land managers.	Projected and Graft 68(3). 97 J.S. 97(4). 64(4). 1-27(5). 77 Sc. Projected and Graft 68(3). 97 J.S. 97(4). 64(-2.5). 1-49 PO Projected and Sen Co. 5(5). 59 59 62 66(-0.5). 1 of Projected and Sen Co. 5(5). 59 (5). 50 62 66(-0.5). 1 of Projected and Sen Co. 5(5). 50 (5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 125 73 134 70 1-27(5). 00 Enternal and Sen Co. 5(5). 00 Enternal and	ottish Widows Food Magnet (0900)H Box 902, Edinburgh EH10 SBU 031-468 3724 Ny Acc 3 456 8 461 2 491 9142 613 73	
Blackstone Franks UT Mogrs Ltd (09001F 55-36 01d Street, Loudon ECU 9HL 077 250 3300 hel Geta Portelfo.km = 0-5 660 e5-660 e5-87 0-36 and Seath Portelfo.km = 0-5 560 e5-660 e5-87 0-46 Second Specimenty Sec 55-56 46 72 0-07	Confederation Funds Margi Ltd (1200)F Lyton Way, Scenage, Herts CI 2NU 032744840 Egrowth re 64722 45.00 13 14 00 13 8 in Growth re 64722 45.00 13 14 00 13 8 in Utgl lacene 64324 28.00 48.21 14 10 18 in	repairy	red force: 54, 75, 69, 73, 69, 60, 71, -2, 70, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124, 124	TIME: The tree stoom alongside the fund manager's mans is the time or the call trust's saturating paid series; another time is indicated by the symbol alongside the individual wall trust mana. The symbols are a failure (FP) = 0.00° to 1470 to 1470 hours; [4]0 - 1101 to 1400 hours; [4]0 - 1401 hours; [4]0 -	Other explanatory molec are contained to the test calenas of the FT Managed Funds Service. 55 Life Admiratory and Unit Yest	Presental Preserve: 4 47, 99 47, 99 40, 59 40, 70 6 7, 70 7,	Web loc Acc	
Sexua unormora no. 1142.03 42.86 45.591 10.07 Brewin Dolphio Unit Tst Mgrs Ltd 109053F 5 Giftsur St. Contine ECLA 90E 07: 236.6441 6 Ostholoscod Soc. 35; 140.8 140.8 150.3 14.8 249 Delphio Printed 59; 70.51 71.04e 73.97	CU Series (Imment) Gerffrey Series V I SE 1.50 Emmt Uni 77: — 4.1122. 24.112 24.119 19.114.66 Emmt Uni 77: — 4.1122. 24.112 24.119 19.714.112 Emmt Uni 77: — 4.1122. 24.112 19.112.113 Emmt Uni 77: — 4.1122. 24.122. 24.121. 27.123. 25. Controller-Grown From Sci 1.281	rean Securides 3-5, 187,77 69 95 53,431-1442 00 Cetes 1 from Ace 3-1,431-1442 00 Cetes 1 from Ace 3-1,431-1442 10 00 Cetes 1 from Ace 3-1,440 11 60 00 Interest 10 to Stor Ace 3-1,420 4 63 204 45 21 440 15 00 Interest 10 to Stor Ace 3-1,420 4 63 204 45 21 440 15 40 00 Interest 10 Central Mach 3-1,420 4 60 14 460 15 47 70 14 10 From Ace 3-1,420 15 10 From Ace 3-1,420	Todame 54 172-46 174 784 174 782 48 02 5 07 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1700 heier, (46 - 1701 to midnight, Dally dealing prices not so to at the basis of the valuation paint, a chart period of time may played before prices become available,	Simplestory Departmenter, Contro Pedra, 16th Hore Chitest Street, Lundon WCTA 10H Tel: 071 — 379 — 0444.	Reflance Unit Mays. Ltd (1000)H Reflance Roots, Twebridge Wells, Kans. 9022 510055 Reflance Roots, Twebridge Wells, Kans. 9022 510055 Reflance Roots	See St. Acc. 6 107.0 107.0 101.0 -0 1.16 See St. Acc. 6 102.8 104.6 111.4 40 47.62 See St. Inc. 5 92.0 94.66 101.0 40.41.62 U East Acle 6 125.6 127.2 105.7 +0.21.62	•
personar un access 31; 37 65 79 65 42, 401-40 (7) [6] general franc 35; 51 70 34 13 37 89 (40.43) [,48]	Enropean	THE SON SIL SQ 106 90 104 90 L0010 11 PROSE	75 Stares 5 V 36 74 50.74 53 91-321 26			Managed 5174 75 73 77 at 50 .391	naries 0277 227300 natto. Breatmond, Edisor Ocalines 0277 241010 for Recovery . 50 19-50 124.004120 301-9 1015 12	





	TIMES TUESDAY JANUARY 26 1993	
	FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE	 Current Unit Trust prices are available on FT Cityline. Calls charged at 36p/minute cheap rate and 48p/minute at all other times. To obtain a free Unit Trust Code Booklet ring (071) 925-2126.
¥	Sharp (Albert E.) & Ca (1000)F Comp. Price. Bid. Offer + av Yield Admits 5 Rayleigh for Hakuns Structured Esse. Whittingdale Unit Tst Mignet Ltd (0830)F All Sould & Comp. Sharp 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Bid Offer + ar Vield Sid Offer + ar Vield Offer + ar Offer + ar Vield Offer + ar Offer + ar Vield Offer +
	1 Waite Hart Yard, Loudon Bassester Ltd (12001F Woolwich Unit Trust Manager 150 2 150 1 0 0 0 4	cc. F316 596 -0.51 - De Accase 288 1 205 5 -7.1 - Elite Grierat. 46.0 104.0 -0.4 - 2.5 1.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2
	Brit Leaders \$5071 2 37.3 37 50 -0 256 25 50 -0 29 10 1 1 40 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 1920 4 645 3 - Received Int. 1175 122.7 - 0.2 - Asstralian
	Riching Hoare St. Landon Wilady St. Landon Wil	th Insurrance Group Equity 59 34 41.42 Fived Interest. 477.2 502.3
	Så W Far Easters, 5 107 4 100 1 114 40 4 1 10 9 10 4 10 1 10 4 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1 10 4 10 1	1160 1233 Life Aspeciation of Scotland Universal Managed 1217 128 1 40 9 1233 2333 115 Dundas St. Ethnomoli EN3 5EB 031-550 5000 UK Souty 530 558 7 42 F 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123
*	Bord American For. 1 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 157 158 157 1	\$27 \$25
	Control Cont	141_0 148 to
	Appendix control 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1315 5824 27 Managed Growth 125 1 1313 R & P Life Assurance Ltd 1313 R & P Life Assurance Ltd 1315 27 Property 120.5 125 9 Provincial Use Brackford 80 118 D274 737086
	White SS is 6 34 68 36 154 62 - Darny Equity me 111 21 113 804 - 0 40 3.90 February 111 21 113 804 - 0	435 7 435 7 0 7 Managed Security 122 6 139.1
.	Somereign Unit Tst Mingrs Ltd (1000)F Charity Francisco 1020 298422 Charles Primore 52 50 22 60 12 50	Col.
. <u>¥</u> .	UK Spoint General Section 1, 1919 (1914) Asset Mingrat Ltd. Manager Control Section 1, 1919 (1914) Asset Mingrat Ltd. Manager Report For Manager R	1576 0 679 6 -8.4 Property 151,5 401 -0 Krasak G
	Ilk Large Cas Act 7 (- 15) 1 0 354 9 355 1 10 36 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	176 4 766 4 41 9
	State Street Unit Trust Magnet Ltd (1200): ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	280 7 205 0
	North Americania 36, \$1 673 1 873 1 777 0 ed Gross Jan 21 100 62 102, 444 10.01 10.02 10.0	124.6 256.8
	Second United Second Unite	194 4 Spi 7 -0.2 Londing & Manchester Assurance (z) Scority Managed 90 1 101 2 -0.2 -
	New Pacific	197 2 306.0 2-5 Insestings Prosts Acc. 742.2 42.7 Section County 100.3 40.1
	Majority Stig 126-01 126	A
	North America 6 105 5 106 Str 142 -1,10 50 M. & 6 Securities Left Femile	Sec. 125.5 32.5 Amer State Delistract 205.6 216.0 4-4 Walker With Principles 170.7 179.71 -0.101
	Interior of Canada Unit Mges Lbd (1000N) USSmall Ca Lan 19 232-2 564 3	## 120.9 209.4
	UK (norme 6 33,00 94 20 55 56 -6 116 -77 European Jun 19-18 1951 1	see Co Lbd See 122 14 125 123 29 139 1
	Master Fortfold 5 is 37.25 37.25 yrd 50.25 to 1.00 1 and 1.00 1 an	135.0 146.4 40.8 - American (Acc)
	UK income har. 5 \ 6.2 00 \ 6.2 004 dt ? 27 - 0025.10 UK Capt to Jan 2 1937 w.2.4 1 1937	100 100
	Hingle & Calmer 5 to 15.7 5 67.25 67.79 67.79 67.79 67.70 67	130.2 1371 PPP Find (Acc) 644.9 729.8 -0.5 Plant interest Fund 649.6 477.3 -2.1 106.5 175.3 -0.1 PPP Find (Acc) 644.9 729.8 -0.5 Depose Find 216.4 229.9 -0.6 Property (Acc) 255.0 256.4 161.6 175.1 196.74 Property (Acc) 255.0 256.4 161.6 175.1 196.74 Property (Acc) 255.0 256.4 161.6 175.1 196.74
	Expelires: 0277-227900 Decling 0297 28:1010 De Access Expelires: 0277-22790 De Access Expelire	MGM Assurance (z) MGM
	TSB Bett Trasts (1200H TSB Uett Trasts (1200H Courtoe Pi, Andoer thant SPIDI RE 0264 346794 Rothschild Asset Management 4	77. 4 10.5 9
	00 Account 6 (86) 0 70.70 1 751 07 E 8 Nit Arrey Jan 21 1356 1368 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	73. 94.1.2 PBS.5 Perc. Sect. SNs. Acc 193.5 107-0 -0.2
		175 55 179.14 40 Foundain Street, Marchester M2 2AB 001 832 9361 Deposit Found 323 7 340 7 40.2 - 67.79 71.36 Equity 1116.6 122.8
	TSS Not Responses 6 179 Lb 90 00 93 70 1-39 0.00 Do Accord	Marc GL4 7 R2 0452 371371 Provision and Life Time Section 1 1882 1882 1883 1883 1883 1883 1884
*	TSB High Income. 9 05.34 & 65.50 & 65.60 & 66.50 & 66.	Ac. 50.1 317.6 - 31 Congr. Way Surrence - 20 Pearl Assurance (Unit Funds) Ltd. 50.1 317.6 - 34 - Hamped Seri 2.2 50.9 62.0 - Pearl Assurance (Unit Funds) Ltd. 50.0 410.9 -0.3 - Hamped Seri 2.2 50.9 107.4 133.1 -0.4 - Lync Wood, Petrhoropa PE2 6FY 0731 470470 133.1 -0.4 - Lync Wood, Pet
	T.U. Fund Managers Littlewer Addisonate Road, Crysta Cap. 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.2 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.6 278.5 278.6 278.5 278.6 27	- 152.0 570.5 5.0 - Gh Edged Sc 1 & 2 53.9 52.0 - Property AC (NCL) 125.1 131.7 40 1 - 125.6 126.0 - 0.9 - Git Edged Sc 1 & 2 53.9 125.6 - Early (Nct 2 - 226.4 2-30.5 - 0.4 - 126.6 126.0 - 1.6 - Deposit Sc 1 & 2 53.9 130.3 26.9 - Assessment 125.4 131.1 40.1 - Assessment 125.4 131.1 40.5 - 125.4 131.1 40.5 131.
	Euro Sect Sits 3 125-17 35 40 37 09 (36) 20 Prop Famous 35 44 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Cambring Life Assartance Co Number 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Cambring Life Assartance Co Number 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 35 40 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 35 40 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 35 40 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 36 40 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 36 40 1 19.1 20.7 4.0 Expense Famous 36 40 19.1 20.7 20.7 20.7 20.7 20.7 20.7 20.7 20.7	Acc. 213.2 224.4 e0 2 - Managed Ind
	Color A Con Acc 5 (6) 11 to 110 5 (10) 6 (11) 7 (11) 6 (12) 7 (12) 7 (12) 7 (13) 7 (14	499 6 499 6 -0.3 Garraneed Init. 223.4 Pens Ship F4 (East 100 6 112.3 (GL) - 346.9 365.2 -0.3 International Init. 350.8 421.5 - 346.9 365.2 -0.3 International Init. 350.8 421.5 - 225.5 264.7 -0.7 Initiational Init. 369.0 - 225.5 264.7 -0.7 Initiational Init. 369.0 - 225.7 - 37.9 - 37.
•	Permission of the Control of the C	230.7 242.8 -2.1 - MISE2 150.0 -1.0 - Garmon Meet 142.0 150.0 -1.0 - 150.5 206.0 -0.1 - Ind-Linked Ser 2 155.7 - German 112.0 150.0 -1.0 - 150.5 206.0 -0.1 - Merchant Investors Assurance Co Ltd 6it. 1880 190.0 - 180.0 190.0 - 180.0 150.0 - 180.0 - 180.0 150.0 - 180.
*	Therriton Unit Managera Ltd (1200)F Therriton Unit Managera Ltd (1	1149 225.2 2.5 For all other food beforemation 7et 00831 0000.000 Japan 177 0 187 0 2.0
	Series Units	1906 1
	Coté & Nati Recorder 5 30 - 94 30 - 31 - 95 3 - 96 30 - 96	Interpretation
	Secure Growth Secure Growt	261 17/8 1-6 1-7 1-7 1.2 -0.48 EXVIN Maraged 139 0 129 7 129 1
i	UNIX Storetized for Middles Later Services of Process o	m 1223 1993 -05 - Norwich Has Commercial Rt. Southerminos 773 229929 European Equaty 95.3 7, XT20 617 0753 370 370 Balance Ft. 71.3 75.1 -0.5 Instrumental International 104.1 8, 104.0 176 6 0.1.1 - Detective Ft. 71.3 75.1 -0.5 Instrumental International Internati
•	Weverley Ulin 15 marginal Name 241 2 56.2 15.2	7, XT20 6TV 0737 370370 Balanced Fd. 62.0 52.1 -0.1 International Equity 104.1 126.6
9	Global Barrat. 6 167 10.79	. 1234 Z 215 01 -0.11 - Pert Flued Interest . 1125.8 132.51 - CONTINUES ON NEXT page

. . .

Market Kanada

ESE

A Comment of the Comm

FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE * Current Unit Trust prices are available from FT Cityline. For further details call (071) 925 2128.

J Rothschild Assurance
J Rothschild House, Dollar Si
Telephone, (2925-6493)2
Life Frents
JHA PHAGE Managed ... 114.5
JHA PHAGE MANAGED ... 111.7
Denvoit ... 100.3
Far East ... 110.7
Greecer European ... 112.9
Roch American ... 127.5
Phashad Foreits
JHA JHAGE Managed act ... 112.7
JHAGE MAGE MANAGED ... 112.9
JHAGE MAGE TO ... 112.9
JHAGE MAGE MAGE TO ... 112.9
JHAGE MAGE TO ... 122.9
JHAGE MAGE TO . Fairmount Financial Services Ltd
Cazue None Trainage Wells Int 1884
Secure 1079 1779
Growth 1119 1779
Person Secure 1070 1126
Person Secure 1070 1126
Person International 1043 1130 IRELAND (SIB RECOGNISED) 0.25.30 131.90 0.25.30 131.90 0.42.04 149.52 0.33 82 140.67 1318.24 124.47 1129.26 136.50 195.36 100.37 1126.96 133.64 1161.77 107 13 16.63, January 27 Foster & Braithwaite Ltd | = 5. Dougla 11.372 C1.320 £1.158 51.182 51.097 50.864 C7.080 £6.706 ### April 1997 | Fig. 1997 | F 0272 226677 +0 2 --0 2 --2 1 -0423 5233) 1 800 4 176 2 151.0 4 151.0 4 1610 4 16 Independent Financial Group Published Phanesed Francisco III and State Published Part 122 0 116 Nanosed Francisco III and III <u> Poges Cregerences Costanos</u> TSB Life Ltd -0.2 +0.1 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.5 -0.1 -99 +05 +0.7 +1.6 | F | Colston | 1415 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 1 ent (Ireland) Ltd 1852) 842 7200 Name 5- 47 77 49 76 1016 5- 47 81 016 5- 13 70 16 56-001 13 71 16 560 Eurolife Assurance Group Eurolife Hz. 1651 John St. ECI M 4 Surving Eurobood Fd. 2043 Idnal Eurobood Fd. 242 5 Observiorury Fund 139 6 907 2 225 8 Discretistury Fand
Finexco International Ltd
Finexco International Ltd
Finexco International Ltd
FO 800 193, S Peter Port, George
Intl 5 Strategy Fd. ... 1466 1578
Intl 5 Strategy Fd. ... 1466 1578
Intl 50M Strategy ... 0011 697 1823
Sobolectic Strategy Fd. SC 055
Saggester Strategy Fd. SC 055
Saggester Strategy Fd. SC 055
Saggester Strategy Fd. SC 055
INTERNATIONAL STREET STREET STREET
INTERNATIONAL STREET STREET STREET
Administered by Providence Capital Intl.
Administered by Providence Capital Life Assurance 0.758322222165 12.001165 nce Co Ltd Irisk Life Centre, Lower Ale
American
Anda Practic
Cales Opportunities
European Erreth
Global Geowen
Japan Geowen
Japan Geowen
Japan Geowen
Japan Geowen
Japan Geowen
Japan Geowen
Weld Bond
Morgan Geenfelf Inve
20 Fincher Grenfelf Inve
20 Fincher Grenfelf Inve
20 Fincher Grenfelf Inve
3 Fincher Grenfelf Inve
3 Japan Ballet
Japan Ballet
Japan Ballet
Japan Small Co's
Downess Asses
Reserve Assets Bond
The Tree Assets
The Tree College
UK Equity
European Expiry
European Expiry
European Expiry
Asservan
Interval College
Pactife
Asservan
School
School 1829.5 654.2 930.5 687.3 218.9 520.8 254.1 170.5 +0.3 +0.1 135.6 165.9 178.2 132.9 +0.6 +0.4 +0.8 -0.1 123 +0.9 +0.7 +0.7 0 63 0 5285 1.3340 1 0422 0.4877 73 5430 40 9417 10 9885 Teachers* Assurance Company Ltd 12 Christowch Rd, O'mouth BH 3 W 024 Managed Fand. 90.1 304 4 601 6 Fbeel let Fd 200.6 214 6 Lash Fund. 199 9 199.9 Panklors Managed. 154 7 162.9 Pensions Cath. 158 5 266.9 Isle of Man Assurance Ltd IQUA Horse, Prospect HUI, Douglas Clarion Band. 50 Holiday Property Band 50 84 Petrus Band 50.80 Deposit | Deposi PM Batners Gert Pr. | 11-6 8 | 186 11 | 4-11 |

Roxborough Financial Management Ltd | 6 fread St. 91 | 800**ied St. EC2M 748 | 071-626 9222 |

Managed Fr. Ltll | 1285 | 1247 | 0-21 |

Person Managed 150 | 1254 | 1267 | 0-22 |

Discretionary Fr. 1501 | 147 8 | 1555 | 14.0 |

Battle Fore Fr. Rot. | 117 6 | 1237 | 14.0 |

Battle Fore Fr. 104 6 | 116 6 | 40.3 |

Master Ford St. | 159 9 | 1567 | 40.6 |

Charles Stanley & Co. Ltd | 251-26 Street London EC2A 448 |

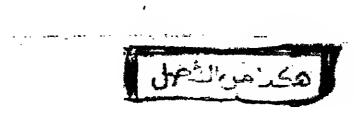
Discretionary Fr. 140 8 | 40.0 4 |

Discretionary Fr. 140 8 |

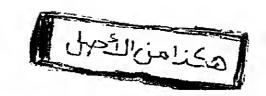
Discreti HUI Desplas IoM | 1.10 | 50 84 0 85 | 50.80 0 82 0624 6241d1 NEL Britannia II
C Peu Mangel Geth.
S Peu Mangel Geth.
S Peu Mangel Geth.
S Peu Mangel Geth.
S Peu Sch.
Unition Society
Fee Sch.
Fee Sch. 9 Kingston London UT2 BAUT | 9 Kingston London UT2 BAUT | 10. Want I not live 1 BAUT | 10. Want I not l PainEuroLife societe anonyme
30 Av Marie-Therree, Lozembourg
Fresch Balancel Lan 20 .
Gerhaly Reviete Jan 20 .
Gebul Emetten Jan 20 .
UK Secore Lott Jan 70 .
Balanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 20 .
George Control Control Control Control Control Control
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 20 .
George Control Control Control Control
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 21 .
Belanced Lan 20 .
Belan 20 0892515353 OFFSHORE AND **OVERSEAS** | Designation Floars 2002_ | Designation Selege ACADA MI BERGER SERVER

COURSET MAN DESCRIPTION

COURSET MAN DESCRIPTIO BERMUDA (SIB RECOGNISED)



....



	TOESDAY JANUARY 26 19				Current Huit Trust and	es are availabla on FT Citylina, Calis	Sharand at 200/months chang sale
	Etal Otter + to yield Price Price - Green Stip Otter + as yi	F	MANAGED F	UNDS SERVIC	and 48p/minute at all o	other times. To obtain a free Unil Trus	
-	Price Price - Gree Price - Y Jaint Gosett Management (In M) Ltd Linyds Bank Trust Co (ID) Minors Pring	Decrale Group (n)	Cher Case Pile Prior - Se Viell Homers Global Facel tell 15t Mariet - Grand Ed. 971 236 8811	Am Offer ou field Price - Great Europe Value Fund (al 1999) 1211 - 1999	Bd Other or Yest Price - Goss Amstre-Hongary Fund Ltd	Bid Offer + m Yidil Price Price - Gress Global Asset Management - Contal.	Bad Offer an Yield Price Price - Gran, Orbites Baharmas Ltd.
*	Section With Mark 22 (11.32 Management International Lighter (98.8) Management International Lighter Light (11.32 Management International Lighter) Light Management International Light (11.32 Management International Light (11.32 Management International Light (11.32 Management International Management International Light (11.32 Management International Management International Light (11.32 Management International Light (11.32 Management	Entropy Worse (Europei (p) 5- 243 (c) - Consty Worse Caspati (p) 5- 11 (c) - 11 (c)	Alla Pacific Priore 5 - 646 Lett - Norwich Union Inti Partitatio (u) 10s bosinary Royal L-2093 Lus 010 352 45461	European Protection European Protection Fide-1965 1971 - Fide-1976 International State Internation	REA Accordator	GAM to Ingest meets GAM in Ingest meets GAM to Ingest meets GAM Whatershorn GAM Workburge GAM Composite GAM Good S Gred 111 57	Irbitex Bahamas Ltd: section Aug Box Fd Clinton 11 0004 Clinton 10 004 Clinton 10 004 Clinton 12 004 Clinton
		RR Investment Management SA 27 2 Booleyard Kowad Administr. La. 010 352 421011	Common Cystell Comm	Fidelity Investment (CI) Ltd State Part-Height (SI250 1323 +0.01 0.79 Since Part-Height (SI25) 1289 0.86 Decomp (SI250 2016 -0.02 0.26 1	on Americanist Lan 21. Section in Month Lan (2. Section in Month Lan	GAM Bond Suffr SF194 1b - GAM Bond Yen Y13651 - GAM Bond OM OM104.39 - GAM Bond OM	PFC Internati Portfolio Fd Mingt Ltd opt.uni Growth Fd St to statemed Growth Fd St 33
	Informational Equity 621 (02 22 14	Ren norske Bank 11 Au Akrieger 2460 - Lux 11 Au Akrieger 2460 - Lux 100 152 468191	PRICOA Worldwide (ov Portfalio Sicav (a)	7 ar Essi 551 65 55 444 -0 11 6 13 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Squit Fr Serv & CryEurop I sav Mgt Ltd Partier Europian Marie to Underdie Faste 2.0 April 1972 1972 1972 1972 1972 2.1 April 1972 1972 1972 1972 1972 2.2 April 1972 1972 1972 1972 1972 2.2 April 1972 1972 1972	Sartin Régistered Fands GAM (Clu Mondail S7:1338 bb I I -	ice lust incorner Ed
	LF M Starting Fd	Disa Income Fund - 66 Bird Prinsse, L 23720, Lasembourg U521 407 330 DISA Income R- 43.48 111 4	b Avenus J P Petation 1-3204 Las 13529 473581 Patrils Commit dentes 5/17.11 - 57600 inc Series 5/17.11 - 57000 inc Series 5/17.11 - 0.00 - 170 Countin Series 5/11.13 - 0.00 -	Special Growth 552 46 86 58 -0 15 control Growth 555 54 20 22 -0 020 0 14 control 557 01 43 46 40 59 0 26 This First Karea Smaller Companies Fund 140 00 31 -0 21 -	and an Linn A Dec 21 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	GAM GOLD Carone SPEC 95 SET Replactured Founds GAM Globast Fo GAM Globast Fo GAM Globast Fo GAM GROBAST FO GAM	65 Manager Foture 5.13 92 165 Fland Rate 5.13 00 165 Fland Rate 5.13 00 165 Bedommy Flate 513 00 165 Bedommy Flate 511 27
	Market Anners arranged (18th of Maco) List Pacific Fund Jan 14 1534 770 a battery List Bellow Market Anners (18th of Maco) List Perpetual July 17 Mayor (18th of Maco) List Perpetual July 17 Mayor (18th of Maco) List Perpetual July 18th of Maco)	13 Fire Resumment, 1-1219 Libraryspary De-Lar Resumental Olio Olio-71.39 73.51 - Olio Bengual Gal Olio-72.38 96.73 -	## REPORT GROWN FOR THE PRINT WILL SHOW THE PR	Assun Opportunities S10 40	The Ratavie Fund Ltd	GLAN HIS ARM REF 4 5120 91 GLAN FINANCE REF 5 5120 29 GLAN Enough F 5 5120 29 GLAN Enough F 5 514 00 GLAN ENOUGH F	**#55 Latt Depends 1974 19
	JERSEY (SIB RECOGNISED) Offstore American Fig. Single Price Price Price - 6rt Offstore American Fig. Offstore American Fig. Offstore Fig	E.T. Idvestment Management Ltd 13 Ray Gerthe, BP 413, Lucerinary 010 352 4044452 Estatement 0 Jac 5. 1 5- 171 1 001-0 81 -	Sampaole Group (Lazembourg) (In 9 St Pauls Churchyard, London, EC4 871-489 8825	half per dure 513.32 +00.041 - Filetning Group Ficting Funt Management flast Japan har not MAV 51.00 -0.031 - Europan Wert MAV 51.54 12.151 F Particles 51.154 12.151	Methor Int I C 519 31 10 32 1 25	Grammile Inv Tyl. I £1 05 1 10cl 0 6904 .	Pakistan Fund
*	PD Box 468 St Heiser Jerrey OS14 36672 All Carrenty Fonds Light OS14 36672 All Carrenty Fonds Light All Land Carrenty Fonds Light All Land Carrenty Fonds Light OS14 36672	5 hie Adinissen L-1115 Laxembourg Draining UK: 0624 661100 Europe, 010 352 471764 UB Equity - L 38461 470 46113 60 Hth Acc Equity - L 6704 1 775 4612 00	Fines Shares Fire 50 507 502 505 -	Municipal transport OMILIT -	#11 Stering Cap . [23 47 13 62]	Group One Limited	Pequet International Fund Inc. MY Dec 31 - Stock 22 1 - Pierson Heldring & Pierson
	well Meanaged Bond 5 Lf. 21.1900 21.1940 Managed Carpins Re 5 Lf. 21.238 21.5771 Alli Grahard Carpins Famil Limited Stop Mand Carriers 5 C 11.044 Sering Carriers 7 5 C 10.44 Sering Carriers 7 5 Lf. 10.44 Reyal Trust Left Fd Mont Ltd	### Paufic Basia Equity	Design . Light Land Land 1 -	Process Fit I.C.M. HYPB Capital Mgt Lexembourg SA I.C.M. HYPB Capital Mgt Lexembourg SA I.C.M Galler Best 1000 25 70 0 I.C	normational (USO) S16 19 16 53 - marriational (USO) S16 19 16 53 - marriational (School F10 67 10 89 - marriational (ECD) Eculo 42 10.64 -	Group One International Tst	Pierson Haldring & Pierson orby Pier sides W 5164 72
	Sering Carriery 2 1 10.144 10.1520 Reyal Trust Left Fd Mont Left 10.0520 Reyal Trust Left Fd Mont Left 10.0520 10.0520	Company Comp	Later Smile Con Jun 72 Eco - 4 (25 6 25 60 0) -	E to governor and the control of the	157.50 7 to -	GAMA UCTTS Series 1. (5810 20 846 12) +1.65 0.26 GAMA UCTTS Series 2. (21015 % 1004 m) +5 93 7 20 First Garman Sout Series. (582 97 644 95 First Garman Sout Series. (5842 97 644 95) -0 001 5 86	lapas Obervillan Fd S34 09 Individual Const Diff44 11 99 15 99 15 97 15
	Clotter Resources 5 v ID 445 0 4100 1 458 4 481 5 5 548 8395 5 5 548 8395 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	00 Sterling expludent	Sen Life Global Management Lid lai PO Ses 22 Capultown to M 0624 824151	H C M Considered Gold Ch. 14.29	The Brazilian Lav Fund	Namma Investment Partners Ltd Selected Asian Ptolio 1512 54 13 551 - Hanssymann Hidgs, NV Caracae Hanssymann Ltd 13 1855 10 557 10 -	Putnam International Advisors Ltd mrs Hith Sci. S37 40 - mrs Hid Sc. S31 13 - High Inc Go MA 121 S4 45 U' -
	Ven	14 rate Aldringen, 1-110 (as 010 352 4902584 14 rate Aldringen, 1-110 (as 010 352 4902584 56 Amerikana fin fower A5-11 83 11 99 6401 - 50 Augusta fin fower A5-11 83 11 99 6401 - 50 Augusta fin fine A5-11 83 14 20 6401 - 50 Augusta fin fine BF-43 51 441 20 620 - 50 Augusta fin fine BF-43 51 441 20 620 - 50 Augusta fine BF-43 51 441 20 620 - 50 Augusta fine BF-54 51 441 20 620 - 50 Augusta f	School Portfolio	CONTARAN STITUTE - S	Ducharan Cont I td	Hill Samuel Envestment Services Intl (z) But we Engl 4 Cle AC Crossow Um East	######################################
	Capital House Found C-15-22 13 76 6 4 5 5 72 73 40 00081 2 13 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Area Alforingen, 1-1116 (us Act 12.51 1.55	######################################		Butterfield Management Co Ltd	The India Magnup Fund NV RAV Dec 25 . S37 09	S23068 23768 456 0
	Teleprid Home informational Growth Funds Living Scientific Worldwide Selection Full Living Scientific Worldwide Selection Full Living Unit Funds Living Unit	UK am Equity C- 8 86 2 44 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 Southeard Street, 1-2953 Larontours		Butterfield Management Co Ltd autures Assa	Tasman Fd 154 375 4 61 -	Regest Fased Management Ltd tetrahee Auro So 1 57 04 - ceroget Fastures 591 kB - harf filter Detta 50 06 - autil Antirope Co.sd . SS 67
	Japanese 51, 51, 206 1137 1.292 488 - European 51, 51, 52 173 190, 41 122 40 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	- Major Market Finals	Impricas 5 logal income . 5- 11 77 +0 01 -	Latin American Mount Group Ltd Colombia In Co SCAV 59 85 Los America SCAV 510 02 +0 01 -	CA Securities Investment Food Minmy: Ltd. Long Cort Det Jan 18. 60F11803	Arian Import Ed 10.86	Reservato, Roditi & Ce one Reservato, Roditi & Ce son Reservatorio SIOO 62 - entischild Asset Wanagement (III) one Per (Scaled) - 5129 56 -
	Section Sect	- South East Asia 5- 1539 (4 mm 0 70	Emergen Marteria 5- 10 62 -	Litric leterations Claristy	### Grant form Jan 22 FF157942 84 321 24 -FF157942 84 121 24 -FF157942 84 -FF157942 84	SA Japan Regrid Gri Pacifie Gott F0 Homalayan Fd Jan 21 Shalozea B4V Jan 13 S11 43	Rethischild & Cin Banque Listinger France FF/13403-51 - Ign USA FF/1390-65 - Internation Bank (FCP) FF/1290-62 -
	Ecn*: 0 Laik 4 32,91 32 91 to 0219 37 Sent Clear Frents Eco (Con 9th 9 914 to 055)	- ASSAM		Service Francis Fr SF123 50 623 C	Capital International Capital International Capital Internation S201.46 +0.37 -	Industric Kores 59 28 59 28 54 77	Royal Trust Intl Money Market Fund 3.05 (1 Money fd 195 Acc 5102 96) 17 Money Fd USS For 5101 29 (1 Money Fd S Acc 5104 45 (5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	Manager Corresty 59 52.04 2.384 2.523 #6012.27 US Bolly . 59 531 007 +0 02 Gartribus Fried Manager Lebaser Land Worldwide . 59 531 07 1 40 02	5/essper 5- 13.28 40005	Primed No. Si Peter Peri, Generary 0481776768 Ti Startination Stretter Fund 15 to 15	Mediterranean Fued (SICAY) (u)	# Equity Fund 11114 11342 -	The Japan Capital Secured Trust NAV Jan 20. , 94 1559 . , 1 -	If Moory Fu UNL acc. E.107 42 7 10 7 Moory Fu UNL acc. E.107 42 7 10 7 Moory Fu UNL fu E. (103 33 6 8 8 7 1 Moory Fu Sera acc. SF-102 55 7 10 13 5 11 4 form Fu Fu Sera acc. BALIOT 83 7 757 17 Moory Fu Du Huc. Ball 17 757 1
	Builds From TSB Trust Fonds (CD)	Daniel Kriston 5- 0.672 4860 55	Ders Portfolis (- 1.46 155/400) -	Marcell Lynch Markingstynest Enverdingent Parti dien-Steinel Converse Bond Steine Anthrolium Partisella Conv. A 551.09 +0.07 - Class S 60.07 -	Chica Investment Company AV Dr. 31.	IF Jugan DTC NAV Jan 12. SS 45 JF Pag Work MAN Jan 22. C2-96 +0 17 - 15 August MAS Jan 18. St 17.	Royal Trust North American Bond Fd 1975
	1 1 401B -1 7 758 C. W. Fellow 114 (1934) 19765 -0 10 0	Prices 36.22 Jun 22	Datas Portions 5- 2-25 2 36-0.55 -	Care a Ca	- St. 17 - St. 17 - St. 17	Ada Bealde	Safra Republic Holding lepublic GAM Fd . SI20 31 +0 43 -
	USS Deposit Fd . 5- 1021 702 membrated	010 352 405040 @ 071-302 4013	Nul Sinne Fortible . 5 - 1 7/4 1 6314 201 - 1 6414 201 -	Plant Starting Partially Class A Class B Clas	- 10 Second Str. 510 05 10 5e	JF HH TO(1) \$12.94 13.70 (2) -	Impublic CAMP Pacelly Fd 5110 40 beguither CAMP Facelly Fd 5170 40 beguither CAMP Campes 186 19 beguither CAMP be the Aufor 186 19 beguither CAMP be the Aufor 100 71 beguither CAMP begui
	OM Depose Fd OM 5 376 del 7 40 Mercury Goed Jan 20 527 53 31 10 5 7 Yes Depose Fd Y 513 5	** FFF Earters Opps 5- 15 55 16 37 1d 75 Earters Opps 5- 13 16 13 00 48 15 75 Earters Opps	Apan Perchalio 6- 0 44 1 00 -	Class 8 VIZIO +1) = 1	Sentenger Parlie Est. 516 25 17 67	JF Japan Trustiti Y10023 10e04 (c) - JF Japan OTC 151 Y979 1042 JF Japan SongH Co. Y98041 40245 (c) - JF Japan SongH Co. Y98041 40245 (c) - JF Japan Warrant Y22388 25485 (c) - JF Japan Warrant 472 5 86	mente Leau da pri fryante
	1-1- A	- FFF Packle 5- 14.26 13.02 (2) -	long Vales Parties 5-2.06 2.1790 00 - S.G. Warberg Asset Mingarit Lux SA (u) 14, Rise Lean Tipes. L-2636 Lux 010 352 421211 Moreany Salected Tel-SYCAV	Clas 6	Municipal Specific County S7 40 7 799	JF Mores 7-nat	Schroder Investment Management Limited ap US Equity Jan 20 1 510 06 11 42 Schroder Japanese Warrant Find Japanese Warrant Find
*	John Gasett (Channel Islands) Ltd (1000)F Worldmest (Managers) Jersey Ltd P0 Bor 443 St. Neller, Jersey 0534 75141 Worldmest in Ltd Gray Gorett Flexitum Vorlationest in Ed. (1, 1224) 1374 1375 Stobal Energy 5 (5) (5) 9 8 9 8 53 6 18 1.0 Constitution Transfer St. (1224) 1374 Constitution Transfer St. (1224) 1374 Volume George Worldward, Worldward, 19	Class	Arrogana Cops Fd 5- 14 74 15 14 44 25	Merritt Lyack Hi-Misselland Earathment Purit plan Equity Convertible Saries States Equity Pertirlia Class A 57 45 40 01 -	impages formets house formets	JF Nationaria Ania Tst	Schruders Asia Limited slan Fund
	90 80x 443 \$6. Neller, Jersey 0534 75141 Virialization for the Ladd Purple Control Flexitomati 5 (State 1 and 1	FFr Class Weeth Deeling on Wednesdays Gardynore Indosmez Funds	Second Males Car Fig Second 7 10 51 40.08 5.71 40.08 5.64 13 17 23 42.00 5.71 42.00 5	C u.A S12.76 10.02 - C	Property Later Mar 40 515 479	JF American Growth Tri. (\$14.13 14.96 (2) - JF Continental Euro Tot. (\$2.61 2.72 (2) -	Far Eastern Writ Fd. SS-36 5.00
	Initial charge may also for sales in other particulations (IIII Santine) Frame Mays (Asy) Let 12,000 F O Sox 63, Bond Street St, Helse, Jerse, 9534 640814 State Frank St, 14, 12, 12, 12, 13, 14, 14, 15, 15, 15, 15, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16	30 Alias Schelter (~520 Lm 010 352 4767492 31 Earth Perthillias 5 2.47	## American Dobs. 5- 24.01 25 42140 25 - 13.63 14.591400 - 13.64 14.901401 - 13.64 1	Oats B. \$10.41 +0.15 - 6	regen Euro Options. DM113 04 5210 74 5210 74 Crystal Corporation N.V.	JF Germany 7st OM7.53 7.72 (c) - JF Global Core 7st. S.12.00 12.79 (c) - JF Global Core (let lt) S.14.3h 15.20 (c)	Loid Fund Hong Rong Fd HKSS 33 30 95 HKSS 133 115 HKSS 23 30 95 HKS 23 30 95 HKSS 23 30 95 HKS 23 30 95 HKSS 23 30 95 HKSS 23 30 95 HKSS 23 30 95
	Elebert Enerty Ford: 51, S14 22 14.22 15.21 401 0.00 13 for Control F-13.7 (Distribution) 0.01 32, 4800 Energy ford: 51, S14 22 14.22 15.21 401 0.00 14 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	61 Senterland	See Glasse Ed Fd See O7 29 07 74 50 02 15	Lian A S10.28	DICAM Asian Enterpling Fund UN Jan 21. SSW7 61 UN Jan 21. SSW7 6	# Well-Traccond 0119" \$18.07 10 04	Schroders Australio Ltd Schroders Australio Ltd Schroder (Switzerland) Fund Japan Comet 5F1876.90 -0.401
	7.37 - 2.35 - 2.	Strugarore Malayata 55- 6 73 - 409 - 9 Pachic 5- 2.81 - 40.90 - 9 Pachic 5- 2.81 - 40.90 - 9 Pachic 5- 2.97 - 40.91 - 5- 2.97 - 40.91 - 5- 2.97 - 40.91 - 9 Pachical	1236 1315 0850 09	Drayer Fertidia Class A 510.62 +0.61 - Class A 510.57 +0.01 - Microan Startey Sicky	romans Dille 72 19 19	JF Money Fd S.Fr SFrt. 00 (2) 5.35 JF Money Fd SFr SFrt. 00 (2) 5.35 JF Money Fd Sca Scal. 00 (2) 9.97 JF Money Fd Sca SCA. 00 (2) 9.97 JF Money Fd Sca SCA. 00 (2) 4.40	Scimitar Bermoda Funds Scientur Fotores Fa. 51.345 L423
	Spring April Spring April Ap	T CHICAGO COM CLA A.A	Nardley Lovestment Services (Lax) SA (a) Install Marche - aux - Herbes L-1728 Lovenbourg Incline, 010 352 476812220 Fax: 475569	Comment of the second of the s	interting feet for Jan 18	JF Morry Fe ans HKSL.00 Ld 3.41 Darb Dealing EXCEPT Marked with Anhance Fee Securities Ltd	Scadder Stevens & Clark Inc Argentina loc Jan 22 . 59.59 5 Fouri NAV Jan 21 . 514.50 5 Fouri Inches Inc Jan 22 . 57.52
	Dental contains 4 a 0 1000 H od 10 de 10 d	Deltar Reserve 557- 2.46 H0.22 - 0 Reserve Profitation Deltar Reserve 5- 2.099 0 Sterileg Reserve 5- 1158 0	Partice Scients Seintles	Mater Egetty 4 Jan 19 \$3391, 3107 155 Egety 6th Jan 19 \$1053,9885 156 Egety 6th Jan 19 \$1063,9885 156 Egety 6th Jan 19 \$1010 0795 57	Dales Inti Capital Management (H.K.) Ltd	15 March	New Asia MAV Jan 22 S15 08
	PO Box 271, 51 Relief, server 1034 73114 Adust Equity 5 125 5 Relief person 1079 to 10	be beaute Must Recent DN - 5744 Year Recent Y- 278.1 +0.1 O Gartshere Laxersberry SA (u)	Malaysia Equity 5- 6.77 37 66 207	Murray Universal, Skas American Fort Jan 20 533.13 34.79 -	Deatscher Investment-Trust	Ketea Inth Investment Fund NAV Jan 15. 19104 - Kenea Investment Frest Co Ltd. Korea incl Trest Co Ltd. Korea incl Trest Co Ltd. Social int Irea May. 538 73 (2) - Social int Irea May. 537 73 (2) -	Lette Am Inc & Ann MAY Class 4 Shares Jan 21 516,77 - - Class 8 Shares Jan 21 516,79 - - Senusman Securities (Remmada) Ltd.
	Lipyer 13. Grit 2.5 kg 9-90 to 030-410 2001 48883.72 Income and treath Feet Co. Section 6.034 feet Co. Section 6.0	Jupan Warrant 1 5- 0.35 0.3711 - 17- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18- 18	75 Dollar Band . 5- 6 95 10 48 49 00 - sal Managed Bond . 5- 12 53 15 19 40 07 - sar Reg Reserve . 5- 4 03 4 25	NAV S19 00 1 +0.021 - E	Enterging Management	Korea Egy Instit MAV. 57.04 10 12 - Grokly Korea Inst. 510.57	See Way La MAY DE ST. 1 127744 70
	led Cerait Pontello. et Coro, 1 prof. 1,1445 femm to 22 Coll Street Barriello. Activation 5 bond . Activation 5 bond . Activation 5 bond . Activation 5 bond . Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. C	13 Japanez Pertisite 5- 9 18 6 72 -057 - 9 19 6 72 -057 - 9 19 6 72 -057 - 9 19 6 72 -057 - 9 19 6 72 -057 - 9 19 6 10 11 1 - 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LUXEMBOURG (RESULATEDAY)	Euro Index Fd NAW Ecol Q 36	English & Dutch Investment Trust MAY Jan 12	Lebran Brothers Operto Growth Fund a4V 0ci 30	BTW Category A 51427 517 517 517 517 500
	President 3 Entrept 5 206 9 206 & 217 3 - 1.6 4 45 U5 Dollar Bond 5- 5.42m + 40 14 15 Fronch IC & 01 S 1305 1 305 1 305 1 305 4 - 2.4 10 00 Yes Bond Y- 504m + 10013	Section Sect	Hal Offer 4 to Yield Price Price - Gress	Nucreura Hosenbery Alpha Fand Mark II	Crinitage Englishes. SLS 01	John Fellingmonth May 25 62 Linyd George Management 25 11.34 Li Automa Fel Lid Jan 15 511.34 Li Automa Fel Lid Jan 16 511.0308	Nuphs SAM Inc \$105.65
	Royal Trust Jsy Fd Mort Ltd 11400F P0 Bo 428, St Helite Jersey Gord Set; Fd 4150 72 50 72 54 071. M 80 Standard Rosh Fund Morth Lierseyl Ltd P0 Bos 503, St Helite, Fund Morth Lierseyl Ltd P0 Bos 503, St Helite, Fund Control Ltd Service R000 Dibility. L 57 (76 1 10.10) 90 01 8 71 School Control Control Lier Control Con	HIII Samuel Inv Services Inti SA (u) Hartigum b3/n5, 3001 Born, Subsection 274051	Catal Grat Trend C B SIL 91 - 40 DI - 10 DI -		Free Lags Sect F4 S17.40 Feb. S17.40	LENGOG POTIUM SCRIPTS GROUP LPS int 10ml 1.55 LPS int 1 NPB 1.74 MES Meridian Funds	Actions France FF-9742.32 FF-9838 54 Retions Europe. FF-9838 54 Retions Japans. FF-9838 54 Retions Japans. S2186 19 S2186 19
	Stering Both) Dallyl. [59761 10.10 W D1 073 Standitonia	00 Mth American Equity . 5- 10.20	September Sept	Parific Basin Grawth Fund	Translage Serie Fill Ltd. SS-9-22 3 00 Translage Bis Statement 18 23 3 00 Translage Bis Statement 510 23 510 Translage Bis Statement 510 23 510 Translage Clash Field 510 Translage Clash Field 10 19 510 Translage Clash Fished 10 19 510 Translage Clash Fished 510 31 510	US Gort recome SID 72 Global Gort Income SID 71 SI2.53 SI2.53 SI2.55 SI2.55	Tabasco Fund Managers Limited Jabasco Fund S7 37 Limited Limited S7 37 Limited
*	Take Official Control (1997) 1500 1501 1501 1502 1504 1504 1504 1505 1504 1505 1504 1505 1504 1505 1504 1505 1504 1505 1505	Burnis Early ON - 550 Burnis Sati-Funda C- 11.80 Secring Fund int to 3- 10.57	Mortistic Income 8 59 111 9 99 90 00 5 5-4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	NAV B Sto. SIZ 93 +0.071 - Rosenberg Gisbal Mogt Co SA (m) Rosenberg Gisbal Mogt Co SA (m) Rosenberg Michael From Gisbal SP 05 - F	musping Rettle FOOL 10.31 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 57 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61 61	Majaysia Capital Find Ltd NAV Jul 15 Reportuse Det 31 S10.71	Talway Trocker Front Limited John MAY \$7.660 - = Completen Galbright & Hansberger Lite John let Jas 22 199 30 9001 +0 011
	Theoretical Equity = \$155.10 155 13 166 21 (41 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 1	Exception Flord test 0 0M- 8-97 Exception Flord for the 1 0M- 8-8 Exception Flord for the 1 0M- 8-8 Exception 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Offer ance depends on installation particles and particles 1, 2017. Sold Particles 2, 2017. Sold Particles 2, 2017. Sold Particles 2, 2017. Sold Particles 3, 2017. Sold Parti	Rosenberg Management SA (a) Resemberg Alate Fund Yield Resemberg Alate Fund Yield San	MH E855 OHL EG107 07	Majaysia Growth Fund MAY Jie 21	The Truel Development Camital Fd
	Monthly Share 30.00: 99 102 99 106-391-0 108-40 Bond USO Acc 1 5- 154 1 36-40 015 Acc 1 50- 1488 150-400 M. Bond Sweden Acc 1 50- 1488 150-400 M.		Attantes Sicar knerican Dan Jan 19 Senti 75 km Dykarner Jan 19 3746, 46 km East Jan 19 731641 km Koromaner Jan 19 051/325-57 km Goods Jan 19 058657 72 kmr Goods Jan 19 058657 72	Resentery US Japan Moomt Co SA (sc) Announce Alain Fuel US Japan Pertletin A MAY	FFM / Sulss Financial Services Multiple Advisory Ltd \$1793 00 _ - - Falcon Fund International Inc	MileT Limited-Ord \$46.13 = MileT Limited-fre \$14.47 = \$26.23	The Thai Prime Fund Limited NAY Jan 20 518.37 The Thailand Fund
	JERSEY (RESULATED)(**) Bid Offer + w Tield Price Pric	39 Europein Entry Port	BAII Intermerket Fund LAV De 31	Sarasia Intestment SICAV (a)	Falcen For HAV Des 31. \$174 6859	100 NT Carl Lat - Dec 1994	BAV Jae 21 Bau 1,338,812.66 IOR value USSS2 49216 The Thalland Growth Fund RAV USS18.19 Jan 22 The Thalland light Fund Ltd
	Barciays Inti Fantis 198 Ltd Ook Percent 198 Excellent Bond 198 Excellent Bond 198 200 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	- INVESCO MINI International Limited (a)	Barring Ferrier Lullin (Lux) SA 7. Ta Sakumtuar! SFr108 53 1! - Barring Parities Luxembours	Terret International Ltd	hyperican Assets. 5184 22 105 44 +0.02 0 55 Proofice 5250.45 773 47 -0.42 0 05 Print Mexico Lincoyme Fand 40 111 - Prive Azymes Chile Fand Ltd	FBME MINT Gid Urd 5123 97 STORY Sa Are Urd (Blaze) SSO 54 ASS 42	Flacify International List MAY Jun 8 S25 t4 - Thernes Currency Fund Ltd ANY Dec 31 . - S14 20 . -
	SP 341 8 790 0 200 198 Jacot 1 1 4 7	- income Pro	Perna Solet 34,63 CB Feed International (u) CB Feed International (u) CSFB Umbreits	Gass 4-25 S12.05 S10.00	Five Arrows Chile Fand Ltd lav Jan 19 S22.22 . - FORTINES Fined MAY Jan 13 NTS1505.07 IOR value USS5915 00 FORTINGS Growth Fund Limited AV	AHL/ABM 5110 54	Thurmton Investment Management Ltd Later Cruster. 157 bb 8 bodd +0 L3 - Investment States Fd. 157 bb 8 bodd +0 L3 - Little Dysams Ford 1525 3 £ 8865 +0 £ 23 - Philippins States 14 555 10 \$4 555 0 +0 25 - Philippins States 14 55 10 \$4 555 0 +0 25 - 155 10 \$4 555 0 +0 25 0 +0
•	US Bollar Develory . 159 517 10 0141	### ##################################	Seattle to Peri Jim 20 500 34 5.20 - 2251 - 2251 to Peri May 20 5 1017 42 4251 - 2251	Class 85	AAV 58.54	Maverick International Fund NAV Jan 19	Supen Fuel
•	CA Gill terome Call	American Engran 5- 8.36 575 et. III -	10 bells Boot, \$10.39 10.72 ep.bl. S bells Boots, \$10.39 10.72 ep.bl. Fittory Irrestruct Mart (Lazambeory SA Light Martington 1 53.21 -0.01 ep.bl. Light Boots Boo	MAY Steel Steel	ANY Jule 22 521 72 Controlled 57 132 96 Faued Advisors Ltd Ultra Funds Ultra Fourier FG 84V 5-	Golige Auerts Pfolio St. 00 Prive Rate Pertfolio St. 00 Merridi surek Sheet-Torre World Ausene Pertfolio. St. 79 Cass 6 St. 79 St. 79 Werrill Lyack Microbian (proce 04) ar Pertfolio.	Pacific Inv SA ON CI 0 M2A 70 CI
	Fried Jan 20. 57,1768	European Growth - 5- 347 4 13 41.82 - Gropean Enterprise . 5- 4.43 4 75 41.8 - Gloom Employ Siles 5- 5.83 6.2h 40.81 -	New Dec 31	Scarling Field	GT Chile Growth Fund Ltd	Class A. 999 - 001 - Class A. 999 40 01 - Class A. 999 40 01 - Class A. 999 40 01	USS Liquidity 1510 07
	Depart Section Depa	Melnwort Beasen Janunese Warrant Fund	Jam Preside Cas S J	United Financial Services SA Lext DE Bark Lordes Breach Unico Intest. Fund	ST Management Pic FT Ageing Science 516.47 State Startingt: 516.47 State Startingt: 515.47 State Startingt: 515.47 State Startingt: 515.43 State Startingt: 515.47 State Start	Merrill Lynch Guerrany Inglis Fd NAV Jac 221 23.3 Induce Custoli No' Res 3 Trains Cap Old NAV 58.63 Eno Spear NAV Jac 3.1 58.63	Emity learnie. 506 47 Easity Eroette. 507 31 Libelity
	EUR. 7 reader Currency Fault Live 15 400 40.052 2.50 6 cm an Ensity 044 1.74 1.00		Directiful FT (Yadis	Warding HAPT (cocenisours) SA rise new price (rains) 190 55 "WINTERTHUR" Fand Mingent Co (List) SA virt Great Hill (pant) Could So virt Great Hill (pant) Could So virt Great Hill Share Could So	Table StemMerger 12,57 -0.14 -15 -0.15 -0.01 -0.01 -0.01	Mormentum Asset Mgmd Mormentum Asset Mgmd Margan Starring Emarging Market Fund Energing Natural Jan 13	MAY Jan 13
	Equitilink International Minor Ltd HEgaty 5 5 23T (2)1. Equitilink International Minor Ltd HEgaty 5 5 13 162 (2)0. First Asst Prime inc inc G1 to NAV Jan 22 CS 12 14nd 15 Equity 5 13 162 (2)0.	Kinginwork Besses Select Fasts UI	Currency USS Traces 99 75 Currency Did Trace 980114.90 Currency Did Trace	Wind Board France SICAV (a) World Board France SICAV (a) World Board France SICAV (b) World Tax As Warburg Assat Mags London World Treast Fund	TT Jup 01'C Stocks	Charges Natural Sagranese Warrent Fund NV NAV. Si 6034 National Investment Trust Company Ltd The first Ltd 577455	Tyndail International (Bermuda) Ltd An Special Sts 14-11 511 30 11.86 -0.06
	NAV Classical Country USS9-S4ad (Sertinan Bond CAT 25-544 Ld b. 1632 td 44. TS9-1632 td 44	15 International Sent 4 Etc. 222 2.33 566 European Bond 6 Etc. 197 2.07 207	S Money Mint F4 C (227 06 227 09 41 - 5 Maney Mint F4 Te	Sharedicki Advanced Technology Fund Asserted Tech SL6 62 Yagnalicki 1992 OMNT Fond SICAV (a)	GT Technology Fot21 SS6 14 -0.33 - GT US Small Co. (r) S22 54 -0.09 -	Newport International Management No. int. Souries. S22 9334 Newport Investment Management Ltd. Np. Newbort	Capital 1962-11
•	Description in Co HAV. J CMI 5.00	Exchange HS Primited St. Lin. ELEX COT UT-SCOLES	S Blancy White Pip Sty Shifted M. 1991 M Shifted Will Pip Mill 2 110,111	SWITZERLAND (SIB RECOGNISED)	Gala Hedge II. S59 NJ. 212 SJ Sala Hedge III. S57 40 36 29	Normore Warrant Fund 1990 Ltd - North Star Fund Managers (Cayman) Ltd	The Vietnam Fund Limited Light Back Food Managers (Spanier) Ltd MAY Dec 31
₹	Farelign & Colarial Mingirt 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Liberty ALL-STAR World Pfollo-Egty Fd(n) 2 booked hove Liberty ALL-STAR World Pfollo-Egty Fd(n) 2 booked hove Liberty ALL-STAR World Pfollo-Egty Fd(n) 10.14 10	Service pode type 6 - 108127 92 127 11 40 - 52 5007-17 86 5 A - 5102 30 122 30 122 5 C - 52 5007-17 86 5 A - 5102 30 122	Cargo Price Price Price - Gara R.J.A. Board Investments AG	Gerzarsili Sector Amajosis Portfolio NV - 513 24 - 513 24 - 513 24 - 513 24 - 513 24 - 513 24 - 513 24 25 - 513 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Invest Find 094392 0 343 0 Low Risk Finds 094350 0 329 0 Righ Perf, Finds 094328 0 329 0 Bond Finds 094328 0 139 0	Asian Warrants 59.78 10.36 (z) - European Warrants 55.13 5.46 (z) - HISSIO 97 11.40 (z)
	US Equition 9557 9 UII Japaness Gwith 5-1 6994 11252 1250 1	Ligyds Bank Lazembourg 1 Bus Sailler Lazembourg 010 352 4022121	CS Edu Bild A Edu Bild 97,35 (4) - CS Edu Bild 6 Edu Bild 91 155 (7) (4) - CS Edu Bild 6	8 Barreturase Ch6.301 Zeg. Serbarbard 21,7180 Barret 7, Serba	Malaysis High Jan 15. 5- 10.92 - Conder Fd An 15. 5- 15.02 - Conder Fd An 15. 5- 15.	SPORT FOR PATORIET BALLYTON 174 0	Chus Find 9799 1 - Wellington Fd Magrs (Bermada) Ltd rept Croeth Fd !512 91 13:55 - Wells Fargo U.S. 1T Find
	UH Begative Equation	Light international Pertialita Casellam Delitar Biol. 55- 12.40 125.13 Series Franci Bondo. 55- 13.09 136.57 Descrive Harn Bondo. 55- 12.49 123.97 Francis Francis Bondo. 55- 12.49 123.97 Serietar Bondo. 5- 12.31 12.32 Serietar Bondo. 5- 12.31 12.32 Francis Francis Bondo. 12.32 Serietar Bondo. 12.32 1.12.35 12.30	S Earn Ber Chief B Mt (MEZN Be 221 ST C)	OTHER OFFSHORE FUNOS	### S3773.55 GAM Arbitage S3773.55 GAM Arbitage S3317.45 GAM ASSAN S263.794	Mitted Fd (Corman) DM139 0 140 0	Wells Fargo A 5% (D) 511.92
	1985 1985	Swriter Books	IS if make herin it 79 J. (1920) 22 21545 (47) — IS Histolife Ref u 5 Prs. (1921) 65 22097 (42) — IS Francius Se 7ps 1/9s. (197 25) — (48) — IS Francius Se 7ps. (198 1, 10.1 90) — (42) — IS Produit Francius (198 1, 10.1 90) — (42) —	ATSP Watesperiert Ltd	CAM Autrella. S1.79 79 CAM Cayli Ismeada. 52.37 76 CAM Cayli Ismeada. 50.09 58 -0.14 - CAM Faren. F57.08 - CAM France. F71.628.26 - CAM Faren. S57.16.146 CAM CAMOO 52.75 51 -	US bollars	Xighies International Investment Fd Ltd. Xighies Int USS Acc. 5.1.51.2 — Xights in ECU Acc. Ecal.1451 — — Xights in ECU Acc. Ecal.1451 — — Yamaichi Capital Mingot (Goernseyl Ltd. That for Font
	MAY Jan 14. S15 13 Dymark Reserve Oil 012- 9023 10 0523 00 052	O Horth Arenta Equity 5-104 25 100-60 5-104 25	CS Germany Fe 8 Disk 08621.57 23.10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	The Here Asia Fund Ltd 44 USS statement S.	GAM CAMOO	Serias Franc (57:171: 0 172:0'	MANAGED FUHDS NOTES Prices are la pesce unless otherwise indicated and those descentred 5 with no write refer to U.S. dollars. Yields %
	Paragon Reterrorum (7/2)	61 Comprisie 5 105 99 10833 Warrant 5 40 10 41.08 Midland Intersatni Circuit Fund SICAV(a)	S tuth Fame A/B LSSSN 706.15 - CS Noth Fame A/B LSSSN 706.15 - CS Noth Fame A/B LSS Noth Fame A/	Adig Investment ONAD 88 21 69 Adverta (MIZ) 98 129 76 Adverta (MIZ) 98 129 76 Feedak (MIZ) 98 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	Observer	Odey Asset Madagement Limited Odey European Inc. DM114.54 - Old Iransides International Ltd Old Iransides Not 20. 5% 15 -	offer for all buying expenses. Prices of certain Bullet losserance larved gines subject to calibrat gales tax or sales to Observancios free of UH taxes. g Periodic premium losserance alless a Sinday premium insurance a Desputace in Lauremburg in a UCITS (Undertailings for Collective hypothemic in Transferance Securities). I Offered price the price price of the Collective Constitution of the Collective price of the Collective Constitution of the Collective price of the Collective Collective Collective Collective price of the Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective Collective (Collective Collective Collec
	Steriling Remembasted Inserver Familia 907 0.018 240 Appla Vistoriarie version 11.851 14.5 Appla Vistoriarie version 14.5 Appla Vistoriarie ver	### Statement Branch Franch Branch Lab (### Statement Branch Bran	Deen Witter World Wide Invest. Tsl SA RAV	Agrical Marignation Service (1997) All large Capril (1997) All large Capril (1997) All large Capril (1997) Service (1997)	CAM Deferred Metti-Fit CAM Deferred Metti-Fit CAM Metti-Caron USS - 5102.02 CAM Metti-Caron USS - 5107.02 CAM Metti-Caron USS - 5107.10 CAM Metti-Rich Neutral - 5107.10		incision dil expenses notori aggint'i commissioni Previona divi sinte i di Gorribly rocci. è Sasponde. Il Yardi teriori Jersey tan. i Ex-sandrichier et Chris analizza- ti cherchalle bolose. è Violi columni signis annialibre rates di MAV intresse nd et dividend.
	Capitral Deconals CBR 14 0.4745 +0 prices - Appear Service - Appear Ser	9 Insures Opes 5- 1550 1.22 425 436 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 44 450 450	Dave Learn Scale En. \$8.18 10 Deen Witter World Wife Invest. Tel. SA NAV. \$25.35 The Gragon Fund Sileav NAV Jel IV. \$25.35 The Gragon Fund Sileav NAV Jel IV. \$3.18.14 Supplied Santo Investment Algorit (SICAV) Goden Erragua Fd. \$5.89 Europe Disalagement SA Learner Plan June 21. \$2.05 a. Learner Plan Learner SA Le	Descript Crem 8 521 56 77 56 +0.04 - 6.054 - 6.054 - 6.054 - 6.054 - 6.054 - 6.054 - 6.055 - 6	GAM Transle (US) 7 vest.	historie N. W. Aust	incitions 401 expertees modely agent's commission . Provious 607 5 incite 16 contribuy mode 5 commission . Yased before Juries I am. 15 Judiciation of Daty available for the province of the seasonable of the commission of the co
•	E Mins Perstetto 11. 50.2 months France 1.1. 50.2 months 1.1. 50.2	B UK Sig URSidy 5- 15% 1.693 6.79	Europe Plas Lavestissement (SICAV) (c)	estan Canvertibles & Insura Fd (Cayman) 8AV Jan 23	EAM SF Sectus Boar SPT11.40 GAM Tycle S306 T1 +1.44 -	Prices of Jan 24 Heart Pricing Jan 23 Workly Pricing	

Courtis & Co

| Section | Sect

158 Kestleh Town Rd, Landon HWS 28T 071 267 1586 H I C.A. 022,500+1.... 16 25 4.6675 | 6.4302 | Dalb

Jelias Hodge Bank Ltd 10 Wedge Place Cardiel CF1 38X a sto Flace Rate Dep Acc. 18 00 Types Mitch Teleprot Benealt Account

Hatlonwide Bldg Soc - Bo

lyndall & Co Ltd

. 15

MONEY MARKET

ent Co Ltd TN92J0 0732 770114 - 6 95 13 Min - 7 06 25 Min - 7 16 15 Min

CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OFTIONS 250,000 64ths of 188%

Calis-settlement

Pribar 0-11 0-25 0-49 1-22 2-08 3-01 3-62 4-61

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar remains under pressure

THE DOLLAR fell nearly two pfennigs against the D-Mark in European trading yesterday as between German trade unions and the Bonn government had broken down, fuelling fears dealers continued to revise forecasts for likely changes in short-term German and US interest rates this year, writes James Blitz

After closing in Londoo at DM1.5900 on Friday night, the US currency tumbled to a low of DML5690, before closing at DM1.5725, some 1.75 pfennigs down on the day. That close put it more than 7 pfennigs lower than its levels in the first week of this year.

Recently, the market has become more pessimistic about how quickly US and German rates will converge, a factor which continues to underpin the D-Mark.

At the start of the year, cations that the interest rate futures markets appeared to think that the gap between German and US rates would come down by 350 basis points by the end of the year. Last night they were discounting a narrowing of the order of 280 basis points.

The last two days, in particular, have brought several indi-cations that US interest rates will remain low and German

Dealers voiced concern yesterday that weekend talks

£ IN NEW YORK							
Jan.25	Latest	Previous Close					
£ Spot	1.5560 · 1.5570 0 56 · 0.55pm 1 48 · 1.45pm 4.07 · 3.97pm	1.5305 1.5315 0.54 0.52pm 1.33 1.30pm 3.75 3.65pm					
	1.48-1.45pm 4.07-3.97pm ms and discounts as	1.33 1. 3.75 3.0 ply to the US					

	STE	RLI	NG IND	EX
	_		Jan.25	Previous
0.30 9.00 10.00 11.00 Noon 1.00 2.00 3.00 4.00	am am per per per		79.8 80.0 79.9 80.1 80.1 80.2 80.2 80.4 80.4	798 796 79.7 79.5 79.8 79.5 79.5 79.7
C	UR	REN	CY RA	TES
Jan 3	25	Bank &	Special * Drawleg Rights	European 1 Currency Unit,

Jan 25	Bank # rate	Special * Drawleg Rights	European 1 Currency Unit,
Sterling U.S. Dollar Canadhan S Asstrian Sch Belghan Franc, Dan-Sr Krons D-Mark Dittch Gulder French Franc traftan Lira Japannes Yen Morway Krone Sopnetch Peseta Swedish Krona Swess Franc Greek Orach Irish Punk	3.00 7.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0	0.908687 1.37757 11/A 15.6120 45.6837 8.52371 2.221899 2.49395 7.49605 2040.50 172.40465 1.56.942 9.95157 2.03536 11/A	0.796899 1.23606 1.57604 1.57906 1.3.7604 40.2985 7.52388 1.95705 2.20129 6.62341 1805 80 154.161 180.830754 1.38.630 8.79454 1.79562 261.661 0.736493
# Bank rate refi These are not to † European Com • Alf SDR rates	oted by t mission (he UK, Spain alculations,	

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

Jas 25	Empland Index	Guaranty Changes %
Sterling	80.4 65.3 94.1 116.4 116.4 120.0 120.0 150.7	-90.99 -19.90 -19.47 -19.90 -1
Morgan Guara 1980-1982 = 100. Ba Arerage 1985 ~ 100).	nk of Englan	es: 4serage d index (Base Jan.22

£	\$
23130 - 23150	14870 - 1488
322,550 - 329,000	210,080 - 214,3
2285.00°	1490.00*
0.47300 - 0.47400	187.40 - 173.1 0.30380 - 0.30
50.45 - 50.55	32.55 32.4
4.0250 - 4 0350	2.5060 - 2.59
	3.1020 - 3.10
	1.9305 · 1.93 3.7495 · 3.75
	1.6410 1.64
	3.0630 - 3.06
7 4270 - 7.4820	4.7685 - 4.80
39.50 · 39.60 5.7125 · 5.7235	3.6715 - 3.67
	1.5355 - 1.5585 2.3130 - 2.3150 8.1665 - 8.2395 822550 - 2.276.0 8.1665 - 8.2395 822550 - 229,000 12.0355 - 12.0510 2.0355 - 12.0510 50.45 - 50.55 4.0256 - 4.0350 4.0355 - 4.0350 4.0355 - 4.0355 4.0355 - 4.0350 5.6340 - 5.055 4.0355 - 4.0355 7.6370 - 2.5635 7.4370 - 7.4820 97.50 - 97.60

broken down, fuelling fears that German wage inflation would cootinue to climb.

Yesterday's 1.0 percentage point monthly rise in December'a rate of inflation in North-Rhine Westphalia also appears to have depressed some investors, raising fears that the Bundesbank will find it difficult to ease policy as quickly as expected. Mr Av saud, currency eco UBS Phillips and Di don, believes that th the hreakdown in w that the Bundesbar ease policy at its ne on February 4, as

suggested. There are also gr Reaerve will n short-term interes quickly as expected At the weakend, Bentsen, the new U

Clinton's administration was likely to propose increased taxes on consumption. This quashed expectations that the administration is determined to introduce a fiscal stimulus which would have to be accompanied by higher US interest

	MS EUR	DPEAN C		OWII	RATES			
	Ces	tral Aggings, les Jan 25	from Central	% S; vs We Com	altest !	ergénce Kontor		
143.386 138.630 -3.32 3.69 53								
for Ecic	a positive change fierence between the	denotes 4 weak corn actual nurtes, and f	ency. Divergence show Ecu central rates for 4	S the ratio	between two s	prends th		
POU	a positive change ifference between the eviation of the carrie erling and Italian L	denotes 4 weak corner actual number and family market rate from E rate from E FORWA	ency. Divergence show iou control rates for 4 con its Ecu control ra irol. Adjustment calc	is the ratio correscy, as be usated by Fi	tetrees two s of the southware francial Times.	prends: the		
e for Ecoc rountage di rountage d 7/9/920 St	a positive change ifference between the eviation of the corre ering and italian i.	denotes 4 weak carri e actical market and f sucy's market rate fr ira suspended from E	ency. Divergence show Est central rates for 4 car its Ecu central ra IRM. Adjustment calc	is the ratio correscy, as te. ulated by Fi	between two s of the southware Insactal Times.	prends the		

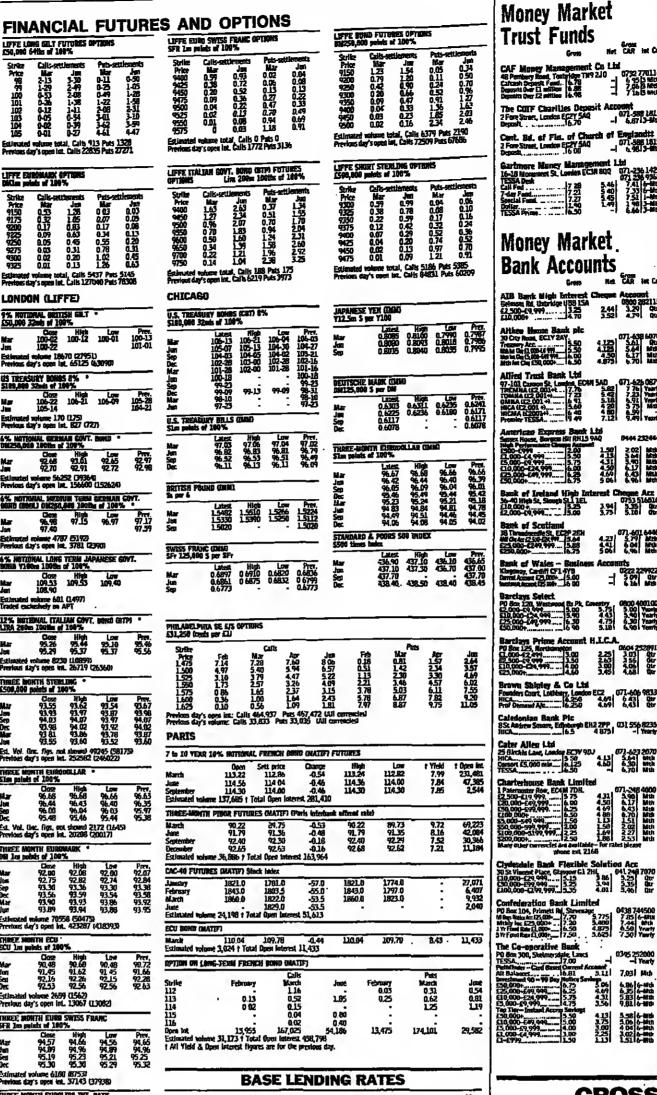
DOLLAR SPOT - FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR								
Jan 25	Dwy's spread	Close	One month	74. D.S.	Three months	% 11		
Kt	1.5325 - 1.5610	1.5590 - 1.5600	0.56-0.54cpm	4,23	1.46-1.43pm	3.7		
elandi	1.6665 - 1.6915	1.6855 - 1.6865	2.60-2.00cpm	16.37	5 65-4.65pm	12.2		
mada	1.2760 - 1.2810	1.2780 - 1.2790	0.35-0.40cdk	-3.52	1.03-1_18dB	-3.4		
etherlands.	1.7655 - 1.7920	1.7680 - 1.7690	0.76-0.79cdls	-5.26	2.01-2.04dB	-4.5		
elgion	32.30 - 32.80	32.35 - 32.45	13.00-16.00cdls	-5.37	38.00-43.00ds	-5.O		
enmark		6.0450 - 6.0500	4.00-5.25credis	-9 .18	11.00-12.604B	-7.80		
collectly		1.5720 - 1.5730	0.72-0.74ptdls	-5.57	2.01-2.04db	-5.13		
ortogal	141.50 • 143.50	141.85 - 141.95		-10.78	367-381dk	-10.54		
país	111.20 - 112.80	111.40 - 111.50		10.77	285-305dk	-10.59		
aly	1448 00 - 1467.00				32,00-33.50dls	-9œ		
orway		6.6725 - 6.6775	4.00-4,500 redis	-7.64	L1.30-12.30dis	-7.0		
ance		5.3200 - 5.3250	4.00-4.25cds	-9.30	11,40-11,80ds	-9.77		
MEDEL		7.0625 - 7.0675	4.10-4.50creds	-7.30	11,95-12,75ds	-6.9		
apart	123.20 - 125.10	123.25 - 123.35	0.04-0.05ydis	-0.44	0.05-0.06ds	-0.1		
estria	11.0650 - 11.2000	11.0775 - 11.0825	4.60-4.92grodis	-5.16	13.10-14.20ds	-4,9		
नायकाना .		2.4420 - 1.4430	0.20-0.31cds	-2.45	0.82-0.88dls	-2.3		
cut	1.2300 - 1.2485	1.2470 - 1.2480	Q.67-0.66cpm	6.40	1.95-1.92pq	6.21		

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES									
Jan 25	Short term	7 Days perion	ijne Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year			
Sterlied US Dollar Lan, Bollar Lan, Bollar Lan, Bollar Lan, Bollar Lan, Bollar Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land	81112 81112 81118 81118 1118 1118 1118	8 - 7 4 3 4 - 3 5 6 5 - 6 5 8 1 - 5 5 8 2 5 - 5 5 8 2 5 - 12 8 2 5 - 12 8 2 5 - 12 8 3 3 12 8 4 5 12 8 5 12 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	74345 6 5 5 6 5 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	634.70.44.42.44.45.45.4 7.7.60.45.42.12.43.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.45.	sascandicada sascandicada	6% - 6% 34 - 6% 77 - 67 - 77 57 - 78 123 - 78 40 - 13 40 - 13			

	EXCHANGE CROSS RATES												
Jun 25	£	s	OM	Yes	F FL	S Pr.	H FL	Ura	CS	B Fr.	Pta.	Ecu	
2	1	1.559	2.452	192.2	B.300	2.250	2.757	2262	1.988	50.50	173.3	1.25	
	0.641	0 474	1.573	123.3	5.324	1443	1.768	1451	1.275	32.39	1112	0.80	
YEK	5.203	0.636 8.111	12.76	78,38 1000.	3.385	0.918	1.124	922.5 11769	0.811 10.34	20.60	70.68 901.7	0.53	
FFe.	1.205	1.878	2.954	251.6	10.	27L1	1707	2725	2.395	60.84	208.8	150	
S Fr.	0.444	0.693	1.090	85.42	3,689	1	14.34 3.32 1.22	1005	0.884	22.44	77.02	0.55	
MFL	0.363	0.565	0.889	69.71	3.011	0.816	1	820.5	0.721	18.32	62.86	0.45	
Lira	0.442	0.689	1.084	84.97	3.669	0.995	1 239	1000.	0.879	22.33	76.61	0.55	
CS	0.503	0,784	1.233	96.68	4.175	1 132	1.387	1138	i	25.40	87.17	2.47	
H Fr.	1.960	3.087	4.855	380.6	16.44	4.455	5.459	1138 4479	3.937	100.	343.2	2.47	
Pta	0.577	0.900	1.415	110,9	4.789	1.298	1.591	1305	1.147	29.14	100.	0.72	
Eca	0 799	1.246	1.950	153.6	6.635	1.799	2.204	1808	1.589	40.37	138.5	1.	

also appears	rates.			Diklim points of 186%
some inves-	of the ex	n of the ne change ra	te mecha-	I NAMES MICH A TOTAL MASS A STATE
find it diffi-	nism was	the absen	ce of pres-	9200 0.17 0.83 0.17 0.08
as quickly vinash Per-		Europe de strength a		
conomist at	US curren	cy. nch franc l	oet a little	9300 0.02 0.20 1.02 0.45 9325 0.01 0.13 1.26 0.63
rew in Lon- he upshot of		gainst the		
vage talks is nk will not		at FFT3.38 om a prev		LONDON A TEFE
ext meeting	of FF13.38	6. The Iris	h authori-	9% NOTIDIAL BRITISH GELT .
some have		also able to ivances ra		Gose High Low Prev. Mar 100-02 100-12 100-01 100-13
rowing indi-	per cent t	o 14 per ce	nt.	Jun 100-22 101-01
e Federal not raise		consolidat ark follov		
st rates as l, either.		arp fall. It np 1% pi		5189,000 32mis of 100% Close High Low Prev.
, Mr Lloyd	the day,	helped hy	a report	Mg 106-22 106-21 106-09 105-28 Jm 105-14 104-21
JS Treasury at Mr Bill	from the C	BI on husi	ness confi-	Estimated volume 170 (175) Previous day's open (st. 827 (727)
				6% NOTIONAL CERMAN COVT. BOND * DM258,000 100Ms of 100%
PEAN CUR	RENCY	JNIT RAT	Close High Low Prev. Mar 92.68 93.01 92.65 92.97 Jun 92.70 92.91 92.72 92.98	
Carrency Amounts	% Change from	% Spread	Estimated volume 56252 (1936/0 Previous day's open int. 156600 (15262/0	
Against Eco	Central Rate	vs Weakest Correscy	6% NOTTORIAL MEDIUM TERM SERMAN COVT.	
366 138.630 194 176.348	-3.32 -3.21 -0.82	3.69 3.57	53 49	Good Figh Low Pres. Mar. 96.98 97.15 96.97 97.17
304 40.2985	-0.62	108	22	Mar 96.96 97.15 96.97 97.17 Jun 97.40 97.59 Estimated minute 4787 651920
992 1.95705 416 7.52388 334 0.736493	9.72 -0.62	0.91 0.12 0.09 0.00	53 49 22 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	Previous day's open lot. 3781 (2390)
6.62341	025			6% NOTIONAL LING TERM JAPANESE GOVT. BORB Y160m 100ths of 100%
as Commission, Corresci enotes, 4 weak currency, actual number, and Ecu o	es are in descending : Divergence shows worst rates for 4 co	relative strength. F the ratio between greater and the co	erceolage changes two spreads: the relumen mercelited	Close High Low May 109.53 109.53 109.40 Junt 108.90
ny's market rate from i a suspended from ERM.	ts Ecu central rate. Adjustment calcul	ated by Financial	Times.	Estimated volume 601 (1.497) Traded exclusively on APT
				12% NOTEINAL ITALIAN COVT. BORD (BTP) ** LIRA 200s 1008s of 100%
- FORWARI		SI IME		Close High Low Pres.
Close	One month	p.a. mont	B P.2	Estimated volume 8230 (10899)
1.9875 · 1.9885	0.56-0.54cpm 0.13-0.04cpm ½-3 ₁ cdis 4-8cdis	0.51 0.22-0 -1.09	1.02mm 0.24 4-1ds -1.27	Previous day's open int. 26719 (26360) Three month Stending .
9 4250 - 9 4350	4-8cds - 31 ₂ -51 ₄ oredis -		3 9 015 -5 207	£500,000 points of 200%
0.9190 - 0.9200 2.4500 - 2.4550 220 00 - 221,00 173,15 - 173,45	121-130cds	153 4 683 359	1 ledis -1.63 376dis -6.67 321dis -7.11	Mar 93.55 93.62 93.54 93.67
17761 50 - 7267 501	SETTIMENUS I -	6.79 295 4.77 21 -3.53 7%	321ds -7.11 1-31ds -522 94ds -3.24	Dec 93.98 94.02 93.92 94.02
10.4050 - 10.4150 8.2950 - 8.3050 11.0125 - 11.0225	34-3%cdls -	515 95 334 73 351 15	131ds	Jun 93.55 93.60 93.52 93.60 Est. Vol. Grac. figs. not shown) 99245 (58175) Previous day's open int. 252562 (246022)
19175 - 19275 17.17 - 17.20 2.2450 - 2.2560	4.50011	127	75dis -144	Previous day's open int. 252582 (246022) THREE MONTH EURODOLLAR •
1.2510 - 1.2520 ht end of London tradin	0.21-0.25als -	C.L.	, and	Sim paints of 100%
is did fit fromtin Astro	y. Sex-divides for Wa	ra danar 2,30-4,4	Spin , 12 Aktivin	Mar 96.68 96.68 96.66 96.63
FORWARI	AGAINS	ST THE E	OLLAR	Dec 95.48 95.46 95.44 95.38
Close	One month	% Thre		Est. Vol. (Inc. Figs, oot shound 21,72 (1645) Previous day's open int. 20208 (20017)
1.5590 - 1.5600 1.6855 - 1.6865		4.23 1.46-1	43om 3.71	THREE MONTH EUROMARK * DNI Jos points of 100%
1.5855 • 1.5865 1.2780 • 1.2790 1.7680 • 1.7690	0 38.0 40mlk	6.37 565-4 3.52 1.03-1 5.26 2.01-	L18ds -3.46 204ds -4.58	Mar 92.00 92.08 92.00 92.07 Jus 92.75 92.82 92.74 92.84
12 35 . 32 45	3 00-16 00aK 1-	9.37 38.00-43 9.18 11.00-13	5.00ds =5.00 2.60ds =7.80	Sep 93.30 93.36 93.30 93.38 Dec 93.56 93.59 93.54 93.58
L5720 - 1.5730 141.85 - 141.95 111.40 - 111.50	125-130mls -1	0.78 367-	2.04db -5.13 381dk -10.54 305dk -10.59	Mar 93.90 93.93 93.86 93.92 Jun 93.89 93.94 93.88 93.95
1450 DE - 1460 75 14	,50-12,00H reds - 4,00-4,50o redis -	931 32,00-X 7.64 LL30-1 930 11,40-1	3.50dis -9.03 2.30dis -7.07 1.80dis -9.72	Estimated volume 70558 (50475) Previous day's open int. 423287 (418393)
123.25 - 123.35	0.04-0.05ydis [=	7.30 11.95-1	2.75dis -0.49 3.06dis -0.18	ECO Jul Bojuts of 180%
11 0775 - 11 0825 1 4420 - 1 4430	0.20-0.31cdk -	516 13.10-14 2.45 0.824	1.20ds -4.93 2.89ds -2.36	Mar 90.48 90.60 90.48 90.72 Jun 91.45 91.62 91.45 91.66
1.2470 - 1.2480	g, f UK, Ireland a	nd ECU are quotes	.92pm 6.20	Jun 91.45 91.62 91.45 91.66 Sea 92.16 92.26 92.15 92.28 Dec 92.53 92.56 92.56 92.63
opply to the US dollar a	ed sal to the lediv	ideal currency.		Estimated volume 2659 (1562) Previous day's open Int. 13067 (13082)
URRENCY	NTERES	T RATES		THREE MONTH EURO SWISS FRANC SFR Im points of 100%
	ne Three		One Year	Close High Law Prev.
8-71 74 31 ₄ -3 34	74 74 6	64 - 65	64 64	Jun 94.89 94.96 94.89 94.96 Sea 95.19 95.23 95.21 95.25
63 64 64	· 61 63 - 6	1 6.3	76.69	Dec 95.30 95.30 95.29 95.32 Estimated volume 6180 87533
61 61 61 81 81 81 51 51 51 86 82 85 125 125 125	74 64 34 3 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 6	64 · 65 34 · 34 65 · 65 74 · 75 55 · 57 84 · 104	64 - 62 74 - 34 74 - 62 75 - 74 51 - 77 95 - 95 123 - 12	Previous day's open int. 37143 (37938) THERE MONTH EUROLIPA INT. RATE
121 ₂ 12 121 ₂ 88 83 84		77 7	12.72	LIRA 1,800m points of 100%
81 81 87 34 31 31 13 12 12 45 25 4 14 134 14	34 37 3	2 132 166	34.32	Mar 87.83 87.89 87.83 87.90 Jun 88.35 88.45 88.36 88.42
14.131	134 14 13	3. 战路	113 1315 134 1315	Dec. 88.66 88.75 88.66 88.71 Estimated volume 542 (2566)
2.42 per cent; three y t term rates are call for				Previous day's open Int. 16090 (15763)
100 St (0) 10	seine am edi	and tol small		FT-SE 100 [RDEX * 525 per full leakex pelot
CHANGE CI	ROSS RA	TES		Close Kigh Low Prev. Mar 2782.0 2801.0 2772.0 2804.0 Jun 2802.0 2808.0 2808.0 2808.0
				Sen 2827 0 2849 0

Fr. N. F. L. Ura CS 143 1.764 1451 1277 184 1.124 972.5 081 171 14.34 11749 10.3 184 1.25 1005 0.88 184 1. 820.5 0.72 185 1.29 1000 0.87 185 1.29 1000 0.87 185 1.29 1000 1.87 186 1.59 187 1.50 188 1.591 1305 1.38 199 2.204 1808 1.59 20 Fr. per 100. Peeta per 1	50.50 17 3 22.99 11 20.60 70 4 262.7 90 5 60.84 77 1 102.33 76 22.44 77 1 102.33 76 25.40 87 7 100. 87 7 100.		Previous d Contract POUNI FT F08E3 Spot 1.55%	2827.0 volume 8665 ay's open list. s traded on Al D - DOLL GR EXCHANG 1-mtl. 1.5540	46017 (4559) PT. Clostey pr AR E RATES 3-orth. 6 1.5451 1	2849.0 31 fices shown.					
PR 199		34	666	34	offe	34					
The fixing rates are the arit quoted to the market by the Bask, Bank of Tokyo, Des			RAT		anty Trust.						
NEW YORK			Treasury	Bills and E	Bonds						
Lunchtime	On Fire	e month to month		2.89 Three 2.92 Fineyo 3.01 Seven	ear	4.72 5.72					
Prime rate 2 92 Five year 5.72											
Jan.25	Overeight	(ine Mostle	7we Mortis	Three Months	Str Months	Lombard Intervention					
Frankfurt. Paris. Zurich Ansterdam Tokyo Milas Brassels Dublin	8.55-8.65 12-12-1 5-1-5-4 8-3-8-43 124-12-1 8-7-8-1 16-18	855-8.65 12-12-1 54-55-8 826-830 38-33- 124-12-1 85-83- 36-35	8.45-8.60 : : : : : : : :	8 40-8.55 111-12 24-54 7.48-8.66 124-124 81-81 18-25	7.95-8.10 - - - 16-18	9.50 9.10 - - - -					
ī	ONDO	N MC	NEY	RATE	S						
Jan 25	Oversight	7 days notim	One Month	Three Months	Six Months	One Year					
Interbank Offer Interbank Bio Sterling CDs. Local Authority Deps. Local Authority Bonds Discount Bibl Dams	72	7% 7% 7%	7 th	714 67 63	642	975 976 97					
Discount Mkt Deps	75	73,	- 74 63 61	64 64 64	615 614 614	63:					
Fine Trade Bills IBuy). Dollar CDs. SDR Linked Dep. Offer SDR Linked Dep. Bid ECU Linked Dep. Offer	1 -		3.06	3.14 54 54 10	3.26 54 54 94 94	3.58 51 5 91 88					
ECU Linked Dep. Bid	·		53 10 9%	9%							
Treasury Bills (sell); on Basik Bills (sell); one- tender rate of discoun December 31, 1992. 8,38 p.c., Schemes II & 1992. Scheme IV&Y:	month 64 p t 6.1067 . greed rates fo iii: 8.50 p.c 7.232 p.c. 1	er cest; thin ECGD Fixe or period Ja . Reference; ocal Author	ee months 6 d Rate Ster nuary 26, 19 ate for perio its and Fina	1/2 per cent; ling Export 193 to Febra of December ace Houses s	Treasury & Finance, & ary 23, 199 to 1, 1992 to 1 even days' a	ills; Average lake up day 13, Scheme I: December 31 otice, others					



BAS
%
Adam & Company 7
Alled Trust Bank 7
AB Bank 7
CHanry Anabecher 7
e & C Merchant Bank 13
Sank of Baroda 7
Banco Bibeo Vizcaya 7
Bank of Cyprus 7
Bank of Ireland
Benk of India 7
Benk of Scotland 7
Bardays Bank 7
Brit Elk of Mid East 7

Hebib Bank AG Zurich ... 7 Heritable & Gen knv Bk. 7 C. Hoare & Co Honghong & Shanghel... 7 Julian Hodge Bank 7 @Leopoki Joseph & Sons 7 Lloyda Bank

Northern Bank Ltd 7 Nykradit Montgage Brik 7.5 GRee Brothers 7 Rochurghe Benk Ltd ._9
Royal Bik of Soutend __7 Comith & Willman Secs. 7 Standard Chartered 7 United Ek of Kuwait __ 7

Unity Trust Bank Pic ... 7

Merchant Banking & Securities Houses

ACROSS 1 Rest necessary for a pot? (3,5) 5 Had a try and made a mark? 6 Narrow squeak when ringing neighbour? (5,4) 7 1 had stuck to the gear (stiff)

7.031 Mah

CROSSWORD

No.8,060 Set by QUARK

5.06 4.31 3.56

(6) (5) (5) 9 Count rat possibly in this cat 8 Scoffing dona when empty,

egory (8)

10 One for the road? Reminder
11 required! (6)
12 Cover the ground again in a race (5)
13 Writer's aim in the dictionary is without fixed limits (4.5)

14 To he alarmed when leg wrenched by marshy ground

(6) 16 Train here for a post? (7) 19 Let out on contract (7) 21 Officar one found in taxt returning from the sea (6) 23 Redo van up after damagin

kind of garage door (2,3,4) 25 Guide to assertive person los-ing head (5)
26 Transport right into HQ (6)
27 Is cloth one to be woven, treated as a whole? (8)

28 The light unit in the river is most elegant (2.4) 29 Narrow path nearly always around grassland (8) DOWN

1 School t-tours for the teachers (6) 2 One caught out at beginning of month (5,4)

8 Part of the garden without hesitation is unsatisfactory

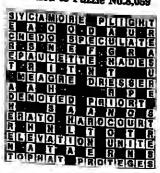
(5) 4 Model AA put ont as fashion-able (1,2,4)

travelling (8)
Heads of many English secondary schools dine together

(4)
15 Great team turning up to present main prize (5,4)
17 Eire fare? (5,4)
18 Wing finally complete, but not allowed in the air (8)
26 Agent parts with matters 20 Agent parts with nothing, showing grudge (4) 21 Bird nearly all brown, ruffled

(4.5)
22 Expensive diamonds in possession of peer (6)
24 Petrify a saint, say (5)
25 Tune I specially arranged for get together (5)

Solution to Puzzle No.8,059



MONEY MARKETS

Franc futures tumble

FRENCH FRANC futures depressed some investors, as suffered a dramatic fall yester- did the figure for M3 money day, as dealers started to helieve that Germany and France would not ease policy as quickly as had been expected, writes James Blitz.

The prospects for an immediate and sharp easing in short-term German rates seemed a little more distant yesterday morning, after two weeks of optimism, and this was reflected in higher cash rates for French francs.

UK clearing bank base londing rate 7 per cent from November 13, 1992

There were several reasons for bearishness in France. First, the Bank of France kept its officially posted short-term money rates unchanged at its weekly Monday intervention.

There had been strong

apeculation about an easing, now that the French franc is nnder less pressure in the European Monetary System. Talks on public sector pay between the German

government and the öTV trade union also broke down at the weekend - and this could make the Bunderbank more reluctant to cut short term

The 1.0 percentage point monthly rise in December's rate of inflation in North-Rhine Westphalia, appears to have at the end of last week.

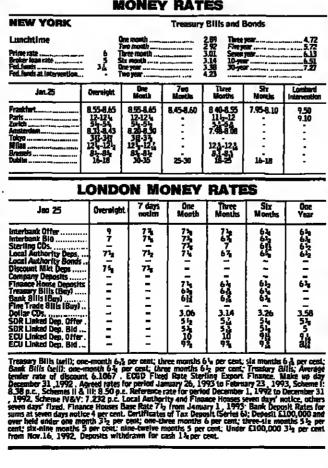
supply in December, which was np 8.8 per cent on the year. However, some analysts described both figures as far better than the market could have hoped for.

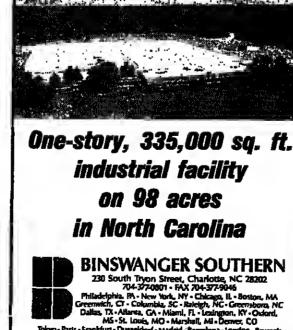
All these factors combined to push the March French franc contract down a remarkable 53 basis points, to close at 89.75, as dealers wondered how quickly France will be able to cnt rates. This closing level prices 3-month money in two months time at 10.25 per cent. Three month French francs also firmed sharply to 12% per cent from around 11% per cent

last Friday. One dealer said: "There must now be pressure on the Bank of France to pass the interest rate rises onto the commercial sector."

In the sterling market, a shortage of £2.3bn helped push short term money rates higher. in spite of a growing feeling that there will be an early cut in UK base rates. Three-month money closed ¼ per cent higher on the day at around 71 per cent.

Several dealers said that they had been surprised that the weekend press had not issued atrong calls for more cuts in interest rates. This dampened some of the bullishness that had been seen





Appointments Advertising appears every Wednesday & Thursday

COMMERCIAL & INDUSTRIAL REAL ESTATE

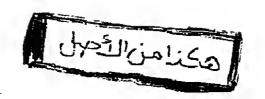
Friday (International edition only)

OSSWORD

. .

4

... **...**



January 25 Sch	19100 Lesson Mar 1910 19
Carefour 2.248 -4 Carefour 2.248 Carefour	19100 Lesson Mar 1910 19
Color Colo	258000 PWA Corp 90 d55 57 -3 70400 Pagurian A 215 d185 271 +45 8400 Panctol Pet \$334½ 34¼ 34¼ -½ 700 Pagasus \$154½ 16½ 16½ -2½ 1000 Pancer Mt 17 15 16 105000 Pooc Pet 450 d435 445 +10 105000 Pooc Pet 16 224 (20½ 20½ 45 +10 105000 P
Section Began P 2,080 +100 Softma 10,500 +101 Softma 10,500 +10-50 Softwar 1,398 +8 Solvay 1,2600m+100 Fractible 8,340 -50 Union Milniere 24,300 -575 Union Milniere 21,170 -35 Union Milniere 21,170 -35 Parisas Softwar 2,180 +100 Parisas Softwar 2,180 -100 Matra-Attachetta 99,40 +1.90 VEW 217 +1.50 Softwar 170 -50 Softwar 1,398 +8 Solvay 1,2600m+100 Fractible 8,340 -50 Union Milniere 24,300 -575 Union Milniere 21,300 -35 Union Milniere 21,300 -35 Softwar 2,300 -375 Softwar 2,300 -375 Union Milniere 2,300 -375 Softwar 2,300 -375 Union Milniere 2,300 -375 Softwar 2,300 -375 Softwar 3,300 -375 Softwar 3,300 -375 Softwar 3,300 -375 Softwar 4,455 -45 Softwar 4,457 -30 Softwar 4,457 -30 Softwar 3,300 -375 Softwar 4,457 -30 Softwar 4,457 -	139*100 Rogerscore 310*2 10*4 10*5 10*5 10*5 10*5 10*5 10*5 10*5 10*5
Section Control Cont	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##
January 25 Yes + y - January 25 Yes + y - January 25 Yes Y	SS Industrial CRIPATES ASSED ASSES A
Direct Print 6 st 2,727 -20	Most Active Stocks y, 25 January, 1993 Trange on day 40 NEC Corporation 2-2n d10 -21 2-30 Husela Corporation 1-1 Kawasaki Steel 1-6n 275 3 Toehba Corp 1-8n 602 Mitsubishi Heavy 1-4m 602 -8 ERIBETO
Full Freey Ind	
Fujitsu 514 -8 M*bishi Heavy ind 502 -8 Sanyo Electric 376 -8 Fujitsu 512 -8 Sanyo Electric 376 -8 Fujitsu 512 -8 Sanyo Electric 376 -8 Fujitsu 512 -8 Sanyo Electric 376 -8 San	R NEAREST OFFICE
Hanshin El Riwy 400 -1 Milshi Trank 911 -6 Sektaul House 965 -15 ANZ Bank 302 -0.02 MALAYSIA Milshi Warehouse 1210 +20 Sektaul House 965 -15 ANZ Bank 302 -0.02 MALAYSIA	Phone Fax
Section 100 Section 10	Madrid +34 1 5770909 5776813 New York +1 212 7524500 3082397 Paris +33 1 42970623 42970629 Tokyo +81 3 32951711 32951712 Stockholm +46 8 6680065 6660064 Vienna +43 1 5053184 5053178 Warsaw +48 22 489787 489787
Sum Lincolns3 Nagasakiya3 Nagasakiya5 Nagasakiya	CIALTIMES FEARITIES NEW 1088 TOLTO

		Phone	Fax			Phone	Fax
Amsterdam	+31 20	6239430	6235591	Madrid	+34 1	5770909	5776813
Brussels	+322 .	5132816	5110472	New York	+1 212	7524500	3082397
Copenhagen	+45 33	134441	935335	Paris	+33 1	42970623	42970629
Frankfurt	+49 69	156850	5964483	Tokyo	+81 3	32951711	32951712
Geneva	+41 22	7311604	7319481	Stockholm	+468	6680065	6660064
Heisinki	+358 0	730400	730705	Vienna	+43 1	5053184	5053178
Lisbon	+35 11	808284	804579	Warsaw	+48 22	489787	489787

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES Cirge Cirge Cirge Cirge Cirge Circea Prev. High Low Stock Div. % E 100s High Low Quote Cione 54 70 Current Engin 0 20 0 24 6 67 62 61½ 62 +½ 13½ 12½ Current in 100 7 614 2 13 12½ 12½ 40¼ 31½ Curris Wi 100 2.6 8 44 38¼ 39½ 36½ 6½ 8¼ 7½ CV Roin 0.48 58 8 146 8 7½ 62 61 7¼ 6% Cycare 8ys 56 38 7½ 7 7 4½ 12¼ 8½ Cypares Se 84 ¼ 0 Cypares 3e 84 ¼ 54 ½ 54 ½ 54 ½ 54 ½ 52 20 38 31½ Cypares Men 0.80 2.3 4 304 34½ 54 ½ 54 ½ 54 ½ 2 2

D

4912 4014 Denne Corp
2914 00 Denneher Co
1114 1014 Denneh Ind
1115 1014

2813 3614 Donaldeon
2014 2814 Dones levy
4714 4514 Dones Corp
55 2875 Done Chem:
2015 2714 Done Jones
1814 1417 Dones Jones
1814 1417 Dones Jones
1814 1417 Dones Jones
1814 1714 Disessor
1815 Disessor
1815 Disessor
1815 Disessor
1816 Disessor
1816 Disessor
1817 Disessor
1817 Disessor
1817 Disessor
1818 Diseso

West Low Stock |2¹2 11¹2 AAR Corp | 100 | Anishwe | 100 | 201 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 |

32½ 28½ Arrow Bec
41, 319 Arrow Gro
334, 22½ Arrow Gro
334, 22½ Arrow Gro
334, 22½ Arrow Gro
327½ 25½ Ashind Coal
37½ 25½ Ash Macor Pec F
121 30
37½ 31½ Ash Macor Box F
121 30
37½ 31½ Ash Macor Box F
122 Athinas
100 95 15 240 1162
37½ 31½ Athinas Coa
23 21½ Athinas Coa
23

Prev. 1992 - 53 Prev. | 1992 - 54 Prev. | 1992 - 54 Prev. | 1992 - 54 Prev. | 1992 - 55 Prev. | 199 nesking noodbilanding compension a tili

31, 21, ECC Int.

22 191, EGSG

0.52 24 141249 u221, 2

441, 41 ESystems
1.00 24 11 648 421, 4

41 ESystems
1.00 24 11 648 421, 4

421, 21, EagleFich
1.55 23, Eagl Uhia
1.56 54 11 10 425, 4

550, 23, Eagl Uhia
1.40 54 11 933 271, 2

550, 451, Eston Corp.
25 12 Edon Corp.
25 12 Edon Bro. 220 20 20 97 79 2

25 12 Edon Bro. 220 20 20 97 79 2

25 12 Edon Bro. 200 20 97 79 2

25 12 Edon Bro. 200 20 97 79 2

25 12 Edon Bro. 200 20 97 79 2

25 12 Edon Bro. 200 10 201 63 33

47 43 12 Edon Bro. 200 10 201 63 33

47 43 12 Edon Bro. 124 27 15 390 u47 4

43 12 Edon Bro. 124 27 15 390 u47 4

43 12 Edon Bro. 124 27 15 390 u47 4

45 27 Edon Bro. 125 20 00 10 33 is

12 19 Elect Ass
12 97 Elect Corp.
12 17 Elect Corp.
13 12 Elect Ass
14 89; Elect Ass
12 20 u15 3

26 21 EMC Corp.
1 0 Emerald Him.
712 64 Emerg Grapy 0, 18 22 158 u12 2

26 14 EMC Corp.
1 0 Emerald Him.
712 64 Emerg Grapy 0, 18 22 158 u12 2

27 13 Emerson Ra.
27 17 7 EmprO4 75 0 48 8.2 2 u17 2

22 14 14 Emerson Ra.
27 17 12 Empro4 75 0 48 8.2 2 u17 2

22 14 25 Endesa ARR 10 3 1 8 204 354 1

19 161 Emerg Bro. 0, 48 25 12 24 u18 1

316 13 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 13 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 14 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 13 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 14 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 14 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 14 Emergen Co. 1,8 55 12 24 u18 1

316 14 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 26 530 u39 1

175 124 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 26 530 u39 1

175 124 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 26 530 u39 1

175 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 26 530 u39 1

175 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 26 530 u39 1

175 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 20 50 17 2 20 u15 2

274 175 Emergen Em. 0,5 3,3 109 314 53 3

275 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 1,5 20 50 00 u15 2

275 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

276 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

277 17 17 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

278 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

279 120 125 Equima Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

271 125 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

272 125 Equima Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

274 175 Emergen Co. 0,8 2,2 20 00 u15 2

277 =1₀ 214 1942 Equinal.
2914 2942 Equinal.
315 714 Equinal.
2 14 Equinal.
3 114 Exterdine
3014 28 Ethyl Corp.
11 914 Europe Fd
1714 1712 Excelsior
3214 675 Exxon | 174 | 174 | Excolor | 1.59 | 8.0 | 23 | 174 | 174 | 174 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 |

hitchelitelit i ittelitelite tetheritett tetheritett i betteftetettitt

1 0.51 6.8 4 43 141, 19 0.62 3.8 123990 221, 19 1.22 4.3 17 146 4301, 14 50 7.8 2 451 4 220 80 10.1 11 221, 15 14 6.4 28 199 221, 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.7 2 15 18 1.00 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.00 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 8.0 3.1 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 9.0 3.3 1 25 1 1.0 9.0 1 25 1 1.

***** ** ****** *** *** 1474 491

22 \(\) 13 \(\) Novascare

35 \(\) 27 \(\) Novascare

36 \(\) 28 \(\) Novascare

36 \(\) 28 \(\) Novascare

37 \(\) Novascare

38 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

39 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

39 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

30 \(\) 10 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

30 \(\) 10 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

30 \(\) 10 \(\) 10 \(\) Novascare

30 \(\) 10 \(\) 10 \(\) 10

\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ 474 444

ø,

Samsung Full Remocen DAT: DT-850

Serial Copy Management System (SCMS) 8 Times High Oversampling with 2 DAC Technology that works for life

+1₀ -1₀ +1₂

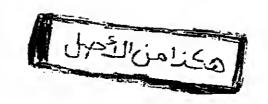
Continued on next page

ហ្សា

itement

A State And

i n



NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET | Section | NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES NYSE COMPOSITE PR | The composite Composite Property | The composite P NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET 1982 - Stock Pis. % E 1986 High Low Continued from previous page | Section | 1,000 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 100 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 +14 11 11 Universed L +14 12 11 12 Universed L +14 23 14 31 Universe Crip +14 23 14 31 Universe Crip +15 24 15 Universe Crip +16 25 25 Universe Crip +17 25 25 Universe Crip +18 17 18 USX US St +19 17 18 18 USX US St +19 18 USX USX US ST +19 18 USX US ST + 43 8100 64 0.72 6 224 44 0.74 75 782 44 3827083 31% 26 1765 17% 15 8100 7 18 106 u20% 18% 20% +% 1.28 12 306 41½ 40% 40% -% 0.76 13 2005 28% 25% 25% -6 -% 35 15 3% 27% 27% 023 64 1276 u23% 10% 20% +1% 23 2156 u20% 10% 20% +1% 27 11 u30 28% 20% +1% 15 55 4% 63% 4% +% 41, 43 361, 17 46 0.85 0.70 0.60 1.40 1.00 0.00 0.65 1.80 0.05 1.76 1.60 - 0 -2 7 442 80 59 8 59 8 - 14 20 18 9 20 41 4 20 18 9 20 41 4 20 18 9 20 41 4 20 18 9 20 41 4 20 18 9 20 41 4 20 18 9 20 18 9 20 41 8 18 9 20 18 9 1.20 23 147844 53 14 1.20 23 147844 53 14 1.044 1.6 981 4245 1.050 5.0 8 71 8 12 1.050 5.0 8 71 8 12 1.050 5.0 8 71 8 12 1.050 29 57 180 4205 1.000 12.0 100 47 14 525 251 61 81 81 75 **AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES** V Sta. 1000 HSgh Low Close Clarg Stock 13 u21₂ 21₂ 21₂ + 1₂ Pages G 12 135₃ 131₃ 125₃ - 1₃ Parind 5127 42₃ 4 42₃ - 1₃ Parind 67 117₃ d111₄ 117₅ + 1₃ Ph1 LD 1125 u51₃ 52₃ 52₅ + 1₄ Ph2 G 1125 u51₃ 67₄ 7 47₄ Ph2 G 110 07₁ 67₂ 7 47₄ Ph2 G 111 63₄ 61₄ 61₄ 73 61₄ 0 6 - 1₄ Ph2 G 100 u31 1 2 1 Div. E 180a 18th Low-Close C 0 10 1½ d1¾ 1½ 0.01 184 3½ 2½ 5½ 0.30 29 2 12½ 13¼ 15½ 5 71 2 u1½ 1½ 15½ 126 8 5 6 4¾ 126 17 429 425 ½ 19¾ 10½ 0.40 6 12 15¼ 18¾ 16¾ 0.40 12 60 14¾ 15¾ 16¾ 0.53 10 72 427 ½ 22½ 21½ 12 48 435 3¼ 3⅓ 0 150 4¼ 4½ 4½ 0.45141 21 10 43½ 8¾ 0.45141 21 10 43½ 8¾ 129 118 15¾ 15¼ 15¼ OtterTuil 1.84 18 33 u34 4 33 12 34 4 14 15 13 u34 4 15 13 u34 4 16 13 u34 4 17 u34 16 u34 6 5125 U51g 10. 07g 10 711 63g 18 73 63g 0 200 U33 0 407 U3g 354 354 154 104 64 84 10 19½ 4% 4% 13 13% 0.48 8 2 11½ 1.52 6 12 17½ 0.06 42 937 4½ 0.24 15 27 u18½ 0 429 u¾ 3 2266 u1½ Til Ind Tab Prote Telé Dens Telé Dens Telé Dens Telé Dens Total Pet Telé Telé Telé Des 18 31 1½ d1½ 47 519 u10¹4 0⁷4 4 12 1½ 1¼ 0 128 ¼ ½ 14 80 14 018¹4 16 5 35¹4 28¹4 2 - X - Y - Z -24 3217 u22\4 32\4 22\4 3 2103 0\2 28\4 0\4 0 64 23 369 u29\4 28\5 29\2 7 1409 7\1 7 7\1 0 64 13 256 u70\4 76 19\4 40 16 5 16 6 239 u31 3 26 16 60 29 10 2 36 63 63 290 u6 5 8 3 11 3 0 3 16% 80% 199 0% 8% 4 78 u1½ 0.20 8 10 1½ 81 23 10 98 81 23½ 0 37 u2½ 0 078797 u2½ 110 2827 u6¾ 0.52 11 151 34½ 1.12 20 222 u14½ -12 UsifoodsA +3s Usifoods6 Univities US Cellel Usig Lib C -10 StryLib 8 Westwid S Westwid S Westwid S Worthen 12 311 31₆ 32 774 u 141₇ 0.55 60 777 271₆ 0.17 45 11 77 2 40 u5 1 222 1₆ #44 Claim Frida 0.56 70 216 22 274 275 164 175 20% 28½ 1% 1% 10% 10% 8 8% 5% 5% 12% 12% 22 966 285 0 3 415 0.23 8 2180 103 001 32 384 614 8 25 512 29 666 415 12 INTERNATIONAL TAXATION 32 296 8 % 40 73<u>1</u> The FT proposes to **GET YOUR FT BY HAND** publish this survey February 18 1993. DELIVERY IN SWITZERLAND. Should you be interested acquiring more If you work in the business centres of Baar, Basel, Berne, Biel, Fribourg and the coastal towns and villages of information about Lac Leman from Geneva to Villeneuve, Lausanne, Lugano, Luzern, Neuchatel, St Gallen, Zug, Winterthur, this survey or wish Zurich and the towns and villages around Zurichsee, we will deliver your daily copy of the FT to your office at to advertise in this no extra cost. Call Peter Lancaster or Denise Morel for details on Geneva (022) 7311604 feature, please contact: Sara Mason Color of the color 65. Comm Dankberg Dan Grou Dankberg Dankberg Dankberg Dankberg Delete En Delete En Delete Comp Dep Gry Devoors Tel: 071-873 3349 Fax: 071-873 3064 FINANCIAL TIMES - S 124 13 6057 u50 3 0.30 22 34 u10 4 0.32 16 540 27 12 17 4125 59 4 76 4263 23 1 1347 65 **FT SURVEYS**

US markets lifted by rise in oils, bonds

Wall Street

RISING oil stocks and a buoyant bond market gave US stock markets a big lift yesterday, writes Patrick Horverson in New York.

At 1 pm, the Dow Jones Industriai Average was up 32.96 at 3,289.77. The more broadly based Stan-dard & Poor's 500 was 4.05 higher at 440.16, while the Amex composite was 3.07 firmer at 409.43, and the Nasdaq composite was up 6.32 at 707.95. Trading volume on the NYSE was 173m shares by

There were two distinct factors behind the market's gains. First, oil stocks were in atrong demand on news that the Organisation of Petroieum Exporting Countries is close to agreeing to a Saudia Arabian proposal to cut production by

up to 1m barrels a day. Second, equity investors were buoyed by further gains in bood prices. The benchmark 30-year government bood fell almost three quarters of a point, sending the yield down

to below 7¼ per cent.
Ironically, the bond market's advance was prompted by commeots over the weekend by treasury secretary Mr Lloyd Bentsen oo taxation policy that would normally have been bad news for stocks - be cast doubt on whether the new administration would cut taxes paid by the middle classes, and talked of the possible introductioo of energy and consump-

Equity investors, however, chose to ignore the tax issue, and concentrated instead on the latest decline in bood market rates, which they bope will provide fresh fuel for the slowly recovering economy.

Oil stocks were firmer. Texaco rose \$2% to \$60%, Exxon added \$2 at \$60%. British Petroleum rose \$1% to \$44%, Chevron firmed \$1% to \$69%, and Royal Dutch Petroleum

Airline stocks, however, were lower on the news of possible Opec production cuts. because they would push up the cost of aviation fuel. AMR, pareot of American Airlines, fell \$1% to \$64%, Delta dropped \$% to \$50%, UAL allpped \$1 to \$122 and USAir eased \$1/4 to

Among individual atocks. Sears rose \$2 to \$50% in busy trading after the company announced plans to close its catalogue business and discard about 150 retail outlets, with ths ioss of 16,000 jobs. Aithough Sears ia taking a \$1.7bo after-tax charge in the fourth quarter to cover the changes, investors welcomed

Geoeral Motors class E shares, which represent the compacy's Electronic Data Systems (EDS) subsidiary, rose \$1 % to \$35% on speculation that BT, the UK telecommunications group, is ready to buy a large stake in EDS.

On the Nasdaq market, leading technology stocks posted strong gains, with Intel up \$3 at \$114% and Microsoft \$% higher at \$90%.

Canada

TORONTO held onto broadbased gains at midday as strength oo Wall Street underpinned several leading Canadian blue chip issues. The TSE 300 index rose 15.4

to 3.291.4. Beverage producer Cott Corp led the gains, rising C\$41/4 to C\$40 1/4 following recent reports that the company plana to expand in South America.

SOUTH AFRICA SHARES drifted lower in rela-

tively quiet, directionlsss trade, although mining related-stocks remained firm. The overall index lost 6 to 3,398 and the industrial index shed 18 to 4,517. The gold index was

Chemicals sector depresses continental trading

THE continent reacted to lower car sales and warning forecasts of lower earnings by chemical and pharmaceutical groups, writes Our Markets

FRANKFURT fell on sharp declines in the chemical and pharmaceutical sectors after reports of brokers downgrades and lower than expected January drug sales. Activity was also depressed by the weaker dollar which affected exportsensitive stocks and tha breakdown at the weekend in pay talks between the government and public sector union.

The DAX index closed 18.4 lower at 1,569.24 after a day's high of 1,582.21 as turnover fell to DM4.3bn from Friday's DM5.7bn.

Schering, down DM12.50 at DM703.50, continued to weaken as concern over its agrochemicals division surfaced again, while Basf iost DM2.50 to DM212.20, Bayer fell DM3.00 to DM269.30 and Hoechst shed DM4.00 to DM252.30. Some analysts said that defensive stocks were losing ground as investors turned to cyclicals in anticipation of economic recov-

erv next vear. BMW declined DM15.30 to topped the active list while DM501.50 after forecasting

that earnings would remain weak. Elsewhere in the sector Volkswagen sliped DM4.70 to DM273.00 while Daimler was

DM3.80 lower at DM572.70. PARIS was depressed after rumours that a cut in domestic interest rates was imminent proved unfounded. The CAC-40 index, which had earlier seen a day's high of 1,813.86, fell back to close down 40.50 or 2.2 per cent at 1,779.90 in turnover of some FFr2bn.

Concern about 1992 earnings from Elf, due to be released today and expected to show np to s 40 per cent decline in net profit, also weighed on ths market. Its shares fell FFr16.50 or 4.8 per ceot to FFr324.30.

St Gobain lost all of Friday's

gains, down FFr14.90 to FFr481.00 while Paribas, which reports provisional 1992 figures later in the week was down ZURICH finished a moder ately active session easier but

Pharmaceuticals were under pressure: Ciba-Geigy registered shares, SFr3 lower at SFr653.

above the day's low. The SMI

index finished down 17.3 at

Actuaries Share Indices IT-SE January 25 Opes 10.36 11.00 12.08 13.00 14.09 15.00 Close 1081.77 1081.05 1081.15 1079.91 1076.83 1976.12 1076.50 1077.68 Hourty change FT-SE Eurotrack 206 1151.44 1151.00 1151.44 1151.63 1148.80 1146.90 1146.46 1146.87 Jan 19 Jan 20 Jan 21 22 يول 1091,84 1153.29 1090.81 1091.64 1154,96 FT-SE Eurotrack 290

Base value 1000 (26/10/50) High/day: 100 - 1001.83; 200 - 1153.20 Londay: 100 - 1075.08 206 - 1145.05 Roche certificates, down SFr30

at SFr4.090, were second The weak dollar put some selling pressure on cement producer Holdarbank, SFr6 easier at SFr552 and on Alusuisse. SFr7 lower at SFr453. Nestlé bearers and registered shares fell SFr10 and SFr15 to SFr1,080 and SFr1,075 respectively ahead of preliminary information on its 1992 results dne

SMH, SFr80 lower at SFr1,485, weakened after a weekend newspaper said its project to make an ecological car, from which Volkswagen has withdrawn, was unlikely to succeed and this could hamper sales of the Swatch watch.

AMSTERDAM saw chemicals

elsewhere in the continent and

the CBS Tendency index closed down 0.9 at 98.0. Daf was suspended at F17.20

ahead of the announcement by the group later today of restructuring plans. The market is expecting state aid from the Dutch and Belgium government in conjunction with fur-Among the fallers DSM lost

Fl 2.40 to Fl 76.00, Akzo Fl 1.30 to Fl 135.70 and Ahold Fl 1.20 to F1 87.40. MILAN retreated, with the

market taking its lead from falls in Montedison and Credito Italiano. The Comit Index shed 9.53 to 472.09. Montedison fell L61 to L1,216.

on reports it might have to pay state energy holding ENI L800bn to settle a dispute over a joint venture which ended Share price and trides rebased ... Netherlands CBS Tendency Index

MICHEL PT Graphile

several years ago Credito Italiano fell sharnly on reports that it would not be privatised, and failed to recover much when the reports were denied by IRI, its parent company, and Merrill Lynch, which has been appointed by IRI to study the sale of IRI's 67 per cent stake.

Credito's shares were fixed L97 lower at L2,978 but struggled back to L3,000 in afterbours trading.

Pirelli dipped L9 to L1,189 as agreed to seli its STL Superga clothing and footwear unit to a subsidiary of Sopaf, an Italian financial group, for L103bn, realising a L70bn book profit on the operation. Gemina fell L80 to L1,205 as

speculation subsided that the company might be considering the sale of its stake in paper

producer Burgo. Fiat tended L45 easier to 14.286 ahead of preliminary figures on Thursday.

STOCKHOLM was broadly lower in heavy trading, led down by a decline as foreign investors sold holdings in Astra. The Affärsvärlden index declined 20.5 to 892.4.

continue

Repressation of

Pressure to discuss

720<u>66+</u> 20.-

m.,

After reaching an all-time high at the beginning of the year at SKr765 for Astra A shares, the issue closed SKr20 lower at SKr674, while the B counterpart dropped to SKr18 to SKr661.

Astra's fall followed reports of analysts' profits downgrad ings and also reflects a worldwide trend away from pharmaceutical shares due to fears of price regulation, particularly

VIENNA was easier with the ATX index down 2.78 at 728.19. OMV shares fell Scb6 to Scb593 on last week's announcement of a dividend

ASIA PACIFIC Tokyo stocks weaken slightly on arbitrage selling

Tokyo

SHARE prices moved within a narrow range on small-lot selling, and the Nikkei average closed moderately lower as public fund buying gave way to arbitrage selling, writes Emiko Terazono in Tokyo.

The 225-issue index closed down 49.36 to 16,287.45, moving between a low of 16,266.78 and a high of 16,374.94. Selling by corporate investors and arbitrageurs finally overcame small-lot public buying. Volume fell to 170m shares

from 190m as most investors remained oo the sidelines. Losers led gainers by 617 to 305 with 178 issues remaining unchanged. The Topix index of all first

section stocks fell 6.64 to

1,250.06 and in London the ISE/

Nikkei 50 index rose 0.82 to

Most market participants remained inactive during the Bank of Japan branch managers' two-day meeting which started yesterday.

The BoJ will assess the preseot state of the country's regional businesses in the meeting, and market participants bope some comments over a widely expected monetary easing will be made. Individual investors sold

speculative theme stocks on coocerns about a mounting overhang of margin positions. Many investors, who sought theme stocks in September, face margin settlements in March. Green Cross, the pharmaceutical company which was popular on the "Aids theme", was the most active issue of the day, falling Y40 to ucts lost Y26 to Y800.

Other pharmaceutical issues were also dragged down, with Takeda Chemical down Y10 to Y1,240 and Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical falling Y30 to

Sony rallied on small-lot buying in the morning session on reports that it would increase production of the mini-disc, its next-generation audio system, due to increased demand. However, Sony finally closed down Y20 at Y4,090 on profit-taking. Pioneer Electronic, which lost ground last week on reports of a downwards revision of earnings by a local broker, fell a further Y20 to Y2,350.

Other high-technology issues declined on selling by tokkin, or specified money trusts. Hitachi retreated Y12 to Y693. falling below Y700 for the first time since November last year. NEC fell Y21 to Y610 on earnings concerns as the company

sonal computer market, competing against US companies. In Osaka, the OSE average fell 131.33 to 17,760.05 in volume of 30m shares. Nintendo, the game maker, gained Y100 to Y10,400.

Roundup

HONG Kong, Singapore and Kuala Lumpur were closed for the Chinese New Year holiday. AUSTRALIAN shares gave up strong gains to end a quiet day marginally higher. Futures trading led the market dowo-

wards after the All Ordinaries index hit a peak of 1,531.9. The index finished 0.4 higher on the day at 1,523.4. Westnac received a favourable market response to its appointment of US banker Rob-

ert Joss as managing director.

Its sbares touched A\$2.98

in turnover of 3.4m shares. Significant afternooo options trade was thought to be the result of Mr Kerry Packer rolling over more of his Westpac options. BHP closed steady at A\$13.22

shortly before noon but then

sank in line with the index,

closing 1 cent lower at A\$2.89

off a high of A\$13.36, while CRA ended up 6 ceots higher at A\$12.80 after rsaching

A\$12.96. Turnover reached 107.11m shares worth A\$186.66m. Arnotts which said it was considering a share buyback

offer, but only after the A\$9.50 per share takeover offer from Campbell Soup closes on Thursday, ended 2 cents down at A\$9.50

BANGKOK out-parformed expectations and the SET index rose 18.74 to 998.44, having briefly topped the 1,000

level, with turnover a high Bt12.1bn. NEW ZEALAND shares posted modest gains in thin trading in a market held back by the Wellington Anniversary.

Day holiday in the capital. Brierley lifted 3 cents to NZ\$1.04 and Carter Holt Harvey, 5 cents to \$2.68. Telecom fell 2 cents to \$2.33. The NZSE-40 index closed up

4.85 to 1.503.28 SEOUL finctuated narrowly in a day of bealthy trading which saw the composite index break through the 700-level to

end 7.69 higher at 707.61. The firm trend emerged in reaponse to the news that South Korea would shortly reduce interest rates, including the central bank's rediscount rate, by 1-2 percentage points.

rally end with a fall of 1.33 in

the composite index to 1,340.14:

Denmark, Finland feature in quiet week

	*	change in lo	al currency !		% change starting 1	% change in US S	
	1 Wook	4 Weeks	4 Weeks 1 Year		Start of 1993	Start of 1983	
Ausiria	+ 1.63	-1.71	-18.65	-4.05	-5.17	-3.8	
Belglum	+2.68	+ 3.36	-2.18	+3.88	+ 2.96	+4.3	
Denmark	+ 8.31	+7.85	-21.98	+8.00	+ 10.08	+11.5	
Finland	-7.06	-0.63	-0.64	-0.09	-6.35	-5.0	
France	-0.18	-0.62	-1.01	-0.68	+ 0.34	+ 1.6	
Germany	+2.85	+4.23	-9.00	+3.06	+ 3.57	+49	
Ireland	-2.70	+ 0.52	-17.40	+0.73	+ 1.84	+3.2	
Italy	-0.09	+11.21	-5.41	+9.13	+8.54	+ 10.0	
Natherlands	+0.24	+ 0.83	+ 0.57	+ 1,10	+ 1.47	+28	
Norway	-0.28	+1.93	-16.75	+3.16	+3.74	+ 5.1	
Spain	+ 1.58	+6.81	-6.12	+9.23	+9.16	+ 10.6	
Sweden	-2.41	-3.34	+7.99	-2.34	-4.98	-3.7	
Switzerland	+0.20	+2.53	+18.30	+0.99	+ 0.09	+ 1.4	
UK	+ 0.63	-1.14	+11.20	-1.72	-1.72	-0.4	
EUROPE	+ 0.76	+1.01	+2.79	+0.51	+0.58	+ 1.9	
Australia	-0.03	-1.00	-8.58	-2.11	-5.62	-4.3	
Hong Kong	+ 0.85	+8.05	+ 25.51	+6.93	+ 5.81	+7.0	
Japan	-0.82	-7.20	-20.60	-3.81	-5.14	-3.8	
Malaysia	+ 1.56	-2.52	+ 12.131	-1.36	-1.72	-0.3	
New Zealand	-1.66	-3.23	-5.72	-4.78	-5.79	-4.5	
Singapore	+0.30	+ 1.86	-6.02	-0.03	-1.61	-0.2	
Canada	-1.15	-1.76	-12.25	-2.53	-4.65	-3.3	
USA	-0.12	-0.59	+4.78	+ 0.20	-1.14	+ 0.2	
Maxico	+ 1.34	+ 1.03	+ 13.61	+ 1.17	+ 0.31	+ 1.6	
South Africa	-0.42	+4.75	-11.35	+4.51	+4.30	+ 5.7	
WORLD INDEX	-0.06	-1.77	-3.72	-0.71	-1.71	-0.3	

By John Pitt

QUITY markets were relatively calm last week with even the arrivai of a new US president doing little to stimulate activity, and the FT-A World index was barely changed in local currency terms. The Pacific Rim was quiet shead of the Chinese New Year bolidays.

In Europe, the Bundesbank's decision on Thursday not to lower interest rates, for the time being at least, came as no surprise; bnt some disappointing corporate news, particularly in France, left some markets weak.

Lyonnaise-Dumez affected Paris as Its shares jost some 14 per cent in two days on news that 1992 profits would be down about 65 per cent on 1991. However, the underlying strength of the market showed itself and the CAC-40 index actually showed a slight gain on the week. Some analysts believe that hopes of lower European interest rates and the possibility of the change of government in March is cur-

rently supporting sentiment. showed the widest fluctuations from an otherwise average week with, respectively, an 8 cent rise and a 7 per cent fall in local currency terms.

Mr Peter Tron, senior man-ager at Unibank in London, comments that Denmark was enconraged throngbont the week by bopes that the Social Democratic party would be able to put together a new government. The formation was finally agreed yesterday after-

However, Mr Tron does not expect a change in the tight economic policy pursued by the former administration, while expectations of a 'Yes vote in the second Maastricht referendum dne in April sbould further encourage the

Finland fell as talks between the government and opposition parties failed to reach agreement over plans to increase funds to support the banking sector from FM20bn (\$3.7bn) to FM50bn and the HEX index slipped 5 per cent on the week.

FT-ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and NatWest Securities Limited in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL AND REGIONAL MARKETS			FRIC	AY JAN	JARY 22	1993			T	HURSDAY	AUNAL Y	AY 21 19	193	DOL	LAR INC	ÆX
Figures in parentheses show number of lines of stock	US Dollar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Yen Index	DM indes	Local Currency Index	Local % chg on day	Gross Div. Ylekt	US Doğlar Index	Pound Sterling Index	Yen Index	DM Index	Local Currency Index	1992/93 High	1982/93 Low	Year ago (approx)
Australia (68)		+1.3	115.63	94.41	98.93	118.45	+0.2	4.10	118.11	115.36	93.33	99.17	118.15	153.88	108.19	
Austria (15)		+ 0.5	130.18	106.28	111.36	112.63	+ 0.1	2.17	134.09	130.96	105.95	112.58	112.58	198.70	121.16	165.93
Belsium (42)		+0.9	134.32	109.67	114.92	113.48	+0.6	5.32	137.77	134.55	108.85	115.67	112.78	152.27	131.18	143.19
Canada 113}		+0.3	107.97	88.16	92.37 171.85	103.78	+0.0	3.18	111.41	106.51	88.03	93.54	103.75	142.12	111.36	139.52
Denmark (33)		+ 1.8	200.63	163.82		173.13 78.34	+0.6	1.58	203.96	199.20	181.18	171.25	172,06	273.84	181.70	265.42
Finland (23)	66.08 149.87	-26 +1.7	63.84 144.81	52.13 118.06	54.62 123.71	126.43	-28 +04	1.85 3.55	87.81	66.22	53.58	56.93	78.55	89.80	52.84	84.50
France (99)	109.21	+2.4	105.52	86.17	90.28	90.28	+0.5	2.52	147.10 106.63	143.87 104.14	116.23 84.26	123.50 89.53	125.97	168.75	136.93	150.87
Germany (62)		+0.0	229.13	187.08	196.05	235.48	+0.0	3.82	237.12	231.59	187.36		89.53	129.69	101.59	119.87
Hong Kong (55)		+0.9	135.40	110.55	115.84	118.74	-0.2	4.47	138.88	135.64		199.10	235.48	262.28	176.36	190.56
Ireland (16)		-0.1	58.32	47,61	49.89	65.89	-1.2	3.15	60.42	59.01	109.74 47.74	116.81	118.98	173.71	122.98	169.60
Italy (76)		-0.5	97.56	79.65	83.48	79.65	-0.8	1.05	101.47	99.10	80.17	50.73 85.21	66.88 80.17	80.86	47.47	79.48
Japan (472)		+0.1	251.64	205.46	215.29	259.80	+0.0	2.55	260.15	254.08	205.55	218.42	259.80	140.95 282.42	87.27	127.03
Mexico (18)			1618.80	1321.75	1385.01	5687.07	+0.6	1.05	1865.35	1626.50	1315.87	1398.28		1789.77	212.49	224,18
Netherland (25)	155.71	+1.2	150.44	122.83	128.72	127.07	-0.a	4.48	153.78	150.21	121.52	129.13	127.47	169.70	1185.84 147.88	1518,20
New Zealand (13)	40.98	+ 1.0	39.57	32.31	33.88	42.20	+0.3	5.18	40.56	39.62	32.05	34.06	42.06	48.52	37.39	154.36
Norway (22)	144.78	+0.9	139.89	114.22	119.69	133.39	-0.1	1.81	143.50	140.18	113.39	120,49	133.47	192.95	128.05	45.91
Singapore (36)		+0.7	205.58	167.96	175.89	161.25	+0.1	2.04	211.21	206.28	166.89	177.33	181.13	229.63	179.65	183.12
South Africa (60)	156.54	+ 0.9	151.25	123.49	129.40	164.24	+ 0.9	3.10	155.09	151.47	122.54	130.21	162.73	263.60		226.88
Spain (47)	129.02	+0.4	124.65	101.78	106.85	110.54	-0.7	5.49	128.50	125.51	101.54	107.80	111.27	161.72	134.21 107.10	258.20
Sweden (36)		-1.1	154.04	125.78	131.80	169.29	- 1.9	2.54	161.21	157,45	127.38	135.36	172.55	200.28	149.69	155.05
Switzerland (56)		+2.0	110.76	90.44	84.77	103.69	+ 0.5	2.06	112.39	109.77	88.81	84,38	103.16	122.37		187, 17
United Kingdom (226)	171.67	+ 1.4	165.87	135.42	141.90	165.87	+0.3	4.49	189.34	186.39	133.79	142.17	165.39		95.99	102.34
USA (522)	178.48	+0.2	172.42	140.78	147.53	178.46	+0.2	2.87	178.13	173.97	140.75	149.57	178,13	200.07	161.86	180.71
													1/0,13	180.06	180.92	169.45
Europe (781)	138.65	+1.4	133.98	109.38	114.62	125.49	+0.2	3.77	136.75	133.56	108.05	114.83	125.27	155,88	131.31	147,18
Nordic (114)	148.69	-0.4	143.66	117.30	122.81	140.07	-1.2	2.19	149.22	145.74	117.81	125.29	141,79	188.52	141.24	186.46
Pacific Basin (715)	106.17	-0.3	102.58	83.78	87.77	85.57	- 0.5	1.40	106,54	104.05	84.18	89.46	86,04	141.97	93.70	129.30
Euro — Pacific (1496)	119.33	+ 0.5	115.29	94.13	98.63	101.44	- 0.2	2.52	118.77	118.00	93.84	99.72	101.65	145.21	113.80	136.75
North America (635)	174.33	+0.2	168.44	137.54	144.14	173.41	+0.2	2.89	174.00	169.84	137.50	146.12	173.09	176.04	158.70	167.56
Europe Ex. UK (555)	118.58	+ 1.4	114.54	93.54	98.02	103.32	+ 0.1	3.26	118.92	114,20	92.40	98.19	103.21	132.98	111.33	126.71
Pacific Ex. Japan (243)	157.14	+0.6	151.83	123.99	129.91	146.48	÷0.1	3.63	156.28	152.63	123.50	131.23	146.34	175.31	145.06	151.76
World Ex. US (1687)	120.47	+0.5	116.39	95.04	99.59	103.55	-02	2.53	119.80	117.11	94.75	100,68	103.72	146.91	115.99	139.02
World Ex. UK (1983)	135.88	+0.2	131.38	107.28	112.42	122.71	~0.1	2.47	135.67	132,51	107.21	113.93	122.78	150.58	127.21	145.14
World Ex. So. Af. (2149)	139.06	+ 0.3	134.36	109.72	114.97	126.15	+0.0	2.68	139.59	135.36	109.52	118.37	128.18	153.05	130.04	147.53
World Ex. Japan (1737)	160.45	+0.6	155.02	126.59	132.65	153.94	+0.2	3.21	159.46	155.74	126.01	133.81	153.65	165.40	151.93	180.84
	400.00	100	104.07										100.00	100.70	101,30	100.0

The World Index (2209)... 139.08 +0.3 134.37 109.72 114.98 126.51 +0.0 2.68 138.60 135.36 109.52 116.38 126.53 153.70 130.86 148.24 Copyright, The Financial Times Limited, Goldman, Sachs & Co. and NatWest Securities Limited. 1987

Constituent change with effect 28/1/93: Deletion: Matra (France). Markets closed January 22: Hong Kong & Malaysia. Latest prices wara unavailable

is Three Would CREASING LIQUIDITY

LIFFE's Three Month ECU futures contract confirmed its steady growth in 1992 with an increase in volume and open interest of around 200% compared to the previous year.

Its importance as an efficient hedging and trading tool is emphasised by LIFFE's international membership.

It is aupported, in particular, by a number nf brokers, a list of which is available from

First Chicago Futures Inc (acting on behalf of First National Bank of Chicago) Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino S.p.A.

Kredletbank N.V. Midland Futures/Div Midland Bank Pic (acting on behalf of Hong Kong & Shanghal Banking LIFFE, and by the six designated market makers listed below.

Theae six major institutions ensure liquidity through their commitment to quote prices on request within tight dealing

For more information on the Three Month ECU please contact any LIFFE member or Business Development at LIFFE.

NatWest Futures Limited (acting on behalf of National Westminster Bank Pic) UBS Phillips & Drew Futures & Options Limited acting on behalf of Union Bank of Se



LIFFE, Cannon Bridge, London EC4R 3XX, Tel: 071 623 0444 Fex: 071 248 5864

